Programming Assignment: Email Spam Naive Bayes

Overview/Task

The goal of this programming assignment is to build a naive bayes classifier from scratch that can determine whether email text should be labled spam or not spam based on its contents

Review

Remeber that a naive bayes classifier realizes the following probability:

$$P(Y|X_1, X_2, ..., X_n) \propto P(Y) * P(Y|X_1) * P(Y|X_2) * ... * P(Y|X_n)$$

Where Y is a binary class $\{0,1\}$

Where X_i is a feature of the input

The classifier will decide what class each input belongs to based on highest probability from the equation above

Reminders

Please remember that the classifier must be written from scratch; do NOT use any libraries that implement the classifier for you, such as but not limited to sklearn.

You CAN, however, use SKlearn to split up the dataset between testing and training.

Feel free to look up any tasks you are not familiar with, e.g. the function call to read a csv

Task list/Recommended Order

In order to provide some guidance, I am giving the following order/checklist to solve this task:

1. Compute the "prior": P(Y) for Y = 0 and Y = 1

- 2. Compute the "likelihood": $P(Y|X_n)$
- 3. Write code that uses the two items above to make a decision on whether or not an email is spam or ham (aka not spam)
- 4. Write code to evaluate your model. Test model on training data to debug
- 5. Test model on testing data to debug

```
In [3]: #import cell
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random
import csv
```

Function template

```
In [55]: def prior(df):
              ham_prior = 0
              spam prior = 0
              '''YOUR CODE HERE'''
              num_ham = 0
              num spam = 0
              for x in range(len(df.label)):
                  if df.label[x] == "ham":
                      num ham += 1
                  else:
                      num spam += 1
              ham prior = num ham/(num ham+num spam)
              spam prior = num spam/(num ham+num spam)
              '''END'''
              return ham prior, spam prior
          def likelihood(df):
              ham like dict = {}
              spam_like_dict = {}
              '''YOUR CODE HERE'''
              lst_words_ham = []
              lst_words_spam = []
              for x in range(len(df.text)):
                  text = df.text[x].split()
                  for y in text:
                      if y not in '''!()-[]{};:'"\,<>./?@#$%^&* ~''':
                          if df.label[x] == "spam":
                              if y in spam like dict:
                                  if y not in lst_words_spam:
                                      spam like dict[y] += 1
                              else:
                                  spam_like_dict[y] = 1
```

```
lst words spam.append(y)
                else:
                    if y in ham like dict:
                        if y not in lst_words_ham:
                            ham_like_dict[y] += 1
                    else:
                        ham like dict[y] = 1
                    lst words ham.append(y)
        lst_words_spam = []
        lst_words_ham = []
    '''END'''
   return ham like dict, spam like dict
def predict(ham prior, spam prior, ham like dict, spam like dict, text):
   prediction function that uses prior and likelihood structure to compute
   #ham spam decision = 1 if classified as spam, 0 if classified as normal/
   ham spam decision = None
    '''YOUR CODE HERE'''
   theText = text.lower().split()
   prob ham = 1
   prob spam = 1
   numerator = 1
   denominator = 1
   word check = []
   for x in theText:
        if x not in '''!()-[]{};:'"\,<>./?@#$%^&*_~''':
            if x not in word check: #check if the word already appeared in
                word check.append(x)
                if x in ham like dict:
                    numerator = ham_like_dict[x]* ham_prior
                    denominator = numerator
                    if x in spam like dict:
                        denominator += spam_like_dict[x]*spam_prior
                    prob ham *= numerator/denominator #omit the word if not
   numerator = 1
   denominator = 1
   word check = []
   for x in theText:
        if x not in '''!()-[]{};:'"\,<>./?@#$%^&* ~''':
            if x not in word check: #check if the word already appeared in
                word_check.append(x)
                if x in spam_like_dict:
                    numerator = spam_like_dict[x]* spam_prior
                    denominator = numerator
                    if x in ham_like_dict:
```

```
denominator += ham like dict[x]*ham prior
                    prob_spam *= numerator/denominator #omit the word if not
   if(prob_spam + prob_ham != 0):
   #ham posterior = posterior probability that the email is normal/ham
        ham_posterior = prob_ham/ (prob_ham + prob_spam)
   #spam posterior = posterior probability that the email is spam
        spam posterior = prob_spam/(prob_ham + prob_spam)
   else:
        ham posterior = prob ham
        spam_posterior = prob_spam
   if(ham posterior > spam posterior):
        ham spam decision = 0
   else:
        ham spam decision = 1
    '''END'''
   return ham spam decision
def metrics(ham prior, spam prior, ham dict, spam dict, df):
   Calls "predict" function and report accuracy, precision, and recall of y
    '''YOUR CODE HERE'''
   ls = []
   true positive = 0
   true negative = 0
   false positive = 0
   false_negative = 0
   for x in range(len(df.text)):
       text = df.text[x]
        predictedValue = predict(ham prior, spam prior, ham dict, spam dict,
        ls.append(predictedValue)
   check_spam = 0
   for x in range(len(ls)):
        if df.label[x] == "spam":
            check spam = 1
        else:
            check spam = 0
        if check spam == 1 and ls[x] == 1:
            true positive += 1
        elif check spam == 0 and ls[x] == 0:
            true_negative += 1
        elif check_spam == 1 and ls[x] == 0:
            false_positive += 1
        else:
            false_negative += 1
```

```
precision = true_positive / (true_positive + false_positive)
acc = (true_positive + true_negative)/(true_positive + true_negative + f

recall = true_positive/(true_positive + false_negative)

'''END'''
return acc, precision, recall
```

Generate answers with your functions

```
In [56]: #loading in the training data
         train df = pd.read csv("./TRAIN balanced ham spam.csv")
         test_df = pd.read_csv("./TEST_balanced_ham_spam.csv")
         df = train df
         df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 2398 entries, 0 to 2397
         Data columns (total 5 columns):
         #
             Column Non-Null Count Dtype
                          _____
             Unnamed: 0.1 2398 non-null int64
          0
          1
             Unnamed: 0 2398 non-null int64
                          2398 non-null object
             label
             text
                          2398 non-null object
                          2398 non-null int64
             label num
         dtypes: int64(3), object(2)
         memory usage: 93.8+ KB
In [57]: #compute the prior
         ham prior, spam prior = prior(df)
         print(ham prior, spam prior)
         0.5 0.5
In [58]: # compute likelihood
         ham like dict, spam like dict = likelihood(df)
In [59]: # Test your predict function with some example TEXT
         some text example = "I hope everyone is managing to stay warm to the best of
         print(predict(ham_prior, spam_prior, ham_like_dict, spam_like_dict, some_tex
```

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