#### Simulating critical values: Power and size studies

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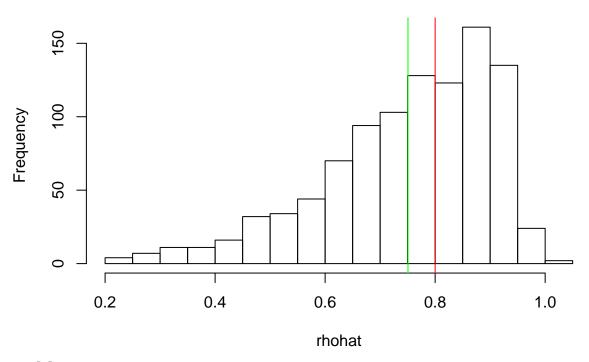
#### 29/06/2020

```
library(matlab)
library(MASS)
library(pracma)
set.seed(0)
# A simple regression model, just to see that matrix inversion works
betatrue=t(t(c(4,-9,7,0,-2)))
x=cbind(ones(100,1),matrix(rnorm(100*4),nrow = 100,ncol = 4))
y=x%*%betatrue+rnorm(100)
betahat1=solve(t(x)%*%x)%*%t(x)%*%y
# ols estimator function
olsreg=function(y,x){
  betahat=mldivide(x,y)
  e=y-x%*%betahat
 n=size(x)[1]
  k=size(x)[2]
  s2=as.numeric((t(e)%*%e)/(n-k))
  varbeta=s2 * solve(t(x)%*%x)
  se_beta=sqrt(diag(varbeta))
  tstat=betahat/se_beta
  cbind(betahat,se_beta,tstat)
olsreg(y,x)
##
                      se_beta
## [1,] 3.94306815 0.1113406 35.4144528
## [2,] -8.86636364 0.1292932 -68.5756562
## [3,] 6.93878350 0.1166066 59.5059094
## [4,] 0.03253265 0.1062259 0.3062591
## [5,] -1.88733568 0.1194938 -15.7944222
# stationary AR studies
ar1=function(rho,sigma,T,S){
  epsilon=sigma*matrix(rnorm(T+1*S),nrow=T+1,ncol=S,byrow=T)
  y=zeros(T+1,S)
 y[1,]=epsilon[1,]
  for(t in 1:T){
   y[t+1,]=rho*y[t,]+epsilon[t+1,]
  rhohat=zeros(S,1)
  for(s in 1:S){
   rhohat[s]=mldivide(y[1:T,s],y[2:(T+1),s],T)
```

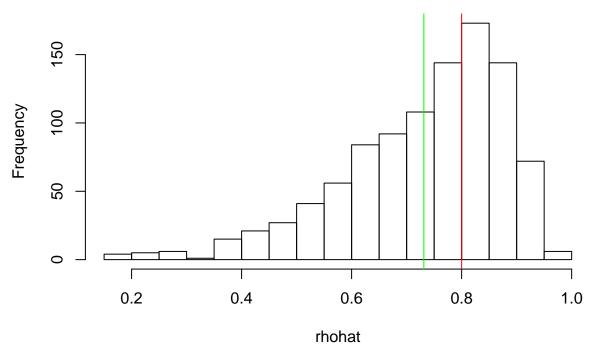
```
mrh=mean(rhohat)
bias=mrh-rho
variance=mean((rhohat-mrh)^2)
MSE=mean((rhohat-rho)^2)
print(c(bias,variance,MSE))
hist(rhohat,breaks=20)
abline(v=c(mrh,rho),col=c("green","red"))
}
for (rho in c(0.8,1)){
  for (T in c(25,50,100,200)){
    for (sigma in c(0.5,1,2)){
        c(print(c(rho,T,sigma)),ar1(rho,sigma,T,999))
    }
}
```

## [1] 0.8 25.0 0.5 ## [1] -0.04937280 0.02360556 0.02604323

#### Histogram of rhohat

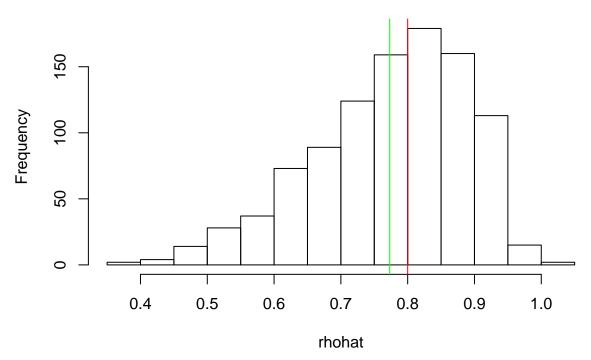


## [1] 0.8 25.0 1.0 ## [1] -0.06871279 0.02176439 0.02648584

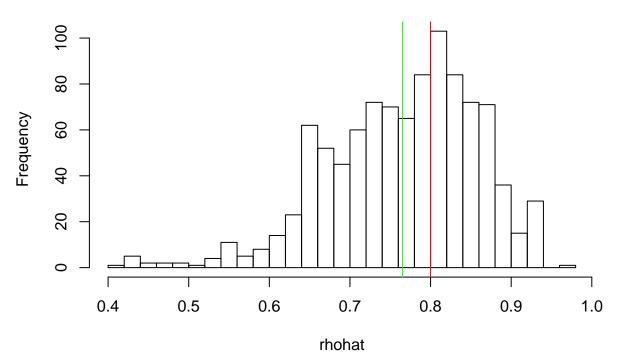


- **##** [1] 0.8 25.0 2.0
- ## [1] -0.02683295 0.01308377 0.01380378

# Histogram of rhohat

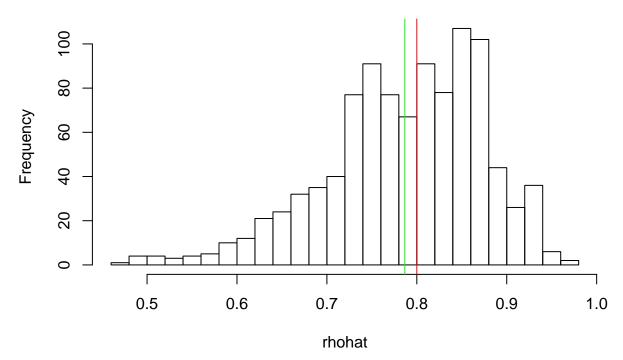


- **##** [1] 0.8 50.0 0.5
- **##** [1] -0.034625899 0.008667557 0.009866510

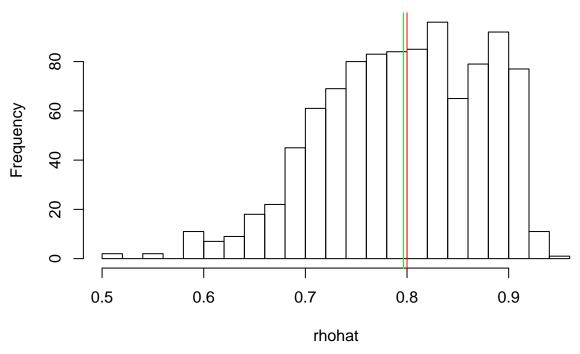


**##** [1] 0.8 50.0 1.0

### Histogram of rhohat



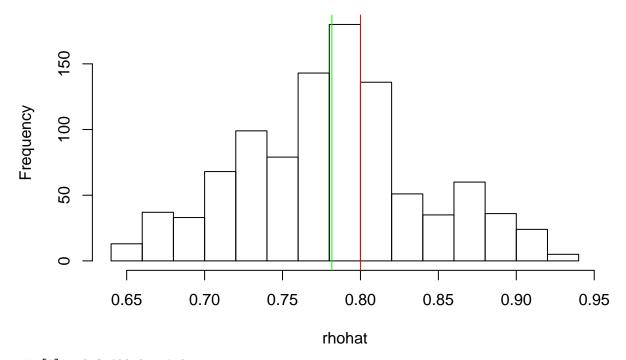
**##** [1] 0.8 50.0 2.0



**##** [1] 0.8 100.0 0.5

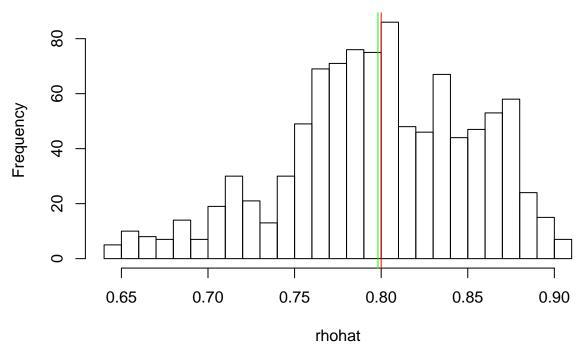
**##** [1] -0.018341999 0.003437982 0.003774410

# Histogram of rhohat



**##** [1] 0.8 100.0 1.0

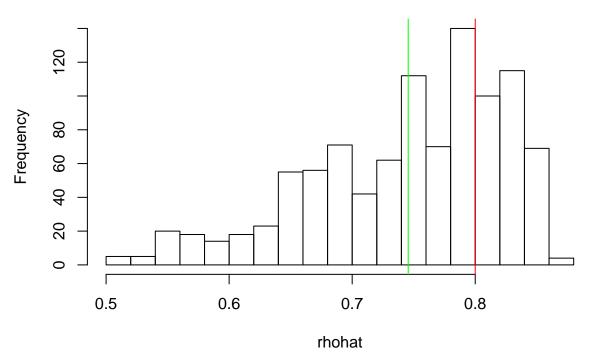
**##** [1] -0.001857390 0.003021104 0.003024553



**##** [1] 0.8 100.0 2.0

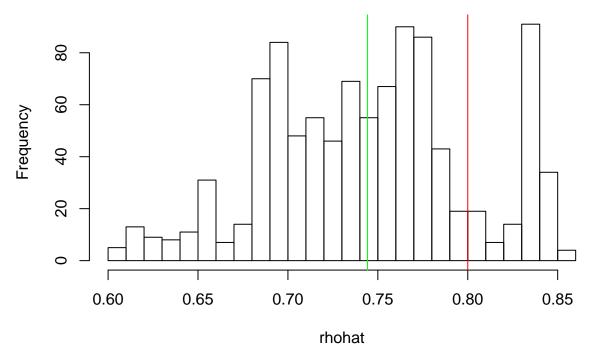
**##** [1] -0.054466641 0.006282519 0.009249134

# Histogram of rhohat



**##** [1] 0.8 200.0 0.5

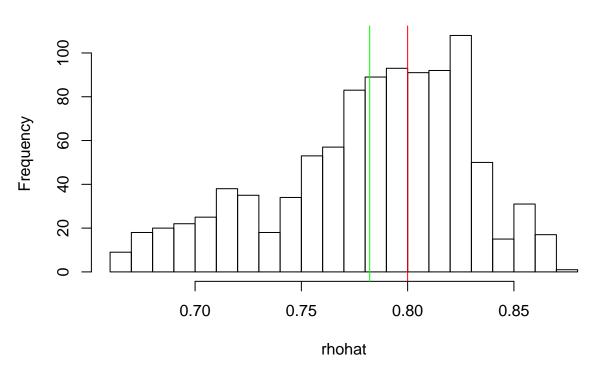
## [1] -0.055729055 0.003188051 0.006293779



**##** [1] 0.8 200.0 1.0

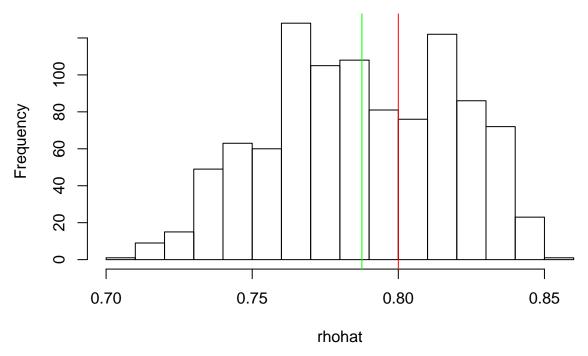
**##** [1] -0.017858376 0.002118443 0.002437365

### Histogram of rhohat



**##** [1] 0.8 200.0 2.0

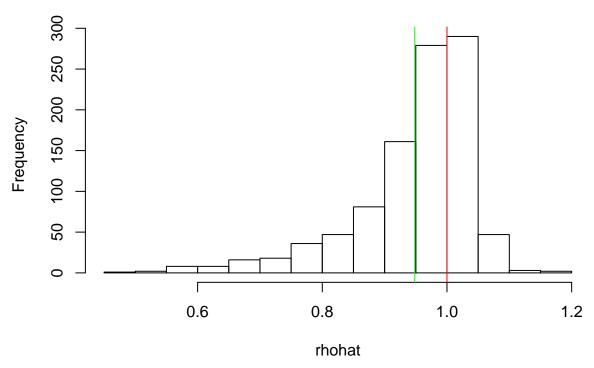
**##** [1] -0.0124697711 0.0009917364 0.0011472316



**##** [1] 1.0 25.0 0.5

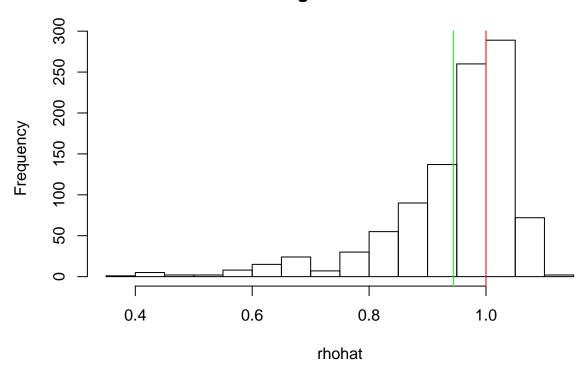
**##** [1] -0.05165620 0.00969580 0.01236416

# Histogram of rhohat



## [1] 1 25 1

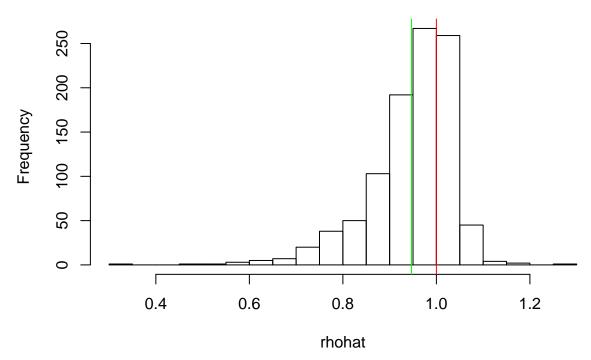
**##** [1] -0.05541569 0.01261438 0.01568528



## [1] 1 25 2

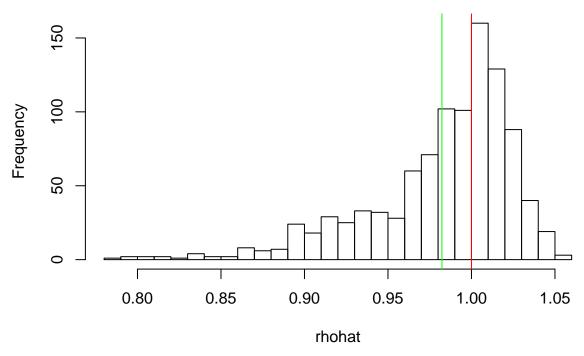
**##** [1] -0.053370194 0.008436379 0.011284756

# Histogram of rhohat



**##** [1] 1.0 50.0 0.5

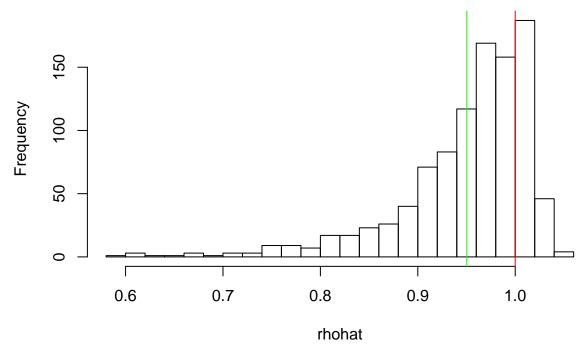
**##** [1] -0.017689716 0.001920206 0.002233132



## [1] 1 50 1

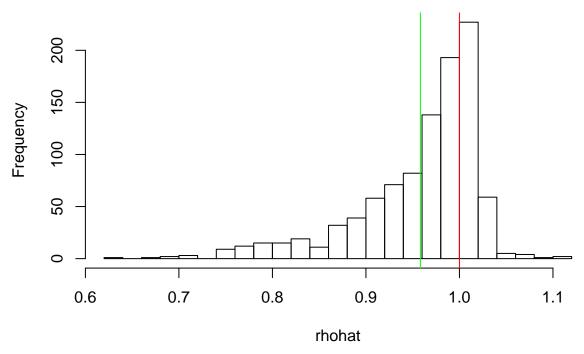
**##** [1] -0.049672386 0.004661046 0.007128392

# Histogram of rhohat



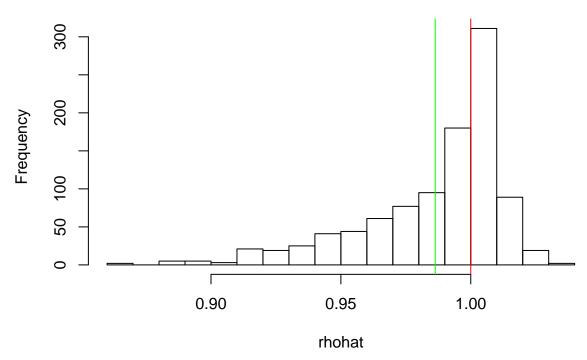
**##** [1] 1 50 2

**##** [1] -0.041769860 0.004441612 0.006186333

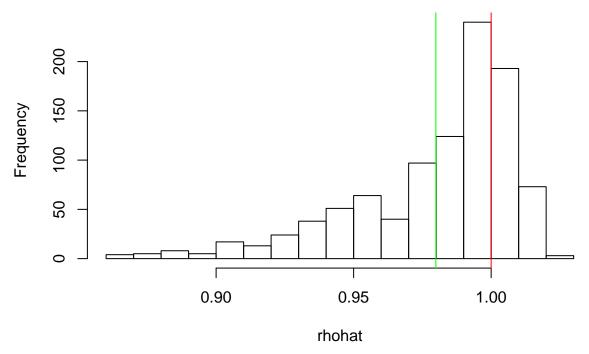


**##** [1] 1.0 100.0 0.5

### Histogram of rhohat



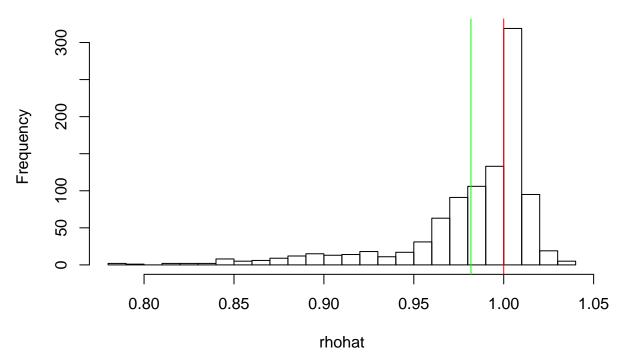
## [1] 1 100 1



**##** [1] 1 100 2

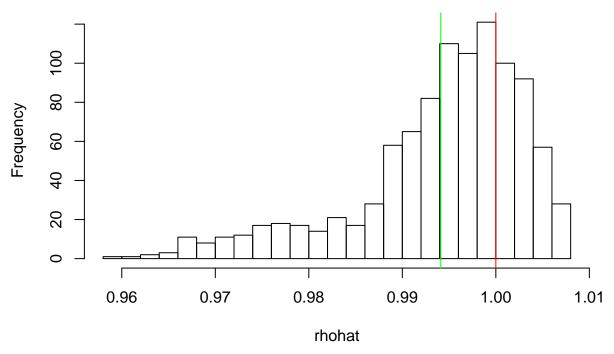
**##** [1] -0.018238930 0.001533835 0.001866494

### Histogram of rhohat



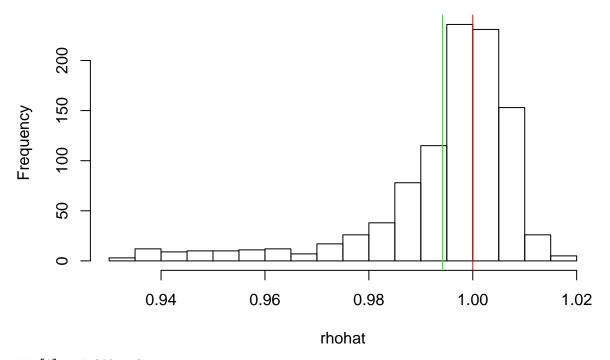
**##** [1] 1.0 200.0 0.5

## [1] -5.883382e-03 8.370974e-05 1.183239e-04



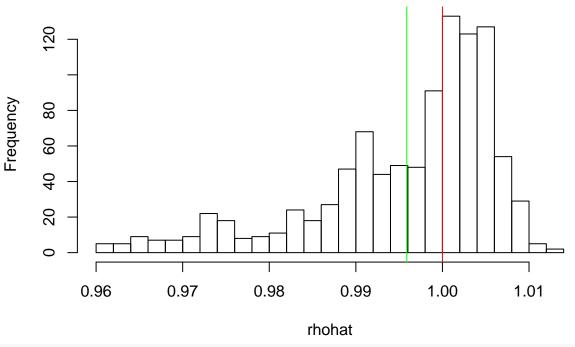
## [1] 1 200 1

### Histogram of rhohat



## [1] 1 200 2

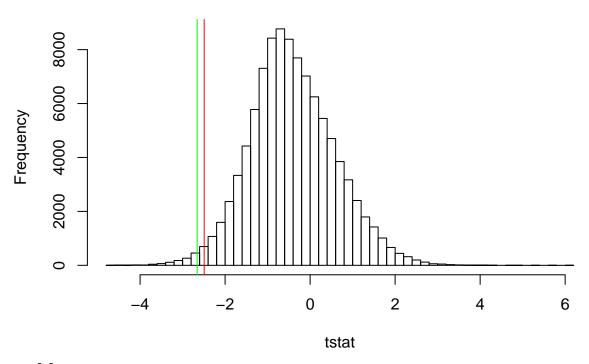
## [1] -0.0041153016 0.0001105927 0.0001275284



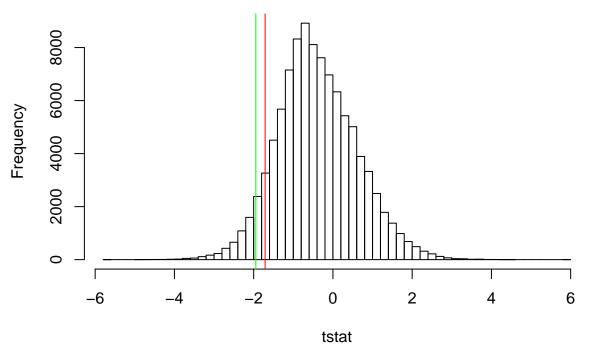
```
# non-stationary AR(1) model
# df test
S=99999
dftest=function(T,alpha,S){
  epsilon=matrix(rnorm(T+1*S),nrow = T+1,ncol=S,byrow = T)
  y=zeros(T+1,S)
  y[1,]=epsilon[1,]
  for (t in 1:T){
    y[t+1,]=y[t,]+epsilon[t+1,]
  tstat=zeros(S,1)
  for (s in 1:S){
    \texttt{ols=olsreg}(\texttt{t}(\texttt{t}(\texttt{y}[2:(\texttt{T+1}),\texttt{s}])),\texttt{t}(\texttt{t}(\texttt{y}[1:\texttt{T},\texttt{s}])))
    rhohat=ols[1]
    se=ols[2]
    wrong_t=ols[3]
    tstat[s]=(rhohat-1)/se
  }
  tsort=sort(tstat)
  cv_sim=tsort[round(alpha*(S+1))]
  cv_naive=qt(alpha,T-1)
  num_rej=sum(tstat<cv_naive)</pre>
  sz_naive=num_rej/S
  print(c(T,alpha,cv_sim,cv_naive,sz_naive))
  hist(tstat,breaks=50)
  abline(v=c(cv_sim,cv_naive),col=c("green","red"))
}
```

```
for (T in c(25,50,100,200)){
  for (alpha in c(0.01,0.05,0.1)){
    dftest(T,alpha,99999)
  }
}
```

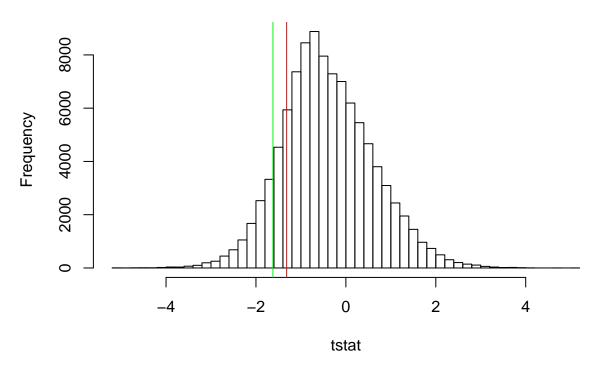
**##** [1] 25.00000000 0.01000000 -2.65706705 -2.49215947 0.01493015

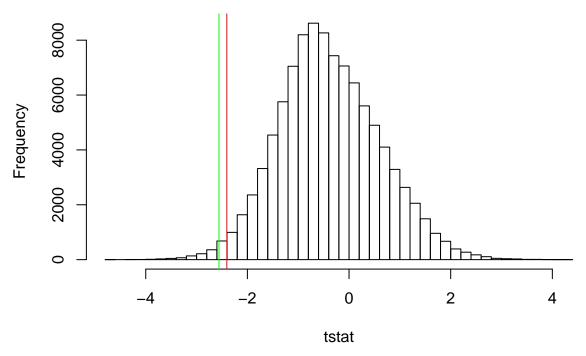


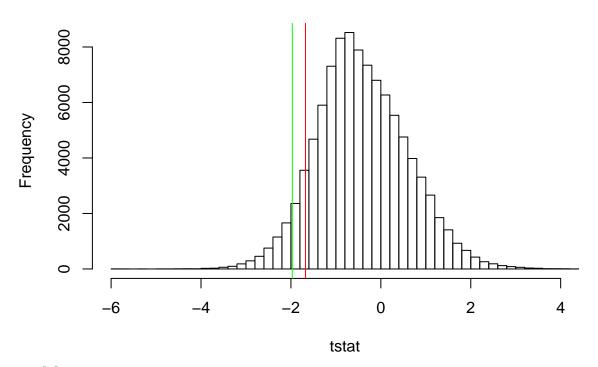
## [1] 25.00000000 0.05000000 -1.94540833 -1.71088208 0.08111081

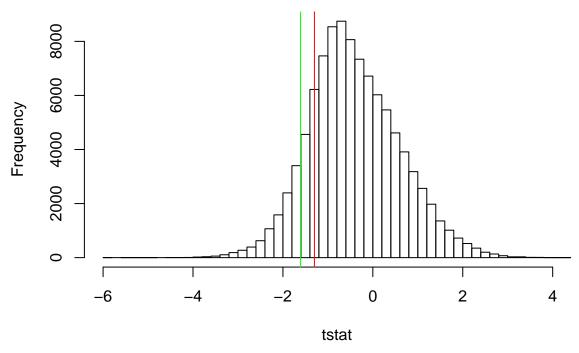


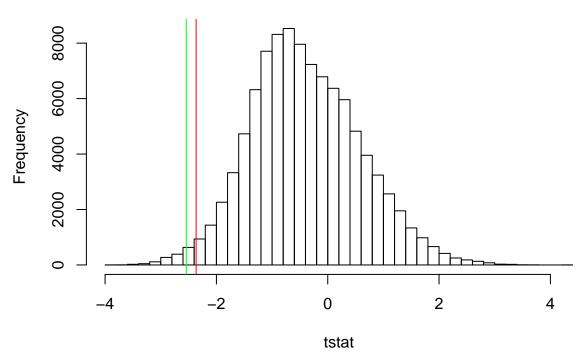
## [1] 25.0000000 0.1000000 -1.6226329 -1.3178359 0.1726517

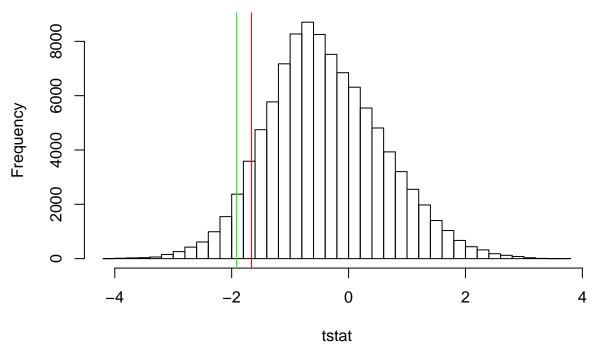


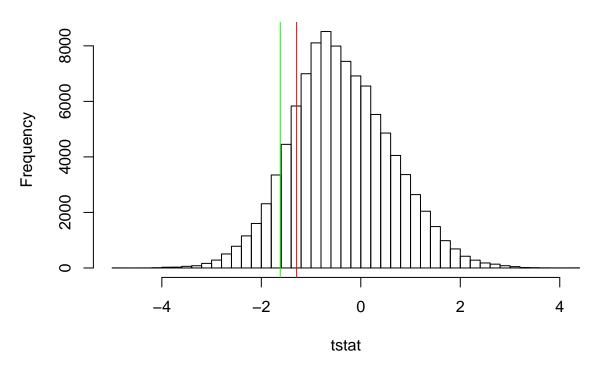


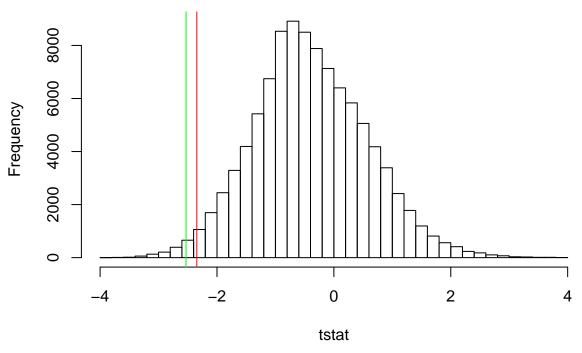












## [1] 200.0000000 0.05000000 -1.95361928 -1.65254675 0.09770098

### Histogram of tstat

