







About_me

Name: Christian Lehrer

twitter: @chri_tea

works at: sepago

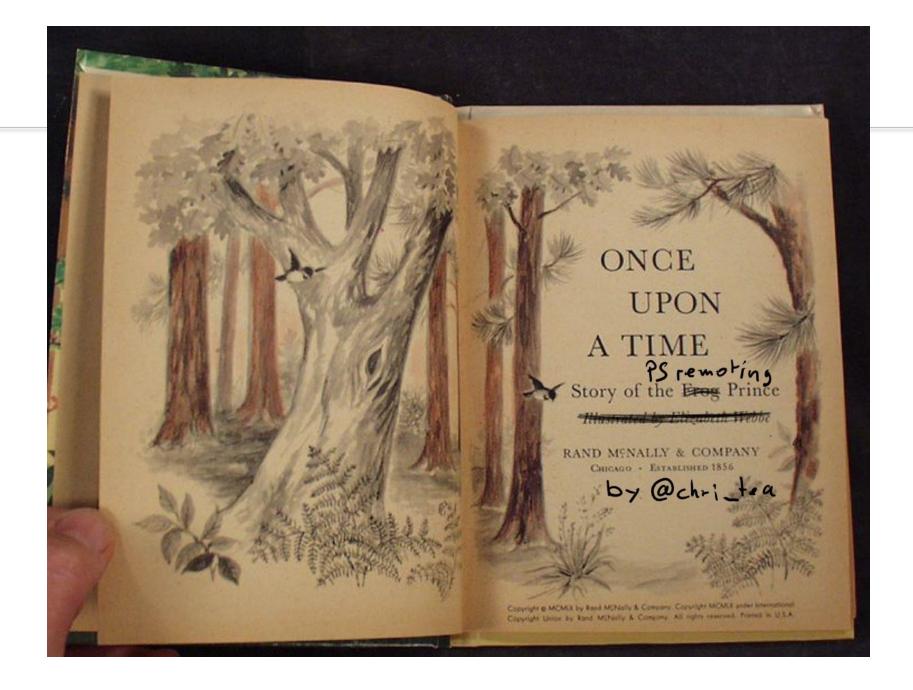


The current state of PowerShell remoting

A tail of a man who tried to get PowerShell remoting running (cross-platform)

- ≥ A beginning of a tail as it should be
- ≥ The technical story within the tail (Or: the 2 1/2 possible transport layers usable for PowerShell remoting and how they differ)
- ≥ Peak tragedy (Or: Christian vs. PSRP)
- ≥ Not all hope is lost (Or: Christian + openSSH)
- ≥ And he PSremoted even after (Or: some tipps on how to get you PS remoting a little contained)









WindowsRemoteManagement / WebServices for Management / PowerShellRemotingProtocol

The Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification describes a Web services 291 protocol based on SOAP for use in management-specific domains. These domains include [...]PCs, servers, devices, Web services and other applications, and other 293 manageable entities. (from the standards description).

WinRM implements the WSMan protocol for use in Windows.

PSRP enhances the limitations of pure WinRM (especially possible packet size) and makes full PowerShell remoting available.

Benefits:

- in the box since Windows Vista
- easy configuration
- secure transport and authentication (when unchanged)
- JEACustom configurations

Drawbacks:

- only fully functional on Windows
- by default only administrators can connect via PS-remoting (can be changed)



PowerShell remoting transport protocols

SecureSHell / PowerShellRemotingProtocol

SSH is a <u>cryptographic</u> network protocol for operating network services securely over an unsecured network. Typical applications include remote command line, login, and remote command execution, but any network service can be secured with SSH. (Wikipedia)

Benefits:

- Well known (since Windows 10 1709/Server 2016 also natively in Windows through OpenSSH)
- secure authentication
- even non-admins can use PS-remoting (without admin-permission)

Drawbacks:

- No JEA
- no custom configurations
- no support on older Windows versions

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Setting up on Windows with Windows PowerShell

Windows Vista and above

- ≥ Installation:
 - No installation needed.
- ≥ Configuration
 - Check the running state of the WinRM service
 - WinRm quickconfig (sets-up default configuration for the WSMan listener)
 - Allow traffic (port 5985, 5986)through the firewall
 - Since Windows Server2012 WSMan is set up with the default configuration out of the box. This allows PS remoting access from private or domain networks for members of the administrators group.
 - DEMO

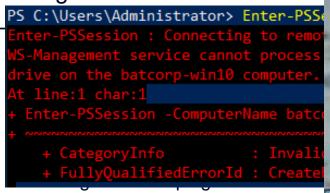




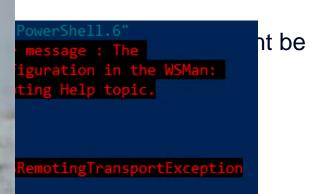


Setting up on Windows with PowerShell Core for Windows

- ≥ Installation:
 - No installation needed.
- ≥ Configuration







- WinRm must be running
- Allow traffic (port 5985, 5986)through the firewall
- ≥ DEMO PS5.1 to PSCore6.2

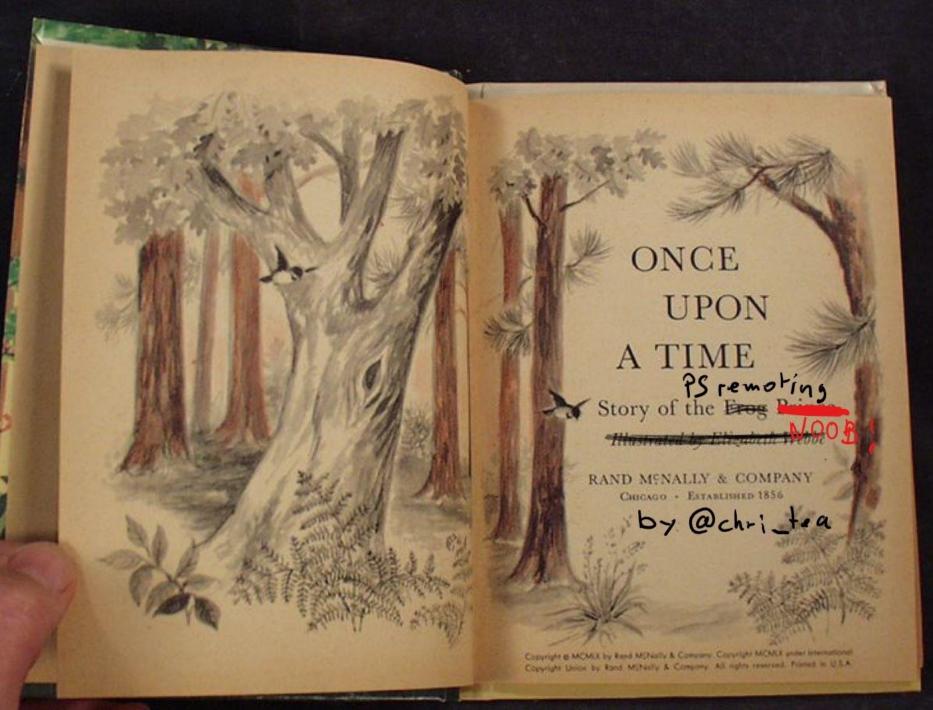
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Setting up

- ≥ Installation
 - PSRPOMI p
 - Sta (lib) PSI pro

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Wsman in a multi-OS world

Setting up on MacOS with P

Shit, no macbook. -> Presenta









Setting up on MacOS with PowerShell Core

≥ Installation:

- OpenSSL -> was already on box
- Basic auth -> not supported by PowerShell Core
- SPNEGO -> not supported by Apple
- Christian: ¯_(ツ)_/¯



Trying it with OpenSSH

Setting up OpenSSH on Windows 10 1709 or Server 2016 and above

- ≥ Get-WindowsCapability -Online | where {\$_.name -like "openssh.server*"} | Add-WindowsCapability Online
- ≥ Get-WindowsCapability -Online | where {\$_.name -like "openssh.client*"} | Add-WindowsCapability Online
- ≥ (get-service *ssh* | Set-Service -StartupType manual) (or automatic for constant use)
- ≥ Start services (get-service *ssh* | Start-Service)





Setting up OpenSSH on Windows 10 1709 or Server 2016 and above

- Change sshd_config (\$env:ProgramData\ssh) to allow password authentication and add in the PWSH subsystem:
 - PasswordAuthentication yes
 - Subsystem powershell c:/program files/powershell/6/pwsh.exe -sshs -NoLogo –NoProfile
 - Corrected: Subsystem powershell c:/pwsh/pwsh.exe -sshs -NoLogo -NoProfile (after creating symbolic link with new-item -ItemType SymbolicLink -path c:\ -name "pwsh" -Value "C:\Program Files\PowerShell\6\,,)
 - Restart services
 - Check if openSSH installation created the correct firewall rule (Port22 TCP)

DEMO



Trying with openSSH

Setting SSH for PS remoting on Ubuntu 18.04

- ≥ Installation:
 - Install openSSH server and client if not already on the box (sudo apt install openssh-server/client)
 - Configure sshd.config
 PasswordAuthentication yes
 Subsystem powershell %yourpathtopwsh% -sshs –noLogo –noProfile
 - Restart service



Trying with openSSH

Setting SSH for PS remoting on MacOS

- ≥ Installation:
 - openSSH should be on the box already, if not check brew to install it
 - Enable remote management (System preferences, sharing, remote login on, select users to access)
 - Configure sshd.config (private/etc/ssh/sshd_config)
 - PasswordAuthentication yes
 - Subsystem powershell /usr/local/bin/pwsh -sshs -noLogo -noProfile
 - Restart service (sudo launchctl stop com.openssh.sshd, sudo launchctl start com.openssh.sshd)
- ≥ <u>DEMO</u> (W10->MacOS)
- ≥ <u>DEMO</u> (U1804->MacOS)
- ≥ <u>DEMO</u> (MacOS->Linux)



Overview

From				
То	Windows PS 5.1	Windows PSCore 6.2	Ubuntu 18.04 PSCore 6.2	MacOS HighSierra PSCore 6.2
Windows PS 5.1	WinRM/PSRP	WinRM/PSRP	in theory: OMI/PSRP	in theroy: OMI/PSRP
Windows PSCore 6.2	WinRM/PSRP	PSRP (WinRM) / SSH	SSH (+ PSRP in theory)	SSH (+ PSRP in theroy)
Ubuntu 18.04 PSCore 6.2	in theory: OMI/PSRP	SSH	SSH	SSH
MacOS Highsierra PSCore 6.2	in theory: OMI/PSRP	SSH (+ PSRP in theory)	SSH	SSH

Comment from Richard Siddaway: In non-domain joined Windows scenarios, go for SSH also!



Making use of the openSSH possibilities

Private / Public key authentication

- ≥ On windows host:
 - Configure sshd_conf
 - comment out #AuthorizedKeysFile __PROGRAMDATA__/ssh/administrators_authorized_keys
 - Restart sshd service
 - Install module "OpenSSHUtils"



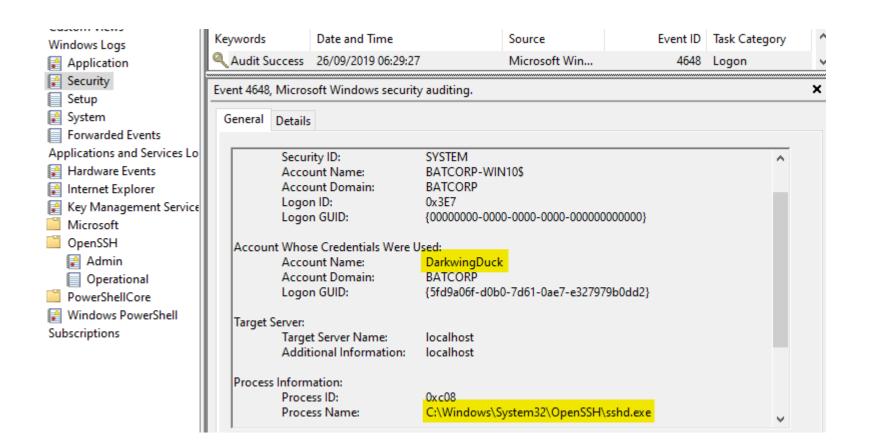
Making use of the openSSH possibilities

Private / Public key authentication

- ≥ On MacOS/Linux Client:
 - Create a public / private key pair
 - Upload the public part to the .ssh folder of the windows users you want to be logged in as
 - Repair permissions with "repair-authorizedkeys" from openSSHUtils module (be careful!)
- ≥ DEMO
- ≥ <u>DEMO</u>

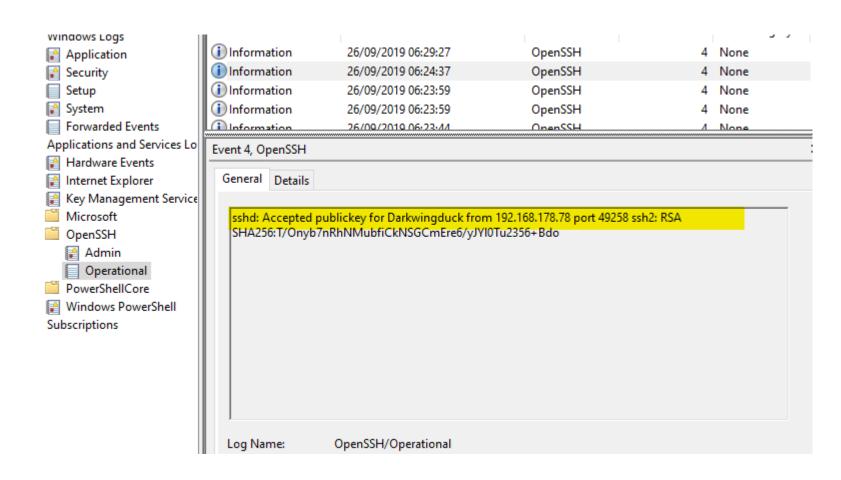


Detecting SSH logins on Windows





Detecting SSH logins on Windows







Contain the use of PS Remoting

JEA

WSMan configuration (Filters) -> Possible, but don't

Firewall-rules

sshd config











Thank you





