In a MCQ a student randomly guesses from the options if she does not know. Given that there were [m] choices in a question and that [p] is the chance she knows the answer, what is the probability that she knew the answer if she answered correctly?

- (A)  $\frac{[m*p]}{[1+m*p]}$ (B)  $\frac{1}{[1+(m-1)*p]}$
- (C)  $\frac{1}{[1+m*p]}$
- (D) [Ans]  $\frac{[m*p]}{[1+(m-1)*p]}$

Bag I contain  $[w_1]$  white and  $[b_1]$  black balls. Bag II contains  $[w_2]$  white and  $[b_2]$  black balls.

A ball is drawn at random from one of the bags, and it is found to be white. What is the probability that it was drawn from Bag I.

(A) 
$$\frac{[w_1]}{[w_1+b_1]}$$
  
(B)  $\frac{[w_1*(w_1+b_1)]}{[w_1*(w_1+b_1)+w_2*(w_2+b_2)]}$ 

(C) 
$$\frac{[w_1*(b_1+b_2)]}{[w_1*(b_1+b_2)+w_2*(b_1+b_2)]}$$

(D) [Ans] 
$$\frac{[w_1*(w_2+b_2)]}{[w_1*(w_2+b_2)+w_2*(w_1+b_1)]}$$

A man is known to speak truth [K] out of 10 times. He throws a die and reports that number obtained is a four. Find the probability that the number obtained is actually a four.

- (A)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- (B)  $\frac{[K]}{[60-5*K]}$ (C)  $\frac{[K]}{[40-3*K]}$
- (C)  $\frac{1}{[40-3*K]}$
- (D) [Ans]  $\frac{[\mathcal{K}]}{[50-4*\mathcal{K}]}$

Given the following confusion matrix what is the precision?

	Predicted +ve	Predicted -ve
Actual +ve	[A]	[B]
Actual -ve	[C]	[D]

(A) 
$$\frac{[A]}{[A+B]}$$

(B) **[Ans]** 
$$\frac{[A]}{[A+C]}$$

(C) 
$$\frac{[A+D]}{[A+B+C+D]}$$

(D) 
$$\frac{[D]}{[D+C]}$$

Consider that numbers from 1 to [N\*\*2] are arranged in a [N] by [M] dimensional square matrix M in a way such that first [M] numbers are in row 1, next [M] numbers in row 2 and so on. The rank of M is

(D) [A -- -1

(A) 1

- (B) **[Ans]** 2
- (C) [M]
- (D) None of these