

Consider a set of general vectors $\mathbf{a}_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$. (assume all elements are some random numbers in the range of $[0, 1]$) \mathbf{b} is another such vector. Consider the matrix:

$$\mathbf{A} = \sum_{i=1}^k 10^i \mathbf{a}_i \mathbf{a}_i^T + \sum_{i=k+1}^d 10^{-i} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{b}^T$$

What is the effective rank of \mathbf{A}

- (A) d
- (B) none of the above
- (C) k
- (D) 1
- (E) $k + 1$

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If $A = UDV^T$, then $A^T A$ is:

(A) A square matrix

(B) UD^2U^T

(C) VD^2V^T

(D) none of the above

(E) is always full rank

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