

1

**Session Speaker**  
**Charunthon Limseelo (Boat)**

- Microsoft Learn Student Ambassador and Data Engineer Intern at Seven Peaks Software, Klong Toei, Bangkok, TH
- Speaker on Various International Stages such as PyCon TH, FOSSASIA, JavaScript Bangkok, etc.

**Microsoft Learn STUDENT AMBASSADOR BETA**

**Microsoft AI Skills Fest**

**Social Media:**

- Instagram: [boatchrnthn](#)
- Facebook: [Charunthon Limseelo](#)
- LinkedIn: [Charunthon Limseelo](#)

2

# Operating AI Agents with Azure AI Foundry and Pydantic AI

## Text generation

Gemma 3 to  
generate text, or  
other models for  
reasoning tasks

## Multimodal to text

Gemma 3, or other  
models to explore  
the different types  
of input

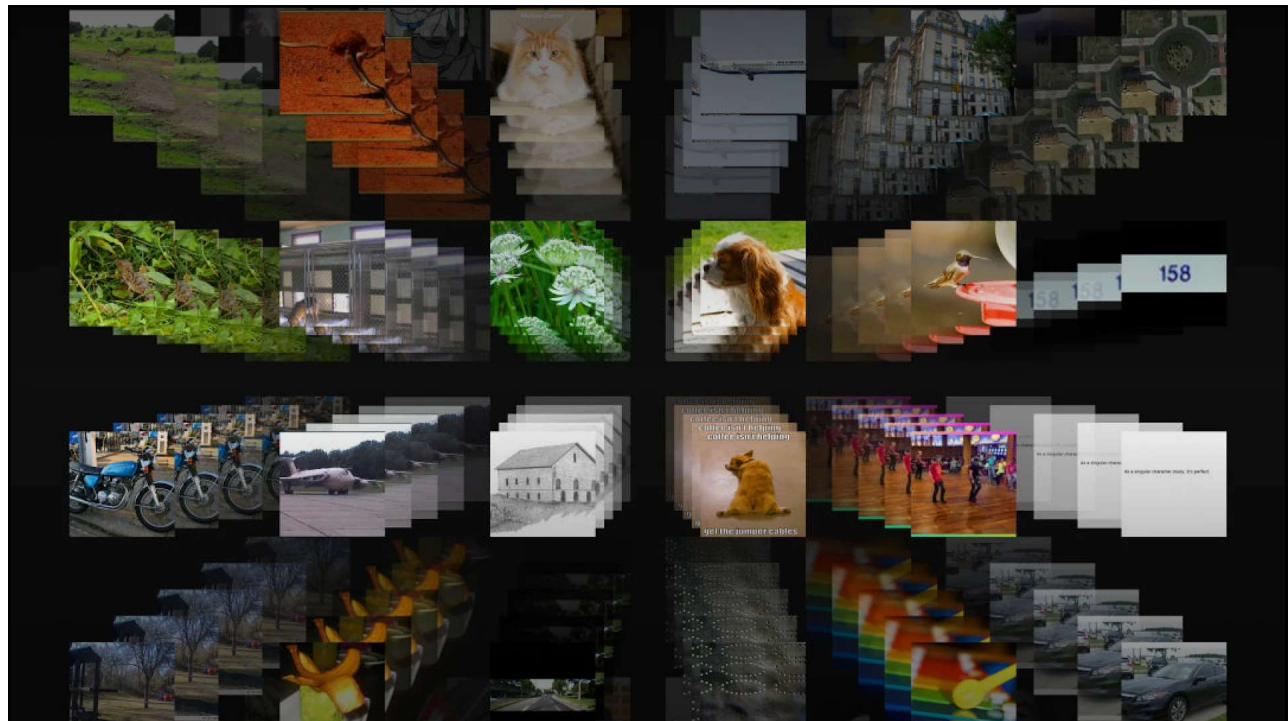
## Pydantic Framework

Explore the  
capabilities of  
building agents to  
perform tasks

Explore More  
Multimodal Models  
and usage of

[GitHub Models](#)

3



4



5

## CLIP: Contrastive Language-Image Pre-training

### 1. Contrastive pre-training

The diagram shows a text encoder processing captions (e.g., "pepper the aussie pup") and an image encoder processing images. The resulting embeddings are compared in a matrix to find the best matches.

### 2. Create dataset classifier from label text

The diagram shows a text encoder processing labels (e.g., "plane", "car", "dog", "bird") and an image encoder processing corresponding images. The resulting embeddings are compared in a matrix to find the best matches.

### 3. Use for zero-shot prediction

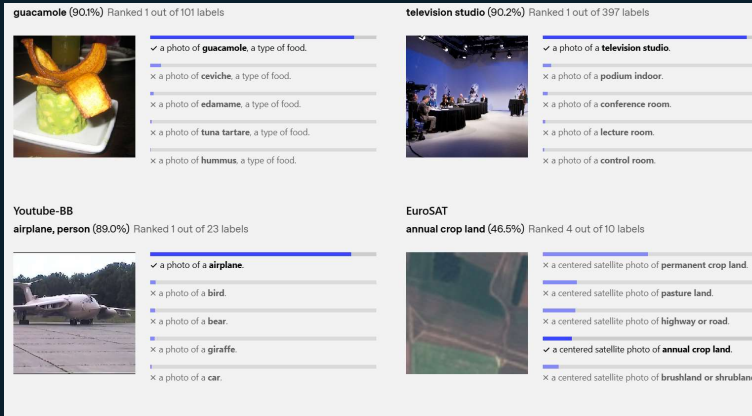
The diagram shows an image encoder processing a new image and the resulting embedding being compared in a matrix to find the best match among the dataset labels.

CLIP pre-trains an image encoder and a text encoder to predict which images were paired with which texts in our dataset. We then use this behavior to turn CLIP into a zero-shot classifier. We convert all of a dataset's classes into captions such as "a photo of a dog" and predict the class of the caption CLIP estimates best pairs with a given image.

<https://openai.com/index/clip/>

6

# CLIP: Contrastive Language-Image Pre-training

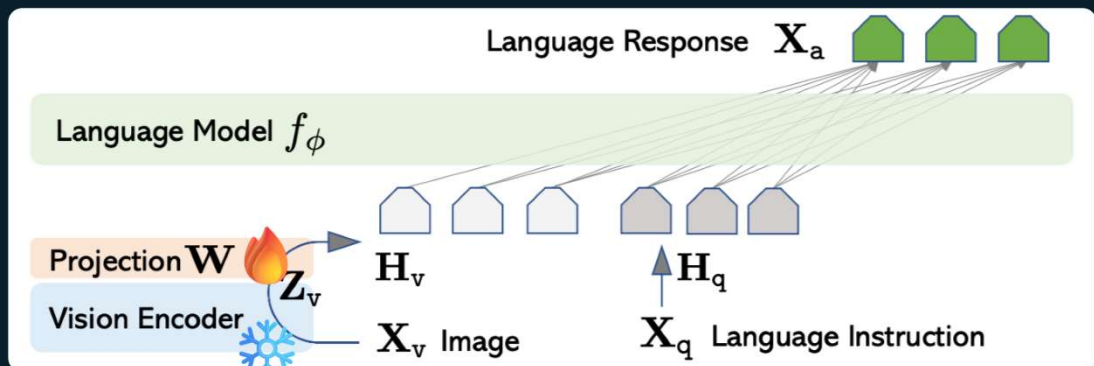


CLIP performs well in recognizing common objects but struggles with abstract and systematic tasks like counting objects or estimating distances in images. In these cases, its zero-shot performance is only slightly better than random guessing. It also underperforms in fine-grained classification, such as distinguishing between car models, aircraft variants, or flower species.

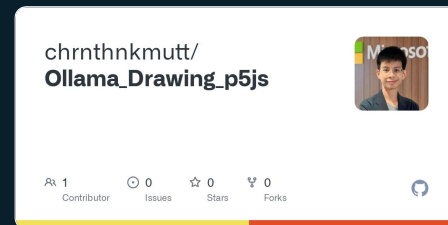
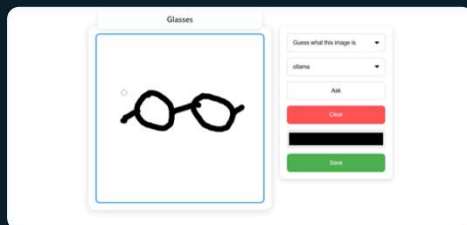
Additionally, CLIP has poor generalization to images outside its pre-training dataset. For example, while it has strong OCR capabilities, its accuracy on handwritten digits in the MNIST dataset is only 88%, significantly lower than human accuracy of 99.75%. Furthermore, CLIP's zero-shot classifiers are sensitive to wording and phrasing, sometimes requiring trial-and-error prompt engineering to achieve optimal performance.

<https://openai.com/index/clip/>

7



<https://llava-vl.github.io/>



[https://github.com/chrnthnkmutt/Ollama\\_Drawing\\_p5js](https://github.com/chrnthnkmutt/Ollama_Drawing_p5js)

8



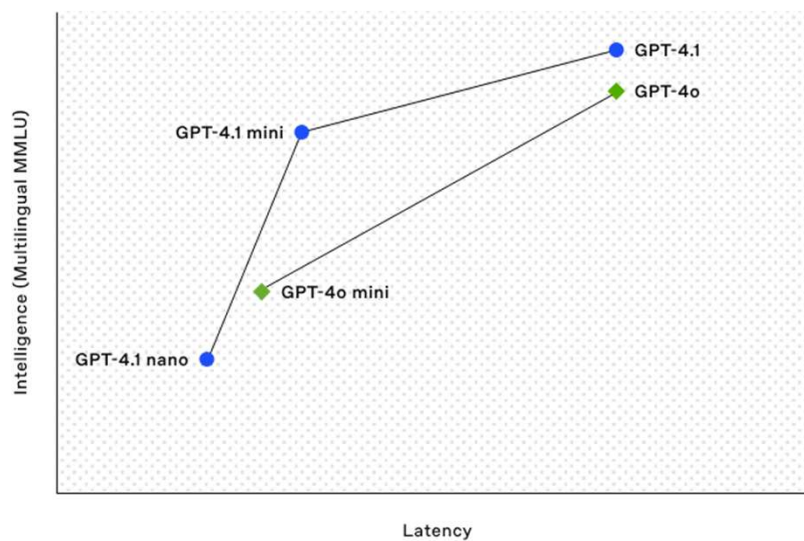
## Section 2

## Introducing OpenAI GPT-4.1

The latest iteration of the gpt-4o model family, specifically targeted for better coding and instruction following, making it better at handling complex technical and coding problems.

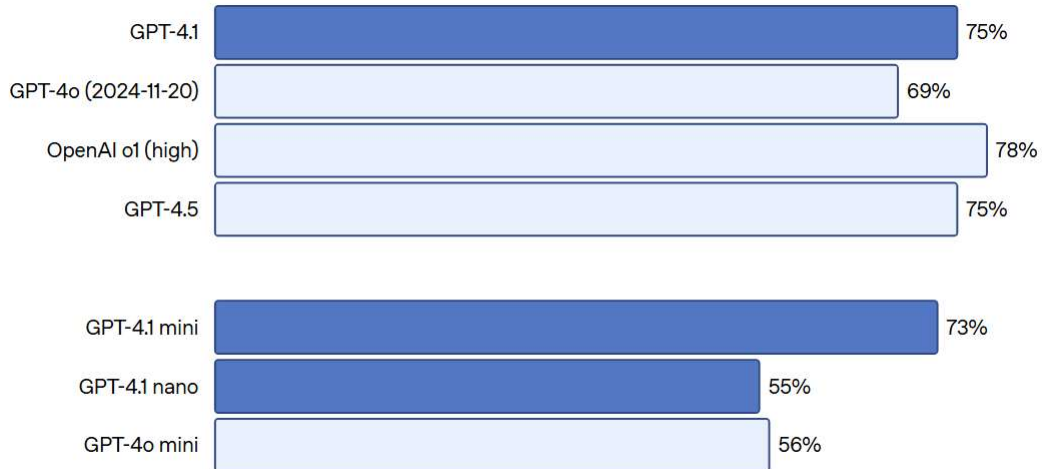
9

GPT-4.1 family intelligence by latency



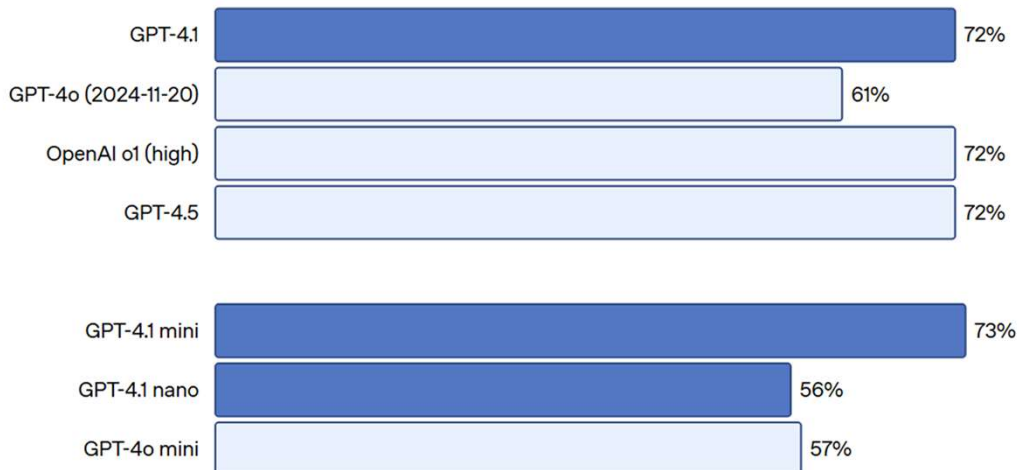
10

## MMMU: Massive Multi-discipline Multimodal Understanding



11

## MathVista Accuracy (Act like Photomath, but better)



12

## Section 3

## AI Agents Development, Pydantic: Python Data Validator, and PydanticAI: Pydantic for LLMs

13

# Agent

An agent in LLM-based applications is an autonomous software entity leveraging large language models to perform specific tasks through natural language interaction.

Independent

Goal-focused

Interactive

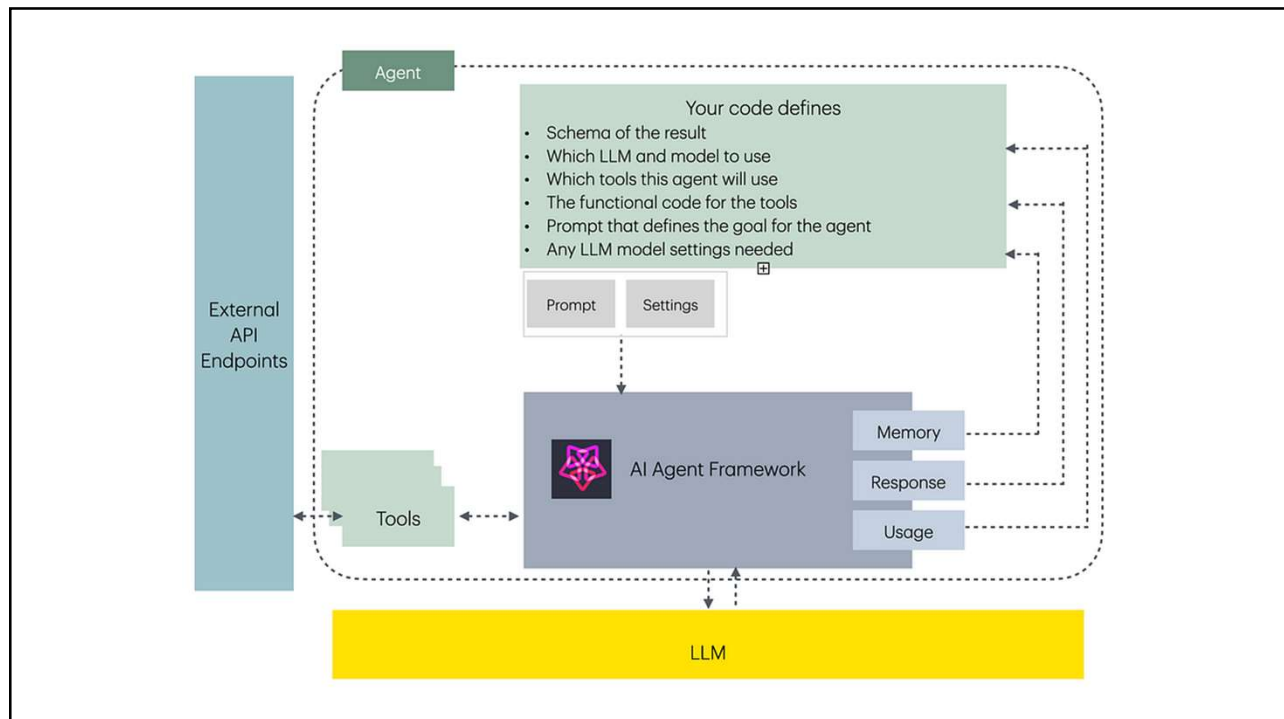
14

## What is Pydantic and Pydantic AI?



- **Pydantic** is the most widely used data validation library for Python.
- **PydanticAI** is a Python agent framework designed to make it less painful to build production grade applications with Generative AI.
- FastAPI revolutionized web development by offering an innovative and ergonomic design, built on the foundation of Pydantic.
- Similarly, virtually every agent framework and LLM library in Python uses Pydantic, yet when we began to use LLMs in Pydantic Logfire, we couldn't find anything that gave us the same feeling.

15



16



## Example Syntax of Inferencing OpenAI Models in with Pydantic AI

```

from pydantic import BaseModel
from pydantic_ai import Agent
from pydantic_ai.models.openai import OpenAIModel
from pydantic_ai.providers.openai import OpenAIProvider
import os # Import the os module
from dotenv import load_dotenv
from openai import OpenAI

```

} Environment Setup/Import Packages

```

# Load environment variables
load_dotenv()

class CityLocation(BaseModel):
    city: str
    country: str

openai_api_key = os.environ.get("OPENAI_API_KEY")

openai_provider = OpenAIProvider(
    api_key=openai_api_key
)

```

} Environment Declaration

17

## Example Syntax of Inferencing OpenAI Models in with Pydantic AI

```

openai_model = OpenAIModel(
    model_name='gpt-4o', # Changed model name for official OpenAI
    provider=openai_provider
)

agent = Agent(openai_model, output_type=CityLocation)

# Now this call will go to the official OpenAI API
result = agent.run_sync('Where were the olympics held in 2012?')

print(result.output)
# Expected output might look similar depending on the model response
# > city='London' country='United Kingdom'

print(result.usage())
# Usage details will reflect tokens used on the official OpenAI API
# """
# Usage(requests=1, request_tokens=XX, response_tokens=YY, total_tokens=ZZ, details=None)
# """

```

18

## Proposed Syntax of Inferencing Azure AI Models in with Pydantic AI

```
from pydantic_ai import Agent
from pydantic_ai.models.openai import OpenAIModel
from pydantic_ai.providers.azure import AzureProvider

model = OpenAIModel(
    'gpt-4o',
    provider=AzureProvider(
        azure_endpoint='your-azure-endpoint',
        api_version='your-api-version',
        api_key='your-api-key',
    ),
)
agent = Agent(model)
...
```

19

Demo Section

Running Multimodal Models with  
Normal Pydantic and Pydantic AI  
for Azure OpenAI SDK

20

## Section 4

## Key Takeaways + Study More

21

### Key Takeaways

- **Multimodal Capabilities:** Azure AI Foundry enables seamless interaction with AI models that process multiple types of data (text, images, etc.), enhancing AI-powered applications.
- **GitHub Model Integration:** Leveraging pre-trained AI models from GitHub simplifies deployment and experimentation, accelerating AI development within Azure.
- **Agent-Based AI Interactions:** Intelligent agents in Azure AI Foundry provide dynamic responses and automate workflows, creating more intuitive user experiences.
- **Custom Model Adaptation:** Developers can fine-tune and customize models to align with specific business needs, ensuring optimal AI performance.
- **Efficiency & Scalability:** Azure AI Foundry offers robust infrastructure to scale AI solutions efficiently, supporting enterprise-grade implementations.

22

## Resource

- Pydantic Documentation (OpenAI API on Ollama)
  - <https://ollama.com/blog/structured-outputs>
- Pydantic AI Documentation
  - <https://ai.pydantic.dev/models/openai/#azure-ai-foundry>
- GitHub Marketplace
  - [github.com/marketplace/models](https://github.com/marketplace/models)
- GitHub Models in .NET with Semantic Kernel Blog
  - [gh.io/ModelsSemanticKernel](https://gh.io/ModelsSemanticKernel)
- Build Generative AI apps with .NET and GitHub Models
  - [gh.io/GitHubModelsandDotnet](https://gh.io/GitHubModelsandDotnet)
- Microsoft Reactor: Prototyping AI Agents with GitHub Models
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Lf1BM3ntUSY>

23

Thank you 🙏



boatchrnthn



Charunthon Limseelo



Charunthon Limseelo



Scan QR for resources

24