NAOMI NOIR'S SCENE WRITING RULES:

- 1. Make sure scene is necessary (does it move the plot forward?)
- 2. Decide what kind of scene it is (and stick to it)
- 3. Decide how long you want the scene to be (and stick to it)
- 4. Does the scene cast the audience into the future? (if not, find a way to make it)

GENERAL ADVICE ON WRITING A SCENE:

- -Make subject of scene visual
- -Give actors something to do in scene (they like props)
- -Show mood of character through action (how they perform it)
- -Book end scene with action or dialogue (by end of scene, same action, line, or object should mean a different/ opposite thing)
- -Don't show off. Everyone can write witty dialogue. Stick to the purpose of the scene. Dialogue should serve character's want.
- -Replace dialogue with action whenever possible
- -Come in late and leave early: chop beginning and end off scenes
- -Need cut away option for scene to cut in editing room (otherwise stuck with bad performances. Reaction shots are life savers)
- -If scene is flat look for third person to make more interesting or difficult for your character
- -The scene belongs to character who is in pursuit of something
- -The scene should have a twist at the end (set up expectation for scene... then reverse it)
- -Ask what's at stake in this scene?
- -Opportunities/ obstacles = hope/ fear = dramatic tension in scene
- -Character can have a loathsome objective in a scene- as long as they want it badly we'll hope/fear (sometimes that they'll get it)

- -Every scene needs a purpose (to move the plot along, to give a break from crazy stuff happening in plot, to reveal character, etc.)
- -Sticking a new guy in a scene as a good way to explain world/ situation/ conflict and get away with a lot of exposition
- -Don't make anything easy for character (or you!)
- -End scenes to throw you into future of story (will specific hope/fear happen or not?)