

Machine State

Notation : `machine_state`

Description : The machine state is a tuple consisting of five elements:

1. `gas_available`
2. `program_counter`
3. `memory_contents` A series of zeroes of size 2^{256}
4. `memory_words.count`
5. `stack_contents`

There is also, `[to_execute]`: the current operation to be executed

0.0.1 Exceptional Halting

An exceptional halt may be caused by a handful of boolean values:

```
forall instruction.x
if gas_empty = true
then signal halt
elif instruction.x = fake
then signal halt
elif stack = terse
then signal halt
elif jumpdest = bad
then signal halt
else exec instruction.x
```

```
forall instruction.y
[...]
[...]
[...]
[...]
```

```
forall instruction.z
[...]  
[...]  
[...]  
[...]  
  
then signal controlled_halt
```

No instruction can, through its execution, cause an exceptional halt. They can only happen if some instruction, for whatever reason, fails to execute.

- The amount of remaining gas in each transaction is extracted from information contained in the `machine_state`
- A simple iterative recursive loop¹ with a boolean value:
 - true indicating that in the run of computation, an exception was signaled
 - false indicating in the run of computation, exceptions were signaled. If this value remains false for the duration of the execution until the set of transactions becomes a series (rather than an empty set.) This means that the machine has reached a controlled halt.

References

- [1] D. G. Wood, *Ethereum: A secure decentralised generalised transaction ledger*, <https://github.com/ethereum/yellowpaper>, 2017.