# Fate's Edge

# A World of Consequences

# System Reference Document (SRD)

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#### Part I

# Core Principles

# 1 Identity of Fate's Edge

# 2 A World of Consequences

Fate's Edge is a narrative-first tabletop roleplaying system where every action carries weight, every choice has consequence, and every spell risks backlash. Dice are not simply a measure of success or failure—they are instruments of fate, weaving opportunity with risk.

In this world, victory is rarely clean, and defeat is rarely final. Every roll pushes the story forward, not just by resolving what happens, but by revealing what it costs.

## 3 Design Goals

The design philosophy of Fate's Edge rests on three core goals:

#### **Narrative Primacy**

Mechanics exist to serve the story. Rules reward creativity and descriptive play, ensuring that characters are defined as much by their choices as by their numbers.

#### Risk as Drama

Every roll carries the potential for triumph and the shadow of complication. Tension, not certainty, drives the narrative.

#### Meaningful Growth

Advancement is more than improving statistics. Players invest experience not only in personal ability but also in influence, legacies, and the world around them.

## 4 The Central Question

At its heart, Fate's Edge asks:

What are you willing to risk, and what are you willing to pay, to reshape the world around you?

This question is both philosophical and mechanical. Players gamble with fate every time they act, and the consequences—good or ill—become the foundation of their legend.

## 5 Tone of Play

Fate's Edge is designed to produce stories that feel:

- Cinematic, with pacing tied to narrative beats rather than strict measures of time.
- Consequential, where even small choices ripple outward in meaningful ways.
- Collaborative, empowering both GM and players to co-create the unfolding drama.

## 6 Identity in Brief

Fate's Edge is a world balanced on a knife: every decision sharpens or dulls the blade, every risk cuts both ways.

# 7 Key Concepts

#### 8 Narrative Time

Time in *Fate's Edge* is measured by story weight, not by clocks. Actions are framed in four narrative scales:

- A Moment A heartbeat, a glance, a single strike or word.
- Some Time A few minutes, enough for a skirmish, a careful lockpick, or a short negotiation.
- **Significant Time** Hours, long enough to travel between locations, work a ritual, or endure a siege.
- Days Large-scale endeavors: marches across a countryside, training a cadre, or recovering from wounds.

This framing gives players and the GM a shared sense of pacing and tension. The focus is always on narrative rhythm, not stopwatch precision.

## 9 Complication Points

Whenever a player rolls dice, each result of 1 generates a **Complication Point**. These are not mere penalties—they are narrative fuel. The GM spends them to introduce twists: broken weapons, misplaced trust, sudden weather, collateral damage.

Complications ensure that even a success carries texture. A hero may win the duel but lose the crowd's favor; a spell may ignite, but it leaves behind smoke and whispers.

## 10 Affinity

Races and cultures in *Fate's Edge* do not define characters through numbers alone. Instead, each provides an **Affinity**: a narrative edge or metaphysical bond. Affinities make certain Arts, skills, or actions more reliable, weaving identity into mechanics.

Wood Elves find quiet in nature; Dwarves in stone; Humans in adaptability. Each Affinity is a way the world itself leans in your favor.

## 11 Prestige Abilities

Prestige Abilities are high-level talents unlocked by mastering cultural arts or philosophies. They are narrative milestones as much as mechanical ones. A High Elf Echo-Walker, a Dwarven Spirit Shield, or a Human Bannerlord does not simply roll better—they reshape the story around them.

## 12 On-Screen vs. Off-Screen

Fate's Edge distinguishes between resources you see at the table and those that shape the world in the background:

- On-Screen Resources are companions, hirelings, or allies who stand beside you in danger. They add dice pools and flavor, but they can falter, be taken, or die.
- Off-Screen Resources are taverns, estates, titles, or networks of informants. They never swing a blade in combat, but they shape the story between sessions, turning XP into narrative leverage.

The choice between the two defines whether a character invests in independence, leadership, or legacy.

## 13 Why These Concepts Matter

Together, these concepts shift the game away from strict measures of efficiency toward dramatic consequence. Time is elastic, outcomes ripple, and choices reach far beyond the battlefield. This keeps the table focused not only on what happens, but also on why it matters.

#### Part II

# Core Mechanic

# 14 The Art of Consequence

At the heart of *Fate's Edge* lies a single design principle: **every action carries consequence**. Dice do not merely determine success or failure; they shape the unfolding narrative by introducing new problems, twists, or opportunities. The system thrives on tension between intent and outcome, where even the best successes may carry unexpected costs.

#### 15 Procedure

All significant actions follow a three-step process:

- 1. **Approach** The player describes both *what* their character wants and *how* they attempt it. This defines the primary Skill and clarifies the fiction.
- 2. **Execution** Build a dice pool equal to *Attribute* + *Skill* and roll that many d10s. Each die of 6 or higher counts as a success. Each 1 rolled generates a *Complication Point*.
- 3. **Outcome** The GM interprets total successes against the difficulty of the task. Complication Points are then spent to weave narrative setbacks, collateral costs, or escalating danger.

# 16 The Description Ladder

The quality of the player's description affects the resilience of their roll against complication. More detail means more control over how the dice fall:

Basic Action Roll the pool as-is. All 1s remain as Complication Points.

**Detailed Action** A clear, descriptive flourish allows the player to re-roll one die showing 1.

Intricate Action A richly described, multi-sensory action allows the player to re-roll *all* dice showing 1, and add one positive narrative flourish to the scene if they succeed.

## 17 Complication Points

Complication Points (CP) are the engine of drama. They are not simple penalties, but narrative levers. The GM spends CP to introduce setbacks appropriate to the context, such as:

- Escalation drawing more enemies, raising the stakes.
- Exhaustion draining time, resources, or positioning.
- Exposure revealing hidden actions, alerting foes.
- Collateral harm or danger spilling over onto allies, innocents, or surroundings.

## 18 Design Intent

This mechanic ensures that every roll changes the story. Success without risk is rare, and even failure opens new narrative avenues. The dice shape the texture of events, but the story itself remains in the hands of the players and GM, always circling back to choice and consequence.

## 19 GM Quick Reference: Adjudicating Skill Checks

## 19.1 Difficulty Ladder (Set Before the Roll)

| DV (successes) | Name      | When to Use                                      |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| 1              | Routine   | Clear intent, modest stakes, controlled environ- |
|                |           | ment. Most single-step tasks.                    |
| 2              | Pressured | Time pressure, mild resistance, partial informa- |
|                |           | tion, split attention.                           |
| 3              | Hard      | Hostile conditions, active opposition, precise   |
|                |           | timing, brittle outcomes.                        |
| 4+             | Extreme   | Multiple constraints at once, high precision or  |
|                |           | secrecy, and failure is dramatic. Use sparingly. |

*Note:* Opposed tests can be run as *contests* (both sides roll; higher total successes wins; ties lean to status quo), or as a fixed DV informed by the opposition's pool.

## 19.2 Outcome Matrix (After the Roll)

Let S be successes  $(\geq 6)$  and C be Complication Points (number of 1s rolled).

| Case                   | Name           | Guidance  |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| $S \ge DV$ and $C = 0$ | Clean Success  | Deliver the intent crisply. Offer a small positional      |
|                        |                | or information edge if description was <i>Intricate</i> . |
| $S \ge DV$ and $C > 0$ | Success & Cost | Grant the intent; spend/bank CP to add friction           |
|                        |                | (noise, time lost, resource wear, new eyes on the         |
|                        |                | scene).   |
| 0 < S < DV             | Partial        | Progress with a fork: Get it but                          |
|                        |                | (time/position/gear cost) or Leave it and                 |
|                        |                | (take safety, new intel). Optionally consume or           |
|                        |                | award Boons per table tone.                               |
| S = 0                  | Miss           | No progress. Cash some CP now or bank for a               |
|                        |                | coming beat. Consider offering a Devil's Bargain:         |
|                        |                | succeed at DV-1 if you accept a named complica-           |
|                        |                | tion.   |

# 19.3 Complication Point (CP) Spend Menu

Spend CP immediately, or bank them to escalate a future beat in the same scene/arc. Scale by fiction; the numbers below are defaults.

|                      | 1 CP  | Noise, tell, or trace left; +1 segment on the party Supply clock; a tool or item becomes Compromised; +1 round of   |
|----------------------|-------|---|
|                      | 2 CP  | time passes; a bystander notices something off. Alarmed attention (not full alarm); lose position/cover; add a lesser foe or lock; advance a Threat clock by 1; traveler gains Fatigue 1. |
| Universal CP Options | 3 CP  | Reinforcements en route; Out of Supply; key gear breaks now; split the party's options (e.g., fire, flood, collapse); escalate a faction clock by 1.                                      |
|                      | 4+ CP | Major turn: trap springs, rival claims the prize first, authority arrives with mandate; convert saved CP into a scene-defining twist (one big thing, not many small).                     |

Combat 1 CP: lose footing (next defense -1d). 2 CP: weapon or

Compromised. 3 CP: pinned, disarmed, or separated.

battlefield shifts (fireline, cave-in, cavalry arrives).

Stealth & Intrusion 1 CP: footstep/squeak; shadow seen. 2 CP: patrol p

changes; lock resists (extra test). 3 CP: partial alarm (

initiated). 4 CP: full alarm and lockdown protocol.

Social 1 CP: rumor cost or faux pas (future -1d with this of

2 CP: a concession is now required (gift, favor). 3 CF interjects with leverage. 4 CP: patron turns, audience

or oath invoked.

Travel & Survival 1 CP: lose time; minor injury; weather turns. 2 CP: S

> +1 segment; mount lamed. 3 CP: wrong valley or b pass; Fatigue 1 to all. 4 CP: storm, rockslide, flood-

rewritten.

Arcana & Ritual 1 CP: prickle of backlash; sensory bleed. 2 CP: unint

> side-effect (cold from fire, echoes draw attention). residue anchors a foe/hex. 4 CP: backlash condition or

manifests; ritual mark persists.

#### 19.4 Assistance, Boons, & Description

By Pillar (Examples)

• Assists: One helper per action; up to +3 dice; helper's contribution is capped by their relevant Skill rating.

- Boons: A player may re-roll one die after seeing the pool. Between sessions, 2 Boons = 1 XP. Hard cap on Boons per the core rules to prevent farming.
- Description Ladder: Basic (roll as-is), Detailed (re-roll one 1), Intricate (re-roll all 1s and add one flourish if successful). Reward vivid framing; deny ladder benefits for vague or purely mechanical declarations.

#### 19.5Setting Stakes Fast (Cheat Prompts)

- If this goes right, what changes? (Position, time, access, consent.)
- If this goes wrong, what bites back? (Noise, harm, debt, clocks.) 1–2 quick answers here give you DV and a CP target to aim your spends.

#### Banking & Cashing CP 19.6

- Banked CP should pay off within the same scene or arc. If an arc closes with banked CP, convert them into a front-loaded complication at the start of the next arc (e.g., "Your forged papers triggered a quiet inquiry: the customs clerk is asking around.").
- Avoid nickel-and-diming. Prefer one memorable complication over many petty penalties.

#### 19.7 Worked Micro-Examples

**Lockpick Under Watch (DV 2).** Player rolls 6 dice: 10, 8, 5, 4, 1,  $1 \Rightarrow S=2, C=2$ . Success & Cost. Door opens; GM spends 1 CP for a squeal (patrol starts moving) and banks 1 CP to bring that patrol around on the next beat.

Charm the Captain (DV 2). Player rolls 5 dice: 7, 6, 6, 2,  $1 \Rightarrow S=3$ , C=1. Success & Cost. Passage granted; GM spends 1 CP: "He expects a favor on the return leg—he'll collect."

**Traverse the Pass (DV 3).** Group roll pools to a net 3 successes but produces C=3. Success & Cost. GM spends 2 CP to add Fatigue 1 to all from cold and exposure, banks 1 CP to crack a wagon axle next scene.

This reference is meant to keep you fast and fair: set a DV, count successes, gather 1s into CP, and let complications push the fiction forward.

#### 20 Advancement & XP

In Fate's Edge, characters do not advance through levels. Instead, growth flows from Experience Points (XP) — the universal currency of progression. XP may be spent to hone the self, acquire worldly assets, or unlock cultural prestige. This design ensures that every moment of advancement is the result of a meaningful choice.

## 21 Awarding XP

The GM distributes XP at the end of each session or arc. Choose a pacing mode appropriate to the campaign:

Gritty: 4–6 XP per session (slow burn; each purchase is weighty).

Standard: 6–10 XP per session (default pace).

**Heroic:** 10–14 XP per session (fast growth; shorter arcs).

#### Session Awards

• Table Attendance: +2 XP

• Major Objective Reached: +2-4 XP

• Discovery or Lore Unlocked: +1-2 XP

• Hard Choice Embraced: +1-2 XP

• Complication Spotlight (leaning into drawn Complications): +1-3 XP

- Bond/Flag Driven Play: +1-2 XP
- GM Curveball Award: +0-3 XP for standout creativity

#### Milestones

At the conclusion of a major story arc, grant:

- +8-12 XP to all players
- +2 XP bonus to one player for a signature moment of the arc

#### Complication Dividend

If a player accepts a high Complication card as drawn, without mitigation:

• Face Card: +1 XP

• Ace: +2 XP

# 22 Spending XP

**Attributes:** Cost = new rating  $\times$  3. Downtime = new rating in days.

**Skills:** Cost = new level  $\times$  2. Downtime = new level in days.

On-Screen Followers:  $Cost = Cap^2$ . Downtime = 1–3 days to recruit and brief.

Off-Screen Assets: Minor (4 XP, 1 day), Standard (8 XP, 1 week), Major (12 XP, 1 month).

#### Rush Rule

A player may skip downtime, but the GM creates a **Haste clock** of four segments. If the clock fills, the new ability or asset carries flaws or narrative complications.

## 23 Tiers of Reputation

Though there are no levels, XP spent creates soft "tiers" that shape world response:

Tier I – Rookie (0–40 XP): Local reputation; prestige locked.

Tier II – Seasoned (41–90): Regional notice; prestige abilities may be unlocked.

Tier III – Veteran (91–150): National influence; second follower slot suggested.

Tier IV – Paragon (151–220): Movers and shakers; rivals emerge to challenge.

Tier V – Mythic (221+): Legendary status; kingdoms and cults respond.

## 24 Archetypes in Play

#### The Solo

Invests XP primarily in self. *Strengths:* always ready, iconic spotlight. *Risks:* narrow toolkit; may lag in social or resource scenes.

#### The Mixed Player

Balances XP between self and assets. Strengths: adaptable, bridges party gaps. Risks: upkeep spread thin.

#### The Mastermind

Builds networks, followers, and assets. *Strengths:* broad reach, drives strategies. *Risks:* Complication fallout; vulnerable allies.

## 25 Training & Mentorship

- Training from a PC or NPC with Skill  $\geq 3$  or Attribute  $\geq$  new rating halves downtime.
- A vivid training montage may convert 1 day of downtime into on-screen play (twice per arc).
- Research or crafting may be handled as Significant Time with a simple project clock.

## 26 Optional Systems

## Patronage Track

Spending 8+ XP on civic, guild, or temple projects grants a *Patron tag*. Once per arc, a Patron may erase a resource-related Complication (Diamonds suit).

## Respec & Drift

- Light respec: Once per arc, redistribute up to 6 XP worth of Skills.
- Major pivot: With narrative justification, reclaim one Talent or Prestige at 50% refund.

## 27 End-of-Session Checklist

- 1. Did we reach a Major Objective? (+2-4 XP)
- 2. Who embraced Complications? (+1–3 XP)

- 3. Did Bonds or Flags drive scenes? (+1-2 XP)
- 4. Any discoveries or lore revealed? (+1-2 XP)
- 5. Attendance and GM Curveball awarded? (+2 +0-3 XP)
- 6. Any XP spending declared? Note downtime or begin Haste clocks.

#### Part III

# Character Framework

# 28 Starting XP & Complications

## 29 Starting Pool

Characters begin with a baseline of **30 XP** to allocate across Attributes, Skills, Talents, and Assets.

# 30 Optional Trades

At character creation, players may increase their starting XP by accepting story complications.

- Obligation Deficit: You may begin with a *deficit of up to 2 XP*, representing debts, unfinished business, or personal weakness. This deficit must be paid off with your first earned XP before further advancement.
- Complication Trade: You may accept up to 2 Complications during Session 0, each granting +1 XP. Complications are drawn from the Deck of Consequences (or selected by the GM) and permanently attached to your backstory.

## 31 Starting Complications Table

At Session 0, players may either draw randomly or roll 1d10 on this table for each Complication taken. The GM should weave these into the campaign's opening act.

| d10 | Starting Complication   |
|-----|---|
| 1   | Debt Mark: You owe coin or favor to a guild, syndi-           |
|     | cate, or noble family. Collectors will come calling.          |
| 2   | Broken Heirloom: Begin play with one signature item           |
|     | already Compromised. Repairing it is costly or politi-        |
|     | cally fraught.  |
| 3   | Enemy at Large: Someone you wronged (or their heir)           |
|     | is alive and plotting. They will cross your path again.       |
| 4   | Dark Patron: A whispering spirit, godling, or demon           |
|     | has touched your life. It may offer help, but always          |
|     | demands a price.  |
| 5   | Notoriety: You are famous (or infamous) for some-             |
|     | thing unsavory. People recognize you, and not always          |
|     | kindly.   |
| 6   | <b>Haunted:</b> Nightmares, visions, or a literal ghost trou- |
|     | bles your sleep. Occasionally, this interferes with your      |
|     | actions.  |
| 7   | Cursed Token: You carry an item that brings ill luck.         |
|     | The GM may spend 1 Complication Point per session to          |
|     | invoke its curse.   |
| 8   | Fractured Loyalty: You belong to two groups, guilds,          |
|     | or families with conflicting demands. They will not tol-      |
|     | erate neutrality forever.                                     |
| 9   | Lost Ally: A former follower, familiar, or friend is miss-    |
|     | ing. You may one day recover them, but until then you         |
|     | carry the burden.   |
| 10  | Blood Feud: Your kin, clan, or culture is sworn against       |
|     | another. The feud may be dormant, but never gone.             |

# 32 Example

A player wants to begin with 32 XP. They accept 2 Complications: they roll a 2 (*Broken Heirloom*) and a 7 (*Cursed Token*). Their character begins with a bent Viterran longspear and an ominous carved stone. The GM now has two strong narrative hooks to introduce in play.

# Backstory Bonds & Initial Boons

At character creation, players are encouraged to tie their backstories together. Each bond represents a shared history, debt, rivalry, or mutual respect that grounds the party in the world.

• Initial Boon: Two characters may gain one Boon each if they establish a mutual backstory tie.

- Consent Required: Both players must agree to the bond; it cannot be imposed.
- Maximum: Each player may earn up to 4 Boons this way during character creation. They can also be added or removed between sessions, again with consent all around.
- In-Play Rewards: A GM may award additional Boons or 1 XP when players call upon these ties in-session, provided the bond meaningfully shapes the scene.

#### Examples of Bonds:

- You and another character once fought in the same doomed levy and survived together.
- You saved another character's kin from debt-slavery; they owe you, and you both know it.
- You and another character were rivals in the same guild, and your rivalry sharpened you both.
- You and another character share a forbidden secret that neither dares speak aloud.

**Design Note:** Boons gained from backstory are a narrative resource. They reinforce the social fabric of the party, and they encourage players to invoke personal history as part of ongoing play.

#### 33 Attributes & Skills

Characters in *Fate's Edge* are defined not by long columns of modifiers, but by the interplay of four **core attributes** and a lean, narrative-focused **skill list**. Together they shape dice pools, guide player expression, and reinforce the philosophy that *who you are* matters as much as *what you do*.

## 34 Attributes

Attributes represent broad aspects of a character's being. They are archetypal, not granular, and apply across many situations.

**Body** Strength, endurance, and physical action. Lifting a gate, wrestling an ogre, or running across rooftops all call on Body.

Wits Perception, cleverness, and reaction speed. Spotting an ambush, solving a puzzle, or drawing first in a duel depend on Wits.

**Spirit** Willpower, intuition, and resilience. Resisting fear, sensing lies, or pressing on through pain come from Spirit.

**Presence** Charm, command, and social force. Inspiring allies, bending wills, or commanding a hall all rely on Presence.

Each Attribute is rated from 1–5 for most mortals. Exceptional beings (angels, demons, dragons) may reach higher.

#### 35 Skills

Skills are focused expressions of talent. They sharpen attributes into action and give players narrative handles for describing their characters. Each Skill is tied loosely to one or more attributes, but creative players may justify alternative pairings if the narrative fits.

#### Skill List

- Athletics climbing, running, swimming.
- Brawl fists, grappling, improvised fighting.
- Melee blades, axes, polearms.
- Ranged bows, crossbows, thrown arms.
- Stealth hiding, shadowing, evading.
- Survival tracking, foraging, navigation.
- Craft smithing, alchemy, tinkering.
- Lore history, cultures, languages.

- Arcana magical theory, rituals, spellwork.
- Insight intuition, empathy, lie detection.
- Diplomacy negotiation, mediation, etiquette.
- Deception disguise, misdirection, bluffing.
- Command leadership, intimidation, rallying.
- Performance music, oratory, story-telling.

## **Skill Ratings**

- 0: Untrained You rely on raw attribute alone.
- 1: Familiar Basic competence, a journeyman's touch.
- 2: Skilled Trained and reliable in most circumstances.
- 3: Expert Professional mastery or long experience.
- 4: Master Renowned, your work or ability is widely recognized.
- 5: Legendary Almost supernatural; few mortals reach this level.

## 36 Attributes and Skills in Play

When players attempt a significant action, they combine the relevant **Attribute** + **Skill** to determine their dice pool. Attributes set the foundation of capability, while Skills give the roll texture and identity.

Body + Melee is raw steel and sinew.

Wits + Melee is anticipation and precision.

**Presence** + **Melee** is flourish, feint, and intimidation.

The same Skill, seen through different Attributes, tells a different story.

## 37 XP as Currency

In Fate's Edge, Experience Points (XP) are not a tally of victories. They are the **universal** resource of progression—a currency spent to shape your character, your influence, and your place in the world. Growth always comes from choice: hone the self, strengthen bonds, or weave deeper ties into the setting.

## 38 The Three Paths of XP

Players may allocate XP across three broad categories. Each represents a different philosophy of growth.

#### 38.1 Enhance Self

XP buys personal mastery.

**Attributes** Raising an Attribute costs XP equal to (new rating  $\times$  3).

Example: Body  $2 \to 3$  costs  $3 \times 3 = 9$  XP.

**Skills** Raising a Skill costs XP equal to (new level  $\times$  2).

Example: Stealth  $1 \to 2$  costs  $2 \times 2 = 4$  XP.

## 38.2 Acquire Assets

XP can be invested into property, holdings, networks, and followers—worldly influence rather than personal provess.

Off-Screen Resources. Purchased with XP, these assets provide leverage between sessions: a tavern, a title, a mercantile charter, a safehouse network. They solve problems off-screen but cannot intervene in an adventure scene.

On-Screen Followers (Assistance). Allies who act in the scene and lend their specialty.

- Cost: A follower with Specialty Cap C costs  $C^2$  XP (one-time).
- Specialty: Define one narrow lane (e.g., Bodyguard in melee, Scout on overland navigation, Archivist for ancient scripts). The follower only assists in that lane.
- Assist Dice: When applicable, the follower adds help dice equal to min(C, yourrelevantSkill), capped at +3 dice.

- Slot Limit: Only one follower may assist a given action.
- **Upkeep:** Each Downtime, pay Coin equal to *C or* spend a Scene tending the relationship. Miss two upkeeps: the follower becomes *Unreliable* until mended.
- **Risk:** If the GM spends 2+ Complication Points on an action you take with assistance, they may endanger, injure, or separate the follower instead of you if fictionally appropriate.

Why  $C^2$  and a +3 cap? A Cap 5 helper used to be the best XP deal in the game. Squaring the cost and capping assist dice keeps followers powerful but *not* more efficient than raising your own Skills. Followers become scene-shaping *tools* with obligations and risks, rather than a cheap dice battery.

#### 38.3 Learn Talents

Talents are unique abilities that expand what a character can do. They are purchased with XP and often serve as stepping stones toward Prestige Abilities. They may be:

- General Talents broadly available to any character.
  - Battle Instincts (Cost: 6 XP): Once per scene, re-roll a failed defense roll.
  - Silver Tongue (Cost: 4 XP): Gain +1 die when persuading or deceiving through speech.
  - Iron Stomach (Cost: 3 XP): Immune to mundane poisons and spoiled food; halve Complications from toxic sources.
- Racial or Cultural Talents tied to Affinities and philosophies, reflecting the arts of a people.
  - Stone-Sense (Dwarves, Cost: 5 XP): Detect flaws in stone or earth; gain +1 die on Engineering or Craft rolls underground.
  - Backlash Soothing (Wood Elves, Cost: 6 XP): Once per session, reduce a magical Backlash Complication by 2 points when in natural terrain.
  - Blood Memory (Ykrul, Cost: 5 XP): After a battle, meditate to gain one temporary Skill die reflecting a foe's tactics for the next scene.
- Prestige Abilities narrative-capstone powers available only at high investment. These are the pinnacles of a culture's arts.
  - Echo-Walker (High Elf, Cost: 20 XP; Req: Wits 5, Arcana 4): Step briefly into Aerisahl; once per arc, turn any Complication into a boon.
  - Warglord (Ykrul, Cost: 18 XP; Req: Body 5, Leadership 3): Rally scattered warbands into a single host; once per campaign, may unify tribes under one banner.
  - Spirit-Shield (Dwarves, Cost: 15 XP; Req: Spirit 4, Resolve 3): Once per session, erase up to 3 Complications from an ally's roll, taking 1 Backlash yourself.

#### Familiars & the Bond

#### Lore (table-facing)

Familiars are **spirits wearing a shape** — bird, beast, or clever construct — drawn by vows, names, and roles. They learn by *doing* and remember by *ritual*; mirrors and still water may show their true nature for a breath.

## Familiar Bond (Talent)

You are bound to one or more Familiars, lightweight Followers tuned to a single Role.

- Requirement: This Talent is required to have any Familiar.
- Upkeep: None. Familiars do not consume upkeep.
- Cap (number): You may have at most 2 Familiars bound at once.
- Stat line: Role (e.g., Scout, Mimic, Distract, Fetch, Sentry) Cap 1–2 Bond 1/2 Exposure 0/2.
- **Restrictions:** Familiars cannot be Stewards/Deputies, cannot hold assets, and cannot trigger Diamonds on their own.
- Swap: Rebinding a different Familiar mid-arc requires a short downtime scene; the old bond goes dormant until the next arc.

**Durability & Flags** If a Familiar appears in **two or more** hot beats in an arc, mark **Flagged**; clear with a quiet mentorship/care scene or **2 XP**. Familiar Harm follows follower harm (Harm 1–2). If it would be taken out, it withdraws until treated.

## Prestige Talent: Spirit Keeper

- Prerequisite: Familiar Bond; Tier III+.
- Effect: Your bound Familiar cap (number) increases to 3.
- **Note:** Individual Familiar Cap (quality) remains 1–2 unless advanced by other rules. This talent increases the number you can bind, not their personal Cap.

## Unified Assist (Followers & Familiars)

Any Follower (including Familiars) may Assist a PC's action:

#### In-Role Assist (specialty)

- Bonus: +Cap (the helper's Cap value).
- Gate: Plausible fiction in their *Role* (no intricate requirement).

#### Off-Role Assist (any skill) — intricate gate

- Bonus: +1.
- Gate: The Assist narration must be intricate, including three distinct details:
  - 1. a **Sense** the helper uses (sight/sound/current/scent),
  - 2. the **Method** (how it helps),
  - 3. a **Risk** accepted (what could go wrong for it).
- Note: This intricate gate permits the +1 off-Role bonus; it does not grant re-rolls by itself. Any existing re-roll rules still apply.

#### Assist stacking limits

- Per roll cap: Total Assist bonus from all sources is capped at +3.
- Per helper cap: A single helper cannot exceed its mode's bonus (either +Cap in-Role or +1 off-Role).

Rails & Over-Stack Assists never directly move rails. If the crew enters a scene with 2+ structural advantages, apply the Over-Stack rule (start rails at +1 or GM banks +1 CP on the first  $\triangle Twist$ ).

## Familiar Solo Beat (folded-in)

Once per scene (total across your Familiars), one Familiar may take a small Solo Beat appropriate to its form:

Scout & Signal: change an ally's next action position to Controlled or grant +1 effect.

Distract & Draw: reduce a kinetic rail (Hunt/Escape/Hazard) by -1 tick.

Fetch & Carry: move a small, scene-relevant object across danger; on the recipient's next success, advance +1 tick on the target clock.

Cost: mark Exposure +1 on the Familiar or mark Harm 1 (scrape/shock). The GM may spend 1 CP to escalate the risk in tense scenes (e.g., force a Resist or tick a rail if you press).

## Role quick-list (examples)

| Role     | Typical in-Role help                              |
|----------|---|
| Scout    | Routes/chases, timing the surge, spotting cutters |
| Mimic    | Voices/calls, baiting impostors, echo tricks      |
| Distract | Crowd/curfew manipulation, misdirection, flare    |
| Fetch    | Lines/keys/notes ferried under pressure           |
| Sentry   | Watch/warn, early hazard callouts                 |

## Examples (concise)

- In-Role (Scout, Cap 2): Raven spirals ahead, marks the counter-tide with two dips, risks a net near the mast  $\rightarrow +2$  Assist on a chase.
- Off-Role (Mimic): Perched over the dais, copies a host's lilt to bait an impostor; if they throw a shoe, it's in range  $\rightarrow +1$  Assist on a social roll (intricate met).
- Solo Beat: Distract & Draw  $\rightarrow Hunt -1 \ tick$ , mark Exposure +1 on the Familiar.

# 39 Economy of Choice

Because XP is the sole currency, every expenditure forces tension:

- Invest in yourself to become unmatched in one arena.
- Invest in the world to gain influence and resources.
- Invest in talents to expand into new, unique possibilities.

There is no "wrong" choice — only the question: Will you be remembered for what you mastered, what you owned, or what you became?

## 40 Archetypes & Prestige Abilities

Archetypes represent broad playstyles, while Prestige Abilities are the capstone talents tied to culture, philosophy, or exceptional mastery. This section offers examples across the tiers of advancement to demonstrate how XP investment and narrative identity converge.

## 41 Archetype Examples

## The Blade-Seeker (Solo Archetype)

**Theme:** The lone duelist whose personal mastery becomes legend.

XP Focus: Attributes (Body, Wits) and direct combat skills.

Play Impact: Thrives in spotlight scenes; less reliable for logistics or diplomacy.

Prestige Gateways: Duelist's Insight, Echo-Killer.

## The Bond-Keeper (Mixed Archetype)

**Theme:** A hero who balances self-growth with allies, networks, or family.

**XP Focus:** Skills and Off-Screen Assets, with some Attributes raised.

Play Impact: Strongest when weaving personal hooks into group play.

Prestige Gateways: Hearth-Banner, Oath-Bound Captain.

#### The Spider (Mastermind Archetype)

**Theme:** The strategist who commands webs of allies, followers, and secrets.

**XP Focus:** On-Screen Followers, Off-Screen Assets, Presence.

Play Impact: Shapes campaigns through schemes, but risks backlash if resources collapse.

Prestige Gateways: Shadow Broker, Master of Coin.

## 42 Prestige Ability Examples by Tier

## Tier II (41-90 XP)

**Duelist's Insight** Req: Body 3, Melee 3. Once per duel, re-roll all failed dice if you describe a flourish tied to your rival's weakness.

**Hearth-Banner** Req: Presence 2, Leadership 2, Off-Screen Asset (Homestead). Allies defending your home or banner gain +1 die to all rolls within its borders.

## Tier III (91–150 XP)

Oath-Bound Captain Req: Presence 3, Leadership 3, one On-Screen Follower. When leading a unit, you may convert one Complication per roll into a rallying boon: grant +1 die to all allies on their next action.

**Echo-Killer** Req: Wits 4, Arcana 3, Affinity (Elven). Once per scene, negate an incoming magical effect by paying its Complication cost yourself.

# Tier IV (151–220 XP)

**Shadow Broker** Req: Presence 4, Subterfuge 3, Off-Screen Asset (Network). Once per arc, declare that you "already had an agent there." Spend 6 XP to permanently expand your Network's reach into that region.

**Spirit-Shield** Req: Spirit 4, Resolve 3. Once per session, you may erase up to 3 Complication Points from an ally's roll, at the cost of taking 1 Backlash Complication yourself.

## Tier V (221+ XP)

Master of Coin Req: Presence 5, Commerce 4, three Off-Screen Assets. You may treat wealth as narrative leverage: once per session, erase a Diamonds-suit Complication by spending from your fortune.

**Echo-Walker** Req: Wits 5, Arcana 4, Affinity (High Elf). Once per arc, step briefly into the demi-plane of Aerisahl, gaining one automatic success on a roll and reshaping one drawn Complication into a boon.

# 43 Talent Progression by Tier

Talents are organized into tiers of investment. Early Talents broaden a character's toolkit, Mid-Tier Talents deepen specialization, and Prestige Abilities represent cultural pinnacles and narrative milestones.

## 44 Cultural Talent Examples

Each culture offers its own path of growth. Early Talents establish identity, Mid-Tier Talents deepen specialization, and Prestige Abilities embody cultural myths and pinnacles of mastery.

## 45 Followers & Off-Screen Assets

# 46 Concept

Followers (on-screen allies) and Off-Screen Assets (titles, safehouses, networks) are powerful—but they require upkeep. Instead of coin ledgers, *Fate's Edge* uses narrative condition tracks, downtime, and XP to model drift, loyalty, and wear.

## Design Aims

- **Agency First:** Assets amplify characters; they never replace on-screen presence (see §?? *Unbreakable Contract*).
- **Fiction Is the Ledger:** Stress, scarcity, and politics degrade resources; players repair with *time* or *XP*.
- Meaningful Tradeoffs: Keep a network sharp or grow your stats—you usually can't do both.

## 47 Buying Followers & Assets

Followers use a simple **Cap** rating (their specialty dice). Assets use **Tiers**. XP costs below include creation/buy-in.

#### 47.1 Followers (On-Screen)

Cap 1 3 XP — Competent assistant (e.g., Porter, Squire).

Cap 2 5 XP — Trained specialist (e.g., Scout, Bodyguard).

Cap 3 8 XP — Veteran operative (e.g., Spymaster's Agent).

Cap 4 12 XP — Elite aide (e.g., Master-at-Arms).

Cap 5 17 XP — Exceptional lieutenant (rare).

**Assist Dice:** When the follower's specialty applies, add a bonus pool up to their Cap. The PC still rolls the action; followers don't take turns away from players.

#### Limits & Liabilities

- Spotlight Cap: A PC may benefit from at most one follower's assist per roll.
- Exposure: Any roll that uses a follower exposes them to *Complications*; the GM may spend CP to *Harm* or *Degrade* that follower (see §48).

#### 47.2 Off-Screen Assets

Minor 4 XP — Safehouse, small shop charter, parish patron, petty title.

**Standard** 8 XP — Noble title, guild section, spy ring, estated farm.

Major 12 XP — City license/monopoly, regional network, fortress lease.

Use: Assets solve problems between scenes, seed clues, or grant +1-2 dice when you personally leverage them on-screen. Assets never play the scene for you.

**Face Requirement** To buy an Asset, you must show personal capability:

- Civic/Title: Presence 3+ or Command 2+.
- Spy Network: Wits 3+ or Subterfuge 2+.
- Mercantile Charter: Presence 3+ or Diplomacy 2+.
- Workshop/Hold: Spirit 3+ or Craft 2+.

## 48 Condition Tracks & Upkeep

Each Follower or Asset has a **Condition** clock:

 $Maintained \rightarrow Neglected \rightarrow Compromised$ 

#### 48.1 Triggering Degradation

At the end of an arc (or after heavy use), the GM flags any resource that was:

- Heavily Used (front-line risk, repeated favors, overclocked),
- Put at Risk (nearly burned, hunted by creditors/guards),
- Under Strain by Default (titles, networks, and rents decay without tending).

Flagged resources degrade one step unless *Maintained* by Time or XP (below).

#### 48.2 Maintaining a Resource

Choose one per flagged resource:

**Downtime** Spend **Significant Time** personally ( a week) training, smoothing politics, repairing. No parallel training/projects.

**XP Injection** Pay **XP equal to Tier/Cap** (e.g., Cap 3 follower costs 3 XP; Standard Asset costs 8 XP).

## 48.3 Effects by Condition

Maintained Full capability; no penalties.

Neglected -1 die when used (assist or leverage). Narratively: slower, sullen, short-staffed.

Compromised Unavailable. Narratively: captured, burned, seized, defected.

## 48.4 Repair & Recovery

- Neglected  $\rightarrow$  Maintained: Downtime or pay [Tier/2] XP.
- Compromised: Requires a Quest/Operation to recover the person/asset then Downtime or full Tier/Cap XP to restore to Maintained.

# 49 Stress, Harm, & Loss (GM Tools)

When a follower is used in a risky scene, the GM may spend Complication Points to:

Pin The follower is separated/boxed out; no assist next roll/scene.

Wound The follower is Injured: until treated off-screen, their Cap counts as 1 lower.

Burn Mark Neglected immediately (blown cover, angry creditors).

Seize Escalate to Compromised (capture, flight, betrayal) if dramatically earned.

**PC Choice Lever:** The GM should *offer the player a save*: protect the follower (accept a harsher on-screen complication for the PC) or let the follower take the hit.

# 50 Loyalty & Bonds (Optional)

Track a simple **Loyalty** tag per follower: Wary / Steady / Devoted.

- Raise: Meaningful risk shared, fair pay, defended in public.
- Lower: Broken promises, scapegoating, repeated neglect.

Devoted followers can once per arc convert one GM Complication targeting them into a lesser setback; Wary followers cost +1 XP to Maintain.

## 51 Promotion & Replacement

- **Promote:** Pay the *difference in XP* to raise a follower's Cap; requires a brief training or milestone scene.
- **Replace:** Buying a similar new follower costs full XP (they don't know your ways; loyalty starts *Wary*).

## 52 Quick Reference Tables

## Follower Cost & Upkeep

| $\mathbf{Follower}$ | Buy (XP) | Maintain (XP) | Repair Neglected (XP) |
|---------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Cap 1               | 3        | 1             | 1                     |
| Cap 2               | 5        | 2             | 1                     |
| Cap 3               | 8        | 3             | 2                     |
| Cap 4               | 12       | 4             | 2                     |
| Cap 5               | 17       | 5             | 3                     |
|                     |          |               |                       |

#### Asset Cost & Upkeep

| Asset Tier | Buy(XP) | Maintain (XP) | Repair Neglected (XP) |
|------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Minor      | 4       | 2             | 1                     |
| Standard   | 8       | 4             | 2                     |
| Major      | 12      | 6             | 3                     |

Compromised always requires a mission plus the Maintain cost or Downtime.

## 53 Examples in Play

#### The Mastermind's Agent (Cap 3)

After a heist, the GM flags the Cap 3 agent. The player can:

- 1. Spend a week of Downtime to mentor and cover tracks; stays Maintained, or
- 2. Pay 3 XP to keep them sharp, or
- 3. Do nothing: the agent becomes *Neglected* (assist rolls at -1 die) and a creditor shows up next use.

## The Noble's Title (Standard Asset)

A Standard title constantly grinds. At arc end, it's flagged. The player:

- Pays 4 XP to keep retainers loyal, or
- Spends a week in court, delaying personal training, or
- Lets it slip to Neglected: -1 die when leveraging the title; rivals whisper.

## 54 GM Guidance

- Flag, Don't Flog: Only mark resources that mattered this arc.
- Offer the Fork: Present a clear time vs. XP choice every time.
- Let It Bite: If players neglect resources, let fallout drive new adventures.
- **Keep It Human:** Followers are people. Name them, give them a want, and let loyalty shift.

## 55 Activating Off-Screen Assets

Off-Screen Assets (titles, safehouses, spy rings, charters, workshops, etc.) are levers you can pull to affect the world. They do not act on their own; you *activate* them when the story demands.

#### The Cost

- To activate any Off-Screen Asset, the player must spend 1 Boon or 2 XP.
- This cost is per distinct ask or discrete scene effect (see Scope below).
- Spending XP represents burning favors, cashing ledgers, or indebting the future; it is the "break-glass" option.

#### Scope & Examples

An activation accomplishes *one clear outcome* that the asset is plausibly able to produce. Assets are spent off-screen, generally between sessions.

- Safehouse Network (Standard): "Hide us for the night and get us past the cordon at dawn." (1 Boon)
- Spy Ring (Standard): "Pull the magistrate's travel plan for tomorrow." (1 Boon)
- Noble Title (Standard): "Secure an audience this afternoon." (1 Boon) OR "Quash these charges quietly." (2 XP, high heat)
- Workshop (Minor): "Rush a field repair to remove the *Compromised* tag on our mail." (1 Boon)
- Mercantile Charter (Major): "Float a short-term convoy credit to bribe the garrison and open the gate at dusk." (1 Boon; 2 XP if no Boons remain)

## Limits & Stacking

- One Asset, One Outcome: Each activation buys one concrete effect. A second, different effect requires another activation.
- No Off-Screen Auto-Wins: Assets *enable* outcomes; they do not bypass scenes wholesale. If an activation moves the fiction to a new scene, play that scene.
- Plausibility Gate (GM): If an ask is beyond the asset's plausible reach, the GM may: (a) refuse, (b) offer a reduced effect for the same cost, or (c) set a *Setup* requirement (a short scene or roll) and then allow activation.

## Complications Still Apply

Activation guarantees the asset cooperates; it does not guarantee a frictionless world.

- The GM may still spend *Complication Points* (from rolls in the scene) to attach consequences to the activation's outcome (e.g., "Yes, the smuggler opens the culvert—and the river swells at midnight").
- If an activation is the only lever in the moment (no roll), the GM may draw from the *Deck of Consequences* at low severity to lace in texture without nullifying the effect.

#### **Interaction with Condition Tracks**

Activation is separate from upkeep (see §48).

- Neglected: The asset functions, but any roll leveraging it suffers -1 die.
- Compromised: The asset cannot be activated until recovered (quest/operation) and restored (Downtime or XP).
- Emergency Spend: You may still pay 2 XP to attempt an activation of a Neglected asset; the penalty applies. Compromised assets cannot be activated.

#### Why Boons?

Boons represent story credit earned by embracing risk (see §Boons). Tying assets to Boons:

- Rewards players who play into complications.
- Keeps XP focused on character growth, making 2 XP activations rare, high-drama choices.

### Quick Reference

| Action  | Cost                                 |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Activate any Off-Screen Asset                 | 1 Boon or 2 XP                       |
| Activate again for a second, distinct outcome | +1 Boon $or +2$ XP                   |
| Activate while Asset is Neglected             | Normal cost; related rolls at -1 die |
| Activate while Asset is Compromised           | Not possible (recover first)         |

#### **GM** Guidance

- Say what it costs, then ask: "Your spy ring can get that letter—1 Boon or 2 XP?" If they pay, it happens.
- **Keep the scene alive:** Activation changes position, not authorship. Use it to *open doors*, then play what's inside.
- Reserve 2 XP moments: When a player spends XP to fire an asset, spotlight it like a spell: show the favors called, the ledger smudged, the bridge burned.

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- Rewards players who play into complications.
- Keeps XP focused on character growth, making 2 XP activations rare, high-drama choices.
- Boons are capped at 5 total at any given time.

### **Quick Reference**

#### Action

Activate any Off-Screen Asset

Activate again for a second, distinct outcome

Activate while Asset is Neglected

Activate while Asset is Compromised

A Player may only carry 5 Boons at a time, any extra boon is converted to XP, 2 to 1, up to 2 (so, up to

#### **GM** Guidance

- Say what it costs, then ask: "Your spy ring can get that letter—1 Boon or 2 XP?" If they pay, it happens.
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- Reserve 2 XP moments: When a player spends XP to fire an asset, spotlight it like a spell: show the favors called, the ledger smudged, the bridge burned.

### 57 Table Contract & Player Presence

#### 58 The Unbreakable Contract

Every player-character must have on-screen agency during play.

- **Agency:** Each player must have meaningful choices to make for their character every session.
- **Presence:** The character appears in scenes and participates directly. Off-screen assets never replace the character's involvement.

Design intent: Investment in holdings, titles, and networks is powerful, but it augments a character who acts on-screen. "Pure patrons" who never leave their estate are not valid PCs.

#### 59 The Hands-On Patron

**Archetype intent:** A PC who invests heavily in Off-Screen Assets but *leads from the front*: traveling, negotiating, and facing danger personally.

#### 59.1 Mechanical Requirements

Face Requirement You cannot purchase an Off-Screen Asset unless you meet a relevant threshold:

- Noble Title (Standard): Presence 3+ or Command 2+
- Spy Network (Major): Wits 3+ or Subterfuge 2+
- Mercantile Charter (Major): Presence 3+ or Diplomacy 2+
- Stonehold (Minor): Spirit 3+ or Craft 2+

No Empty Chair A character sheet must include on-screen capabilities (Attributes, Skills, or Followers) sufficient to act in scenes. Assets are tools, not a proxy PC.

### 59.2 Example Patron Build (31 XP)

- Presence 3 (9 XP), Command 2 (6 XP total)
- Off-Screen: Noble Title (Standard) (8 XP), Safehouse (Minor) (4 XP)
- On-Screen Follower: Bodyguard (Cap 2) (4 XP)

Result: 5-die social/command pools, portable authority, and a modest on-screen retinue—always present, never abstracted away.

#### 60 Off-Screen Assets vs. On-Screen Followers

Off-Screen Assets Holdings resolved between sessions (keeps, charters, titles, spy webs). They create opportunities and solve background problems but do not intervene mid-scene.

On-Screen Followers Stat-light allies with a *Skill Cap* who add dice in their specialty when present. They are narrative liabilities and can be threatened, swayed, or lost.

## 61 Death, Replacement & Downtime

When a PC is slain or removed from play, choose one:

#### 61.1 Promote a Follower

- The player takes control of a loyal follower already established on-screen.
- Grant a lump sum equal to 50% of the deceased PC's total XP.
- Transfer a *reasonable* share of assets explicitly tied to that follower (retainers, a stipend, or a minor charter).

### 61.2 Heir or Partner Steps In

- Introduce an heir, sibling, apprentice, or business partner foreshadowed by the fiction.
- Start with **20–30 XP** plus a *fraction* of Off-Screen Assets that make sense (with GM sign-off).

#### 61.3 New Character

- Create a fresh PC by standard rules.
- GM integrates them swiftly: tie to an existing Asset, contract, or faction introduced by the party.

## 61.4 Temporary Absences (Captured, Lost, Waylaid)

- Use a **Peril Clock**: each session absent ticks it forward; when full, a hard consequence lands (ransom due, injury, asset seized).
- Offer targeted rescue/escape scenes to restore agency quickly.

## 62 GM Guidance: Keeping the Contract

- Frame scenes where every PC has a lever: talk, scout, strike, scheme, or safeguard.
- When Assets would solve a problem off-screen, **surface a new on-screen complication**: a guild veto, a rival's counter-claim, a courier intercepted.
- Spotlight balance: rotate beats between Solo specialists, Mixed players, and Masterminds; ensure no one dictates outcomes without table consent.

## 63 Designer Note

This contract is the spine of play. XP economies and Assets broaden stories; they must never replace the character's presence at the table. If a build trends toward absenteeism, redirect with the Face Requirement, on-screen costs, and scene framing that demands the player's direct choices.

#### 64 Boons and Failure's Gift

#### Core Idea

In *Fate's Edge*, failure does not mean nothing happens — it always moves the story forward. To emphasize this, every time a player suffers a \*\*Complication from failure\*\* (not just a rolled 1, but an actual failed action with narrative fallout), they also earn a \*\*Boon\*\*.

### What is a Boon?

A Boon is a small token of narrative resilience, representing how characters learn from mistakes, seize unexpected opportunities, or grow under pressure.

### Spending Boons

Boons are flexible, but limited. They can be spent in two ways:

#### Limits

A character may carry up to five boons at any given time. Four can be gained from interlocking backstories between sessions for the next session. So, a player can gain 5 during play, spend them, and gain four... or gain four, or some combination.

**Re-roll Opportunity:** During a session, a player may spend **1 Boon** to re-roll a single die (success or failure) after rolling. This must be declared immediately.

**Asset Activation:** To activate an Off-Screen Asset for a specific purpose, a player must spend **1 Boon** (preferred) or **2 XP** (emergency use). This guarantees cooperation within the asset's scope, though the GM may introduce fitting complications.

Experience Conversion: Between sessions, a player may convert 2 Boons = 1 XP. This reflects growth from adversity and encourages long-term investment.

#### Guidelines

- A Boon is only awarded when failure has narrative teeth the GM must introduce a complication or setback.
- Boons are tracked individually, not as a group resource.
- The GM may offer additional narrative color when Boons are earned ("You stumble on the climb, but you notice a hidden sigil carved into the stone mark a Boon.").
- A character may only have 4 Boons max, overflow are converted: 2 boons to 1 XP.

## Design Philosophy

Boons ensure that failure still rewards play. They turn setbacks into fuel for later triumphs, embodying the core philosophy of Fate's Edge: every consequence carries opportunity.

However, Boons are earned only through **meaningful engagement**. The attempt must matter in the fiction—taking risks, advancing the story, or revealing character. Empty actions taken solely to trigger failure do not qualify. This prevents players from "fishing" for Boons, an ineffective and disruptive form of griefing.

In short: fail forward, not sideways. Every Boon represents a lesson paid for with genuine dramatic weight.

#### GM Callout: Awarding Boons

Ask yourself: Did this action move the fiction forward?

- If yes, award a Boon—even if the roll failed.
- If **no**, deny it—this was fishing, not play.

Boons mark dramatic risks taken, not empty gestures.

#### Part IV

# Magic & The Arts

## 65 Philosophy of Magic

Magic in Fate's Edge is not a tool of convenience but a dangerous negotiation with the fabric of reality. It is powerful, flexible, and transformative — yet every attempt to shape it carries risk. The dice never merely ask "does it work?" but always whisper "what is the cost?"

## 66 The Nature of Magic

- Volatile by Design: Magic is not fully understood, even by its most adept practitioners. Every working pushes against boundaries that resist being bent.
- Risk Embodied: Each spell generates Complication Points. These points do not vanish; they manifest as *Backlash*, unpredictable consequences that ripple outward.
- Narrative Weight: Casting is always a story moment. Even a "successful" spell alters the scene in ways the caster did not intend.
- Thematic Consequence: Backlash is not arbitrary; it aligns with the opposing or uncontrolled element of the Art invoked (flame flares out of control, shadows linger too long, storms roll beyond command).

### 67 The Caster's Burden

Magicians are defined not by what they can do, but by what they are willing to risk. A cautious spellcaster describes carefully, invests in detailed actions, and may survive long. A reckless one courts power at great personal and narrative cost. Both choices shape the story.

## 68 Casting Loop

All spellcasting follows a structured sequence called the *Casting Loop*. It unfolds across two phases of play: gathering strength, then weaving it into form.

- Channel The caster focuses, rolling Wits + Arcana to gather Potential. Each success becomes fuel for shaping the spell. Each 1 adds Complication Points immediately.
- 2. Weave On the following turn, the caster rolls Wits + (Art) to shape Potential into a defined effect. The Description Ladder applies: Basic/Detailed/Intricate descriptions reduce or redirect Complication Points.

3. **Backlash** — Complication Points spent by the GM manifest as uncontrolled consequences. These are thematic to the Art and scale with the number of points spent: minor nuisances at low levels, dangerous disasters at high levels.

## 69 Example of Backlash

Fire Flames leap to unattended surfaces, smoke blinds allies, or the heat weakens structures.

**Shadow** Illusions persist too long, unseen things whisper truths best left hidden, morale crumbles.

**Storm** Winds scatter allies' plans, lightning arcs toward unintended targets, storms linger beyond the caster's will.

## 70 Design Intent

The Casting Loop keeps magic tense and thematic: no spell is "free." Every magical act alters not just the world, but the flow of narrative itself.

## 71 Ritual Casting (Optional Rule)

## Concept

Some workings of magic are too great for a single will. A ritual allows multiple characters to join forces, pooling their dice and narrative effort to achieve extraordinary effects— but the risk of backlash rises with every participant.

Ritual Helper Cap: You may draw on ceil(Arcana/2) helpers (max 3). Each helper contributes as per the ritual rules and adds their Complication risk.

### **Procedure**

1. **Declare the Ritual:** The primary caster names the effect and how others can help. The GM confirms whether the scope is appropriate for a ritual.

#### 2. Channel Together:

- Primary caster rolls Wits + Arcana.
- Each assistant rolls Spirit + Relevant Skill (Lore, Prayer, Craft, etc.).
- Each success adds +1 Potential.
- Each 1 contributes a Complication Point (CP) to the **shared ritual pool**.

- 3. Weave: The primary caster rolls Wits + (Art). Assistants may add dice if their contributions are narrated in play. Each die rolled by an assistant can also generate 1s.
- 4. Backlash: Total all CPs.
  - Apply normal Complication spending rules.
  - Increase severity by +1 tier per assistant beyond the first.

## Why Use Rituals?

- **Higher Ceiling:** Rituals can achieve effects impossible through normal spellcasting (summoning storms, collapsing fortresses, teleporting armies).
- Shared Spotlight: Every participant has narrative agency in the casting.
- **Bigger Risk:** More dice mean more 1s. Consequences can spread across the entire party or region.

#### Ritual Backlash Table

When resolving Backlash from a ritual, the GM may draw from the Deck of Consequences or roll on this table. Severity rises with the number of participants: each additional caster/assistant raises the effective tier by one.

| Tier              | Example Consequences                                      |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 – Minor         | Fainting fits, minor burns, hair turns white, illusions   |  |  |
|                   | ripple out briefly.                                       |  |  |
| 2 – Moderate      | A random assistant suffers Fatigue; uncontrolled ele-     |  |  |
|                   | mental effects lash outward; a local animal or object     |  |  |
|                   | becomes possessed.  |  |  |
| 3 – Severe        | The ritual area is scarred (blight, flooding, fire); one  |  |  |
|                   | participant is marked by otherworldly attention; a spirit |  |  |
|                   | slips loose.  |  |  |
| 4 – Major         | A participant becomes a vessel for hostile forces; the    |  |  |
|                   | effect echoes uncontrollably (affecting unintended tar-   |  |  |
|                   | gets); a divine or arcane rival takes notice.             |  |  |
| 5+ - Catastrophic | The ritual succeeds but catastrophically overreaches:     |  |  |
|                   | weather patterns shift for weeks; a planar breach opens;  |  |  |
|                   | a godlike being demands recompense.                       |  |  |

## Example at the Table

The party seeks to collapse a bridge to halt an advancing army.

- Caster: Channels lightning through the stone.
- Fighter: Engraves runes into the pillars (Body + Craft).
- Cleric: Anchors the backlash with prayer (Spirit + Faith).
- Rogue: Offers blood as a focus (Presence + Subterfuge).

The bridge shatters, stopping the army—but five CPs mean severe fallout: the lightning spreads into nearby homes, the rogue's blood offering attracts a spirit, and the cleric feels the weight of a god's judgment.

The victory stands, but new story threads are born.

#### Part V

## GM Toolkit

## 72 Logistics as Drama

## 73 Core Principle: The Fiction Is the Ledger

In Fate's Edge, arrows, rations, and waterskins are tracked only in the fiction. Mechanics engage only when those resources become **scarce**. The focus is always narrative tension, not bookkeeping.

## 74 The Supply Clock

A shared condition for the entire party, the Supply Clock represents food, water, and basic gear.

Full Supply (0 filled) The party is well-equipped. No penalties.

Low Supply (2 filled) Minor narrative complications: bland food, damaged arrows, thinning waterskins.

Dangerously Low (3 filled) Each character gains Fatigue.

Out of Supply (4 filled) Severe penalties; starvation, dehydration, failing gear.

### Filling the Clock

- Harsh travel or lost pack animals (GM fiat).
- GM spends 2+ Complication Points.
- The party chooses to travel light for advantage.

#### Emptying the Clock

- Reaching civilization resets to Full.
- Foraging/hunting: group Survival check clears 1 segment.
- Downtime in safety removes 1 segment.

## 75 Fatigue

Fatigue represents exhaustion, hunger, and strain.

Effect: On their next roll, a character must reroll one success.

Stacking: Each level adds another forced reroll.

**Recovery:** A night's rest with adequate supply removes 1 Fatigue. Fatigue cannot be removed while the party is **Dangerously Low**.

### 76 Gear Damage

Gear does not have hit points. It suffers only when drama demands it.

#### Compromised Items

- Introduced via Complication Points or narrative consequence.
- A Compromised item gives -1 die on relevant rolls.

### **Breaking Point**

If a Compromised item suffers another setback, it breaks entirely.

### Repair

Field Repair: Temporary; Craft or Survival check removes penalty for one scene.

Proper Repair: Permanent; requires tools, materials, and downtime.

## 77 XP and Logistics Assets

Upkeep between adventures is assumed trivial unless the party is destitute. XP investments make logistics part of the character's story.

**4 XP: Signature Weapon** A named heirloom or crafted masterpiece. If lost or damaged, recovery becomes a personal story hook.

8 XP: Superior Workshop Off-screen asset. Enables permanent repairs, masterwork crafting, and party-wide gear quality during downtime.

## 78 Example in Play

Three days into a desert crossing, the GM fills two Supply segments. The party is now at **Low Supply**. A player scouts for water, rolling two 1s. The GM spends those Complications to fill another segment—**Dangerously Low**. Everyone gains **Fatigue**. Later, in combat, the fatigued archer rerolls one success. The arrow flies wide, the lack of water written into the dice themselves.

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## 83 Backlash Severity Table

### 84 Design Intent

The Casting Loop keeps magic tense and thematic: no spell is "free." Every magical act alters not just the world, but the flow of narrative itself.

## 85 Deck of Consequences

The Deck of Consequences is a shared tool that externalizes risk and narrative fallout. Whenever a check generates Complication Points, the GM may draw from the deck instead of (or in addition to) improvising outcomes. This provides consistent tone and escalating tension.

### 86 Structure of the Deck

- Suits = Domains of Complications
  - 171 Cups Emotional, social, or relational fallout.
  - 171 Swords Harm, danger, or escalation of conflict.
  - 171 Pentacles Resource strain, economic or material cost.
  - 171 Wands Magical, spiritual, or cosmic disturbances.
- Ranks = Severity of Complications Higher ranks indicate more enduring or severe consequences:
  - Ace-3 Minor inconvenience or flavor complication.
  - 4–6 Moderate setback with some narrative teeth.
  - 7–9 Significant consequence altering the course of action.
  - 10-King Major fallout, introducing new problems or lasting scars.

### 87 Using the Deck

- 1. Player rolls; each 1 generates a Complication Point.
- 2. GM may draw a card for each Complication Point.
- 3. The suit frames the type of complication; the rank determines severity.
- 4. GM interprets and narrates based on context.

### 88 Guidance for Mundane Skills

Not every task should rely on freeform GM invention. The following table offers examples to keep complications consistent across play.

## 89 Player Archetypes at the Table

Not every group plays the same way. These archetypes describe *how* players spend XP and seek spotlight. They are styles, not classes; most characters drift between them across a campaign.

## 90 Assumptions for Examples

Unless noted, examples assume a 30 XP starting budget.

Costs: Attributes = (new rating  $\times$  3), Skills = (new level  $\times$  2), Followers =  $C^2$  (Cap C), Assist bonus = min(C, your Skill) up to +3 dice.

Off-Screen Assets: Minor 4 XP (single town, narrow help), Standard 8 XP (regional reach), Major 12 XP (multi-region, political teeth). Assets act between sessions; no direct scene dice.

### 91 The Solo

**Definition:** Invests XP primarily in **Attributes and Skills**. Minimal followers, minimal holdings. All power is *on the sheet*.

Typical XP Spread: 70–90% Self; 0–10% On-screen help; 0–20% Off-screen.

### Solo: Example Build (30 XP)

- Raise **Body**  $2\rightarrow 3$ :  $3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ XP}$
- Raise Wits  $2\rightarrow 3$ : 9 XP (18 XP total)
- Skill Melee  $0 \rightarrow 3$ : 2 + 4 + 6 = 12 XP
- Remaining: 0 XP

**Result:** Melee pool 6 (Body 3 + Melee 3) or finesse pool 6 (Wits 3 + Melee 3). With *Intricate* descriptions, the Solo rerolls all 1s, minimizing Complications and staying reliable.

Strengths Consistent scene impact; few moving parts; resilient to follower loss.

**Risks** Limited fiction reach between sessions; can stall when problems demand logistics or networks.

**GM Guidance** Feed high-ceiling tests (tight targets, layered stakes). Reward description—let *Intricate* actions shine. Present *hard* softlocks (codes, customs) that nudge teamwork or creative reframing.

## 92 The Mixed Player

**Definition:** Splits XP between self-growth and **one or two** meaningful assets (a small follower or a reliable holding).

Typical XP Spread: 50–65% Self; 15–25% On-screen help; 15–25% Off-screen.

### Mixed: Example Build (30 XP)

- Raise Presence  $2\rightarrow 3$ : 9 XP
- Skill **Sway**  $0 \rightarrow 3$ : 2 + 4 + 6 = 12 XP (21 XP total)
- Follower (Cap 3 Archivist):  $3^2 = 9 \text{ XP}$

**Result:** Social pool 6 (Presence 3 + Sway 3). In scenes of texts, records, or lore, the Archivist can assist for up to +3 dice (one assistant total), provided the approach uses their specialty.

**Strengths** Versatile: credible in scenes and has a lever for special problems.

**Risks** Upkeep pressure; helper can be targeted when the GM spends 2+ Complication Points.

**GM Guidance** Present multi-key problems: one key favors the PC's sheet, the other their follower/asset. Let off-screen prep create *edges*, not free wins.

#### 93 The Mastermind

**Definition:** Prioritizes **followers/cadres/familiars** and **off-screen networks**. The sheet is the hub of a larger apparatus.

Typical XP Spread: 25–40% Self; 35–55% On-screen help; 20–40% Off-screen.

### Mastermind: Example Build (30 XP)

- Raise Wits  $2\rightarrow 3$ : 9 XP
- Skill Tactics  $0\rightarrow 1: 2 \text{ XP}$
- Skill Insight  $0\rightarrow 2$ : 2+4=6 XP (17 XP total)
- Follower (Cap 3 Scout/Ranger):  $3^2 = 9 \text{ XP}$
- Off-Screen Asset (Minor Safehouse Ring): 4 XP

**Result:** In navigation/stealth approaches, the Scout can assist for up to +3 dice (one assistant total) when the method fits their lane. The Safehouse Ring solves travel/logistics in downtime (activation: 1 Boon or 2 XP) and seeds rumors/leads.

**Strengths** Scene control via assistance; strategic reach between sessions; strong heist/social-planning play.

**Risks** Dependency on assist lanes; followers can be endangered on 2+ Complication Point spends; upkeep pressure (Resource Clock).

GM Guidance Make lanes matter. Enforce one assistant max, +3 dice cap. Target consequences fairly; endangering a follower should escalate stakes, not punish creativity.

## 94 Comparative Guidance at a Glance

|            | Solo               | Mixed               | Mastermind        |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| XP Focus   | Attributes/Skills  | Split               | Followers + As-   |
|            |                    |                     | sets              |
| Core Dice  | Highest personal   | Good pools $+$ sit- | Moderate pools +  |
|            | pools              | uational $+3$       | frequent $+3$     |
| Off-Screen | Light              | Some leverage       | Strong leverage   |
| Fragility  | Low (self-reliant) | Medium (one         | Higher (helper    |
|            |                    | helper)             | risk, upkeep)     |
| GM Dials   | Hard DCs, lay-     | Multi-key scenes    | Lanes, logistics, |
|            | ered stakes        |                     | comp-targeting    |

## 95 Balancing the Spotlight

- Solos earn spotlight through Intricate action—reward rich description with rerolls and fictional position.
- Mixed characters should unlock doors others can't, via their one specialty follower or asset.
- Masterminds shine in plans coming together; ensure each step needs a different PC so orchestration lifts everyone.

#### 96 Advancement Notes

- Followers Scale Fast:  $C^2$  costs keep high-Cap help rare. A Cap 5 bodyguard is 25 XP—roughly the same as taking a Skill from 0 to 4 and nudging an Attribute.
- +3 Assist Cap: Maintains parity—raising your Skill above 3 still matters; help doesn't eclipse mastery.
- Off-Screen Assets don't add dice; they *change the fiction*. Use them to set position (entry, cover, rumors, writs) so they feel worth the XP without stealing scenes.

#### 97

Campaign Frame / Finale: The Crown Spread

#### 97.1

Overview A Fate's Edge campaign crowns with a single, public decision that the world remembers (a doctrine, charter, rite, bridge, or standard). This section formalizes: (1) a

Crown Spread you draw at Session 0, (2) a Campaign Clock that advances across arcs, and (3) the Finale procedure that turns those cards and ticks into fair, swingy play.

#### 97.2

Session 0: The Crown Spread (Initial Draw) Draw 5 cards: Spade, Heart, Club, Diamond, and a Wild (any suit; reveal last).

- 1. **Spade** = **Crown Site** (where the monument is decided). Face/Ace implies a historic venue; Ace means the *site itself is the stakes* later (sets Finale Primary to 10).
- 2. **Heart** = Crown Rival (who can still stop it). Rank sets initial influence; Face/Ace means a named, national actor. You will generate full motives  $(\heartsuit, \clubsuit, \diamondsuit, \spadesuit)$  forthis NPC at the finale.
- 2. Club = Crown Pressure (the rail that will bite if the table turtles). Map by suit rank to your rails: low = Crowd or Sanctity; mid = Curfew or Hazard; high/face = Escape Net or Hunt. Pick one and name it now.
- 3. **Diamond = Crown Leverage** (the payoff that can be codified). Examples: seasonal endorsement, city license, doctrinal clause, oath-right. Diamonds never roll; they change *position* or grant one clear *outcome*.
- 4. Wild (reveal last): Face = a hidden patron steps out; Ace = the site becomes a 10-clock regardless of Heart rank; Number = an unexpected constituency (guild, shrine, crowd) gets a voting voice at the finale.

Reveal cadence: Keep the Wild face-down until the Finale. You may reveal Heart or Club early as foreshadowing, but the Diamond's exact form should stay fluid and harden during Tier IV play.

#### 97.3

The Campaign Clock Track two dials over the campaign:

$$Mandate(0-6)$$
] the table 's public legitimacy and buy - in.

Crisis(0-6)] the opposition engine (rivals, pressure rails, attrition).

When either dial reaches its threshold, the Crown can (or must) be attempted.

#### Outcome

Clean Major win (Primary filled; no rail filled)
Messy Major win (Primary filled; a rail filled)
Fail forward (Primary not filled; you keep leverage)
Clean loss (rival codifies or escapes with leverage)
Public cost paid (feast, free day, penance)
Asset neglect (flagged Major degrades)
Evidence Immaculate defended this arc
Evidence turns Scorched

Advancing the dials (end of each Major scene)

#### Calling or Forcing the Crown

- Player-called finale (favorable terrain): when Mandate  $\geq 6$  and Crisis  $\leq 3$ , the table may schedule the Finale at the next opportune site. Start rails at 0; grant one free *Boost* ("On Their Procedure" or equivalent) at scene start.
- Forced finale (hostile terrain): when Crisis  $\geq 6$  (regardless of Mandate), the Rival forces a decision next arc. Start both rails at +1 (or +2 if the Wild is an Ace); GM CP budget +1.
- Balanced finale: if Mandate 4–5 and Crisis 4–5, start both rails at +1; CP budget as normal.

Mandate and Crisis do not decrease; they exist to *time and tint* the finale, not to micro-score scenes.

#### 97.4

Finale Procedure (Crown Beat) Use the Session 0 Crown Spread to seed setup; then run the three-beat crown.

- 1. **Reckoning (procedure):** defend or sanctify the record. Draw the Rival's motives  $(\heartsuit, \clubsuit, \diamondsuit, \spadesuit)$  and placethe Crown Pressurerail chosen at Session 0. Diamonds change position or grant on
- 1. Crossing (the bite): stage the kinetic rail (Escape/Hunt/Hazard) that threatens to end the scene if the table turtles.
- 2. Coronation (codify): use the Diamond Leverage to sign, seal, or oath the monument.

Twist Collision (Finale clause): exactly once, when the Rival's  $\triangle Twist contradicts their Belief$ , there either GM +1 CP or players reduce two ticks total across the rails. Table chooses the flow.

#### Finale clocks

- **Primary:** 10 if any Ace is in the Spread (Spade or Wild), else 8.
- Rails: Use the Club card chosen at Session 0 to define the social rail (Sanctity, Crowd, or Curfew). Choose a kinetic rail that best fits the Site (Escape Net, Hunt, or Hazard).
- **CP budget:** 6–7 (declare aloud). Spend to weaponize the Twist, escalate hazards, and threaten *adjournment*, not to hard-block play.

#### 97.5

#### Outcomes

 $Crowned | Primary fills before either rail. Your doctrine | standard | charter becomes {f Doctrine}. Record | for the control of the contr$ 

 $Tempered \cite{Tempered} Primary fills, but a railhit forces a cave at (seas on al, regional, or review in a month). Recorded to the primary fills and the primary fills are the primary fills are the primary fills and the primary fills are the primary fills are the primary fills and the primary fills are t$ 

#### 97.6

Legacy Conversion (Epilogue) After the Finale, each PC draws 2 cards and answers epilogue prompts by suit (see Appendix E prompts). Then convert:

- Major asset → Institution (12 XP, or 8 with a Steward epilogue scene): permanent setting change the next table can invoke (hall, rite, standing charter).
- Seasonal endorsement → Doctrine rider (4 XP): fold the season into the base Accord footprint.
- Follower (Cap 3+) → Stationed NPC (0 XP): promote to Custodian/Deputy Chair; once per future arc they grant *Controlled* on one filing/chase in their house.
- Rival  $\rightarrow$  Fixture: if they survive, crown them Opposition: they auto-tick the relevant rail by +1 whenever your style of play shows in that region.

#### 97.7

Patch Notes (SRD edits)

- Add **Crown Spread** to Session 0 procedure (draw S/H/C/D + Wild; record Site, Rival, Pressure, Leverage; keep Wild hidden).
- Introduce Mandate/Crisis as the Campaign Clock (two 0–6 dials). Provide the advancement table above and the Calling/Forcing thresholds.
- In Finale rules, codify **Twist Collision (Finale clause)** and **CP budget 6–7** with declared spends and sensory cues.
- Cross-reference **Diamonds as outcomes** (no dice; position/outcome only) and **Evidence Tags** (Immaculate/Scorched) from the evidence section.
- Epilogue: add the **Legacy Conversion** table and **2-card prompts** by suit.

#### 97.8

Pacing Profiles / Variable Campaign Clock (Optional) To keep the core game open for one-shots/endless play, the Campaign Clock is *optional*. Choose a profile at Session 0 to set how "epic" the season feels. The core rules remain unchanged.

| Profile                     | Cap (ticks) | Player-Called Finale                   | Forced Finale     | Finale CP |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------|-----------|
| Skirmish (Tier II target)   | 6           | Mandate $\geq 5$ , $Crisis \leq 3$     | Crisis $\ge 5$ \$ | 5-6       |
| Chronicle (Tier III target) | 8           | Mandate $\geq 6$ , $Crisis \leq 3$     | Crisis $\ge 6$ \$ | 6-7       |
| Saga (Tier IV target)       | 10          | Mandate $\$ > \$\$$ , $Crisis\$ < 4\$$ | Crisis $\$ > 8\$$ | 7–8       |

Balanced Finale: when both dials sit in the mid-band (Skirmish: 4/4; Chronicle: 4-5/4-5; Saga: 6-7/6-7), start both rails at +1; CP budget as listed.

**Dial advances scale naturally.** Use the same advancement table; a longer cap simply asks for more Major scenes to accumulate ticks. Expect rough arcs per profile: Skirmish 4–6 Majors; Chronicle 6–8; Saga 8–12.

Over-stack check by profile. If the crew begins a finale with 2+ structural advantages (e.g., Proof Set + On-Their-Procedure + Public Witness): Skirmish start each rail at +1; Chronicle start rails at +1 or grant GM +1 CP on first  $\triangle reveal$ ; Sagastartrailsat + 1(or + 2ifthreestructuraladvantages).

**Downtime cadence (guideline).** Skirmish: 1 light downtime between arcs; Chronicle: 1–2; Saga: 2+ with follower promotion (Steward/Deputy) to keep networks alive.

Mini-Crown (optional mid-season capstone). When Mandate reaches half the cap (Skirmish 3, Chronicle 4, Saga 5), you may stage a local *Mini-Crown*: Primary 6, CP 4–5, produces a **Public Notice** or **Seasonal Endorsement** (not full Doctrine). This lets long campaigns milestone without ending.

**One-shots** / **endless play.** Ignore Mandate/Crisis entirely; run the Deck as normal. You can still draw a Crown Spread at Session 0 as *theme and foreshadowing* without ever cashing it.

## A Sample Characters

This section presents three ready-to-play exemplars of the archetypes defined earlier. Each is system-legal using the costs defined in this book (Attributes: new×3; Skills: new×2; Followers:  $C^2$ ; Assist cap +3; Off-screen assets by tier). Use them as pregens, benchmarks, or templates.

### B The Solo — Sable Kestrel, Road-Worn Duelist

### Concept

A blade for hire who trusts steel, footwork, and a cool read of the room more than favors or retainers.

### Build Summary (30 XP)

- Attributes: Body 3 (9 XP), Wits 3 (9 XP), Spirit 2, Presence 2

  18 XP
- Skills: Melee 3 (2+4+6 = 12 XP), Observation 1 (2 XP)
- Total: 32 XP → drop Observation 1 (2 XP) or start at 32 XP tables. Baseline 30 XP: Body 3, Wits 3, Melee 3.

### Dice Pools (Common)

- Body + Melee: 6 (brutal, direct)
- Wits + Melee: 6 (feints, tempo control)
- Wits + Observation: 3 (if taken)

### Signature Move

Intricate Riposte: Declare a narrow objective ("disarm without blood"), describe footwork and angle; roll Wits+Melee (6d10). On 1s, Intricate rerolls minimize Complications; on a clean success, add a flourish (opponent's blade clatters to your boot).

#### Complication Hooks (GM)

- Overreach: Fatigue clock; armor strap loosens; duel attracts unwanted gambler attention.
- Collateral: Stray blow nicks a banner; a house guard demands reparations.

#### **Advancement Path**

- Short term: Melee  $3\rightarrow 4$  (8 XP); Observation  $0\rightarrow 2$  (6 XP).
- Long term: Presence  $2\rightarrow 3$  (9 XP) to open a credible social line.

## C The Mixed — Bryn of the Ledger, Field Archivist

#### Concept

A scholar-adventurer who solves problems with keen recall and a single trusted specialist.

#### Build Summary (30 XP)

- Attributes: Presence 3 (9 XP), Wits 3 (9 XP), Body 2, Spirit 2

  18 XP
- Skills: Sway 3 (2+4+6 = 12 XP)
- Follower: Cap 3 Archivist (Lore/Research specialist) (9 XP)
- Adjust: To stay at 30 XP, delay Wits 3 until first advance or start at 33 XP tables. Baseline 30 XP: Presence 3, Sway 3, Follower Cap 3.

#### Dice & Assist

- Presence + Sway: 6 (negotiations, permissions, de-escalation)
- Archivist Assist: Up to +3 dice on *Lore/Research/Occult* actions, capped by Bryn's own relevant Skill (encourages training to 3).

### Signature Move

**Stamped and Countersigned:** Start a parley with a citation (*charter*, *doctrine*, *ledger mark*); roll Presence+Sway (6d10). If Complications, the GM may introduce red tape (*a missing counter-seal*); spend a minute with the Archivist to produce the cross-reference and earn a *position* advantage on the next roll.

#### Complication Hooks (GM)

- Academic Rivalry: A jealous clerk disputes your citation.
- Paper Trail: Your documents help you now but later implicate an ally.

#### Advancement Path

- Short term: Wits  $2\rightarrow 3$  (9 XP); Research  $0\rightarrow 3$  (12 XP).
- Long term: Off-screen Asset (Minor Scriptorium Cell, 4 XP) to seed rumors and requisitions.

## D The Mastermind — Ash Thorne, Quiet Conductor

#### Concept

A calm planner whose small crew and safehouses convert problems into steps.

#### Build Summary (30–34 XP)

- Attributes: Wits 3 (9 XP), Presence 3 (9 XP), Body 2, Spirit 2
- Skills: Tactics 2 (2+4=6 XP), Skullduggery 1 (2 XP) 8 XP
- Follower: Cap 4 Scout/Ranger (16 XP)
- Off-Screen Asset: Minor Safehouse (4 XP)
- **Trim Options**: Drop Skullduggery 1 and the Safehouse to hit 30 XP; or accept 34 XP at generous tables.

#### Dice & Assist

- Wits + Tactics: 5 (planning, route selection, timing)
- Scout Assist: Up to +3 dice on movement/stealth/survival lanes, capped by Ash's Skill.

### Signature Move

**Three Doors Ahead:** Ash frames the approach with two decoys and one true lane (Tactics roll). On success, pick one benefit: split heat between decoys, advance a clock two ticks, or bank + 1 forward for the next ally action. On 2+ Complication Points, the GM may target the Scout or compromise a decoy.

#### Complication Hooks (GM)

- Crew Liability: The Scout's old feud surfaces.
- Burned Safehouse: A rival pays a porter to misdirect deliveries.

#### Advancement Path

- Short term: Skullduggery  $1\rightarrow 3$  (6+8 = 14 XP) to self-cap assists at +3.
- Long term: Follower Cap 5 bodyguard (25 XP) or Standard Safehouse Ring (8 XP) for regional reach.

### E At-the-Table Play Examples

#### Heist Entry (Intricate Actions)

**Solo** cases the guard's stance (Wits+Melee as feint-reading): success, banks a disarm detail for later. **Mixed** flashes a merchant writ (Presence+Sway), Archivist supplies a ledger note: +2 dice assist. **Mastermind** runs the decoy wagon (Wits+Tactics): success splits heat; one Complication Point: a junior guard memorizes faces.

### Duel in the Courtyard

**Solo** declares "first blood, no scars", wins on clean 6+, rerolls 1s via Intricate. **Mixed** keeps the crowd aligned: reduces fallout with Sway; on Complication, a heckler changes the mood. **Mastermind** positions allies: next turn the Scout provides climbing lines (+3 capped assist) for a swift exit.

#### Debrief & Downtime

Solo buys Skill  $3\rightarrow 4$  to keep personal ceiling high. Mixed trains Research  $0\rightarrow 2$  and deepens the Archivist's narrative ties. Mastermind invests XP into a Standard Safehouse Ring to convert future *position* into on-screen advantage.

### F Conversion Notes & Reskinning

These statlines are intentionally lean. To reskin:

• Swap Melee for Marksmanship on the Solo to make a sniper.

- Change the **Archivist** to a **Quartermaster** (assist lanes: Logistics, Forgery, Procurement).
- Rebuild the **Scout** as a **Whisper-Familiar** for casters; same Cap rules, different fiction.

### G Quick Reference Sheets

These condensed sheets summarize the core procedures, costs, and tables for use at the table. They are designed for GMs and players to keep the flow of play without flipping through sections.

## Core Mechanic: The Art of Consequence

- 1. **Approach:** Player states intent and method (Attribute + Skill).
- 2. **Execution:** Roll dice pool of d10s. Each 6+ is a success; each 1 is a Complication Point.
- 3. Outcome:

Basic Roll as-is; tally Complications.

**Detailed** Re-roll one 1.

Intricate Re-roll all 1s; add one positive flourish if successful.

#### Attributes & Skills

Body Strength, endurance, physical force.

Wits Perception, cleverness, reflexes.

**Spirit** Willpower, intuition, resilience.

Presence Charm, command, social force.

#### Skill Ratings (0–5)

- **0** Untrained rely on raw Attribute.
- 1 Familiar basic competence.
- 2 Skilled reliable training.
- **3** Expert professional mastery.
- 4 Master renowned in your field.
- **5** Legendary near-mythic talent.

#### XP Costs

**Attributes** New rating  $\times$  3.

**Skills** New level  $\times$  2.

Followers (On-Screen)  $Cap^2 XP$  (e.g., Cap 3 = 9 XP).

Off-Screen Assets Tiered cost (Minor 4 XP, Standard 8 XP, Major 12 XP).

## **Deck of Consequences**

Draw from the deck (or roll a d52 equivalence) when Complication Points are spent. Suits = type of complication. Rank = severity.

| Suit     | Complication Domain                                      |
|----------|--|
| Hearts   | Emotional / Social fallout (fear, anger, betrayal)       |
| Diamonds | Resource / Wealth loss (gear breaks, expenses rise)      |
| Clubs    | Physical harm / Obstacles (injuries, blockades, fatigue) |
| Spades   | Mystical / Narrative twists (omens, curses, chance)      |

#### Ranks (1–10, J–K–A):

- 2–5: Minor setback, scene continues smoothly.
- 6–9: Moderate complication; new obstacle or clock starts.
- 10-King: Severe twist; alters stakes of the scene.
- Ace: Catastrophic turn; reshapes narrative or mission goal.

## Magic Casting Loop

- 1. Channel: Wits + Arcana roll to gather Potential.
- 2. Weave: Wits + Art roll to shape spell.
- 3. **Backlash:** Complication Points spent through Deck of Consequences, themed to the opposing element.

## Player Archetypes

- Solo: Invests in Attributes + Skills. Strong spotlight.
- Mixed: Balances self with one follower or off-screen assets.
- Mastermind: Multiple followers + networks, but more narrative liabilities.

#### **Narrative Time**

A Moment A heartbeat; single action.

Some Time A few minutes; quick exchanges.

Significant Time An hour or more; downtime actions.

Days Extended travel or projects.

### GM Guidance at a Glance

- Spend Complication Points to add story problems, not punish.
- Always tie consequences back to **thematic domains** (Hearts, Diamonds, Clubs, Spades).
- Encourage Intricate actions: reward description with rerolls and narrative control.
- Let Off-Screen assets resolve downtime problems but keep adventures on the table.

### H GM Toolkit: Gear, Kits, and Artifacts

This section provides guidance and ready-to-use gear for *Fate's Edge*. Unlike the player-facing primer, this section is designed for GMs. It contains condensed tables of common kits, weapons, armor, rare items, and magical artifacts. It also offers rules of thumb for creating new gear without tracking individual numbers.

## I Design Philosophy

- Narrative, not accounting. Gear matters when it changes the story, not as a spreadsheet.
- Complications drive gear drama. Items break, spoil, or splinter when the dice say so.
- XP defines weight. Items that are always-on or arc-defining should cost XP. Flavorful, narrow, or once-per-session items may be free at creation or as treasure.

### J Standard Kits

Characters begin with one free kit. Upgraded versions may cost XP, but mundane versions are assumed to be coin-purchased or handwaved.

**IX Kit Narrative Effect** 

Traveler's Pack Baseline supplies. Without it, a PC suffers Fatigue one step sooner than the party.

Scout's Rig +1 die to a Survival/Stealth roll per session. Loses bonus if Supply is Dangerously Low.

Scholar's Satchel +1 die to a Lore/Arcana roll per session. Requires light.

Burglar's Tools +1 die to Skulduggery/Stealth vs. mundane locks or traps. May become Compromised.

Healer's Bag Once per session: Spirit+Craft roll to remove 1 Fatigue from an ally or stabilize the dying.

## K Weapons and Armor

Coin buys mundane versions. XP upgrades represent cultural edges or masterwork reliability. lX Item Narrative Effect

Ykrul Recurve Bow Powerful composite bow. If Compromised, requires rare materials to repair.

Viterran Longspear Once per scene: +1 die against a charging mounted foe.

Duelist's Rapier On Intricate attack, reroll one failed die. Bends (Compromised) on failed roll with Complications.

Knight's Heater Shield May forgo attack to give ally +2 dice to next defense. Compromise is a story event.

Aeler-forged Hauberk Counts as armor. When gaining Fatigue, roll a die; on 6+, avoid it.

## L Rare Gear (Story Rewards)

These are not purchased; they are discovered, inherited, or earned. A GM may attach XP "Attunement" costs if players want to keep and rely on them.

#### **IX Item Narrative Effect**

Rothari War-Kit Once per session: cancel 1 Complication from a stealth/ambush roll. Whisper-thin Elven Cloak Stealth in natural terrain: reroll one 1. At Full Supply, reroll all 1s.

Lence Dueling Gauntlet +2 dice to Presence when issuing challenges or demanding satisfaction.

Oshiiran Abacus On trip-planning, add +1 free Supply segment if Lore roll succeeds. Sihai Warrior-Monk Gi If unarmored, may use Wits instead of Body for defense rolls.

#### M Artifacts and Relics

Artifacts reshape arcs. Always introduce them with strong narrative hooks.

IX Artifact Narrative Effect

Sundered King's Coin Payment always creates ripples. GM draws 2 Consequence cards, applies one.

Echo-Wrought Blade May strike spirits. On hit, can inflict Fatigue instead of damage.

Khemesh-Scale Cloak Wearer breathes underwater for Significant Time; failed Spirit roll causes Fatigue.

Unkwa Ward-Post Wards camp from natural Supply loss. Failed Spirit roll attracts hungry things.

Silent Bell Once per arc, erase all Complication Points from a roll. Debt returns later as larger problem.

## N Creating New Gear

GMs should keep new items simple and narrative-facing. Use these guidelines:

- +1 die once per session Minor, 0-2 XP if made permanent.
- Cancel 1 Complication Mid-tier, 3–4 XP.
- Always-on swap or defense Major, 6+ XP.
- Arc-shaping artifact 8–10 XP. Found, not bought.

Tie items to culture, history, or gods of the setting to deepen immersion. A dwarven hammer is not "just" a hammer — it is a relic of a guild feud or an heirloom lost in a kingdom's fall.

### O Equipment Costs

#### 0.1 Cost Tiers

- Basic (1 XP) Common gear that gives small situational edges. May be lost or compromised easily.
- **Standard (2 XP)** Reliable, quality equipment with repeatable scene impact. Uses the same math as Cap 2 follower.
- **Superior (6 XP)** Specialized or rare items with strong hooks. Equivalent to Cap 3+ follower, but with no upkeep.
- Artifact (12 XP or GM Award) Legendary or magical gear. Powerful, quest-worthy, and permanent unless destroyed in play.

## Weapons (Melee)

| Name      | Tags               | Notes                       | $\mathbf{Cost}$ |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Dagger    | Concealable, Light | +1 die to surprise attacks. | 1 XP            |
| Longsword | Versatile          | Standard dueling blade.     | 2  XP           |
| Spear     | Reach              | May attack from back rank.  | 2  XP           |
| Great Axe | Heavy, Brutal      | -1 die if used indoors.     | 6 XP            |
| Whip      | Nonlethal, Reach   | May inflict Restrained.     | 2  XP           |

### Weapons (Ranged)

| Name            | Tags                 | Notes                     | $\mathbf{Cost}$ |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Shortbow        | Silent, Light        | Favored by scouts.        | 2  XP           |
| Longbow         | Powerful, Two-Handed | -1 die in cramped spaces. | 2  XP           |
| Crossbow        | Reliable, Slow       | Reload costs 1 action.    | 2  XP           |
| Throwing Knives | Concealable, Quick   | +1 die at close range.    | 1 XP            |
| Hand Cannon     | Loud, Devastating    | Creates 1 CP on use.      | 6 XP            |

#### Armor & Protection

| Name             | Tags               | Notes                                    | $\mathbf{Cost}$ |
|------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|
| Leather Jerkin   | Light, Flexible    | No penalty; $+1$ die vs. glancing blows. | 1 XP            |
| Chain Shirt      | Medium, Noticeable | -1 die on stealth.                       | 2  XP           |
| Plate Harness    | Heavy, Bulky       | +2 dice resisting harm; -2 stealth.      | 6 XP            |
| Shield (Buckler) | Light, One-Handed  | +1 die on parries.                       | 1 XP            |
| Shield (Tower)   | Cover, Heavy       | +2 dice vs. ranged; -1 init.             | 2  XP           |

#### Tools & Kits

| Name              | Tags             | Notes                              | $\mathbf{Cost}$ |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Lockpicks         | Fragile, Precise | Needed for most lockpicking rolls. | 1 XP            |
| Navigator's Tools | Durable          | +1 die on travel/sea checks.       | 2  XP           |
| Forgery Set       | Subtle           | Enables document creation.         | 2  XP           |
| Healer's Pouch    | Limited Uses     | May reduce harm by 1 tier.         | 2  XP           |
| Alchemist's Kit   | Volatile         | Brew poisons/potions in downtime.  | 6 XP            |

### Upkeep & Degradation

Standard gear (2 XP tier) follows the same upkeep rules as followers:

- After a story arc or 2–3 sessions of heavy use, the GM may flag the item as at risk.
- To keep it **Maintained**, the player must either:
  - Spend downtime repairing/servicing it, or
  - Pay 1 XP immediately (representing replacement parts, masterwork upkeep).

- If neglected, the gear becomes **Compromised** (imposes a -1 die penalty) and may eventually break.
- Superior and Artifact gear do *not* require upkeep, but if Compromised through Complications, only narrative quests can repair them.

## P Skills & Archetypes

#### P.1 Skill Basics

- Skills cost  $2 + 2 \times (newrating)$  XP to advance.
- No skill may exceed its linked Attribute (cap).
- Certain skills require Attribute minimums to unlock.
- Each die added from a skill stacks with the Attribute for pools.

#### P.2 Class Archetypes

The following collections of skills represent broad playstyles. Players are not locked to them, but each archetype provides a clear path for specialization.

#### Warrior

| Skill     | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost   |
|-----------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Melee     | Body             | None          | Weapon combat, duels, brawls. Cost 2/4/6 XP.           |
| Athletics | Body             | None          | Running, climbing, grappling. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.         |
| Endurance | Spirit           | None          | Resist fatigue, poison, pain. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.         |
| Command   | Presence         | None          | Rally allies, issue battlefield orders. Cost 2/4/6 XP. |

#### Rogue

| Skill       | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost                                    |
|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|
| Stealth     | Wits             | None          | Hide, sneak, vanish in crowds. Cost $2/4/6$ XP. |
| Skulduggery | Wits             | None          | Locks, traps, dirty tricks. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.    |
| Deception   | Presence         | None          | Lies, disguises, feints. Cost 2/4/6 XP.         |
| Subterfuge  | Presence         | None          | Intrigue, shadow networks. Cost 2/4/6 XP.       |

#### Scholar

| $\mathbf{Skill}$ | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost                                     |
|------------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Lore             | Wits             | None          | History, theology, occult. Cost 2/4/6 XP.        |
| Craft            | Wits             | None          | Forging, tinkering, building. Cost 2/4/6 XP.     |
| Research         | Wits             | None          | Libraries, archives, data. Cost 2/4/6 XP.        |
| Arcana           | Spirit           | Spirit 3+     | Spell theory, wards, recognition. Cost 2/4/6 XP. |

#### Face

| Skill       | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost                                      |
|-------------|------------------|---------------|---|
| Diplomacy   | Presence         | None          | Persuasion, negotiation. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.         |
| Insight     | Wits             | None          | Read motives, detect lies. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.       |
| Performance | Presence         | None          | Oratory, music, stagecraft. Cost 2/4/6 XP.        |
| Swav        | Presence         | None          | Street charisma, bargains, leverage, Cost 2/4/6 X |

#### Mystic

| Skill      | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost   |
|------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Ritual     | Spirit           | Spirit 3+     | Circle magic, shared casting. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.       |
| Occult     | Spirit           | None          | Recognize curses, sigils, traditions. Cost 2/4/6 XP. |
| Meditation | Spirit           | None          | Resist Backlash, channel inner force. Cost 2/4/6 XP. |
| Tactics    | Wits             | None          | Military planning, ambush prep. Cost 2/4/6 XP.       |

#### Explorer

| Skill           | Linked Attribute | Prerequisites | Notes / Cost                                    |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------|---|
| Survival        | Wits             | None          | Forage, navigate wilds, endure climates. Cost : |
| Navigation      | Wits             | None          | Sea routes, maps, stars. Cost 2/4/6 XP.         |
| Animal Handling | Spirit           | None          | Ride, train, soothe beasts. Cost $2/4/6$ XP.    |
| Scouting        | Wits             | None          | Spot danger, track, recon. Cost 2/4/6 XP.       |

## Q Prestige Skills & Roles

Prestige Skills represent specialized arts tied to cultures, philosophies, or advanced training. They cannot be purchased at character creation. Each requires meeting Attribute and Skill minimums and costs XP to acquire. They also come with cultural or narrative obligations.

### Mid-Tier Prestige Skills (unlockable at XP 40-60)

| Skill             | Prerequisites               | XP Cost | Setting Role                              |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---|
| Stone-Sense       | Spirit 3, Lore 2            | 6 XP    | Dwarves attune to stone; detect voids, s  |
| Backlash Soothing | Spirit 3, Occult 2          | 6 XP    | Wood Elves dissipate magical backlash;    |
| Battle Chant      | Presence 3, Performance 2   | 6 XP    | Ubral and Viterran war-singers; allies ig |
| Guild Ledgercraft | Wits 3, Craft 2, Research 2 | 6 XP    | Oshiiran merchants; manage trade netw     |
| Trial Duelist     | Body 3, Melee 3             | 6 XP    | Vhasian aristocrats; declare formal duel  |
| Blood-Ties Oath   | Spirit 3, Diplomacy 2       | 6 XP    | Fhara tribes; forge binding oaths. Once   |
| Storm-Caller      | Wits 3, Survival 2          | 6 XP    | Seafolk navigators; manipulate weather.   |
| Rune-Keeper       | Wits 3, Craft 2, Occult 2   | 6 XP    | Ashaani scribes; inscribe wards. Once/s   |
| Beast-Tongue      | Spirit 3, Survival 2        | 6 XP    | Ykrul shamans; communicate with beas      |
| Echo-Courtier     | Presence 3, Subterfuge 2    | 6 XP    | Thepyrgos elves; manipulate memory.       |

### High-Tier Prestige Skills (unlockable at XP 60+)

| Skill              | Prerequisites                           | XP Cost | Setting Role                  |
|--------------------|---|---------|-------------------------------|
| Echo-Walker        | Spirit 4, Ritual 3, Lore 3              | 10 XP   | High Elves; step into echo    |
| Warglord           | Body 4, Command 3, Tactics 3            | 10 XP   | Ykrul war chiefs; comman      |
| Sandseer           | Spirit 4, Survival 3, Insight 3         | 10 XP   | Fhara prophets; roll to gli   |
| Star-Reader        | Wits 4, Navigation 3, Lore 3            | 10 XP   | Sihai or Ashaani astrologe    |
| Everflame Keeper   | Spirit 4, Diplomacy 3, Occult 3         | 10 XP   | Ecktoria's priests; call clea |
| Resonant Architect | Spirit 4, Craft 3, Lore 3               | 10 XP   | Dwarves; awaken stonewo       |
| Whisper-Lord       | Presence 4, Subterfuge 3, Insight 3     | 10 XP   | Sekogo or Oshiiran spyma      |
| River-Sovereign    | Spirit 4, Diplomacy 3, Survival 3       | 10 XP   | Dhaharan mystics; once/a      |
| Mask-Bearer        | Presence 4, Performance 3, Subterfuge 3 | 10 XP   | Nihon or Ayohkhan tradit      |
| Shadow-Binder      | Wits 4, Occult 3, Subterfuge 3          | 10 XP   | Cultist paths; bind shadov    |

#### Notes

- Mid-tier prestige skills enhance niche play and tie PCs into their culture's fabric.
- High-tier prestige skills warp play at the arc level—rewriting fiction, bending the GM's hand, or shaping battles.
- All are intentionally "once per session/arc" to avoid spam and keep focus on narrative consequences.
- Some mid-tier skills can grow into high-tier forms (e.g., Stone-Sense  $\rightarrow$  Resonant Architect).

### Leadership Talents

Some characters aspire not to be the sharpest blade or the keenest wit, but to lead others with uncanny precision. To keep this option balanced, Leadership is expressed as **Talents**, not skills. These Talents expand the flexibility of followers without undermining the core dice economy.

Talent: Coordinated Assault

Cost: 8 XP

Requirements: Presence 3, Command 2

Effect: You may direct two On-Screen Followers to assist with the same action, provided their specialties both apply. The total dice bonus remains capped at +3. This talent increases flexibility, not raw numbers.

Talent: Master Coordinator (Prestige)

Cost: 15 XP

Requirements: Presence 4, Command 3, Coordinated Assault

Effect: You may raise the maximum dice from On-Screen Followers on a single action to +4. This represents a rare mastery of battlefield coordination.

#### Design Notes

- These Talents emphasize *narrative identity*: the character is a commander, not just someone with friends.
- More helpers on-screen means more vectors for GM Complication Points. Followers can be harmed, swayed, or compromised—greater power comes with greater risk.
- Investment is steep. A Mastermind Commander sacrifices self-focused growth to enable these broader tactical options.

#### Example in Play

Ryn the Duelist (Body 4 + Melee 4) rolls 8 dice solo. Althene the Commander (Body 3 + Melee 2 = 5 dice) directs her Cap 4 Bodyguard (+3 dice). With *Master Coordinator*, she can add her Scout as well, pushing to 9 dice—but if the GM spends Complication Points, those allies can be endangered.

## GM Guidance: Creating Items & Skills

### Philosophy

Items and skills in Fate's Edge are not about +1 modifiers. They exist to:

- Reinforce the setting's cultures and philosophies.
- Give players new narrative levers and spotlight moments.
- Introduce risks and obligations that generate drama.

### **Creating Items**

When making a new piece of gear, follow these steps:

- 1. **Anchor in Culture:** Tie the item to a region, people, or tradition. (e.g., a Viterran dueling rapier, a Sekogo ledger-abacus).
- 2. **Define its Lane:** Decide if it boosts Combat, Social, Exploration, or Survival.

- 3. Give a Trigger: One clear effect, usually:
  - +1 die on a narrow cadence (e.g., "once/session on Lore to decipher scripts").
  - Mitigate Fatigue or Complications in specific contexts.
  - Open narrative doors (e.g., bypass a lock, read a map).

#### 4. Set Cost:

- Normal Gear = Follower math  $(Cap^2 XP)$  + upkeep (downtime or XP).
- Superior Gear = Normal cost +2 XP (no upkeep).
- Artifact Gear = Normal cost +4 XP (no upkeep; may carry risks/Backlash).
- 5. Add a Hook: What story comes with it? (heirloom, guild claim, fae attention).

|                   | Item Type         | XP Cost | Example Effect                               |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------|--|
| GM Shortcut Table | Kit (basic tools) | 1-2  XP | +1 die once/session in niche context         |
| GW Shortcut Table | Superior Craft    | +2  XP  | Avoids upkeep; sturdier or rarer             |
|                   | Artifact / Relic  | +4  XP  | Narrative-warping; may trigger Complications |

#### Creating Skills

Skills are story cadences, not technical feats. To design one:

- 1. Name the Cadence: A one-word or two-word handle (e.g., Diplomacy, Skulduggery, Survival).
- 2. **Define the Questions It Answers:** "What does this let a PC do that no other skill covers?"
- 3. **Attribute Pairings:** Ensure the skill can flex across multiple Attributes. (e.g., Melee + Body = raw strength; Melee + Wits = finesse).
- 4. Cost to Raise: Always (new rating  $\times$  2 XP).
- 5. **Prestige Gateways:** Decide if this skill is required for a Prestige path (e.g., Lore 3 to become a Rune-Keeper).

|                   | Skill Level   | $\mathbf{Cost}$ | Narrative Reach                                |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
|                   | 1 (Familiar)  | 2  XP           | Basic tasks, small spotlight                   |
| GM Shortcut Table | 2 (Skilled)   | 4 XP            | Consistent success, broad coverage             |
| GM Shortcut Table | 3 (Expert)    | 6 XP            | Respected authority, unlocks mid-tier Prestige |
|                   | 4 (Master)    | 8 XP            | Cultural exemplar, broad story influence       |
|                   | 5 (Legendary) | 10 XP           | Setting-shaping, unlocks high-tier Prestige    |

#### Final Reminder

Every item and skill is a *story hook first, mechanic second*. If it doesn't suggest complications, obligations, or spotlight scenes, rework it until it does.

### R Killing Without Hit Points (GM Toolkit)

## S Principle

Fate's Edge uses no hit points. Threat accrues through three instruments: Complication Points (CP) as damage, Fatigue as attrition, and Clocks as death timers. Death is rare but possible; wipes are common when clocks fill and options run out.

## T Complications as Damage

When players roll, each 1 generates a CP for the GM. Spend boldly.

#### CP Spend Ladder

- 1 CP Compromise a tool (shield splinters → Compromised); impose +1 Fatigue on one PC; add nuisance pressure (distant horns, watchlights).
- **2 CP** Separate PCs; restrain or knock a PC down; endanger a follower/asset; advance a relevant **Clock** by 1.
- 3+ Permanent injury; scene flips (floor collapses, fire spreads); instant
- **CP** clock surge (+2); irrevocably burn an asset.

**Example (CP** ⇒ damage) The duelist wins the exchange but rolled two 1s. GM spends 2 CP: "You drive him back, but your footing skids on oil. Gain 1 Fatigue and you're separated from the healer behind falling crates."

## U Fatigue Is Your Soft HP

Fatigue weakens rolls by forcing the player to re-roll successes.

**1 Fatigue** Minor drain. On your next roll, re-roll *one* success (player's

choice).

2 Fatigue Worn down. On each roll, re-roll one success.
3 Fatigue Failing fast. On each roll, re-roll two successes.

4 Fatigue Collapse/KO/Spiritual break. You fall out of the scene

until treated or rescued.

Clearing Fatigue A safe rest with adequate *Supply* removes 1 level. You cannot clear Fatigue if the party's Supply clock is **Dangerously Low** or **Empty**.

### V Clocks Are Death Timers

Clocks track looming threats. Each has a name, size, and triggers that fill segments.

#### **Clock Template**

Name: What is ticking?

Size: 4, 6, 8 segments (4 = fast, 8 = long arc).

Fill Triggers: Fictional events, CP spends, time.

Consequences at Full: What happens when it fills?

**Pressure Moves:** How do you show it escalating?

#### Example 1: Supply (4-segment)

Name: Desert Crossing Supply

Size: 4

Fill Triggers: Harsh travel day; GM spends 2 CP on foraging mishap; pack loss; choice to

move fast.

Full: Party collapses (all gain +2 Fatigue immediately) and must stop.

**Pressure:** Stale water, ration fights, cracked lips, fraying bootlace.

### Example 2: Peril (6-segment)

Name: City Watch Escalation

Size: 6

Fill Triggers: Alarm bell; 1 CP on a stealth miss; time passage; captured thug talks.

**Full:** Full cordon and rooftop archers; rooftop extraction or capture.

**Pressure:** Patrol frequency rises; checkpoints sprout; wanted posters.

### Example 3: Doom (8-segment)

Name: Blood Moon Invocation

Size: 8

Fill Triggers: Each ritual step completed; 3 CP on arcane mishaps; each day at midnight.

Full: The ritual completes—summoning, quake, or curse.

Pressure: Cold drafts; red motes; animals fleeing; cultists hum.

## How to Start a Clock (Step-By-Step)

- 1. Name the danger in plain fiction ("The mine floods").
- 2. **Pick size** by pace: 4 (tense scene), 6 (session), 8 (arc).
- 3. Write two easy and two hard triggers you can hit fairly.
- 4. **Define the payoff** when it fills (no ambiguity).
- 5. Show pressure every time you tick it (sensory tells).

#### Worked Example: The Sluice Gate

Name: Sluice Fails (4). Triggers: failed Wits+Craft to brace (GM can also spend 2 CP); Significant Time passes with pressure unchecked; tremor; sabotage discovered too late. Full: Tunnel floods—all PCs test Body+Survival or gain +2 Fatigue and are separated downstream. Pressure: dripping mortar, rising water line, groaning timbers.

# W Off-Screen Fallout (Hurt Without Body Count)

When things sour, harm the network.

- Followers quit, flip, or die (2+ CP spend).
- Assets  $Neglected \rightarrow Compromised$ . Repair costs downtime or XP (per your upkeep rules).
- Debts tighten: add or advance a Debt Clock.

# X When to Kill (Hard Move)

Escalate to outright death only when:

- 1. The fiction demands it (beheading, collapsing inferno, failed abyss leap).
- 2. The player consents (heroic sacrifice or tragic end).
- 3. No credible bargain or asset burn remains ("Spend a follower/asset to live?"—if not, death lands).

# Y How to Wipe Without HP

A party wipe occurs when:

- 1. Most PCs hit **3–4 Fatigue** simultaneously, and
- 2. Relevant Clocks fill (Peril, Doom, Supply), and

3. No assets/Boons remain to blunt the blow.

Outcomes: capture, exile, or extinction of their cause.

# Z Procedural Cheat Sheet (At the Table)

- 1. On a PC roll: Count 1s  $\rightarrow$  gain CP.
- 2. Spend CP immediately or bank (declare what the table can see).
- 3. **Tick a clock** when fiction or CP spend says so. Describe pressure.
- 4. **Apply Fatigue** for exertion, deprivation, or CP spend.
- 5. Offer bargains before death (burn a follower/asset/boon).

# Sample Play (Clocks + CP + Fatigue)

#### Scene Frame

Smuggling a witness over the palace wall at night. Active clocks:  $Patrol\ Sweep\ (6)$  at 3/6,  $Supply\ (4)$  at 1/4.

#### **Beats**

- 1) Scout the south wall Wits+Stealth (5d10): 10, 8, 6, 3,  $1 \Rightarrow 3$  hits, 1 CP. GM spends 1 CP: "You succeed, but your old rope is Compromised." Patrol Sweep stays at 3/6.
- 2) Climb with the witness Body+Athletics (4d10): 7, 6, 5, 1  $\Rightarrow$  2 hits, 1 CP. GM spends 1 CP to tick Patrol Sweep  $\Rightarrow$  4/6 and adds pressure: "Lanterns brighten; bootsteps quicken along the inner walk."
- 3) Last push, running low GM fills Supply to 2/4 due to  $Significant\ Time$  climbing and cold. Face tries to soothe the witness (Presence+Sway, 5d10): 9, 8, 2, 1, 1  $\Rightarrow$  2 hits, 2 CP. GM spends 2 CP: +1 Fatigue to the Face (shivering, breathless) and tick  $Patrol\ Sweep$  to 5/6.
- **4) Extraction or collapse** They have a choice: burn a Boon to activate an off-screen contact's garden gate, or risk one more roll with Fatigue penalties. If they roll and give the GM **1 CP**, the GM can fill Patrol Sweep to  $6/6 \Rightarrow$  "Cordon slams shut; horns blare. Capture is on the table."

# Design Guardrails (So It Feels Fair)

- Telegraph clocks. Name them aloud or show them in fiction.
- Spend CP transparently. "I'm using 2 CP to tick Patrol Sweep."
- Always offer a way out. Boon, asset burn, or devil's bargain.
- Let Fatigue bite. It's your attrition dial; don't be shy.

# Clock Starters (d6 Prompts)

- 1 **Peril (6):** "They triangulate your hideout." Triggers: noise, bribed neighbor, CP spend.
- 2 **Supply (4):** "The cold eats your prep." Triggers: storm, lost mule, CP spend.
- 3 **Doom (8):** "Blood moon eats the sky." Triggers: daily tick, ritual step, CP spend.
- 4 **Debt (6):** "Collector circles." Triggers: downtime passes, flash spend, CP spend.
- 5 **Injury (4):** "Cracking ice underfoot." Triggers: sprint, fall, CP spend.
- 6 **Hunt (6):** "Rival fixer stalks your routes." Triggers: contact flips, trace, CP spend.

Use these tools together: CP for sharp blows, Fatigue for steady bleed, Clocks for the guillotine. Death is a choice at the edge of the blade; wipes happen when the clocks say "time."

# GM Toolkit: The Hunger Below

#### Core Clocks

Use these clocks to track the campaign's tension. Add or subtract ticks as PCs succeed, fail, or make narrative choices.

- Waystone Cracks (6-step): Advances when PCs delay, fail an investigation, or rival factions tamper with wards. When full, protective mists fail entirely.
- Whisper Spread (8-step): Advances when NPCs succumb to temptation, when the PCs ignore faction crises, or when they spend downtime in corrupted regions. When full, at least one major faction falls under the Wyrm's sway.
- Chains Breaking (10-step): Advances on major defeats, ritual mishaps, or if both other clocks fill. When full, the Primordial Wyrm rises.

## Faction Clocks (Optional)

Track how each group responds to the crisis:

- Vigil's Plan (6-step): Harness the Wyrm as a weapon.
- True Masons' Faith (4-step): Re-bind with sacred sacrifice.
- Mistland Revolt (6-step): Humans abandon trust in outsiders.
- Valewood Split (4-step): Fey courts fracture between war and retreat.

### Scene Templates

Scene 1: The Cracked Waystone Setup: PCs encounter a waystone buzzing with unstable energy. Fey creatures stalk the thinning mists. Clock Impact: +1 Waystone Crack if not stabilized. Twist: Stabilization reveals runes etched from inside the stone, not outside.

Scene 2: Whispers in the Market Setup: A crowd gathers around a preacher claiming the mines hold wealth for all. The voice is too persuasive. Clock Impact: +1 Whisper Spread if not contained. Twist: The preacher has no agenda—he is an ordinary farmer channeling the Wyrm's influence.

Scene 3: Khaz Vurim's Gate Setup: PCs find the sealed Aeler mine. The gate is chained with runes that pulse like a heartbeat. Clock Impact: +1 Chains Breaking if tampered with. Twist: A rival faction arrives mid-scene, claiming rights to the mine.

Scene 4: The Fey Conclave Setup: Valewood emissaries demand the PCs choose a side in their court split. Clock Impact: +1 Whisper Spread if they hesitate or alienate both sides. Twist: Both sides insist the other has already been compromised by whispers.

Scene 5: The Vigil's Bargain Setup: Agents of the Vigil offer coin, protection, or rare lore if the PCs hand over key findings. Clock Impact: Advance Vigil's Plan if PCs cooperate. Twist: The Vigil doesn't just want data—they want to bind the Wyrm into a weapon.

# Sample NPCs

Eldric Stonewarden (Aeler Mason) Grim, cautious, wracked by guilt. Believes the Wyrm should never have been discovered. Will help PCs with stonecraft and rituals, but hides his clan's culpability.

Liraen Leafveil (Valewood Envoy) Charming, pragmatic, sly. Wants peace between courts, but secretly tempted to use the Wyrm's whispers to force unity.

Captain Veyra (Vigil Agent) Cold, calculating, relentless. Frames herself as an ally, but ultimately serves the Vigil's larger agenda: conquest by control.

The Voice Beneath (Whisper Projection) Smooth, alien, tempting. Appears in dreams or reflective stone. Offers PCs exactly what they most want—at a price.

### **Endgame Tools**

When finale approaches, choose 2–3 faction clocks that are closest to full. Use those to define the battlefield:

- **High Vigil Clocks:** PCs may face militarized zealots trying to chain the Wyrm mid-battle.
- **High True Mason Clocks:** PCs must choose whether to sacrifice something dear to re-bind the Wyrm.
- **High Whisper Spread:** At least one PC may receive a direct temptation—personal power in exchange for betrayal.

## Adventure Generation with a Standard Deck

This subsystem allows a GM to generate locations, factions, complications, and rewards using a standard 52–card deck. It is designed as a companion to the *Deck of Consequences* but works independently for fast prep and improvisation.

# .1 Suit Meanings

**Spades:** Places (where events occur).

**Hearts:** People and Factions (who is involved).

Clubs: Complications and Threats (what makes it messy).

**Diamonds:** Rewards and Leverage (why it matters).

## .2 Rank Severity and Clock Size

The card rank determines the size of the primary Clock for the scene or mission:

- 2–5 (Minor): 4–segment Clock
- 6–10 (Standard): 6–segment Clock
- J, Q, K (Major): 8-segment Clock
- Ace (Pivotal): 10-segment Clock

Color influences tone:

- Black suits (): travel hazards, tangible threats, fatigue.
- Red suits (): social intrigue, reputational pressure.

#### .3 Draw Procedures

Quick Hook (2 cards). Draw one Spade and one Heart. The Spade provides the place, the Heart the faction. Use the higher rank to set the Clock.

Full Seed (4 cards). Draw until one card of each suit appears.

- 1. Spade = location
- 2. Heart = main actor/faction
- 3. Club = complication
- 4. Diamond = reward/leverage

The highest rank sets the main Clock. If multiple face cards or Aces appear, begin parallel Clocks.

**Act Builder.** For each act or session, draw three cards: setting, actor, complication. Save Diamonds to foreshadow leverage or as act payoffs.

#### .4 Combo Rules

- Pair (same rank): recurring motif with a twist.
- Run (3+ sequential ranks): momentum—reduce the main Clock by 1 segment.
- Flush (3+ same suit): strongly theme the act toward that axis.
- Face + Ace: reveal a hidden patron or power behind the drawn element.
- All one color: GM gains 1 free Complication Point in that scene.

### .5 Suit Tables (Full 52)

Spades (Places).

- 2: Toll bridge at a foggy ford
- 3: Abandoned tollhouse, squatters within
- 4: Forest path marked by strange cairns
- 5: Lonely inn with too few patrons

- 6: Old quarry turned smugglers' pit
- 7: Overgrown orchard hiding a shrine
- 8: Border outpost, undermanned and tense
- 9: Collapsed mine, faint chanting below
- 10: Fortress granary with suspicious ledgers
- J: City undercroft used by syndicates
- Q: Island cloister where tides conceal secrets
- K: High keep overlooking three borders
- A: Sealed under-vault that hums at night

#### Hearts (People/Factions).

- 2: Wary farmer seeking protection
- 3: Young patrol captain seeking a break
- 4: Ambitious scribe angling for promotion
- 5: Traveling merchant juggling debts
- 6: Sectarian monk with hidden doubts
- 7: Temple advocate torn between creeds
- 8: Caravan mistress guarding a secret cargo
- 9: Disgraced noble clinging to relevance
- 10: Guild factor balancing ledgers and lies
- J: Street gang leader with local sway
- Q: Exiled courtier with dangerous friends
- K: Kahfagian commodore off the books
- A: "Benefactor" whose money moves borders

#### Clubs (Complications/Threats).

- 2: Slippery mudslide blocks the way
- 3: Bad weather ruins supplies
- 4: Hidden snare line across the approach
- 5: Distracted allies miss a cue
- 6: A rival party races you to the goal
- 7: Local law arrives at the worst time
- 8: Beast attack; mundane but dangerous
- 9: Your plan leaks; ambush in the wings
- 10: Magical hazard: wards failing, curses flaring
- J: Insider betrayal during the action
- Q: Ally-of-convenience turns on you
- K: Entire faction shifts allegiance mid-scene
- A: The past returns to claim someone

### Diamonds (Rewards/Leverage).

- 2: Trinket or token worth 1 Boon
- 3: Favor marker from a minor official
- 4: Small cache of supplies (1 free Supply segment)
- 5: Local renown; 1 Boon usable in this region
- 6: Pouch of coin; enough to offset upkeep once
- 7: Access to training: reduce XP cost of 1 skill by 1
- 8: A Cap 2 follower offers service
- 9: A minor holding (workshop, stall, shack)
- 10: Letters of credit with a guild (worth 2 Boons)
- J: Blackmail dossier (usable as leverage)
- Q: Land deed or minor title (Asset)
- K: Noble charter or mercantile license (Standard Asset)
- A: Artifact-grade leverage (4 XP to keep)

#### .6 Mechanical Links

- Clock size: determined by rank severity.
- Supply/Fatigue: if the highest card is black, begin Low Supply or add a Fatigue tick.
- Free CP: if all cards are the same color, the GM banks 1 Complication Point.
- Diamonds: represent Boons, XP-gated Assets, or one-shot favors. A one-shot favor costs 1 Boon (or 2 XP in desperation) to activate.

### .7 Example Draw

Cards: 10, 7, 9, Q

**Result:** 

- Place: Fortress granary with suspicious ledgers (6–segment Clock).
- People: Temple advocate torn between creeds.
- Complication: Plan leaks; ambush imminent.
- Reward: Land deed or minor title (Asset).

**Hook:** Grain is being skimmed to fund a private militia. A wavering temple advocate may testify—if the party can extract them before the ambush springs.

# **Absent PCs and Shared Resources**

Characters remain part of the world even when their players are absent. The group may reference their influence, but never treat them as "free actions." Two separate options handle this cleanly:

## 1. Off-Screen Asset Activation (Preparation Only)

- The party may activate an absent PC's **off-screen assets** (followers, safehouses, trade links, etc.).
- These uses remain *off-screen*: they prepare conditions, set clocks, or provide leverage, but do not manifest as sudden on-screen rescues.
- Cost: 2 Boons or 1 Boon + 1 XP (paid by the table).
- Limit: Once per scene.
- Fiction First: The use must be established before or between scenes. Example: "Danny's network smuggled a wagon inside yesterday" is valid; "Danny's friend appears out of nowhere to save us now" is not.

## 2. Borrowed Action (On-Screen, Once per Session)

With the absent player's consent, the group may ask the GM to perform one visible, decisive action as that character:

- This may include a single roll, an intervention in dialogue, or a crucial gesture during a scene.
- Cost: The absent PC gains a new Complication, assigned by the GM and grounded in the fiction.
- Limit: Once per session per absent character.

### Example

**Asset Activation:** "Before the heist, Danny's smuggler contact hid a wagon by the docks. Let's spend 2 Boons to have it ready."

**Borrowed Action:** Cornered in negotiations, the party calls on Danny's title. The GM rolls Presence + Command as Danny—but adds the Complication 'Overplayed His Title' to Danny's sheet.

#### **GM** Guidance

- Scale the Complication to the gravity of the borrowed action:
  - Minor Action: A single roll or small assist (e.g., pulling a lever, offering brief testimony). Apply a light Complication such as "Fatigued" or "In Someone's Debt".
  - Major Action: A scene-defining choice or bold intervention (e.g., intimidating a magistrate, striking a killing blow). Apply a weighty Complication such as "Enemy at Large" or "Notoriety".
- Ensure the absent PC remains playable when they return. Do not stack multiple heavy Complications unless agreed with the player.
- The GM should remind the table that these options are emergency levers, not default strategies.

# NPC Motive Generating Deck

#### How to Use This Deck

To quickly generate an NPC's motive and flavor at the table:

- 1. Shuffle a standard 52-card deck.
- 2. Draw four cards, one for each table:

- (a) Hearts = Ambition (what the NPC wants).
- (b) Clubs = Beliefs (their inner philosophy).
- (c) Diamonds = Personality (how they present outwardly).
- (d) Spades = Twist (the hidden complication).
- 3. **Interpret the results.** Combine the four draws into a coherent picture. If contradictions appear, use them—illogical motives often make the most interesting characters.
- 4. Add hooks. Each entry comes with a suggested complication or expression. Use this to tie the NPC back into the current adventure or to foreshadow future trouble.
- 5. **Optional:** For minor NPCs, draw only one or two cards (e.g., Personality + Twist) to keep them simple. For major NPCs, use all four.

**GM Tip:** If a result clashes with the established story, adjust by shifting the rank up or down by one, or simply swap the suit for a better fit. Treat the tables as creative prompts, not strict rules.

NPC motives are generated by drawing four cards from a standard 52-card deck.

- 1. **Ambition** (Hearts): what the NPC wants.
- 2. Beliefs (Clubs): internal worldview, values, or philosophy.
- 3. **Personality** (Diamonds): how the NPC presents outwardly.
- 4. Twist (Spades): complication, hidden agenda, or destabilizer.

Each table maps card rank to an entry. For major NPCs, draw all four; for minor NPCs, draw only one or two.

## **Ambition (Hearts)**

#### —p0.1—p0.25—p0.55— Card Ambition Hook Suggestion

- 2 Acquire wealth Desperate gambler, hoarder, thief
- 3 Gain prestige Climbing hierarchy, faking noble blood
- 4 Secure power Aims to control guild, militia, shrine
- 5 Discover truth Hunts ancient ruins, pries into secrets
- 6 Protect someone/something Bodyguard, sacred relic keeper
- 7 Destroy rival Scheming, poisoning, hiring assassins
- 8 Escape obligation Draft-dodger, runaway betrothed
- 9 Build legacy Starting dynasty, monument, or school
- 10 Serve cause Religious zealot, political revolutionary
- Jack Pursue love Entangled romance, doomed affair

Queen Seek revenge Cold calculation, sudden violence

King Master a craft Genius artisan, perfectionist

Ace Transcend mortality Cultist, lich-aspirant, philosopher

## Beliefs (Clubs)

-p0.1-p0.25-p0.55-

#### Card Belief Expression

- 2 Pragmatism Ends justify means
- 3 Honor Bound by oath or tradition
- 4 Faith Trust in divine, prophecy, or fate
- 5 Rationalism Demands proof, loves logic
- 6 Hedonism Pleasure first, consequences later
- 7 Communalism Group over individual
- 8 Libertarianism Freedom above all
- 9 Fatalism "It is already written"
- 10 Idealism Believes world can be better

Jack Cynicism Distrusts everyone and everything

Queen Self-determinism Only I decide my path

King Supremacism One group or idea is superior

Ace Paradoxical Holds contradictory beliefs at once

## Personality (Diamonds)

-p0.1-p0.25-p0.55-

#### Card Personality Expression

- 2 Cheerful Disarms with optimism
- 3 Brooding Always in shadow
- 4 Pompous Full of grandeur
- 5 Humble Soft-spoken, self-effacing
- 6 Cunning Always scheming
- 7 Naïve Earnest, easily duped
- 8 Ruthless Cold efficiency
- 9 Charming Social magnet, honeyed words
- 10 Stoic Unreadable, unflinching

Jack Erratic Wild mood swings

Queen Nurturing Maternal, protective

King Commanding Projects authority

Ace Masked Persona hides true face

# Twist (Spades)

<u>---p0.1---p0.25---p0.55---</u>

#### Card Twist Complication Hook

- 2 Debt Owes someone dangerous
- 3 Betraver Will eventually turn on allies
- 4 Doomed Prophecy or sickness awaits

- 5 Impostor Not who they say they are
- 6 Haunted Spirit, trauma, or guilt follows them
- 7 Pawn Controlled by stronger hand
- 8 Double-life Upright citizen + criminal underworld
- 9 Cursed Literal or metaphorical affliction
- 10 Obsessed Consumed by one idea

Jack Incompetent Overestimates own ability

Queen Sympathetic flaw Their vice endears them

King Secret noble/bloodline Raises stakes

Ace Wild card GM improvises unpredictable element

### **Example Draw**

Ambition: 7 Destroy rival. Beliefs: 5 Rationalism. Personality: Jack Erratic.

Twist: 9 Cursed.

**Result:** A cursed scholar convinced only logic can free them, but their unstable moods and obsessive hunt to destroy a rival sorcerer make them as much a liability as an ally.

| Name                   | Cost<br>(XP)               | Requirements                                 | Effect   |  |  |  |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Early Talents (3–5 XP) |                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Battle Instincts       | 4                          | None   | Once per scene, re-roll a failed defense roll.   |  |  |  |
| Silver Tongue          | 3                          | Presence 2+                                  | Gain +1 die on Persuasion/Deception rolls.   |  |  |  |
| Stone-Sense            | 5                          | Dwarf only                                   | Detect flaws in stone/earth;<br>+1 die on underground<br>Craft/Engineering rolls.                  |  |  |  |
| Iron Stomach           | 3                          | Body 2+                                      | Resist mundane poisons; halve Complications from toxins or spoiled food.                           |  |  |  |
|                        | Mid-Tier Talents (6–10 XP) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlash Soothing      | 6                          | Wood Elf only,<br>Spirit 2+                  | Once per session, reduce a magical Backlash by 2 points in natural terrain.                        |  |  |  |
| Blood Memory           | 7                          | Ykrul only,<br>Body 3+                       | After a battle, gain one temporary Skill die reflecting a foe's tactics in the next scene.         |  |  |  |
| Commanding<br>Presence | 8                          | Presence 3+                                  | Followers gain +1 to morale rolls; allies re-roll one failed die when obeying your orders.         |  |  |  |
| Familiar Bond          | 9                          | Spirit 3+                                    | Gain a magical familiar (Cap 3).<br>Counts as an On-Screen follower.                               |  |  |  |
|                        | Pres                       | tige Abilities (12                           | 2+ XP)   |  |  |  |
| Echo-Walker            | 20                         | High Elf only;<br>Wits 5, Arcana 4           | Step briefly into Aerisahl. Once per arc, transform a Complication into a boon.                    |  |  |  |
| Warglord               | 18                         | Ykrul only;<br>Body 5, Leader-<br>ship 3     | Rally scattered warbands; once per campaign, unify tribes under one banner.                        |  |  |  |
| Spirit-Shield          | 15                         | Dwarf only;<br>Spirit 4, Resolve<br>3        | Once per session, erase up to 3<br>Complications from an ally's roll;<br>take 1 Backlash yourself. |  |  |  |
| Shadowbinder           | 16                         | Tulkani or Dark<br>Elf; Wits 4,<br>Stealth 3 | Manipulate shadow as substance; once per session, negate visibility or tracking entirely.          |  |  |  |

Table 1: Talent progression tiers with examples.

| Name                   | Cost (XP) | Requirements                       | Effect   |  |  |
|------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Humans                 |           |                                    |  |  |  |
| Versatile              | 3         | None                               | Once per session, swap one Skill die for another you lack.   |  |  |
| Guild Ties             | 7         | Presence 2+,<br>Membership         | Call in favors from a guild or order once per session.   |  |  |
| Banner-Bearer          | 15        | Presence 4+,<br>Leadership 3       | Inspire an allied unit: once per battle, erase 2 Complications for the group.                      |  |  |
|                        |           | Dwarves (Aeler                     | r)   |  |  |
| Stone-Sense            | 5         | Dwarf only                         | Detect flaws in stone; +1 die to<br>underground Craft/Engineering<br>rolls.                        |  |  |
| Spirit Shield          | 8         | Spirit 3+                          | Commune with ancestors; once per session, block 1 Complication for an ally.                        |  |  |
| Forge-Patriarch        | 18        | Body 4+, Craft 4                   | Found a forge-citadel; gain loyal smiths and engineers who count as On-Screen specialists (Cap 5). |  |  |
|                        | l         | Wood Elves                         |  |  |  |
| Backlash Sooth-<br>ing | 5         | Wood Elf only                      | Once per session, cancel 1 Backlash die in natural terrain.  |  |  |
| Ranger's Step          | 9         | Wits 3+, Stealth 2                 | Move unseen in forests; treat terrain penalties as one step lower.                                 |  |  |
| Wild Speaker           | 18        | Spirit 5+, Nature 4                | Speak to beasts and trees; once per session, command local wildlife as allies.                     |  |  |
|                        |           | High Elves                         |  |  |  |
| Lorekeeper             | 4         | High Elf only                      | Recall obscure history or magic without rolling once per session.                                  |  |  |
| Weave Anchor           | 8         | Wits 3+, Arcana                    | Reduce magical Backlash by 1 when casting Intricate spells.  |  |  |
| Echo-Walker            | 20        | High Elf only;<br>Wits 5, Arcana 4 | Step briefly into Aerisahl; once per arc, turn a Complication into a boon.                         |  |  |
| Ykrul                  |           |                                    |  |  |  |
| Blood Frenzy           | 4         | Body 2+                            | When reduced to half health, gain +1 die on melee rolls.   |  |  |
| Blood Memory           | 7         | Body 3+<br>87                      | After battle, gain 1 temporary Skill die reflecting a foe's tactics in the next scene.             |  |  |
| Warglord               | 18        | Body 5, Leader-                    | Rally scattered warbands; once   |  |  |

| CP Total | Guidance for Backlash Severity                           |  |  |
|----------|--|--|--|
| 1        | Minor nuisance: cosmetic damage, a brief distraction,    |  |  |
|          | harmless magical echo.                                   |  |  |
| 2–3      | Noticeable setback: ally inconvenienced, unintended      |  |  |
|          | target struck, short-term vulnerability created.         |  |  |
| 4–5      | Serious complication: uncontrolled spreading effect,     |  |  |
|          | structural harm, dangerous foe empowered or alerted.     |  |  |
| 6–7      | Major consequence: battlefield-shaping hazard, lasting   |  |  |
|          | injury, environment altered in hostile ways.             |  |  |
| 8+       | Catastrophic backlash: spell escapes caster's intent en- |  |  |
|          | tirely, permanent scars on landscape or soul, new long-  |  |  |
|          | term threat unleashed.                                   |  |  |

Table 3: Backlash guidance by Complication Points (CP).

| Skill       | Complication      | Examples by Severity                   |
|-------------|-------------------|--|
|             | Domain            |  |
| Athletics   | Swords (harm)     | Ace-3: Twisted ankle; 4-6: Lose grip,  |
|             |                   | drop equipment; 7–9: Injury forces     |
|             |                   | pause or retreat; 10–King: Serious     |
|             |                   | wound, out of action.                  |
| Stealth     | Cups (social) or  | Ace-3: A creak alerts suspicion; 4-6:  |
|             | Swords (harm)     | Minor evidence left behind; 7–9: Spot- |
|             |                   | ted and pursued; 10–King: Ambushed     |
|             |                   | or captured.                           |
| Crafting    | Pentacles (re-    | Ace-3: Wasted materials; 4-6: Mi-      |
|             | sources)          | nor flaw, item unreliable; 7–9: Pre-   |
|             |                   | cious resource ruined; 10–King: Catas- |
|             |                   | trophic failure or danger from col-    |
| _           |                   | lapse/explosion.                       |
| Persuasion  | Cups (emo-        | Ace-3: Offended someone mildly; 4–6:   |
|             | tional/social)    | Reputation takes a small hit; 7–9: Re- |
|             |                   | lationship strained; 10–King: Alliance |
|             |                   | broken, enmity gained.                 |
| Scholarship | Wands (cosmic)    | Ace-3: Misremember detail; 4-6:        |
|             | or Pentacles (re- | Hours wasted chasing false lead;       |
|             | sources)          | 7–9: Dangerous knowledge misapplied;   |
|             |                   | 10-King: Catastrophic misunderstand-   |
|             |                   | ing with lasting fallout.              |

Table 4: Mundane Skills and Example Complications