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# Structural Design Patterns

Patterns and Antipatterns in Javascript

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# Outline

- ❑ Introduction
- ❑ Structural Design Patterns
- ❑ Applied Structural Patterns
- ❑ Proxy
- ❑ Decorator
- ❑ Project 1: Songfinder
- ❑ Facade
- ❑ Composite
- ❑ Project 2: drawr-bootstrap
- ❑ Q&A

# Introduction

The categories of object-oriented patterns formed by **Gang of Four** (GoF):

**Creational patterns** are used to create objects

**Structural patterns** are used to combine objects and classes in order to build structured objects

**Behavioral patterns** are used to build a computation and control data flows

# Structural Design Patterns

- ★ Form larger structures from individual parts
- ★ Vary a great deal depending on what sort of structure is being created for what purpose
- ★ Use inheritance to compose interfaces or implementations

# Structural Design Patterns (cont.)

- ❑ Adapter
- ❑ Bridge
- ❑ Composite
- ❑ Decorator
- ❑ Facade
- ❑ Flyweight
- ❑ Proxy

# Applied Structural Patterns

- ❏ Adapter
- ❏ Bridge
- ❏ **Composite**
- ❏ **Decorator**
- ❏ **Facade**
- ❏ Flyweight
- ❏ **Proxy**

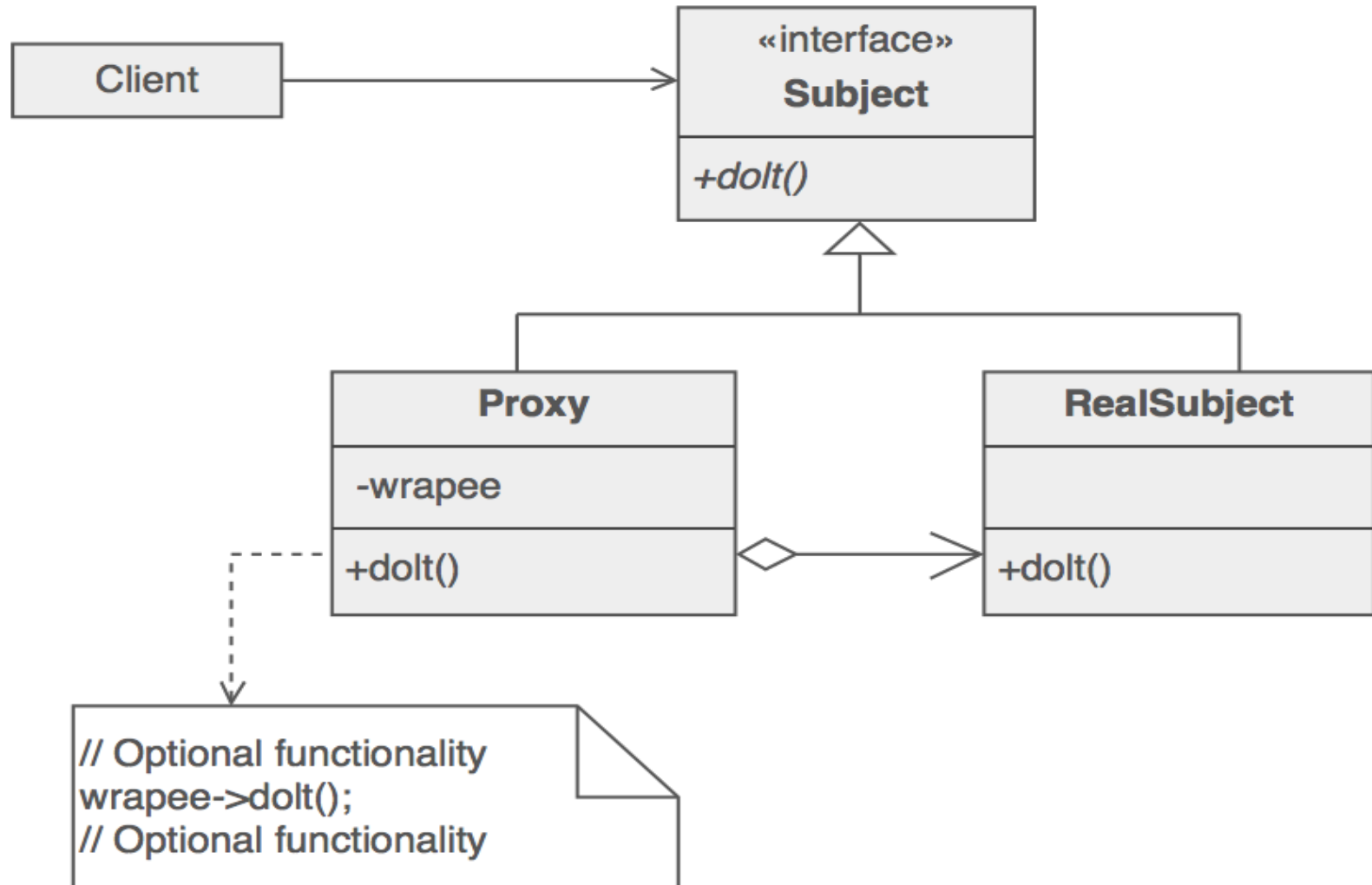
# Proxy Design Pattern

# Proxy Pattern - Definition

- ★ Provides a **surrogate** for another object to control access to it
- ★ Uses an extra level of **indirection** to support distributed, controlled, or intelligent access
- ★ Adds a **wrapper** to protect the real component from undue complexity



# Proxy Pattern - Structure



# Proxy Pattern - Applicability

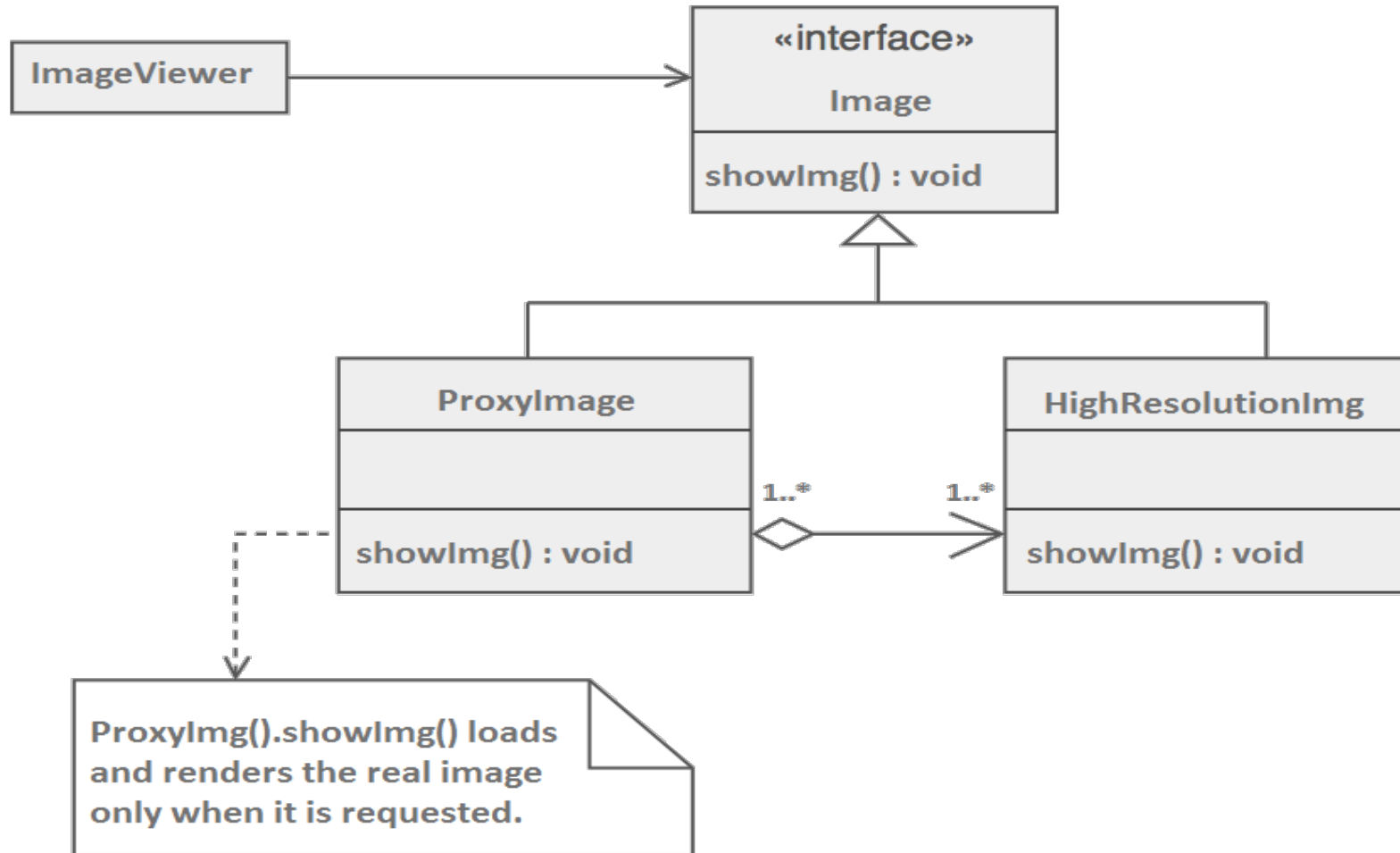
**Virtual Proxies** delay initialization of **expensive** objects

**Remote Proxies** represent **locally** a remote object

**Protection Proxies** control access to a **sensitive** object

**Smart References** interpose **additional** actions when an object is accessed

# Proxy Pattern - Example



# Proxy Pattern - Trade-off

Less efficiency due to indirection

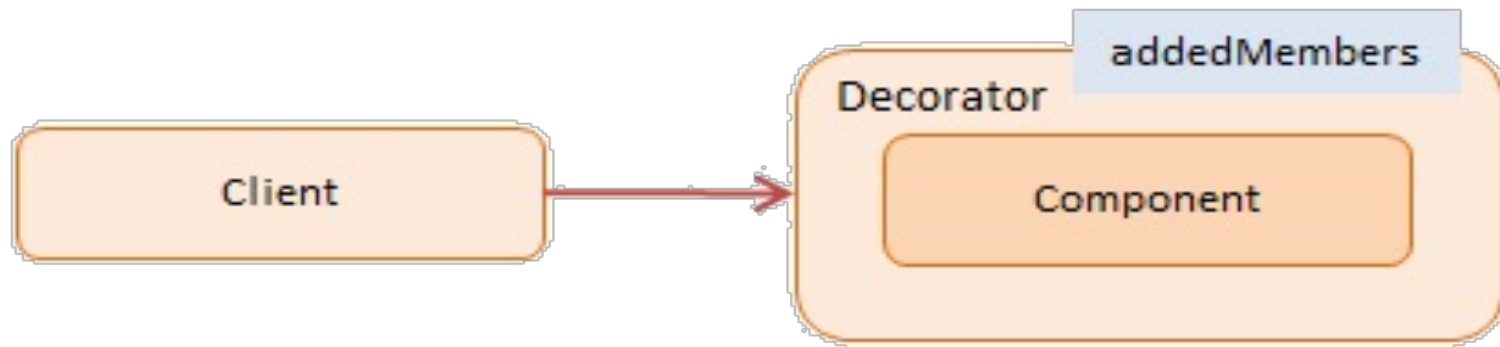
Complex implementation

# Decorator Design Pattern

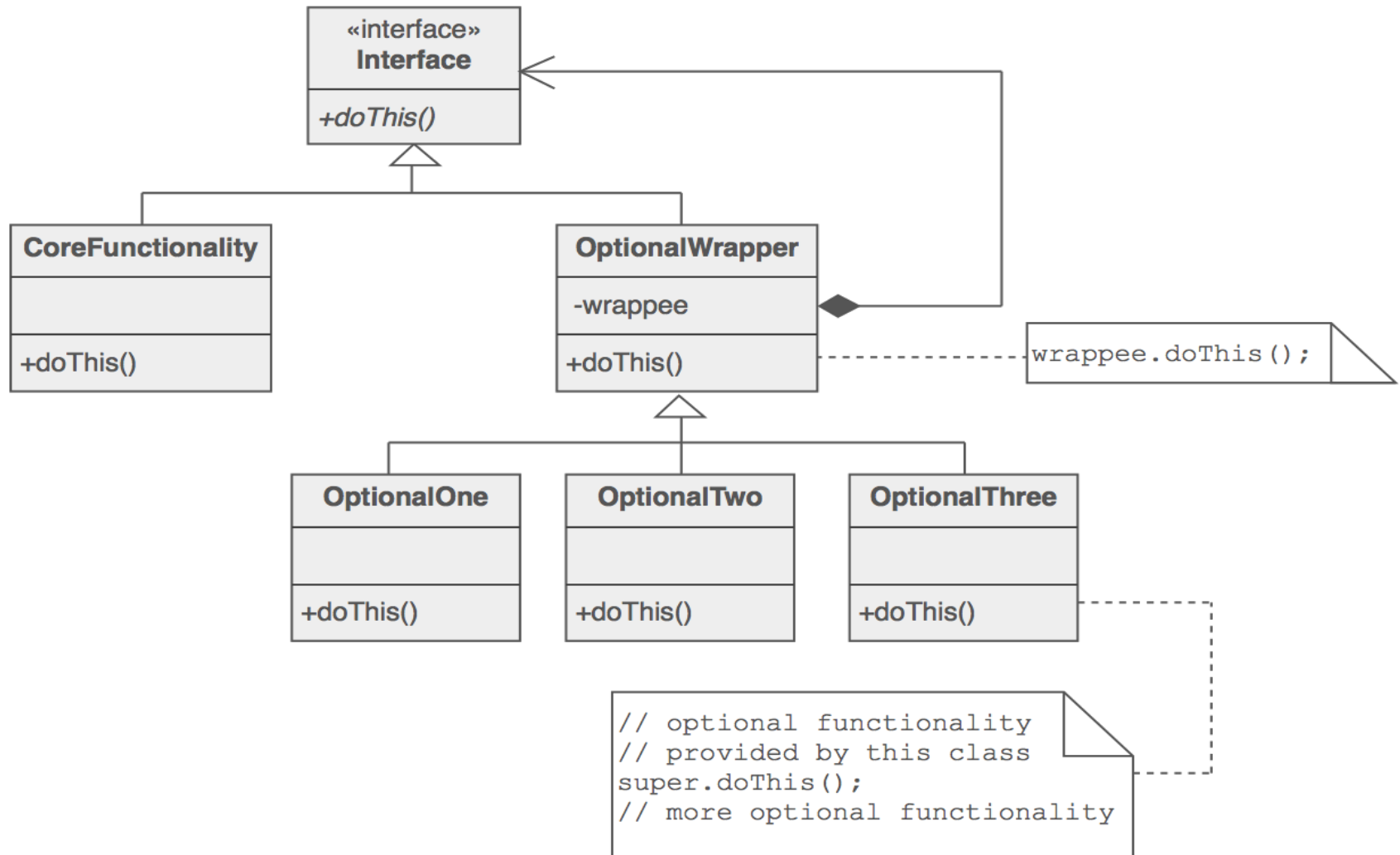
# Decorator Pattern - Definition

- ★ Attaches additional functionality dynamically
- ★ An alternative to subclassing for extending functionality
- ★ Encourages code reuse
- ★ A.k.a. **Wrapper**

# Decorator Pattern - High Level



# Decorator Pattern - Structure





# Decorator Pattern - Example

```
1.  var User = function(name) {  
2.      this.name = name;  
3.  
4.      this.say = function() {  
5.          log.add("User: " + this.name);  
6.      };  
7.  }
```

**A User object is going to be enhanced by a DecoratedUser object**

# Decorator Pattern - Example (cont)

```
1.  var DecoratedUser = function(user, street, city) {  
2.      this.user = user;  
3.      this.name = user.name; // ensures interface stays the same  
4.      this.street = street;  
5.      this.city = city;  
6.  
7.      this.say = function() {  
8.          log.add("Decorated User: " + this.name + ", " +  
9.                  this.street + ", " + this.city);  
10.     };  
11. }
```

# Decorator Pattern - Example (cont)

```
1. function run() {  
2.     var user = new User("Andreas");  
3.     user.say();  
4.  
5.     var decorated = new DecoratedUser(user, "Bolzstr", "Ulm");  
6.     decorated.say();  
7.  
8.     log.show();  
9. }
```

**console >**

User: Andreas

Decorated User: Andreas, Bolzstr, Ulm

# Decorator Pattern - Trade-off

Decorators can result in many small objects


Overuse can be complex

# Project: songFinder

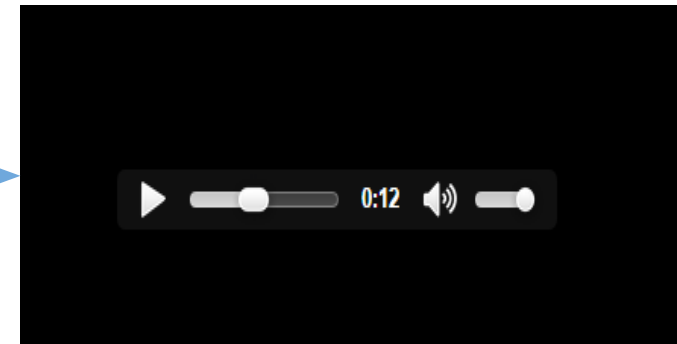
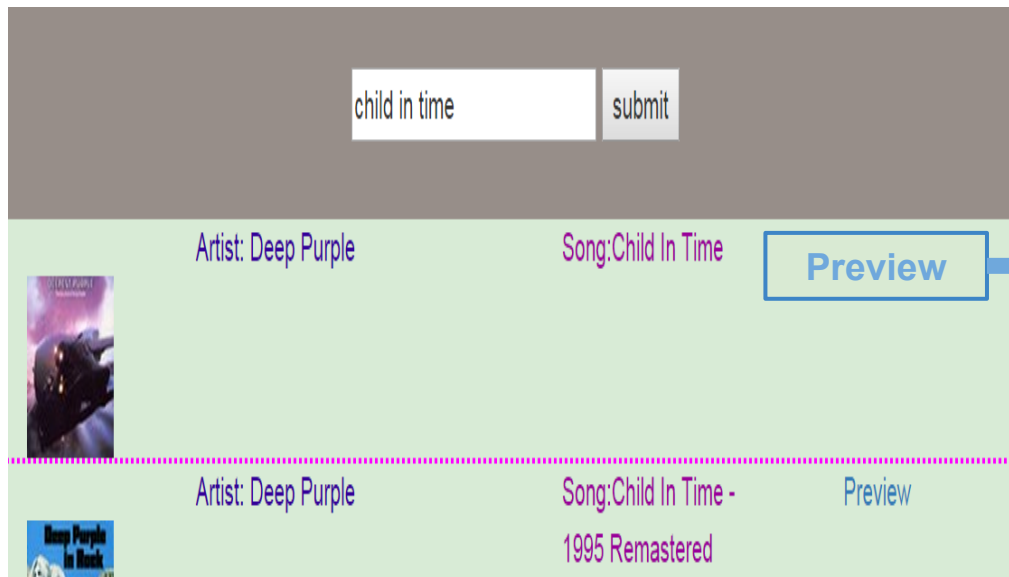
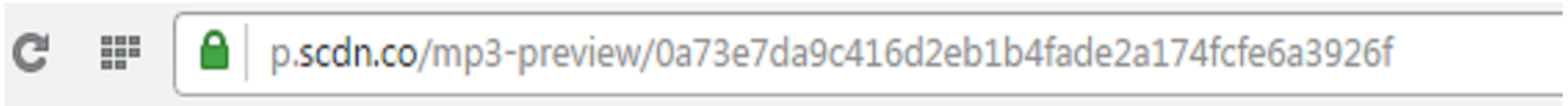
# songFinder

Song search engine using spotify web services

## Song Finder

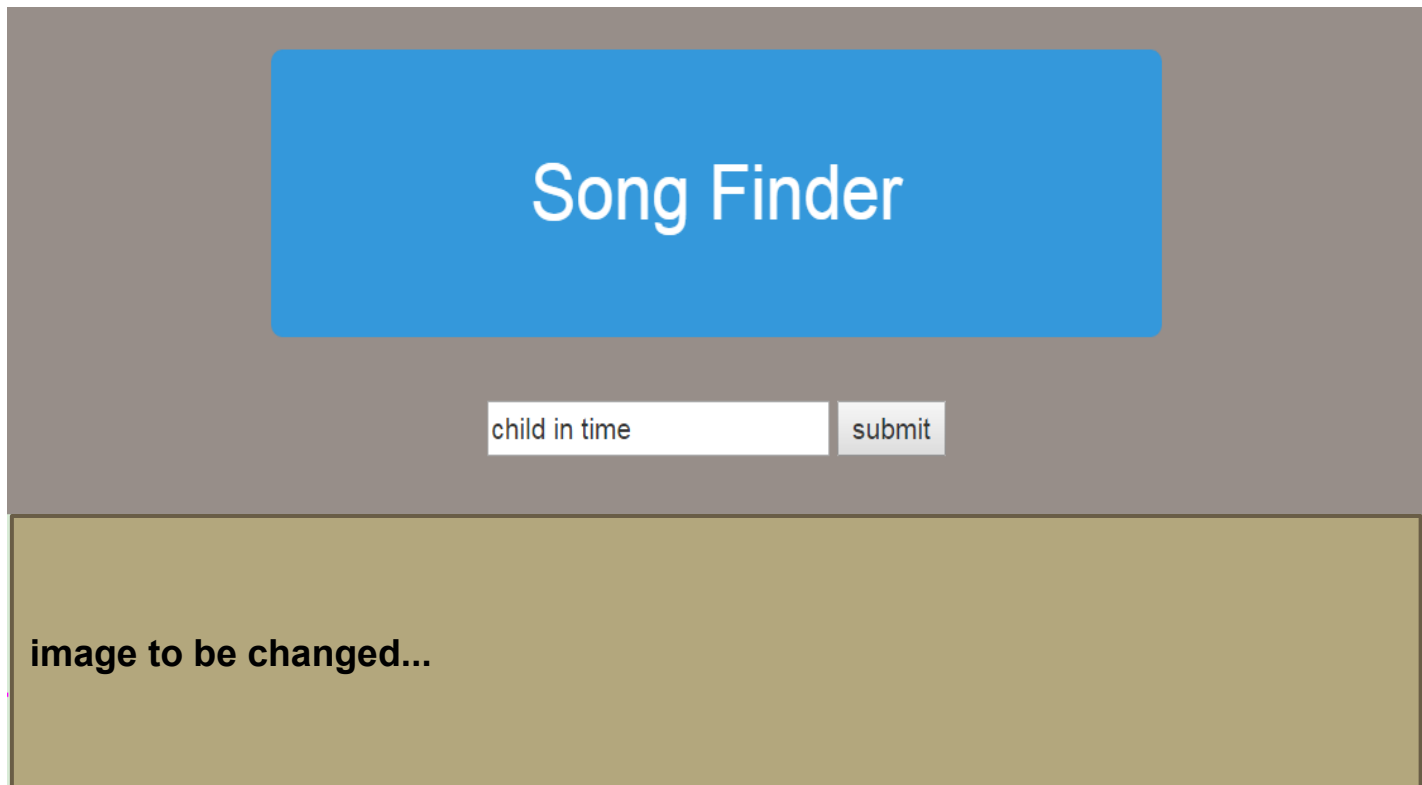
	Artist: Deep Purple	Song:Child In Time	<a href="#">Preview</a>
	Artist: Deep Purple	Song:Child In Time - 1995 Remastered	<a href="#">Preview</a>

# songFinder - Song Preview



# songFinder - Single Result

On single result the song plays automatically - no need to press Preview





# songFinder - Symptoms



**No caching:** everytime long list of songs is being fetched and rendered



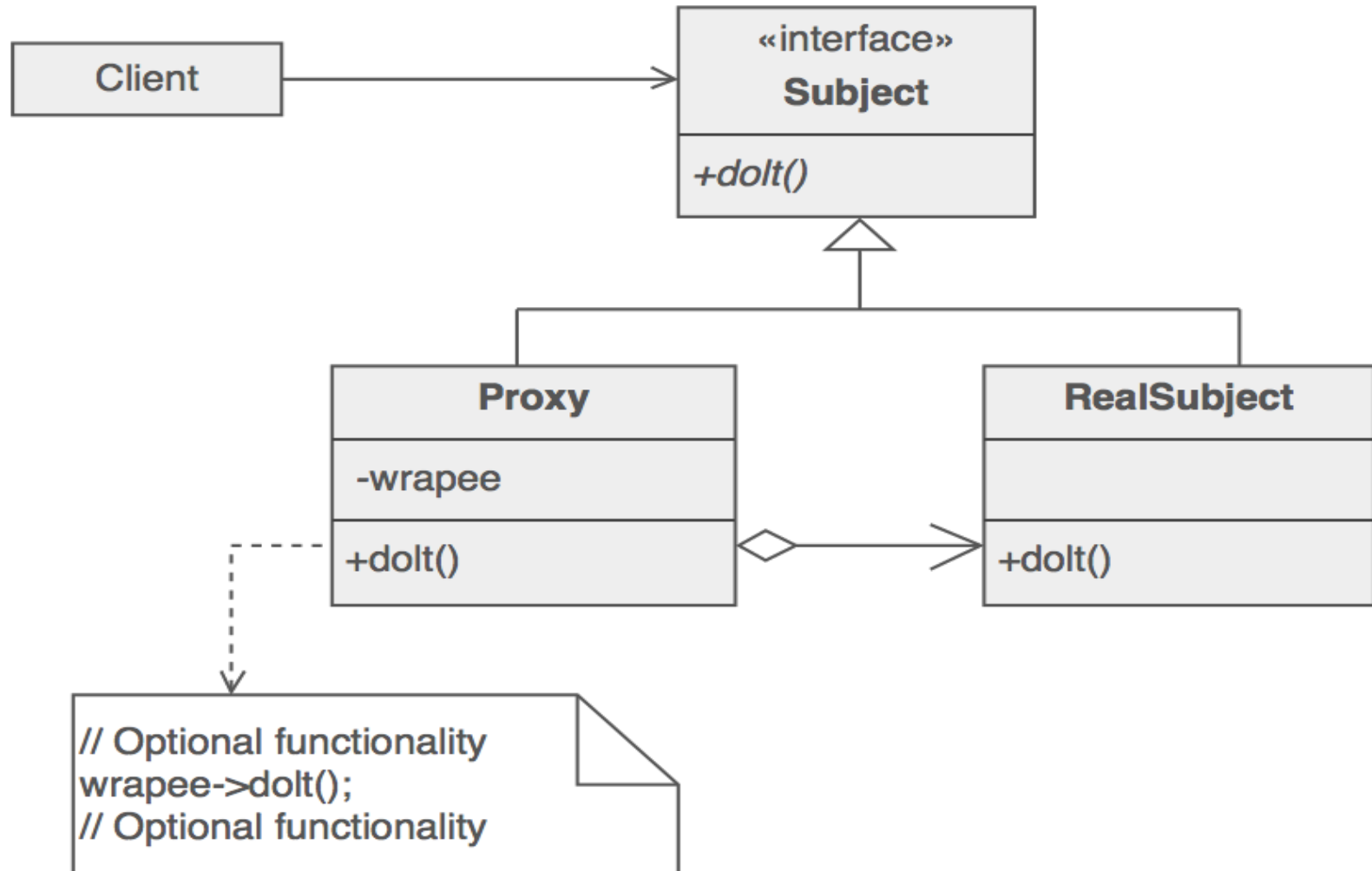
**Tight coupling:** parsing and rendering the ws response in one place



**Code Smells:**

```
// display(createSongsObj(getSongArray(data), Song) );
```

# songFinder - Refactoring using Proxy



# songFinder - Refactoring using Proxy

```
33 //calls a web service to search for a song
34 function SongWS() {
35     this.getSong = function(songInput) {
36         var url = 'https://api.spotify.com/v1/search?q=' + songInput + '&type=track';
37         var response = undefined;
38         //TODO: refactor - sync ajax call is deprecated
39         $.ajax({
40             url: url,
41             success: function(data) {
42                 response = data;
43             },
44             async:false
45         });
46         return response;
47     };
48 }
```

RealSubject
+dolt()

# songFinder - Refactoring using Proxy (cont)

```
51 //caches frequently requested songs. If a song is not already cached
52 function SongProxy() {
53     var songws = new SongWS();
54     return {
55         getSong: function(songInput) {
56             if (!songcache[songInput]) //cache miss -> add to cache
57                 songcache[songInput] = songws.getSong(songInput);
58             return songcache[songInput];
59         },
60         getCount: function() {
61             var count = 0;
62             for (var song in songcache) { count++; }
63             return songcache.count;
64         }
65     };
66 };
67
```

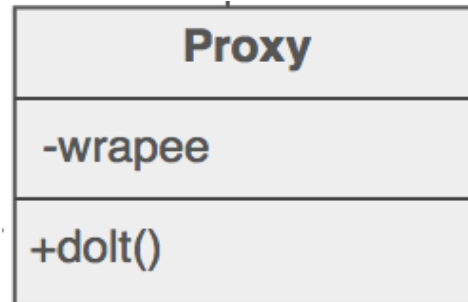
## Proxy

-wrapee

+dolt()

# songFinder - Refactoring using Proxy (cont)

- ★ Provides an interface similar to the real object
- ★ Maintains a reference that lets the proxy access the real object
- ★ Handles requests and forwards these to the real object



# songFinder - Refactoring using Decorator I

## Simple Song Object

```
7  function Song(title, artist, img, playUrl){
8      this.title = title;
9      this.artist = artist;
10     this.img = img;
11     this.play = playUrl || "#";
12
13     this.render = function(templateSource, templateLocation){
14         var $songTemplate = _.template( $(templateSource).html() );
15         var $songLocation = $(templateLocation);
16         $songLocation.append($songTemplate(this) );
17     }
18 }
19
```

# songFinder - Refactoring using Decorator I

Decorated Song Object - Playable Song

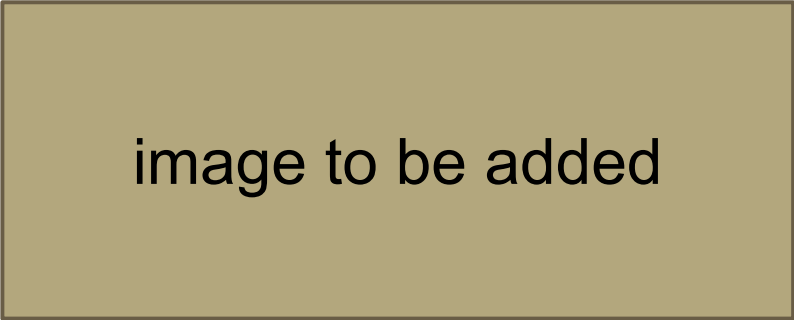


image to be added

# songFinder - Refactoring using Decorator II

```
function SongView(data) {
  this.data = data;
  this.decorator;
  this.render = function(){
    if(this.decorator) {
      //if decorator used render with decorated view
      decorators[this.decorator].render(this.data);
      return;
    }
    //since its a single song instantiate playableSong
    var playableSong = new PlayableSong(getSongObj(data.tracks.items[0]))
    playableSong.render("#song-template", "#song-container");
  }

  this.decorate = function(decorator){
    this.decorator = decorator;
  }
}
```



# songFinder - Refactoring using Decorator II

```
// view decorators
var decorators = {};

//create decorator for rendering multiple songs view
decorators.songsView = {
  render: function(data) { //custom implementation of render
    _.each(data.tracks.items, function(songObj, index){
      getSongObj(songObj).render("#song-template", "#song-container");
    })
  }
};
```

# songFinder - Refactoring using Decorator II

## We achieved to:

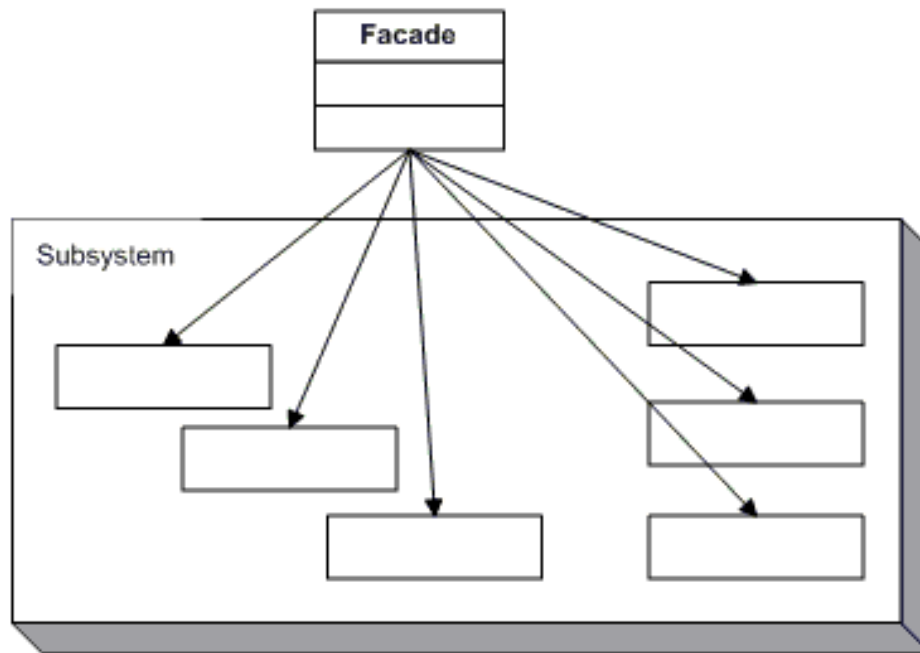
- ★ change efficiently the Song object behavior based on the response format at runtime
- ★ provide a clean and object-oriented way to handle and render different server responses

# Façade Design Pattern

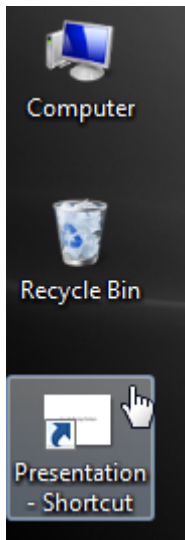
# Façade Pattern - Definition

- Convenient higher-level interface to a larger body of code
- Hides actual complexity
- Simplified presentation of API - Improves usability
- Decouples class from code that utilizes it

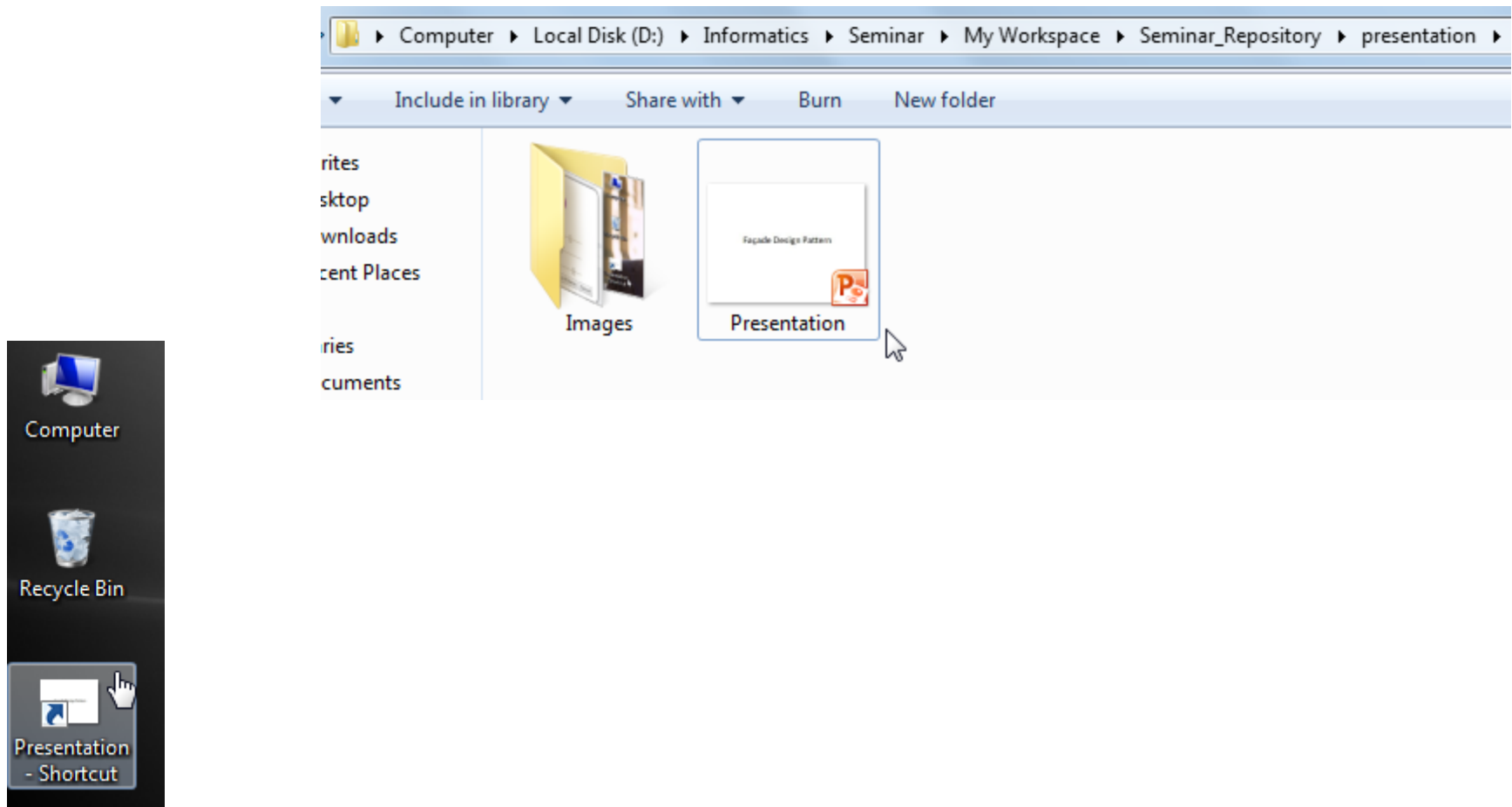
# Façade Pattern - Structure



# Example



# Example



## Example - jQuery

Group of facades – makes programming easier and faster



## Example - jQuery

Group of facades – makes programming easier and faster

facades for `$.ajax()`

- `$.get( url, data, callback, dataType );`
- `$.post( url, data, callback, dataType );`
- `$.getJSON( url, data, callback );`

# Behind the scenes

```
$.ajax({  
  type: "POST",  
  url: url,  
  data: data,  
  dataType: dataType  
}).done( callback );
```

```
$.ajax({  
  url: url,  
  data: data,  
  dataType: dataType  
}).done( callback );
```

```
$.get( url, data, callback, dataType );  
$.post( url, data, callback, dataType );  
$.getJSON( url, data, callback );
```

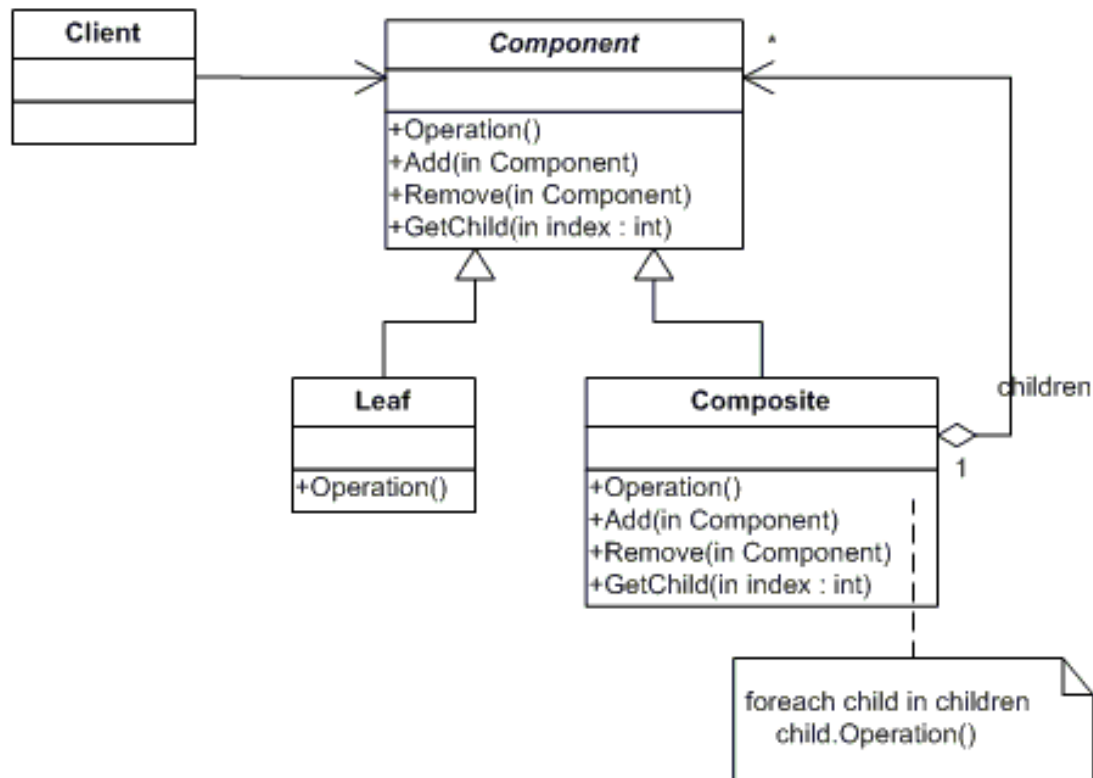
```
$.ajax({  
  url: url,  
  data: data,  
  dataType: "json",  
}).done( callback );
```

# Composite Design Pattern

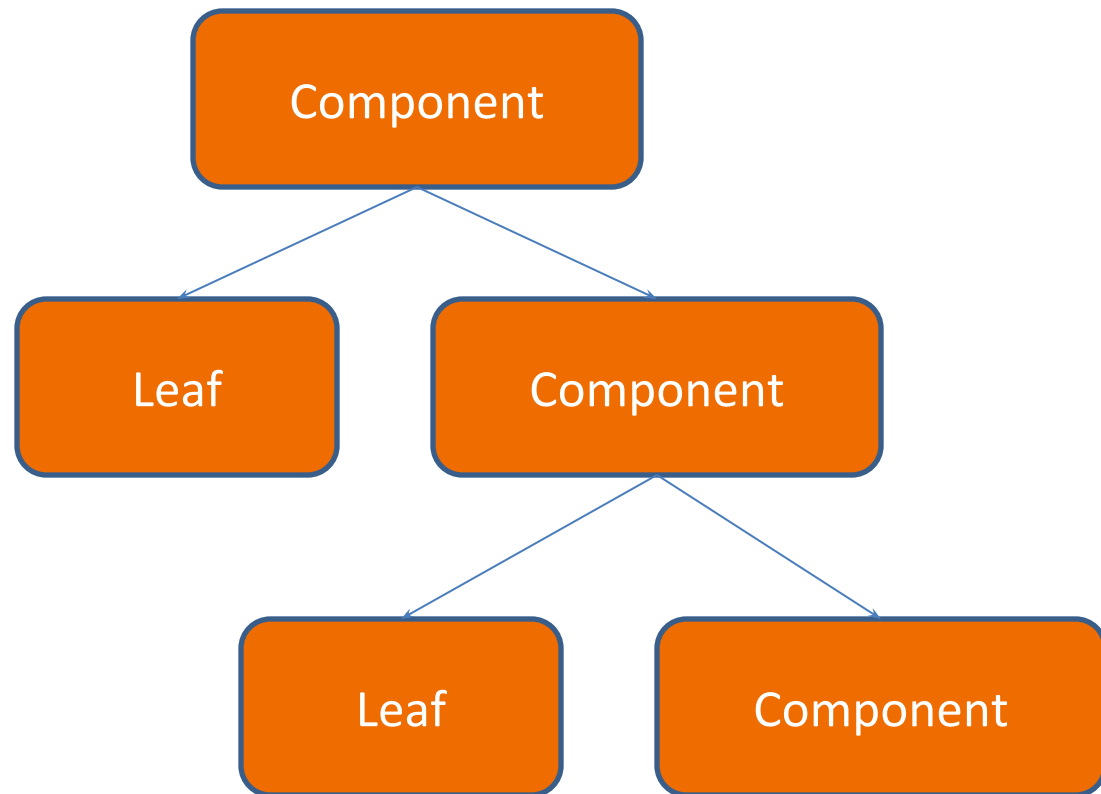
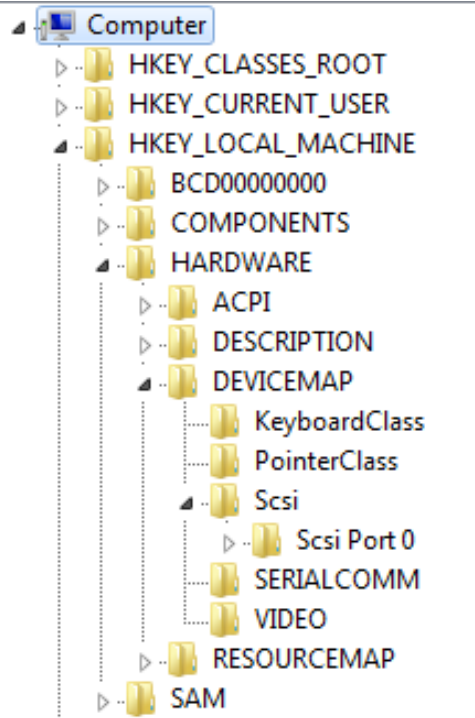
# Composite Pattern - Introduction

- Group of objects should be treated in the same way as a single instance of an object.
- Same behavior applied to an object or a group of objects
- Code resuability

# Composite Pattern - Structure



# Example



# Example - jQuery

Same methods available to be applied to an element or collection of elements

## Single Element

```
$( "#myElement" ).addClass( "active" );  
$( "#container" ).addClass( "active" );
```

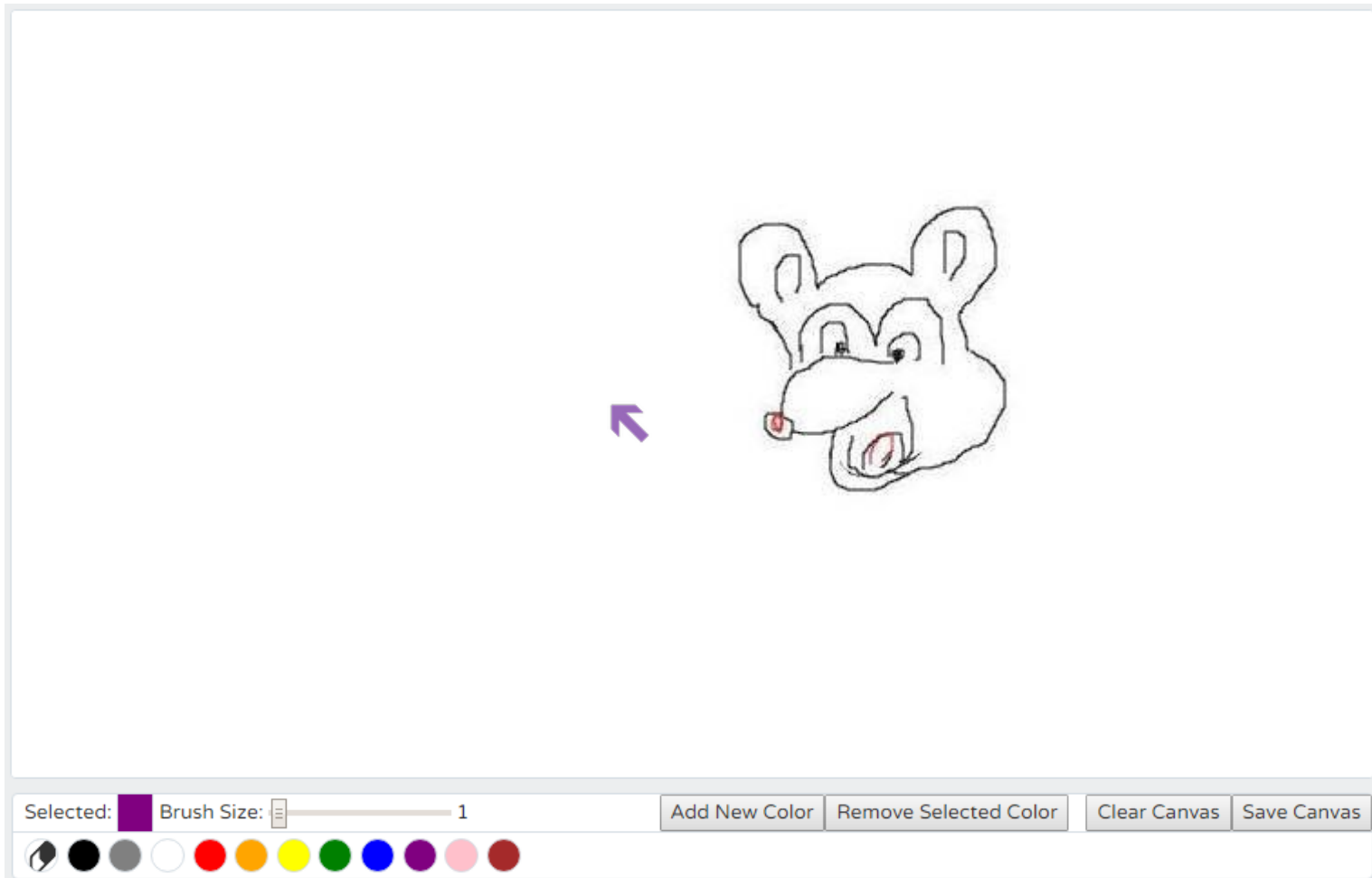
## Collection of Elements

```
$( ".myClass" ).addClass( "active" );  
$( "span" ).addClass( "active" );  
$( "button" ).addClass( "active" );
```

# Project : drawr-bootstrap<sup>[1]</sup>



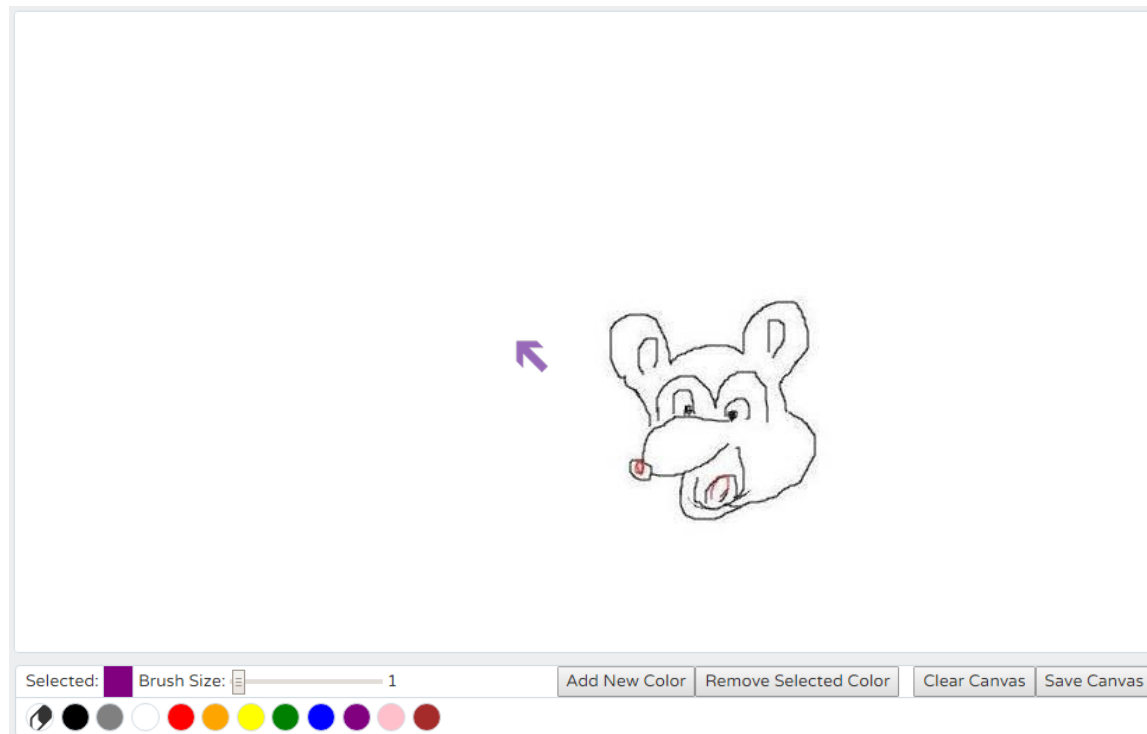
# drawr-bootstrap



First Screen

# drawr-bootstrap: features

- Customizable drawing tool
- Toolbar
  - Brush/Eraser thickness
  - Color Palette
  - Add new color
  - Remove a color
  - Clear canvas
  - Save canvas



# Applying Façade Design Pattern

# Several event listeners & handlers

- `$('#palette').on('click', 'li', function () {...})`
- `$('#erase').click(function () { ...})`
- `$('#thickness').change(function () {...})`
- `$('#eraserthickness').change(function () {...})`
- `$('#save').click(function () {...})`
- `$('#clear').click(function () {...})`
- `$('#addcolor').click(function () {...})`
- `$('#removecolor').click(function () {...})`
- `$('#attachcolor').click(function () {...})`
- `$('#cancelcolor').click(function () {...})`
- `$('.colorslider').change(function () {...})`

# Original Version

```
index.html x app.js x
1 $(document).ready(function () {
2     var color = $('#selected').css('background-color');
3     var paintSurface = $('#paintsurface');
4     var ctx = paintSurface[0].getContext('2d');
5     var lastEvent;
6     var canvasClicked = false;
7     var thickness = $('#thickness').val();
8
9     $('#palette').on('click', 'li', function () { // when color palette items selected:
10         color = $(this).css('background-color'); // set brush color to color selected
11         $(this).siblings().removeClass('selected');
12         $(this).addClass('selected'); // make clicked color 'selected'
13         changeCursor(color); // change cursor to new color
14         thickness = $('#thickness').val(); // update thickness
15         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness); // change thickness counter to match new thickness
16         $('#thickness').removeAttr('disabled');
17         $('#eraserthickness').attr('disabled', 'disabled');
18         $('#brushcontrol').show();
19         $('#erasercontrol').hide(); // show/enable brush thickness slider, hide/disable eraser thickness slider
20         $('#selectedtool').css('background', color); // update selected tool with new color
21     });
22
23     $('#thickness').change(function () { // change thickness when size slider changed and update counter
24         thickness = $('#thickness').val();
25         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
26     });
27
28     $('#eraserthickness').change(function () { // change eraser thickness when eraser slider changed and update counter
29         thickness = $('#eraserthickness').val();
30         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
31     });
32
33     $('#save').click(function () { // fetch canvas url and open in new tab to save
34         var dataURL = paintSurface[0].toDataURL('image/png');
```

app.js

# Limitations

- All event listeners/handlers defined in a single function
- Confusing! No abstraction
- Browsers' compatibility not checked

app.js

```
index.html x app.js x
1 $(document).ready(function () {
2     var color = $('#selected').css('background-color');
3     var paintSurface = $('#paintsurface');
4     var ctx = paintSurface[0].getContext('2d');
5     var lastEvent;
6     var canvasClicked = false;
7     var thickness = $('#thickness').val();
8
9     $('#palette').on('click', 'li', function () { // when color palette items selected:
10         color = $(this).css('background-color'); // set brush color to color selected
11         $(this).siblings().removeClass('selected');
12         $(this).addClass('selected'); // make clicked color 'selected'
13         changeCursor(color); // change cursor to new color
14         thickness = $('#thickness').val(); // update thickness
15         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness); // change thickness counter to match new thickness
16         $('#thickness').removeAttr('disabled');
17         $('#eraserthickness').attr('disabled', 'disabled');
18         $('#brushcontrol').show();
19         $('#erasercontrol').hide(); // show/enable brush thickness slider, hide/disable eraser thickness slider
20         $('#selectedtool').css('background', color); // update selected tool with new color
21     });
22
23     $('#thickness').change(function () { // change thickness when size slider changed and update counter
24         thickness = $('#thickness').val();
25         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
26     });
27
28     $('#eraserthickness').change(function () { // change eraser thickness when eraser slider changed and update counter
29         thickness = $('#eraserthickness').val();
30         $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
31     });
32
33     $('#save').click(function () { // fetch canvas url and open in new tab to save
34         var dataURL = paintSurface[0].toDataURL('image/png');
```

# a simple facade that masks the various browser-specific methods

```
89
90 function addEvent( element, event, callback ) {
91     if( window.addEventListener ) {
92         element.addEventListener( event, callback, false );
93     } else if( document.attachEvent ) {
94         element.attachEvent( 'on' + event, callback );
95     } else {
96         element[ 'on' + event ] = callback;
97     }
98 }
```

app.js

```

89
90 function addEvent( element, event, callback ) {
91     if( window.addEventListener ) {
92         element.addEventListener( event, callback, false );
93     } else if( document.attachEvent ) {
94         element.attachEvent( 'on' + event, callback );
95     } else {
96         element[ 'on' + event ] = callback;
97     }
98 }

```

app.js

```

1  var color = $('#selected').css('background-color');
2  var paintSurface = $('#paintsurface');
3  var ctx = paintSurface[0].getContext('2d');
4  var lastEvent;
5  var canvasClicked = false;
6  var thickness = $('#thickness').val();
7
8  addEvent($('#addcolor'), 'click', function() {
9      addColorClicked();
10  });
11  addEvent($('#removecolor'), 'click', function() {
12      removeColorClicked();
13  });
14  addEvent($('#attachcolor'), 'click', function() {
15      attachColorClicked();
16  });
17  addEvent($('#cancelcolor'), 'click', function() {
18      cancelColorClicked();
19  });
20  addEvent($('#clear'), 'click', function() {
21      clearClicked();
22  });
23  addEvent($('#save'), 'click', function() {
24      saveClicked();
25  });

```








# Achieving abstraction

```
61 function removeColorClicked() {
62     $('#li.selected').remove();
63     $('#palette li:last-child').click();
64 }
65
66 function attachColorClicked() {
67     var newColor = $('<li></li>');
68     newColor.css('background-color', $('#colorpicked').css('background-color'));
69     $('#palette').append(newColor);
70     addEvent(newColor[0], 'click', function() {
71         var returnValues = paletteClicked(this);
72         color = returnValues[0];
73         thickness = returnValues[1];
74     });
75     $('#colorpicker').hide();
76 }
77
78 function cancelColorClicked() {
79     $('#colorpicker').hide();
80 }
81
82 function clearClicked() {
83     var paintSurface = $('#paintsurface');
84     var ctx = paintSurface[0].getContext('2d');
85     ctx.fillStyle = 'rgb(255,255,255)';
86     ctx.lineWidth = 0;
87     ctx.clearRect(0,0,960,540); // erase canvas
88     ctx.rect(0,0,960,540);
89     ctx.stroke();
90     ctx.fill(); // make background white instead of transparent
91 }
92
93 function saveClicked() {
```

eventHandler.js

# Browser-specific methods

```
89
90 function addEvent( element, event, callback ) {
91     if( window.addEventListener ) {
92         element.addEventListener( event, callback, false );
93     } else if( document.attachEvent ) {
94         element.attachEvent( 'on' + event, callback );
95     } else {
96         element[ 'on' + event ] = callback;
97     }
98 }
```

				
1.0	9.0	1.0	1.0	7.0

# Applying Composite Design Pattern

# Original version

```
42  $('#palette').on('click', 'li', function () { // when color palette items selected:
43      color = $(this).css('background-color'); // set brush color to color selected
44      $(this).siblings().removeClass('selected');
45      $(this).addClass('selected'); // make clicked color 'selected'
46      changeCursor(color); // change cursor to new color
47      thickness = $('#thickness').val(); // update thickness
48      $('#thickcounter').text(thickness); // change thickness counter to match new thickness
49      $('#thickness').removeAttr('disabled');
50      $('#eraserthickness').attr('disabled', 'disabled');
51      $('#brushcontrol').show();
52      $('#erasercontrol').hide(); // show/enable brush thickness slider, hide/disable eraser thickness slider
53      $('#selectedtool').css('background', color); // update selected tool with new color
54  });
55
56  $('#thickness').change(function () { // change thickness when size slider changed and update counter
57      thickness = $('#thickness').val();
58      $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
59  });
60
61  $('#eraserthickness').change(function () { // change eraser thickness when eraser slider changed and update counter
62      thickness = $('#eraserthickness').val();
63      $('#thickcounter').text(thickness);
64  });
65
66  $('#erase').click(function () { // when eraser selected:
67      color = 'white'; // set eraser to white
68      thickness = $('#eraserthickness').val(); // update thickness
69      $('#thickcounter').text(thickness); // change thickness counter to match new thickness
70      $(this).removeClass('selected'); // don't select
71  });
```

**Component with collection of list elements**

**Single element component**

# Refactored version

```
69 addEvent($('#palette'), 'click', function(){
70     var returnValues = paletteClicked(this);
71     color = returnValues[0];
72     thickness = returnValues[1];
73 });
74 addEvent($('#paintsurface'), 'mousedown', function(e){
75     var returnValues = mouseDownOnCanvas(e, canvasClicked, lastEvent);
76     lastEvent = returnValues[0];
77     canvasClicked = returnValues[1];
78 });
79 addEvent($('#erase'), 'click', function() {
80     var returnValues = eraseClicked();
81     color = returnValues[0];
82     thickness = returnValues[1];
83 });
84 addEvent($('.colorslider'), 'change', function() {
85     colorSliderChanged(this);
86 });
87
```

Component with  
collection of list elements

Single element  
component

# Refactored version

```
90 function addEvent( element, event, callback ) {
91     console.log("element : " + element);
92     if(element.nodeName == "UL") {
93         console.log("List ...");
94         for(var i = 0; i < element.children.length; i++) {
95             console.log("count : " + i);
96             if(element.children[i].nodeName == 'LI')
97                 addEvent(element.children[i], event, callback);
98         }
99     } else if(element.length > 0) {
100         console.log("multiple elements ..");
101         for(var i = 0; i < element.length; i++) {
102             addEvent(element[i], event, callback);
103         }
104     }
105     else {
106         console.log("element class : " + element.className);
107         if( window.addEventListener ) {
108             element.addEventListener( event, callback, false );
109         } else if( document.attachEvent ) {
110             element.attachEvent( 'on' + event, callback );
111         } else {
112             element[ 'on' + event ] = callback;
113         }
114     }
115 }
```

Recursion for  
Collection components

# References

[1] drawr-bootstrap

<https://github.com/flamingveggies/drawr-bootstrap>

[2] Sourcemaking

[https://sourcemaking.com/design\\_patterns/structural\\_patterns](https://sourcemaking.com/design_patterns/structural_patterns)

[3] songFinder

<https://github.com/goodbedford/songFinder>

[4] dofactory

<http://www.dofactory.com/javascript/design-patterns>

[5] gofpatterns

<http://www.gofpatterns.com>

## Q&A

# Thank you

## Questions?

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