Animation on the Web

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Before I started

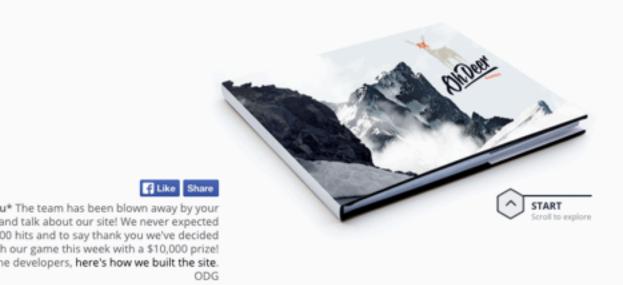
I've been really intrigued by web technology for what and how the content can be displayed, and the two main factors are animation and interaction.

Before taking this class, I have already been trying to figure out what are the different types of animation/interaction out there and seeking for ways to actually make them.

As a result, I decided to create some animation on the web for this project.

Research

Precedents





ScrollMagic

I wanted to make the animation interactive.

The first thing that came to my mind if Parallax Scrolling effect and other effect controlled by scrolling.

ScrollMagic is the solution here.

Yet, soon I realized that I have to make the animation first, while ScrollMagic provides just triggers and control of the animation.

I decided to come back later when I have my animation made.



http://janpaepke.github.io/ScrollMagic/

Canvas

Animation with canvas in html5 was the technology that really surprised me before I dug into web development. The most interesting piece is the "Tearable Clothe". The simulation of gravity and texture is impressive.

The excitement that html5 canvas has brought me led me to do research on Paper.js, raphael.js and Processing.js, which are the most popular-used Javascript library for manipulating elements on canvas. Although the way of drawing graph is very similar to Processing that was taught in the class, I still found it too complicated.

Hopefully I will get back to it soon when I accumulate enough knowledge about html5, canvas and Javascript.

http://codepen.io/gordonnl/full/byouf/

http://paperjs.org/

Paper.js

Features

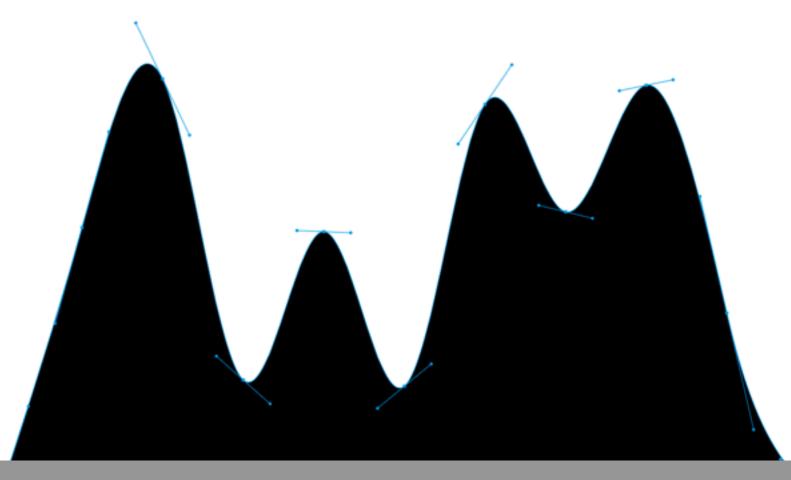
Examples Showcase

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Raphaël—JavaScript Library



What is it?

Raphaël is a small JavaScript library that should simplify your work with vector graphics on the web. If you want to create your own specific chart or image crop and rotate widget, for example, you can achieve it simply and easily with this library.

Raphaël ['ræfeɪəl] uses the SVG W3C Recommendation and VML as a base for creating graphics. This means every graphical object you create is also a DOM object, so you can attach JavaScript event handlers or modify them later. Raphaël's goal is to provide an adapter that will make drawing vector art compatible cross-browser and easy.

Raphaël currently supports Firefox 3.0+, Safari 3.0+, Chrome 5.0+, Opera 9.5+ and Internet Explorer 6.0+.



Download v. 2.1.2 (91 Kb)

Our recommendation is to GZIP it. It will help to reduce file size. You can download uncompressed source (299 Kb) as well.



Documentation



Discussion Group



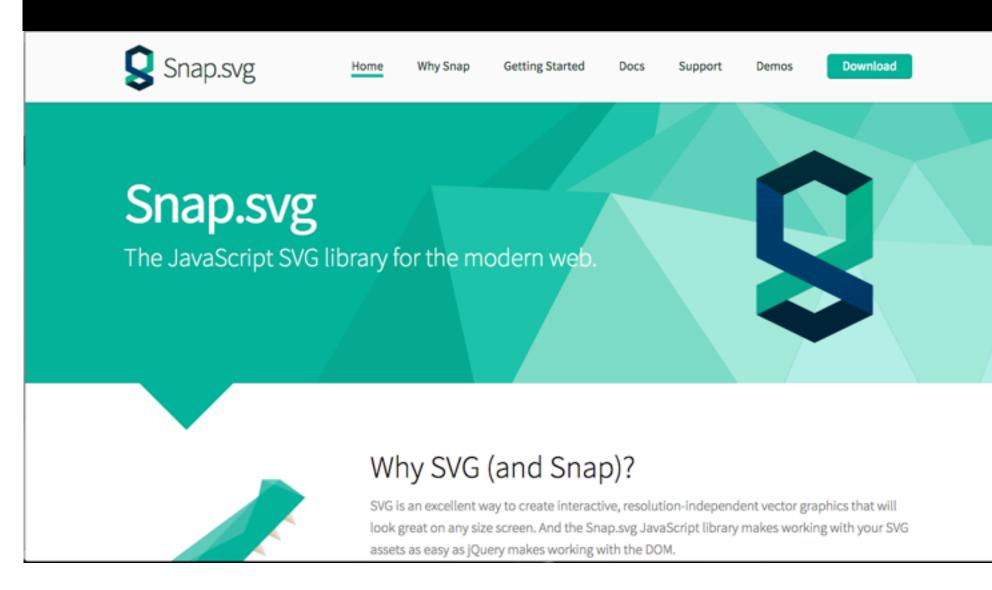
Twitter

Snap.svg

Snap.svg is a Javascript library that animates and draws SVGs. In the beginning I was really interested in using it, but the more information I read about SVGs, the more I thought that it's too complicated for this project, since the time was tight.

Apart from that, SVG animation are light and flexible so I might try this later.

http://snapsvg.io/



http://codepen.io/ghepting/pen/xnezB

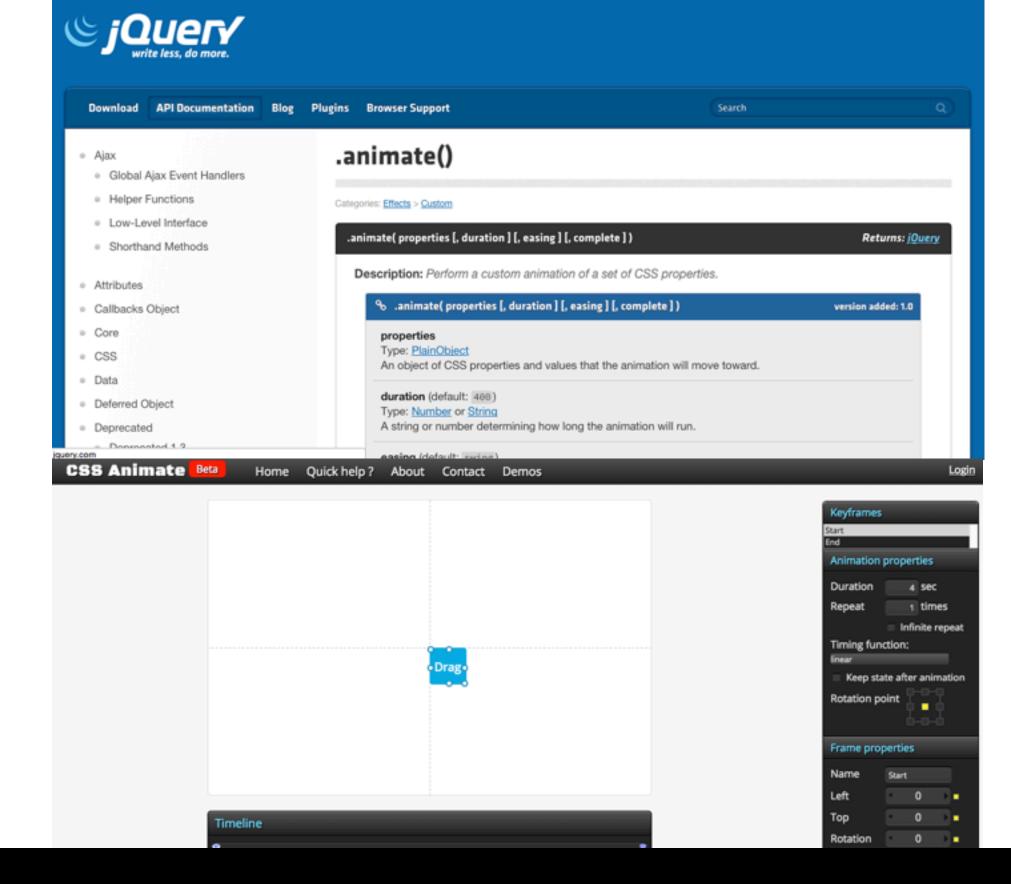
jQuery

jQuery might be the first thing that comes to mind when animation on the web is mentioned. However, I know that codes of jQuery are fairly basic, which is ideal for small animation and more about interaction. It will cost me a lot of time if I want to us it to achieve the ideal animation for me.

CSS 3 animation

CSS3 animation is great and fast, but it will have browser compatibility issues.

I chose not to use it also because I'm not familiar with css3, and I know it's going to be hard to maintain.



Velocity.js

Velocity.js seems really hard at the first glance. The documentation confused me. However, the animation is beautiful, and it is clear to see that the library can be used to design complex and detailed animation.

http://codepen.io/sol0mka/full/kzyjJ/

http://julian.com/research/velocity/



Julian.com → Velocity.js

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Velocity.js | GItHub

Accelerated JavaScript animation.

Overview

Velocity is an animation engine with the same API as jQuery's \$.animate(). It works with and without jQuery. It's incredibly fast, and it features color animation, transforms, loops, easings, SVG support, and scrolling. It is the best of jQuery and CSS transitions combined.

Download

Download Velocity, include it on your page, and replace all instances of jQuery's \$.animate() with \$.velocity(). You will immediately see a performance boost across all browsers and devices — especially on mobile.

Compatibility

Velocity works everywhere — back to IE8 and Android 2.3. Under the hood, it mimics jQuery's \$.queue(), and thus interoperates seamlessly with jQuery's \$.animate(), \$.fade(), and \$.delay(). Since Velocity's syntax is identical to \$.animate(), your code doesn't need to change.

Author

Follow Julian Shapiro for tweets on UI animation. Also, check out Blast.js.

Performance

FPS

Click here to see a comparison between jQuery and Velocity animating a dialog box. You can view the code that powers this comparison.

Load

Velocity outperforms jQuery at all levels of stress, and outperforms Transit (the leading CSS animation library) beginning at medium levels of stress.

The following real-world demo animates the chosen number of divs using this common property map: { left: "85%", opacity: 1 } .

You can view the code that powers this comparison.

Option

Duration Easing Queue Begin & Complete Progress

mobileHA Loop Delay Display & Visibility

Command

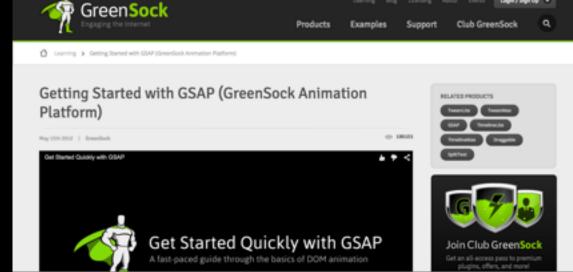
Fade & Slide Scroll Stop Finish Reverse

> Feature Transforms Colors SVG Hook Promises

GSAP

When I'm doing research on how animation on the web could be done, I saw this beautiful demo. This demo led me to the introduction of GSAP, which is a Javascript library. I watched the tutorial and was amazed by how simple it is. Here I found an article,"Animating without jQuery" that compares GSAP, Velocity.js and jQuery. The article is a worth reading.





http://codepen.io/gordonnl/full/byouf/

http://greensock.com/get-started-js

http://www.smashingmagazine.com/ 2014/09/04/animating-without-jquery/ The Process of Making

Some thoughts

During the process, I found GSAP really easy to learn. It's forgiving, simple and clear. It turned out that the thing the challenged me the most is CSS instead of Javascript. In order to adapt with my poor CSS skill, I was forced to revise my design for several times.

One of the problem was my workflow. I didn't do the layout with CSS first before I implement the animation. I have been designing while the development at the same time. It should be easier if I have everything positioned well.

tutorials

http://janpaepke.github.io/ScrollMagic/

https://greensock.com/jump-start-js

http://greensock.com/docs/#/HTML5/GSAP/

index.html animation.js animationtest.html animation.css @import url(http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?fami <!DOCTYPE html> window.onload = function(){ <html> * -{ background-color:#66Bab7 <head> var tl1 = new TimelineLite(); tl1.staggerFrom(".letter",1,{scale:0},0.1); overflow:hidden; tl1.from("#butterfly", 0.5 ,{opacity:0}); <script src="http://cdnjs.cloudflare.</pre> com/ajax/libs/gsap/1.16.0/TweenMax. 9 min.js"></script> 9 10 document.getElementById("restart").onclick = func k rel="stylesheet" type="text/css .letter{ 10 document.getElementById("restart").onmouseover = f " href="animation.css"> color:white; 11 12 TweenMax.to("#restart",0.1,{opacity:1,borderSt 12 display:inline-block; 13 .to("a:link",0.1,{textDecoration:"underline"}) 13 10 <script src="animation.js"></script> 14 11 14 document.getElementById("restart").onmouseout = fu. 15 12 </head> 15 .letters{ 16 13 <body> font-size: 200%: 16 17 17 14 text-align: center: tl1.from(".linecircle",2,{ 15 <div class="container"> 18 margin:0 auto; scale:0, 19 16 19 z-index: 20; opacity:0, 20 17 20 font-family: "Raleway Dots"; <div id="butterfly"></div> 21 rotation:500, 18 <div id="restart">RESTART</div> 23 **},0.1)**; .namewrapper{ <div class="namewrapper"> 23 19 24 24 <div class="letters"> text-align: center; 20 tl1.to(".linecircle",0.5,{rotation:45}).to(".linec 25 z-index: 20: 21 26 33 26 position:relative; </div> 27 tl1.to(".letter",1,{fontSize:110,margin:'auto'},"-34 </div> 27 margin:0 auto: 28 28 height:80px; 35 tl1.to(".linecircle",1,{ 29 36 <div class="linecircle"></div</pre> 29 width:300px; 30 opacity:0, 30 z-index: 10; scale:0, 31 31 37 zIndex:0, 32 38 </div> #butterfly{ 32 33 ease:Bounce.easeOut 39 33 background-image: url("butterfly-03.png"); 34 },"end"); 40 </body> background-size:contain; 34 35 41 35 background-repeat: no-repeat; tl1.to(".letter",1,{scale:0,display:'none'},"end") 36 height:150px; 42 37 tl1.to("#butterfly",1 ,{y:500},"end"); </html> 43 37 width:220px; 38 44 display: block; 38 tl1.to("#restart",1,{y:260,opacity:0},"end") 39 45 margin: 0 auto: .to("#restart",1,{display:"inherit",opacity:0}) 40 40 z-index: 10; .to("#restart",2,{opacity:0.5},"-=0.5"); 41 41 42 42 .container{ var tl2 = new TimelineLite(); 43 height:720px; +12 +a/U.U 2 [backgroundColors[#01ad70]]] U1-2U1. J 9 - 0

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