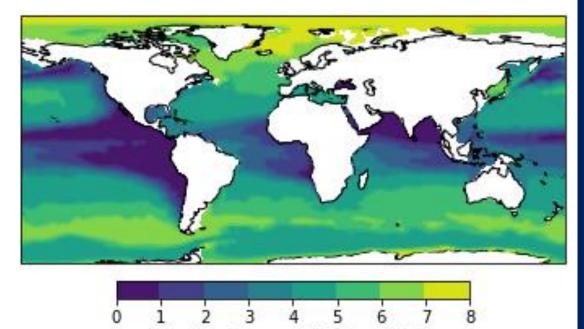
OXYGEN AND THE SALASY GÓMEZ RIDGE

Kara Eckley

Background

- Salas y Gómez Ridge (SyG)
 - Extends ~2,900 km from the Desventuradas Islands to beyond Easter Island
 - Dozens of seamounts
 - High levels of endemism
 - Eastern South Pacific Oxygen Minimum Zone
- East/Central Pacific International Campaign (EPIC) Cruise 2019
 - Surveyed SyG seamounts and oceanic islands
 - Towed camera
 - Environmental data: dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity

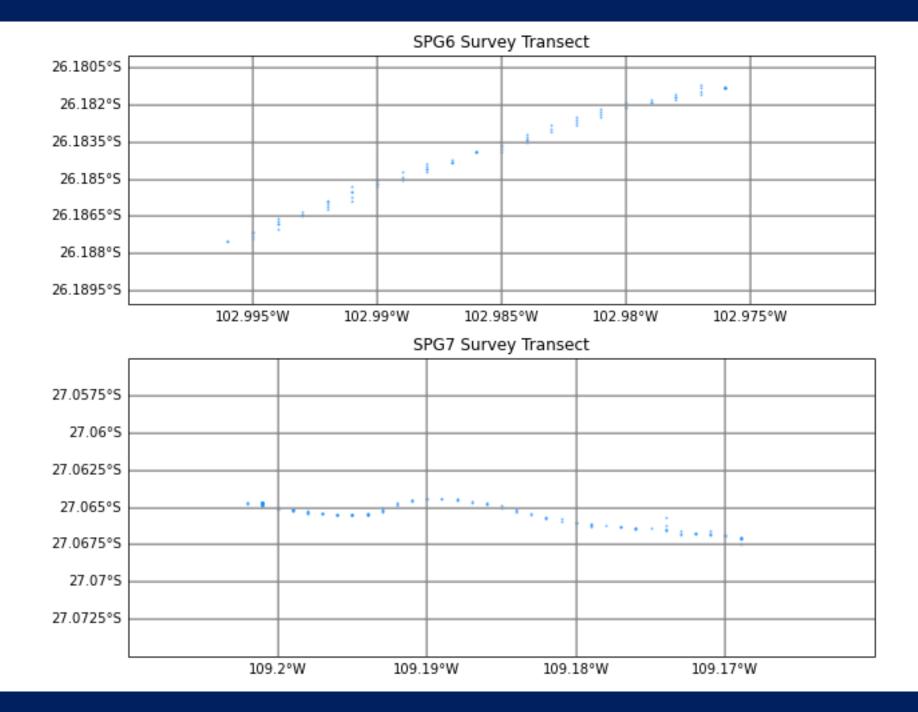


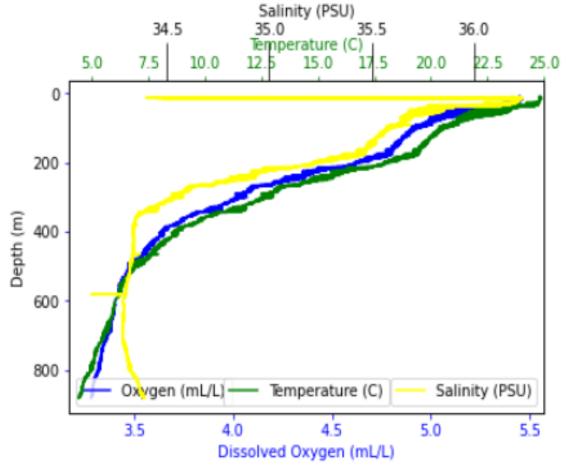
Dissolved Oxygen at 300 m (mL/L)

• CSIRO CARS 2009 Oxygen Data

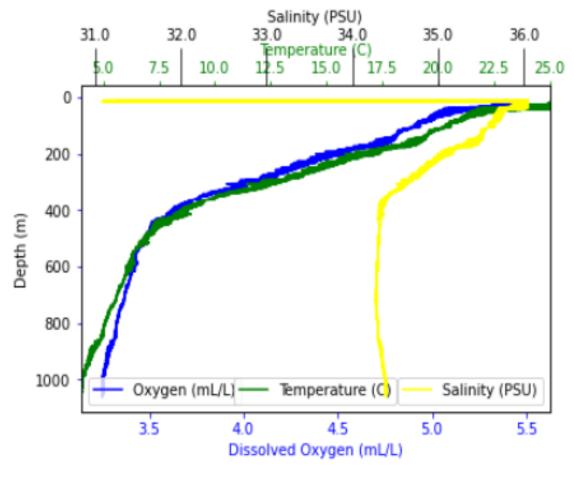
Methods

- One seamount: SPG6; One island: SPG7
 - 3 files per site: Habitat analysis, CTD data, and latitude and longitude
 - Datetime indices to combine
- Cartopy
 - Map transects
 - Plot oxygen minimum zone with CARS 2009 data
- Matplotlib
 - Depth profiles: temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen
- Scipy Stats
 - Linear regression on oxygen varying by depth





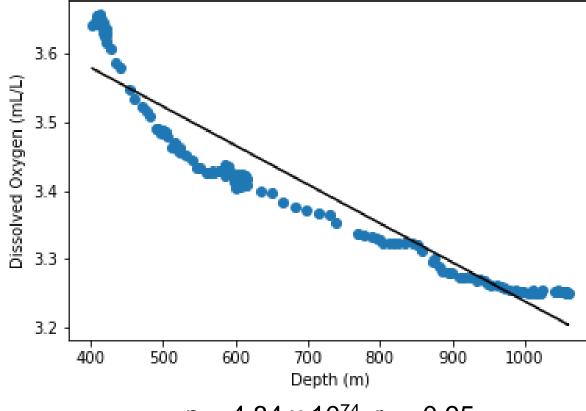
Depth profile for SPG6



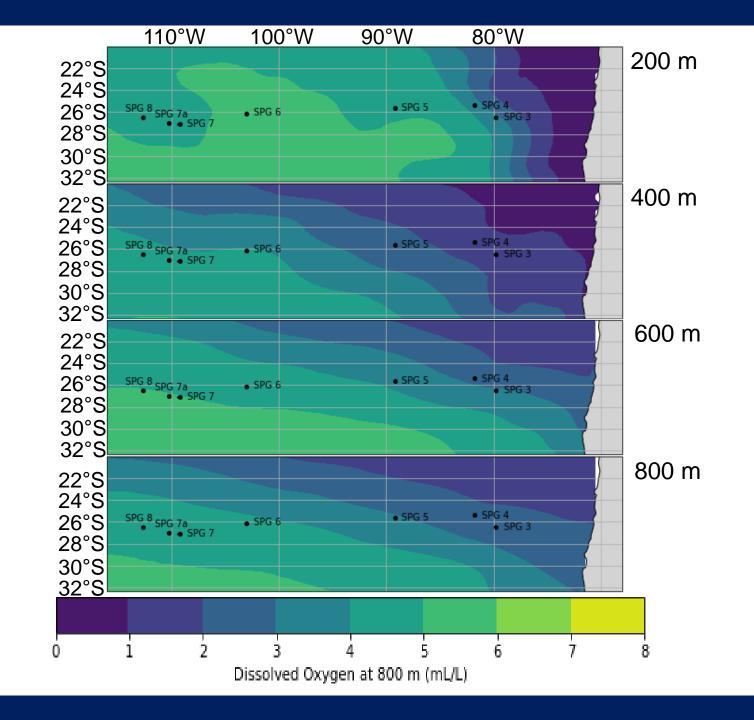
Depth profile for SPG7

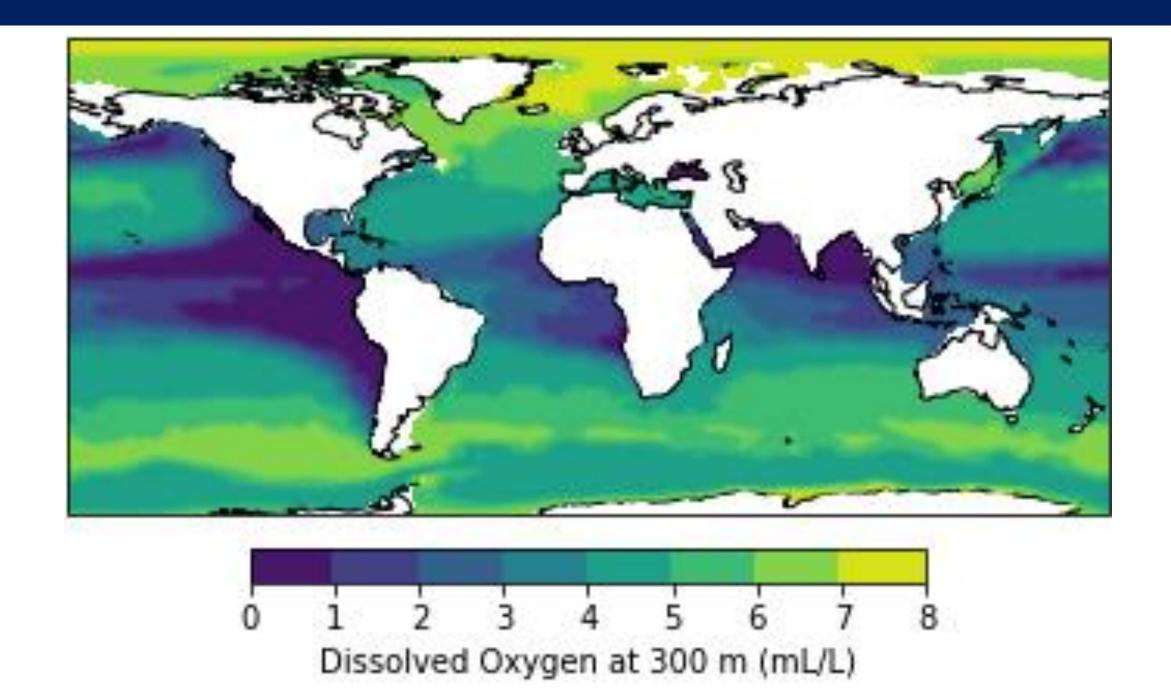
SPG6 - Depth and Dissolved Oxygen Linear Regression 4.2 Dissolved Oxygen (mL/L) 3.6 3.4 3.2 700 300 400 500 600 800 900 Depth (m) $p = 7.58 \times 10^8$, r = -0.93

SPG 7 - Depth and Dissolved Oxygen Linear Regression



 $p = 4.84 \times 10^{74}, r = -0.95$





Conclusions

- Oxygen varied by depth
 - Non-linear regression probably would have been more appropriate
- Oxygen did not appear to vary by site
 - Analysis of additional sites may affect this

- Future work
 - Adding the five additional sites
 - Mapping EPIC bathymetric data
 - Combining habitat analysis with environmental data

Questions?