### In [12]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, RidgeCV, Lasso
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

## In [13]:

```
data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\chila\Downloads\Advertising.csv")
data
```

### Out[13]:

|     | TV    | Radio | Newspaper | Sales |
|-----|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 0   | 230.1 | 37.8  | 69.2      | 22.1  |
| 1   | 44.5  | 39.3  | 45.1      | 10.4  |
| 2   | 17.2  | 45.9  | 69.3      | 12.0  |
| 3   | 151.5 | 41.3  | 58.5      | 16.5  |
| 4   | 180.8 | 10.8  | 58.4      | 17.9  |
|     |       |       |           |       |
| 195 | 38.2  | 3.7   | 13.8      | 7.6   |
| 196 | 94.2  | 4.9   | 8.1       | 14.0  |
| 197 | 177.0 | 9.3   | 6.4       | 14.8  |
| 198 | 283.6 | 42.0  | 66.2      | 25.5  |
| 199 | 232.1 | 8.6   | 8.7       | 18.4  |

200 rows × 4 columns

## In [14]:

data.head()

### Out[14]:

|   | TV             | Radio | Newspaper | Sales |
|---|----------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| ( | 230.1          | 37.8  | 69.2      | 22.1  |
| • | 44.5           | 39.3  | 45.1      | 10.4  |
| 2 | 17.2           | 45.9  | 69.3      | 12.0  |
| ; | <b>3</b> 151.5 | 41.3  | 58.5      | 16.5  |
| 4 | 180.8          | 10.8  | 58.4      | 17.9  |

## In [15]:

### data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199 Data columns (total 4 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype ---0 TV 200 non-null float64 Radio 200 non-null float64 1 2 Newspaper 200 non-null float64 Sales 200 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(4)
memory usage: 6.4 KB

## In [16]:

### data.describe

### Out[16]:

```
<bound method NDFrame.describe of</pre>
                                        TV Radio Newspaper Sales
    230.1
            37.8
                      69.2
                             22.1
     44.5
            39.3
                      45.1
1
                             10.4
     17.2
            45.9
                       69.3
                             12.0
                       58.5
3
    151.5
            41.3
                             16.5
4
    180.8
            10.8
                       58.4
                             17.9
                             7.6
     38.2
                      13.8
195
             3.7
196
     94.2
             4.9
                       8.1
                             14.0
197 177.0
                       6.4
             9.3
                             14.8
198 283.6
                       66.2
                             25.5
            42.0
199 232.1
            8.6
                       8.7
                             18.4
```

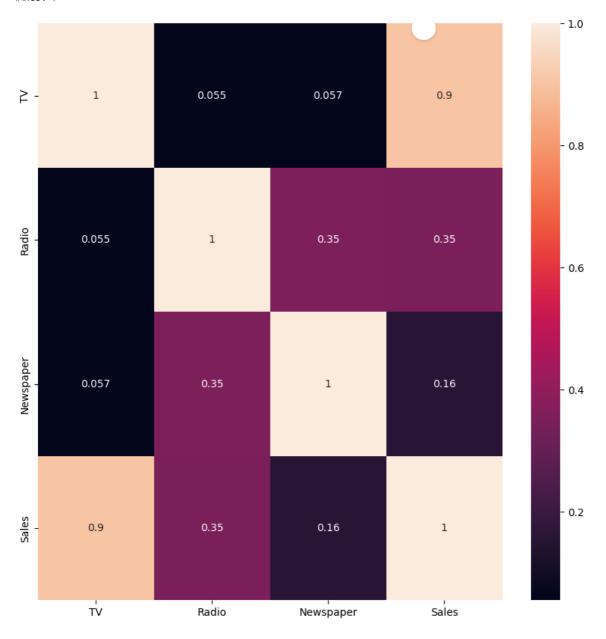
[200 rows x 4 columns]>

## In [17]:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot = True)
```

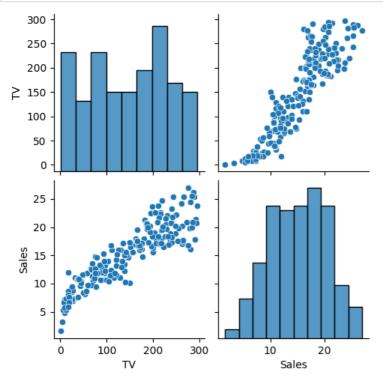
## Out[17]:

<Axes: >



## In [18]:

```
data.drop(columns = ["Radio", "Newspaper"], inplace = True)
#pairplot
sns.pairplot(data)
data.Sales = np.log(data.Sales)
```



### In [33]:

```
features = data.columns[0:2]
target = data.columns[-1]
#X and y values
x = data[features].values
y = data[target].values
#splot
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=17)
print("The dimension of X_train is {}".format(x_train.shape))
print("The dimension of X_test is {}".format(x_test.shape))
#Scale features
scaler = StandardScaler()
x_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
x_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

The dimension of  $X_{train}$  is (140, 2) The dimension of  $X_{test}$  is (60, 2)

# In [34]:

```
#Model
lr = LinearRegression()
#Fit model
lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
#predict
#prediction = lr.predict(X_test)
#actual
actual = y_test
train_score_lr = lr.score(x_train, y_train)
test_score_lr = lr.score(x_test, y_test)
print("\nLinear Regression Model:\n")
print("The train score for lr model is {}".format(train_score_lr))
print("The test score for lr model is {}".format(test_score_lr))
```

## Linear Regression Model:

```
The train score for lr model is 1.0 The test score for lr model is 1.0
```

### In [35]:

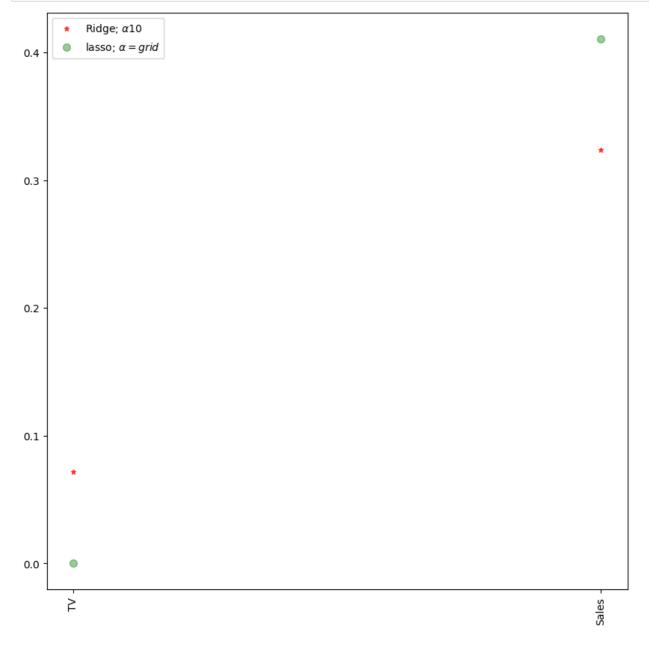
```
#Ridge Regression Model
ridgeReg = Ridge(alpha=10)
ridgeReg.fit(x_train,y_train)
#train and test scorefor ridge regression
train_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(x_train, y_train)
test_score_ridge = ridgeReg.score(x_test, y_test)
print("\nRidge Model:\n")
print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
```

### Ridge Model:

The train score for ridge model is 0.9902871391941608 The test score for ridge model is 0.9844266285141218

### In [36]:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,color='red',label=r'Ridge; $\alpha=10$'
plt.plot(features,lr.coef_,alpha=0.4,linestyle='none',marker='o',markersize=7,color='green',label=r'lasso; $\alpha = grid$
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
In [37]:
```

```
#Lasso regression model
print("\nLasso Model: \n")
lasso = Lasso(alpha = 10)
lasso.fit(x_train,y_train)
train_score_ls =lasso.score(X_train,y_train)
test_score_ls =lasso.score(X_test,y_test)
print("The train score for ls model is {}".format(train_score_ls))
print("The test score for ls model is {}".format(test_score_ls))
```

#### Lasso Model:

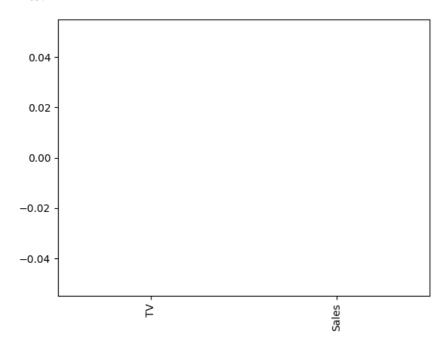
The train score for 1s model is 0.0 The test score for 1s model is -0.0042092253233847465

#### In [38]:

```
pd.Series(lasso.coef_, features).sort_values(ascending = True).plot(kind = "bar")
```

#### Out[38]:

<Axes: >



### In [39]:

```
#Using the linear CV model
from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
#Lasso Cross validation
lasso_cv = LassoCV(alphas = [0.0001, 0.001, 0.1, 1, 10], random_state=0).fit(x_train,y_train)
#score
print(lasso_cv.score(x_train, y_train))
print(lasso_cv.score(x_test, y_test))
```

0.9999999343798134
0.9999999152638072

# **ELASTIC NET REGRESSION**

]

### In [40]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
regr=ElasticNet()
regr.fit(X,y)
print(regr.coef_)
print(regr.intercept_)
```

[0.00417976 0. 2.026383919311004

## In [41]:

y\_pred\_elastic=regr.predict(x\_train)

## In [42]:

mean\_squared\_error=np.mean((y\_pred\_elastic-y\_train)\*\*2)
print("Mean Squared Error on test set",mean\_squared\_error)

Mean Squared Error on test set 0.5538818050142158