

CE3005/CZ3006/SC2008
Computer Networks

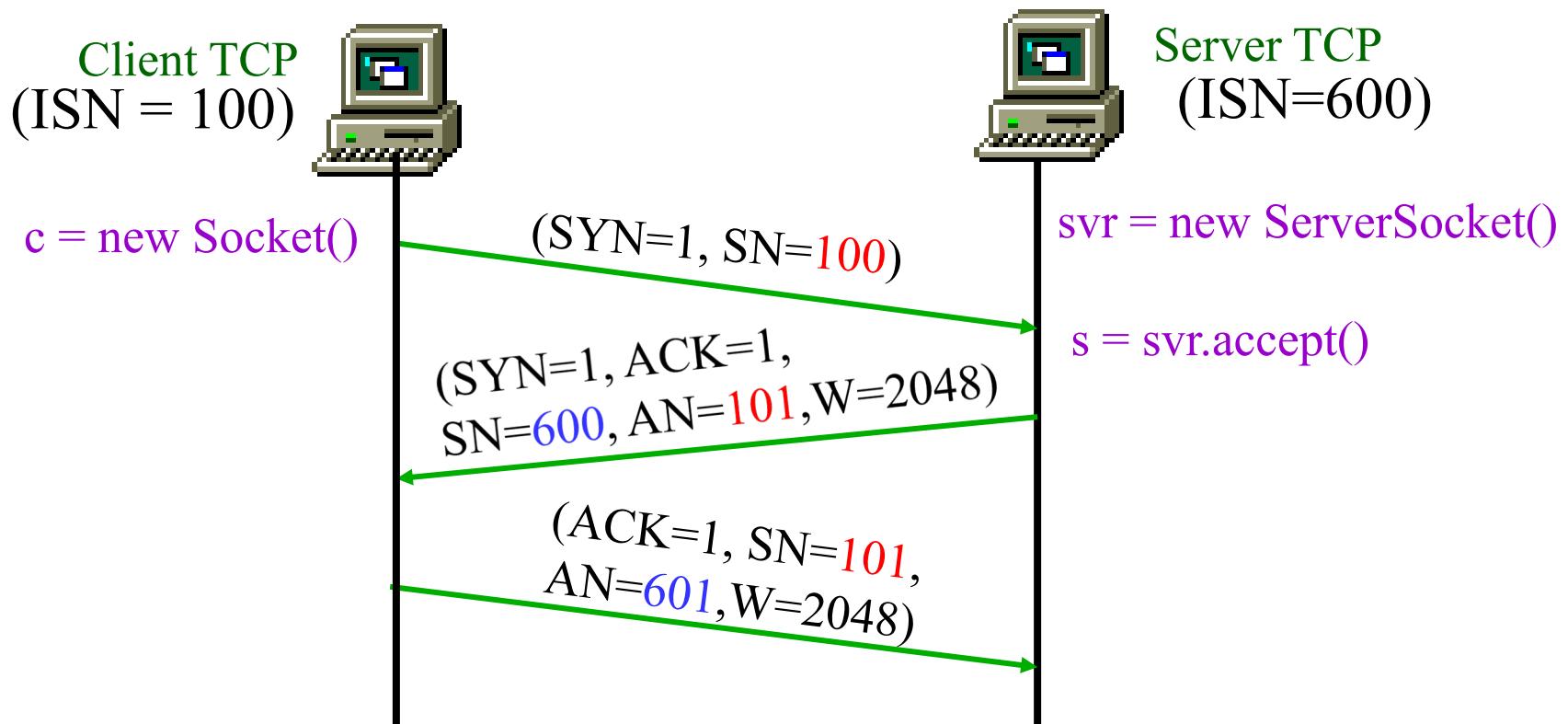
Tutorial 2-3

Q1. Information provided

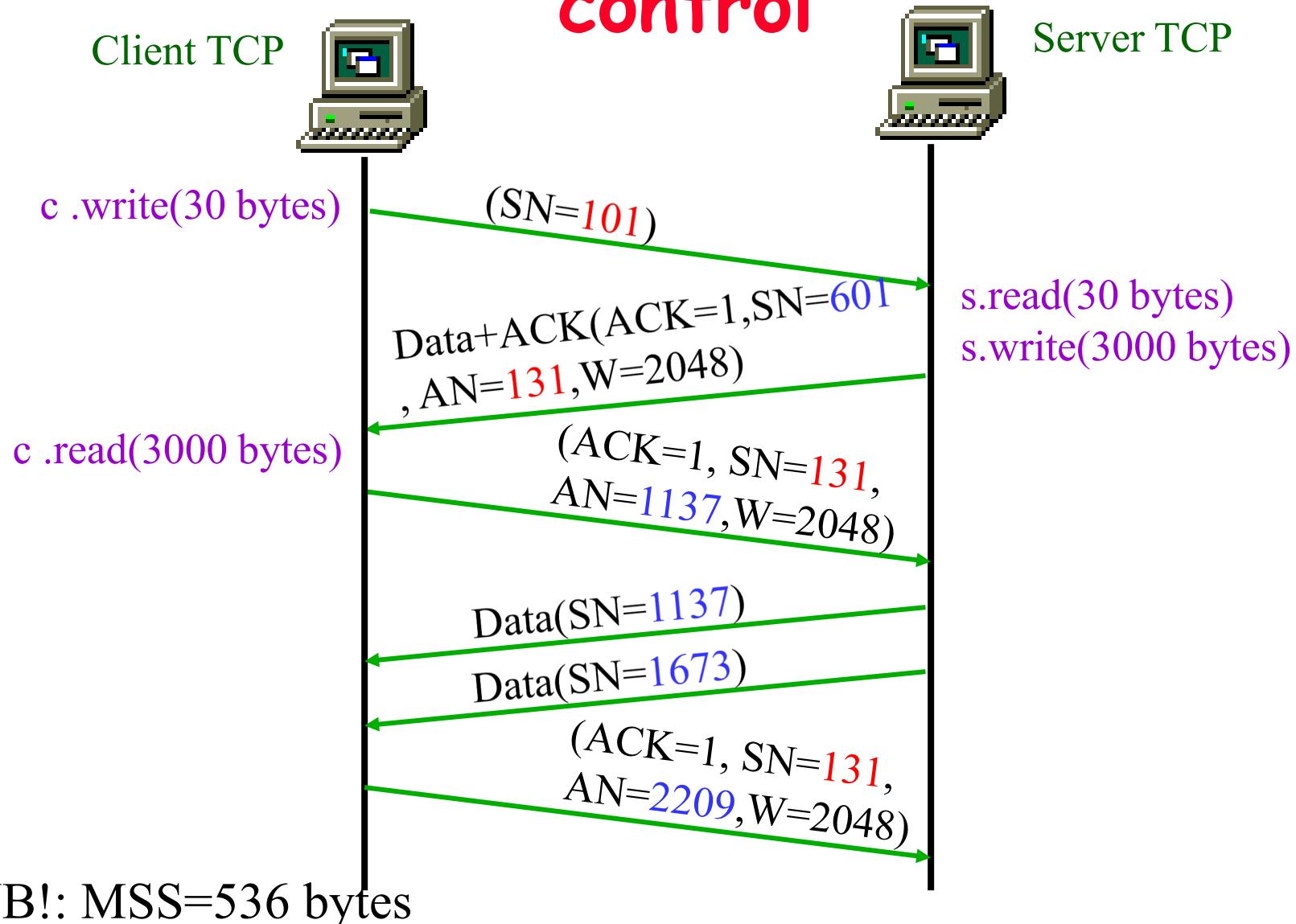
Assume that the Initial Sequence Number (ISN) for the Client TCP is 100 and the ISN for the Server TCP is 600. Both window sizes are fixed at 2048 bytes. The Maximum Segment Size (MSS) is 536 bytes, and the initial congestion window size is 1 MSS.

Client TCP	Server TCP
c = new Socket()	svr = new ServerSocket()
c.write(30 bytes)	s.read(30 bytes)
c.read(3000 bytes)	s.write(3000 bytes)
c.close()	s.close()

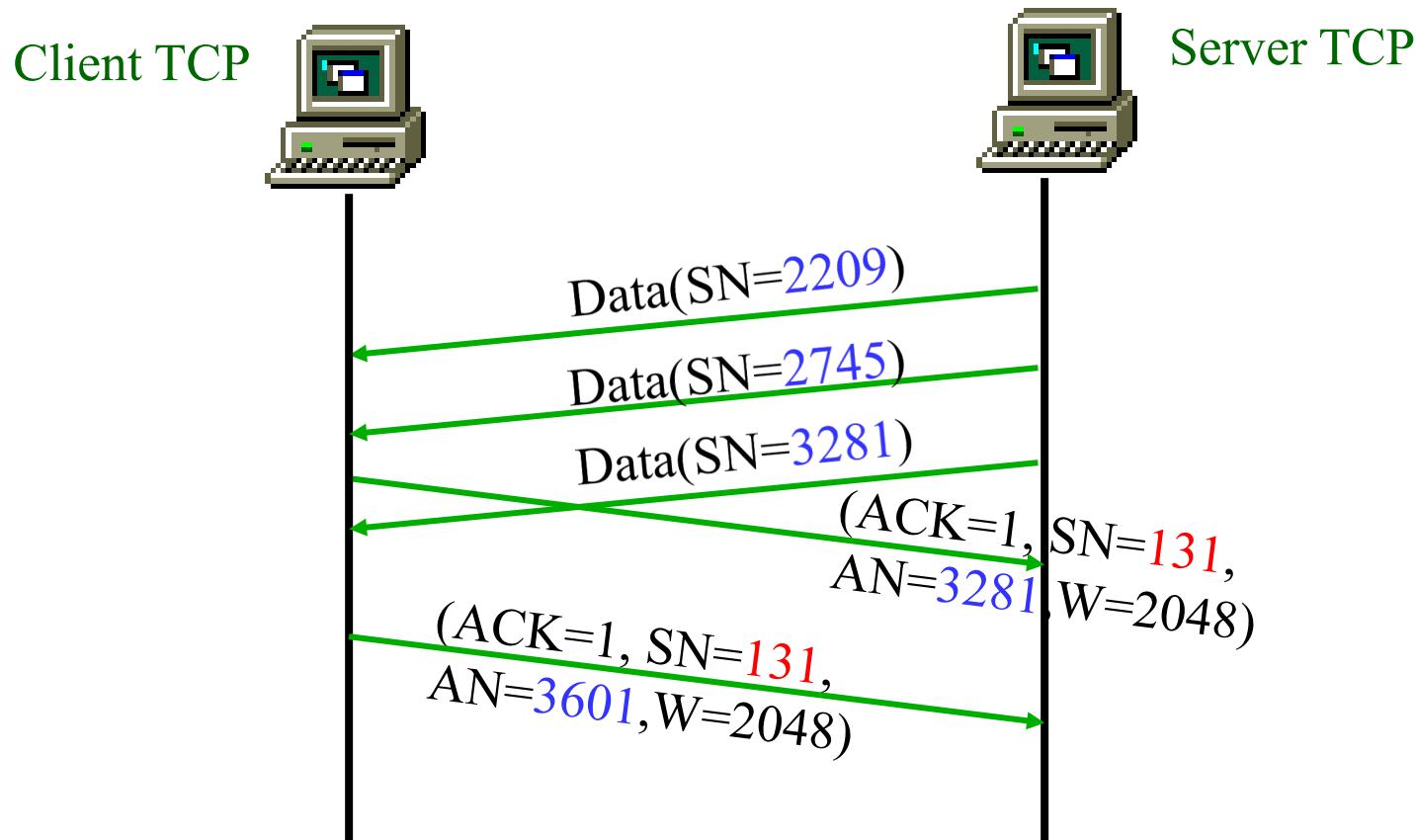
Q1: TCP – connection establishment



Q1: TCP – flow and congestion control

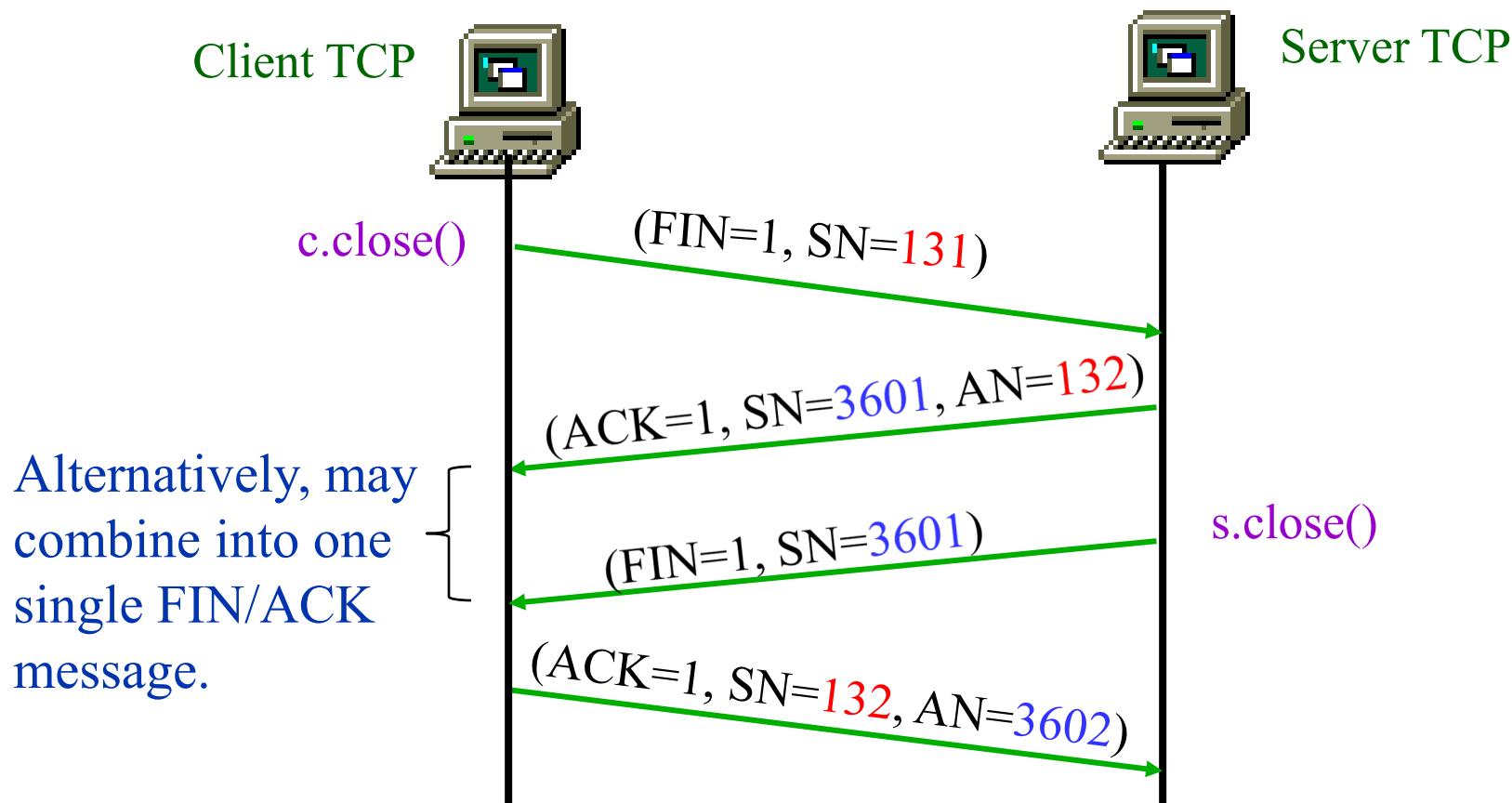


Q1: TCP – flow and congestion control

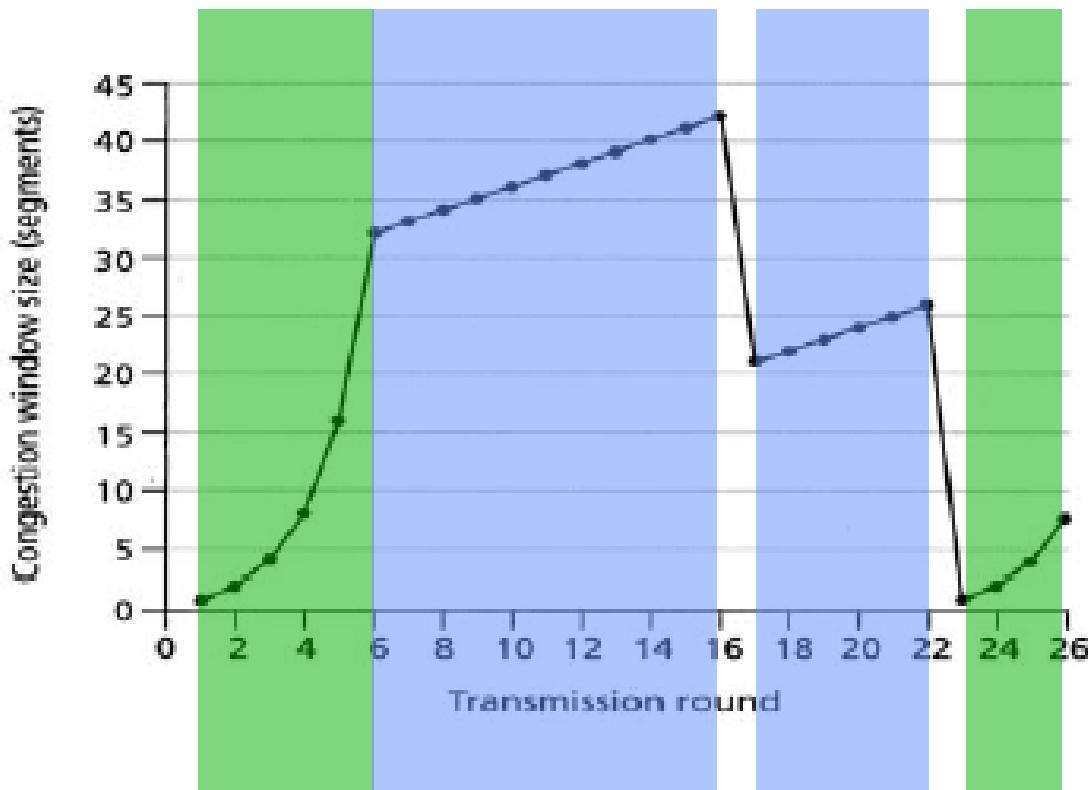


NB!: MSS=536 bytes

Q1: TCP – connection termination

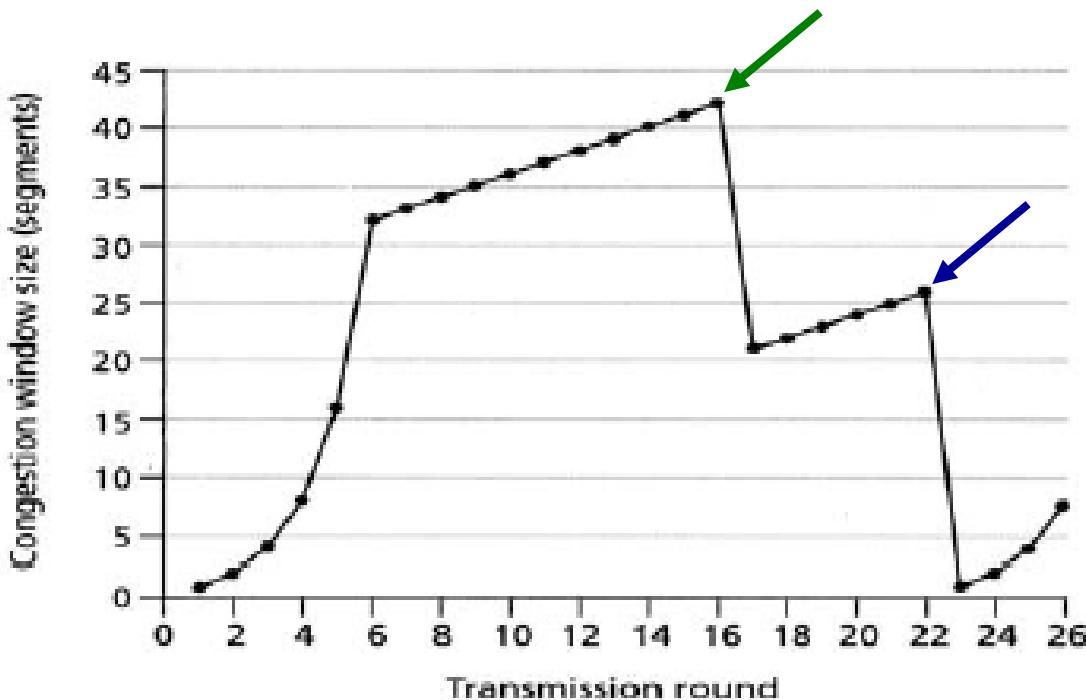


Q2: TCP Congestion Control



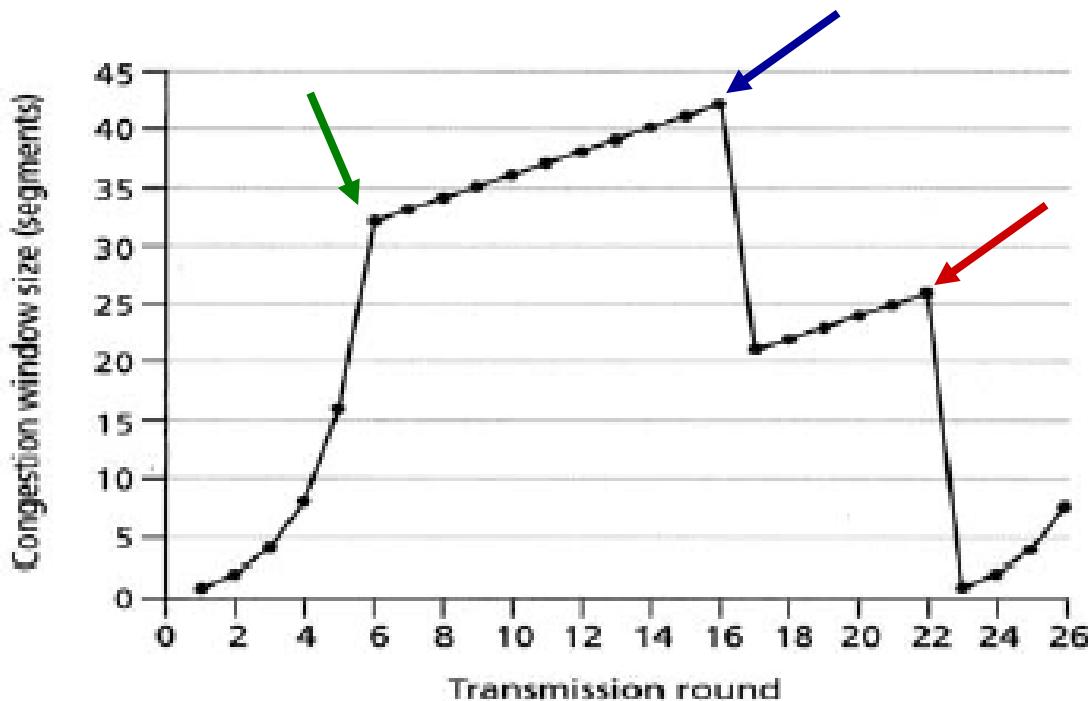
- (a) Slow start [1,6] & [23,26]
- (b) Congestion avoidance [6,16] & [17,22]

Q2: TCP



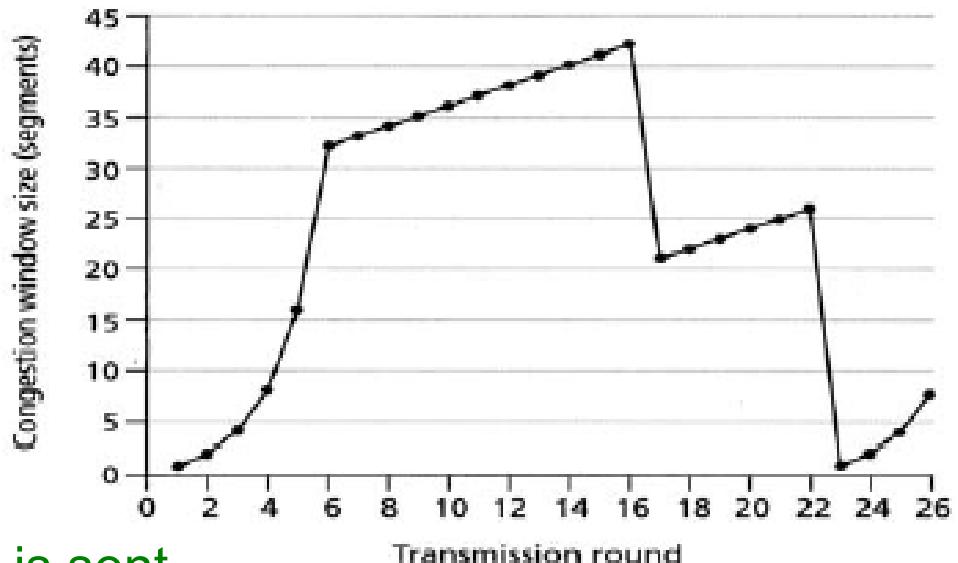
- (c) At 16th transmission round, the host experienced a triple duplicate ACKs, because otherwise it will drop its cwnd to 1
- (d) At 22nd transmission round, the host experienced a timeout of ACK, hence it drops its cwnd to 1

Q2: TCP



- (e) Threshold at 1st = 32 (see 6th transmission round)
- (f) Threshold at 18th = $42/2 = 21$ (see 16th transmission round)
- (g) Threshold at 24th = $26/2 = 13$ (see 22nd transmission round)

Q2: TCP



(h)

During 1st, round, segment 1 is sent

During 2nd, round, segment 2-3 are sent

During 3rd, round, segment 4-7 are sent

During 4th, round, segment 8-15 are sent

During 5th, round, segment 16-31 are sent

During 6th, round, segment 32-63 are sent

During 7th, round, segment 64-96 are sent <<< segment70 sent

Q4: TCP throughput

Information Provided

- Link information:
 - Link speed = 1Gbps,
 - RTT = 100 milliseconds
- File size: 1 GByte
- TCP congestion control configuration:
 - Maximum segment size 1 Kbyte
 - Maximum number of segment 16

Q4 Solution

- In one RTT, the maximum amount of data that is transmitted is
 - $1\text{KB} \times 16 = 16\text{KB}$
- Since there are 10 RTT in one second, as RTT is 100 millisecond.
 - Throughput = $16\text{KB} \times 10 = 160\text{KB}$ per second
- Duration of transfer
 - $1,000,000 \text{ KB}/160\text{KB} = 6,250$ seconds

Q3(a): Understanding Internet

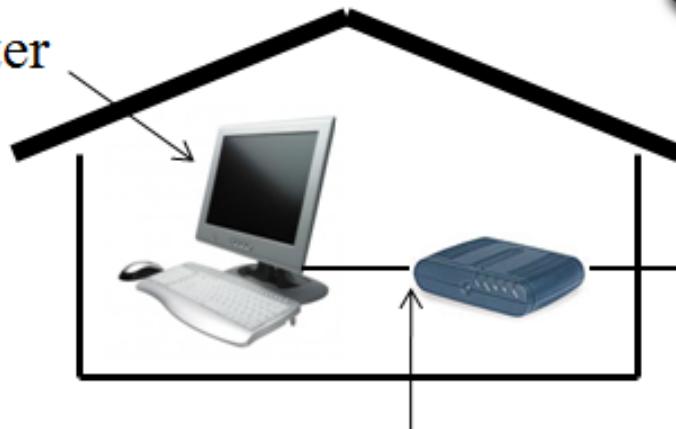
Roles performed by ADSL modem:

- **DHCP server**: configure host with IP address, subnet mask, etc.
- **DNS server**: resolve domain name to corresponding IP address
- **Default gateway**: forward packets to outside networks not directly reachable by the host
- **NAT**: enable host to use private IP address by translating it to public IP address and vice versa

MAC: 00-23-26-AA-AA-AA

IP: 192.168.1.68

Computer



ADSL modem

IP: 192.168.1.254

MAC: 00-24-17-BB-BB-BB

Internet



Web server

<http://www.ntu.edu.sg>

IP: 155.69.6.163

```
c:\>ipconfig /all
```

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

Physical Address : 00-23-26-AA-AA-AA

DHCP Enabled : Yes

IPv4 Address : 192.168.1.68

Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway : 192.168.1.254

DHCP Server : 192.168.1.254

DNS Server : 192.168.1.254

	MAC address		IP address (if applicable)		Purpose of Frame
Frame	Source	Destination	Source	Destination	
1.					
2.					
...					
Last.					HTTP reply

Q3(b): Understanding Internet

Frame	MAC Address		IP Address (if applicable)		Purpose of Frame
	Source	Destination	Source	Destination	
1.	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF	-	-	ARP request for 192.168.1.254
2.	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	-	-	ARP reply
3.	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	192.168.1.68	192.168.1.254	DNS request for www.ntu.edu.sg
4.	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	192.168.1.254	192.168.1.68	DNS reply 155.69.6.163

Q3(b): Understanding Internet

Frame	MAC Address		IP Address (if applicable)		Purpose of Frame
	Source	Destination	Source	Destination	
5.	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	192.168.1.68	155.69.6.163	TCP 3-way handshake
6.	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	155.69.6.163	192.168.1.68	TCP 3-way handshake
7.	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	192.168.1.68	155.69.6.163	TCP 3-way handshake

Q3(b): Understanding Internet

Frame	MAC Address		IP Address (if applicable)		Purpose of Frame
	Source	Destination	Source	Destination	
8.	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	192.168.1.68	155.69.6.163	HTTP request
9.	00-24-17-BB-BB-BB	00-23-26-AA-AA-AA	155.69.6.163	192.168.1.68	HTTP reply