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### **LAB 1: UNDERSTANDING NETWORKING WITH INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES**

#### **EXERCISE 1A: COMMUNICATION ARCHITECTURES**

Classify the following installed communication modules into their appropriate layers in the TCP/IP architecture(ie protocol stack in figure 1.1):

Internet Protocol (IP) : Network Layer

Network controller card  
(eg. Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller) : Data Link Layer

#### **EXERCISE 1B: ADDRESSING**

Classify the use of the following addresses into their appropriate layers in the TCP/IP architecture(protocol stack in figure figure 1.1):

Port number : Transport Layer

IP address : Network Layer

MAC address : Data Link Layer

#### **EXERCISE 1C: PHYSICAL/MAC/ETHERNET ADDRESSES**

Determine the MAC address of your laboratory PC:

MAC Address : A4-BB-6D-5F-CA-F7  
Manufacturer : Dell Inc.

#### **EXERCISE 1D: IP ADDRESSES**

NTU IP address range(**NOT** your PC IP address) : 155.69.0.0 - 155.69.255.255

Determine the special uses of the following IP addresses:

{ 127, <any> } : Loopback addresses. Used for testing and communication within the same device.

{ 172.21, <any> } : Used in private networks such as homes and offices

#### **EXERCISE 1E: DYNAMIC HOST CONFIGURATION PROTOCOL (DHCP)**

Determine the following for your laboratory PC:

DHCP Enabled : Yes  
DHCP Server : 155.69.3.8  
Network/Subnet Mask : 255.255.240.0

What is your IP address(from Ipconfig) : 10.96.184.55

What is the reported IP address from website (try <https://whatismyipaddress.com/>) :  
155.69.190.63

Who is the owner of the IP address reported by the website?

NTU

**EXERCISE 1F: PORT NUMBERS**

Determine the well-known ports for the following services:

TELNET	:	23
Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)	:	25
Quote of the Day Protocol	:	17
Domain Name Service (DNS)	:	53
Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP)	:	80

**EXERCISE 1G: DOMAIN NAMES**

How do you register/buy a domain name under .sg, e.g. myweb.per.sg?

1. Check the availability of the desired domain name on <https://www.sgnic.sg/>
2. Register the .sg domain name with any of the registrars accredited by Singapore Network Information Centre (SGNIC) and pay the registration fees

**EXERCISE 1H: DOMAIN NAMES/IP ADDRESSES TRANSLATION  
- DOMAIN NAME SYSTEM (DNS)**

Determine the followings:

Local DNS servers for your laboratory PC :  
 155.69.3.7  
 155.69.3.8  
 155.69.3.9

Authoritative DNS servers for ntu.edu.sg : DNSTEX.NTU.EDU.SG  
 (155.69.254.5) and DNSTEX1.NTU.EDU.SG (155.69.254.230)

IP address of domain name www.ntu.edu.sg : 104.16.4.14

What is the command to show the entries in the DNS cache? ipconfig /displaydns  
 What is the command to clear the entries in the DNS cache? ipconfig /flushdns

**EXERCISE 1J: PROPRIETARY MICROSOFT WINS**

Determine the followings for your laboratory PC:

NetBIOS/Host name : hw1-r2-v07  
 Primary WINS server : 155.69.5.154  
 Secondary WINS server : 155.69.5.54

**EXERCISE 1K: DEFAULT GATEWAY**

IP address of default gateway : 10.96.191.254

**EXERCISE 1L: IP ADDRESS/PHYSICAL ADDRESS TRANSLATION  
- ADDRESS RESOLUTION PROTOCOL (ARP)**

Physical MAC address of default gateway : 00-00-0c-9f-f0-f0

**EXERCISE 1M: NETWORK REACHABILITY - PING COMMAND**

**ping** your neighbour's PC and run **arp** command again. Do you see your neighbour's PC listed? Why?

Yes. Both IP addresses are in the same subnet.

ARP request is performed and the mapping of physical address is saved into the ARP cache table.

Physical address of neighbour's PC : A4-BB-6D-61-CC-C9

**EXERCISE 1N: TRACE ROUTE - TRACERT COMMAND**

How many routers are separating your laboratory PC and the local DNS servers?  
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Run **arp** command again. Can you find the MAC address of the DNS servers? Why?  
No.

The DNS servers do not use the same local subnet as the PC and can only be reached through the gateway. Therefore, the MAC address will not be saved in the ARP cache table.