

Let's Write a Type Checker

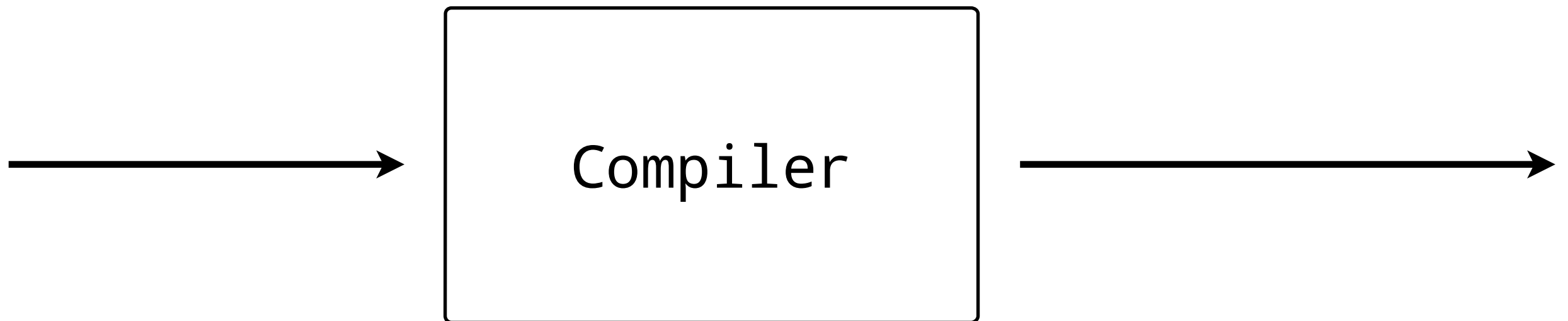
Ionuț G. Stan – I T.A.K.E. – May 2015

The Plan

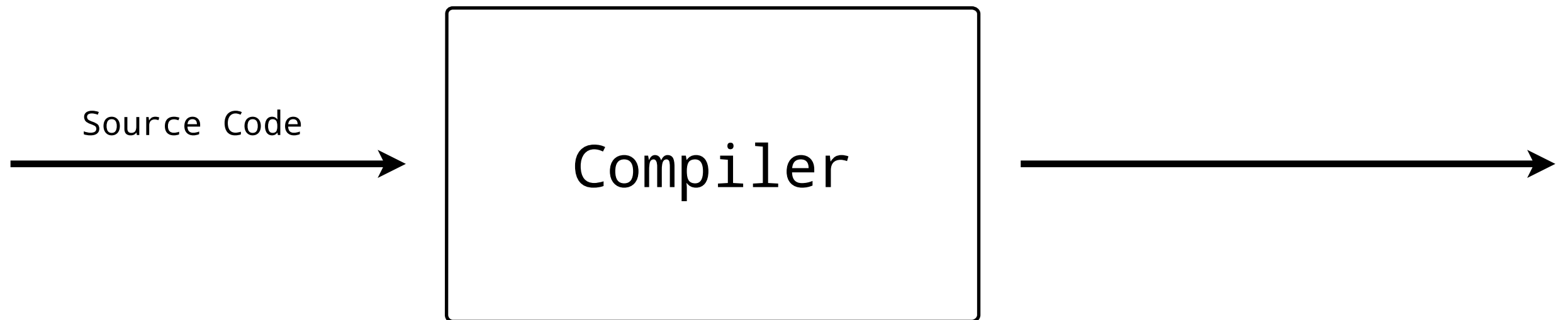
- Part 1
 - Compilers Overview
 - Type Checking vs Type Inference
 - Vehicle Language
 - Wand's Type Inference Algorithm
- Part 2
 - Live Demonstration

Compilers Overview

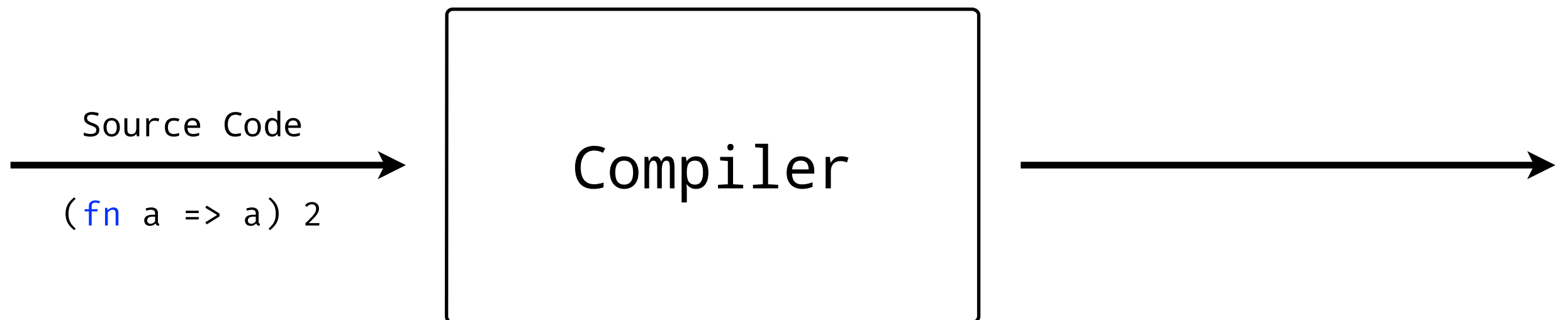
Compilers Overview



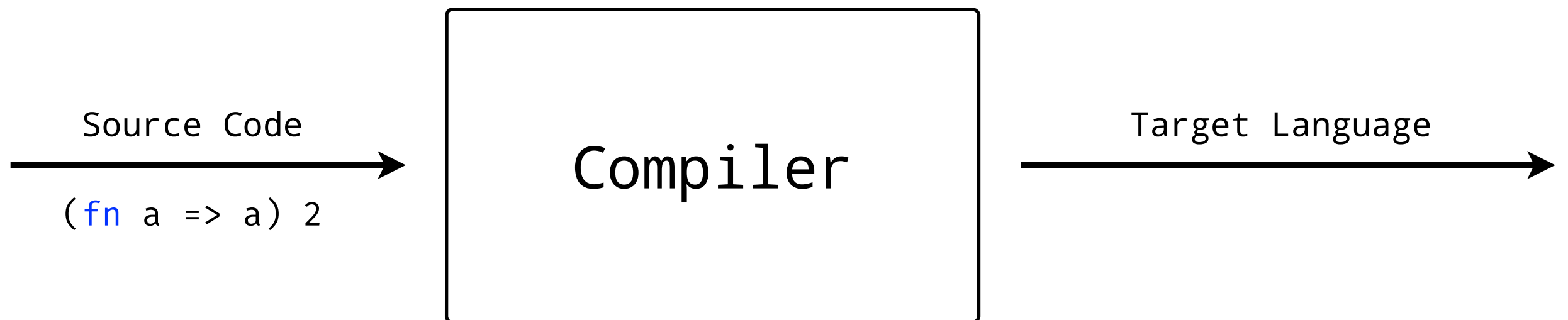
Compilers Overview



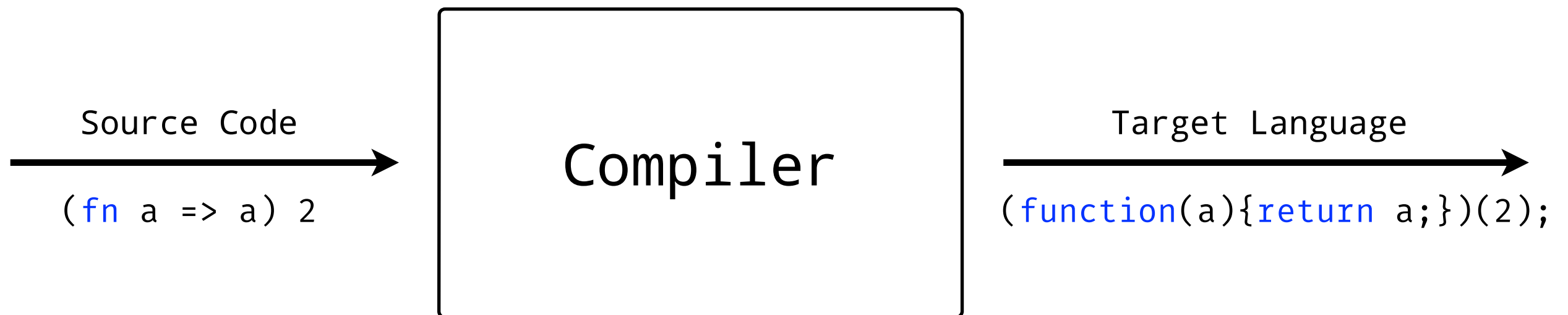
Compilers Overview



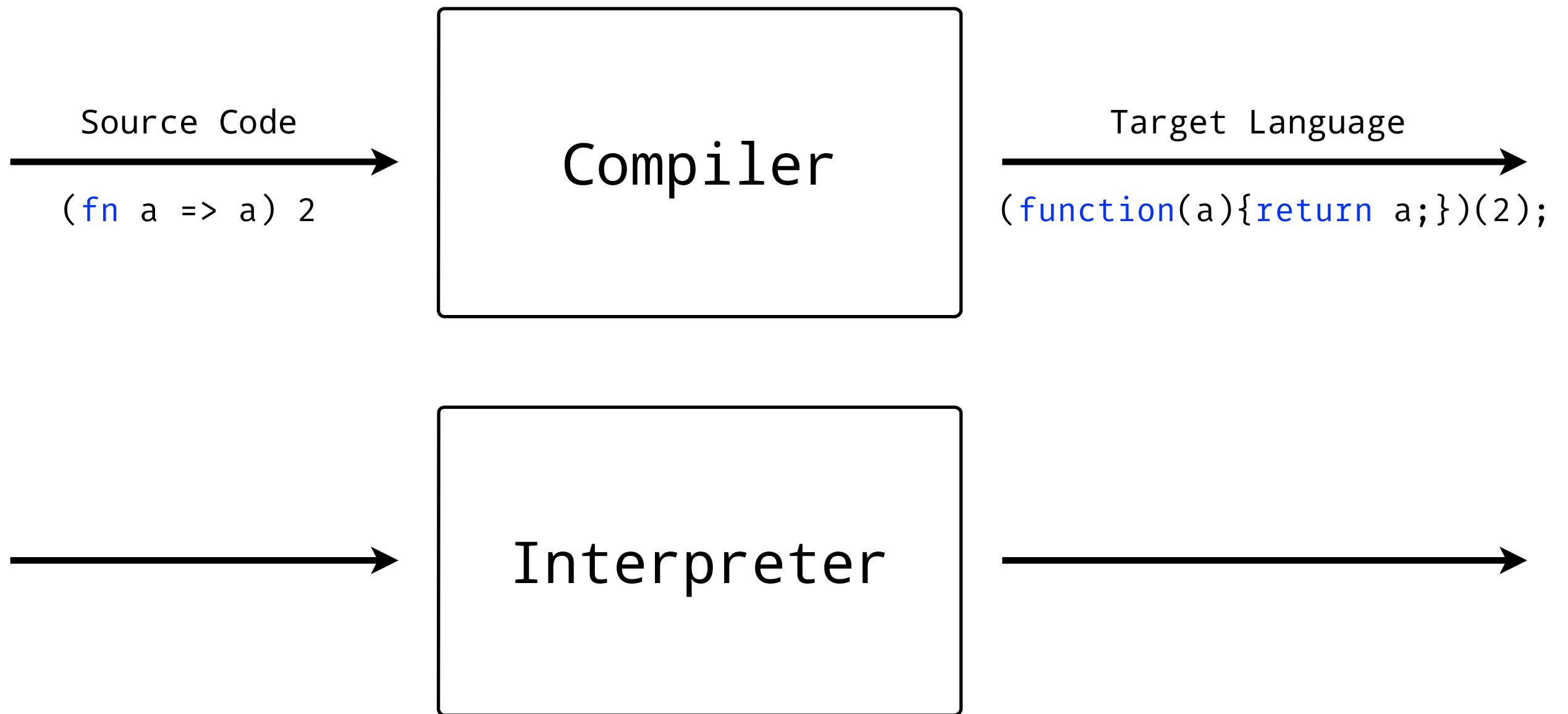
Compilers Overview



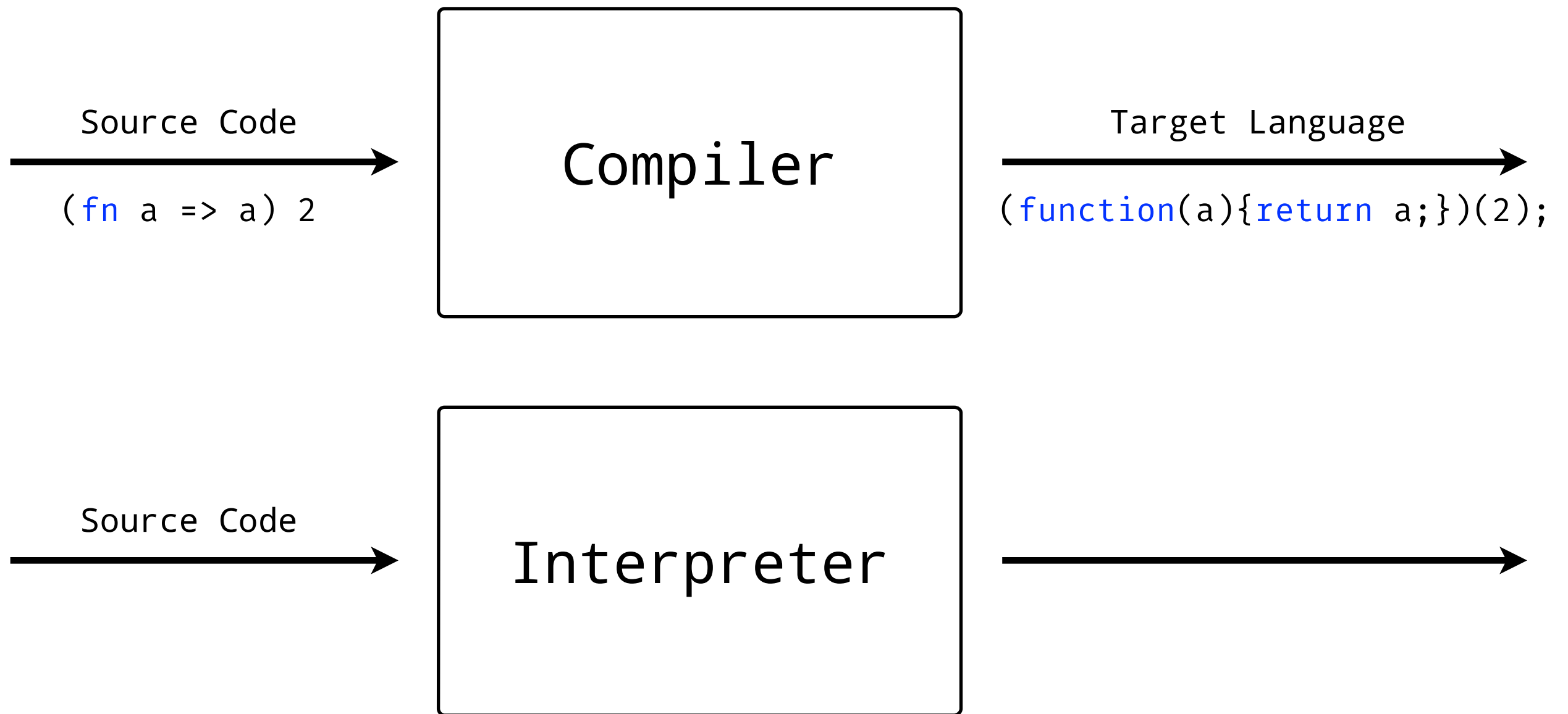
Compilers Overview



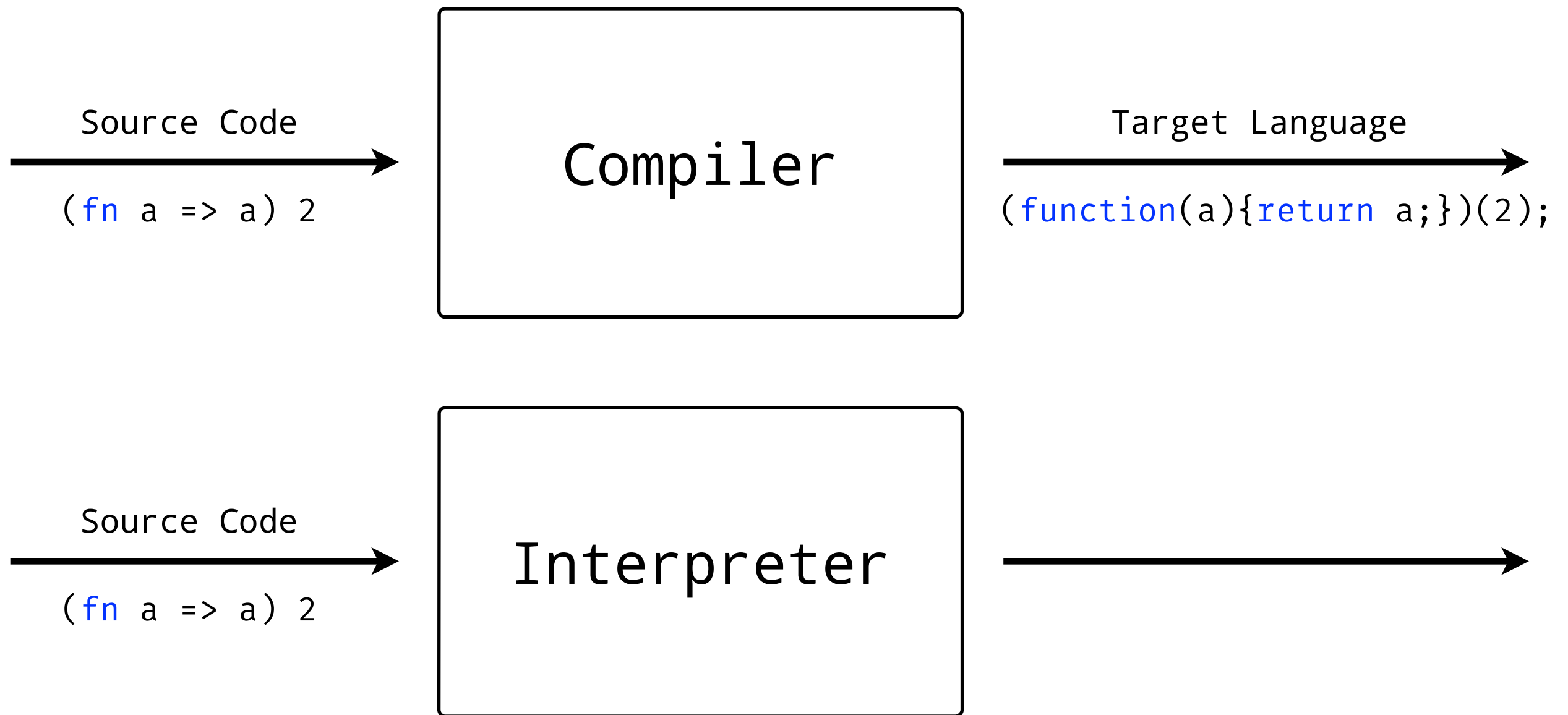
Compilers Overview



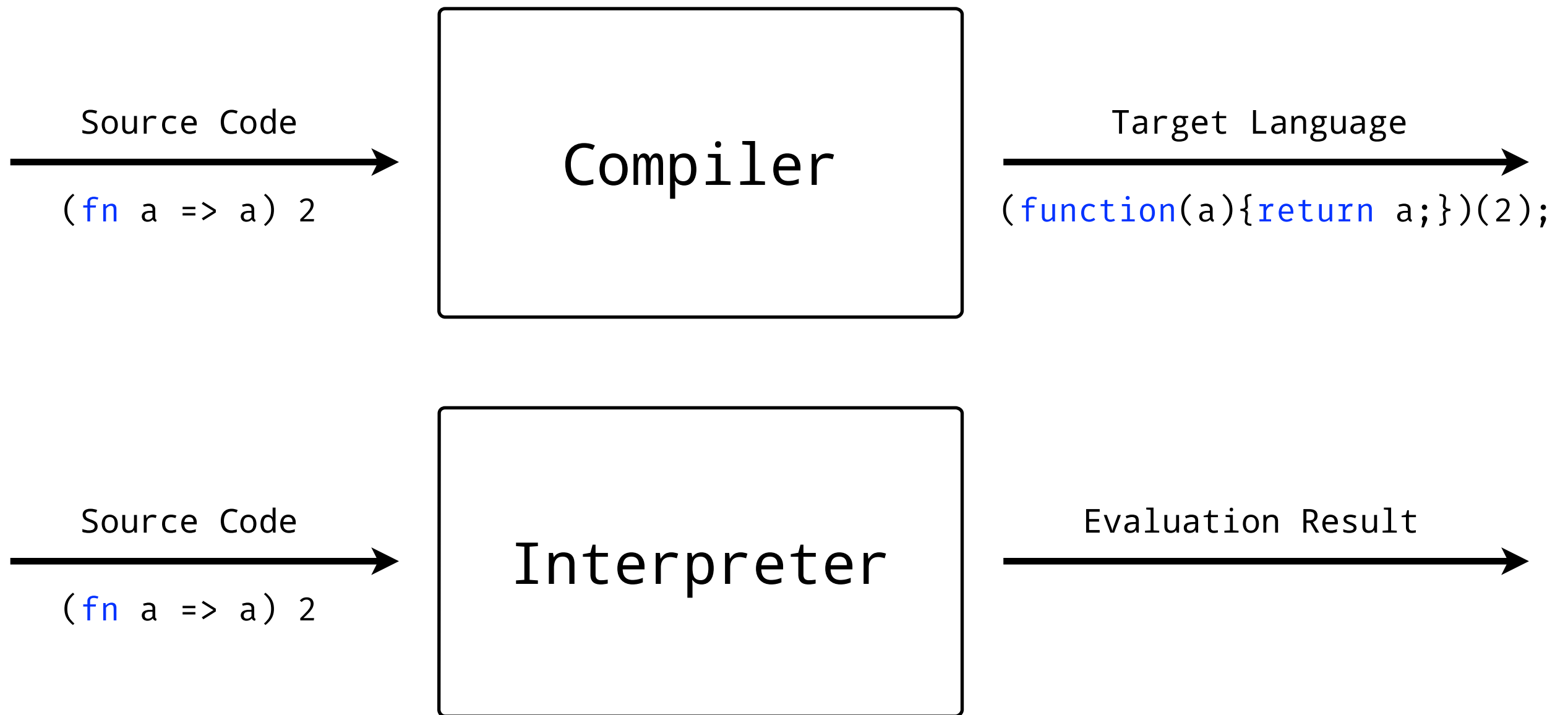
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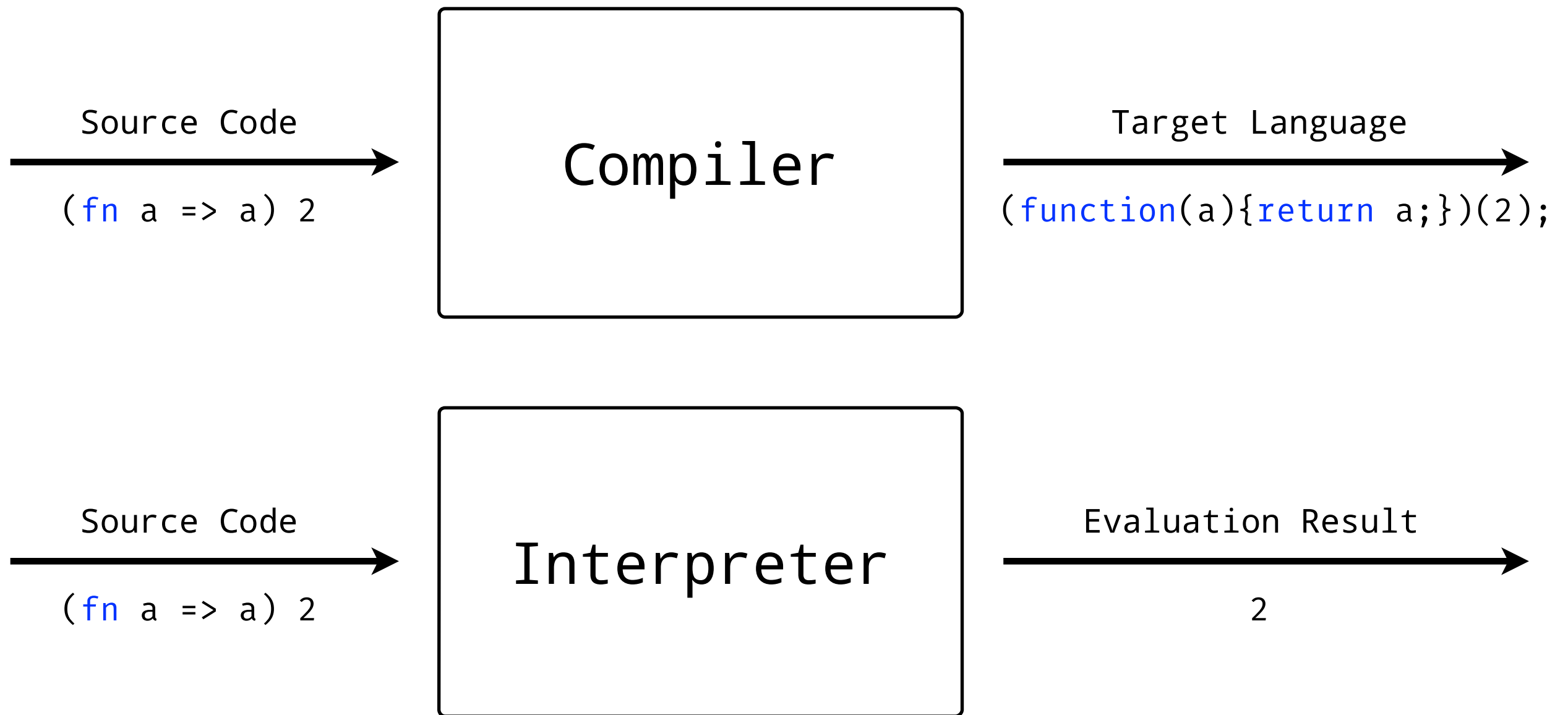
Compilers Overview



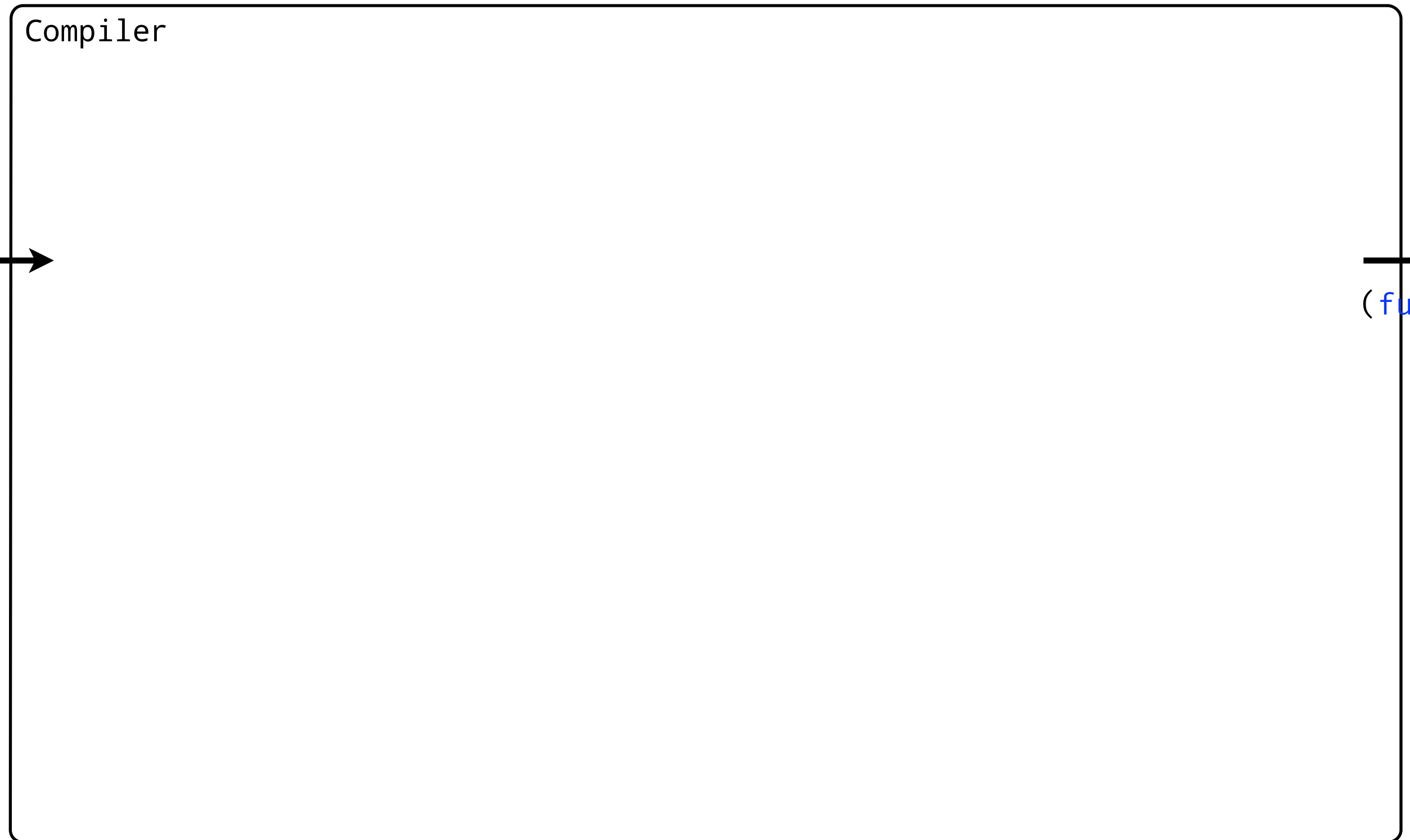
Compilers Overview



Compilers Overview



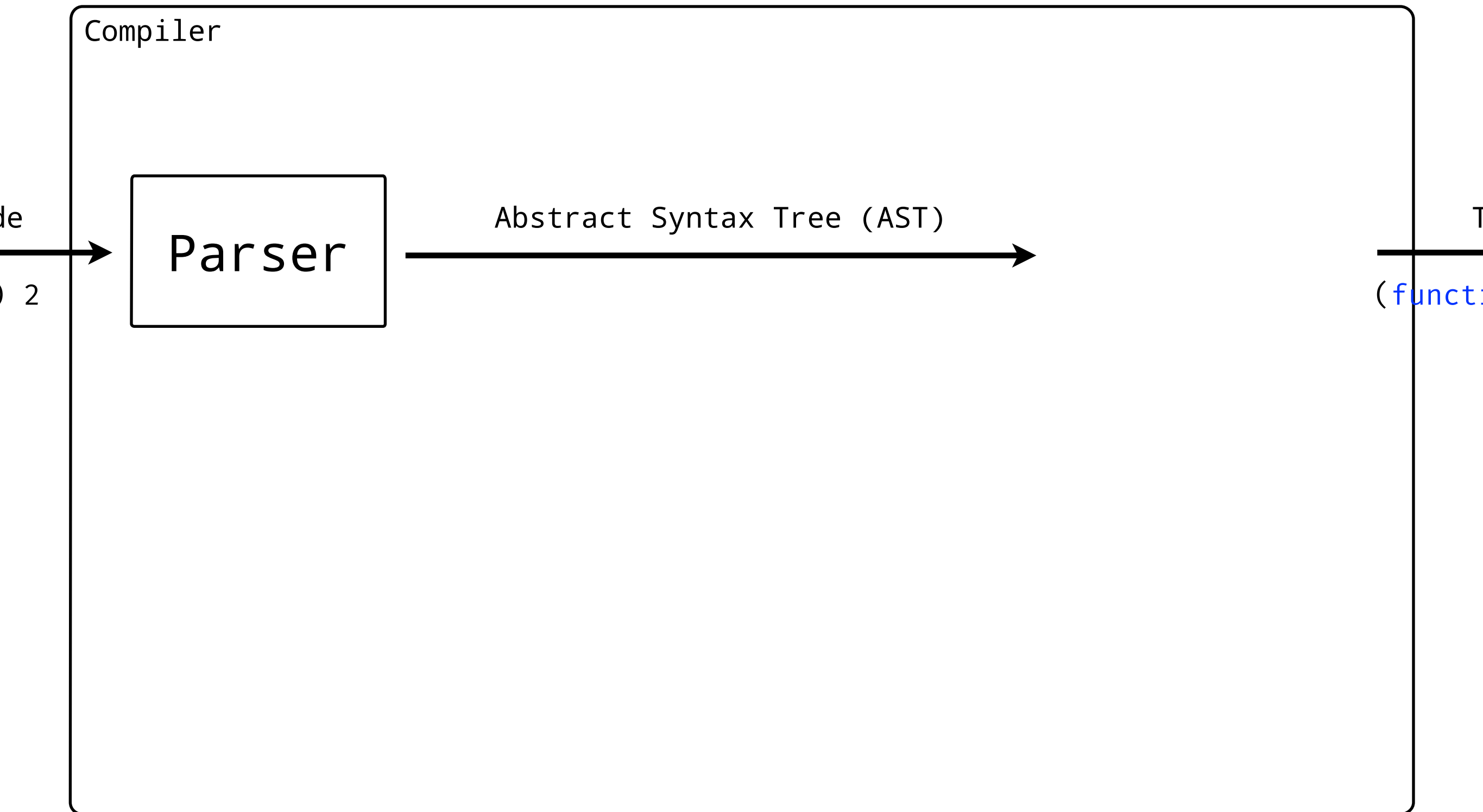
Compilers Overview



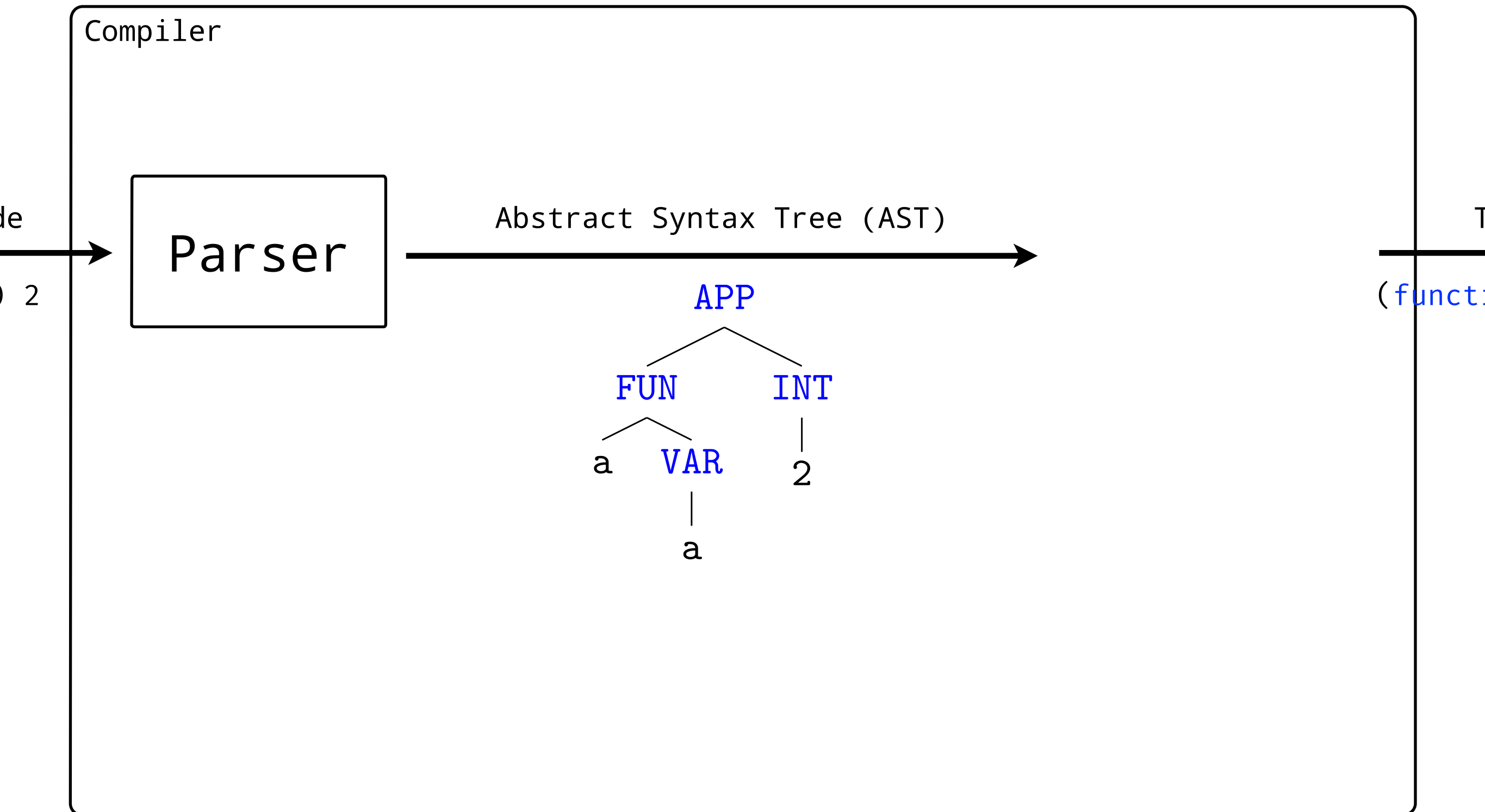
Parsing



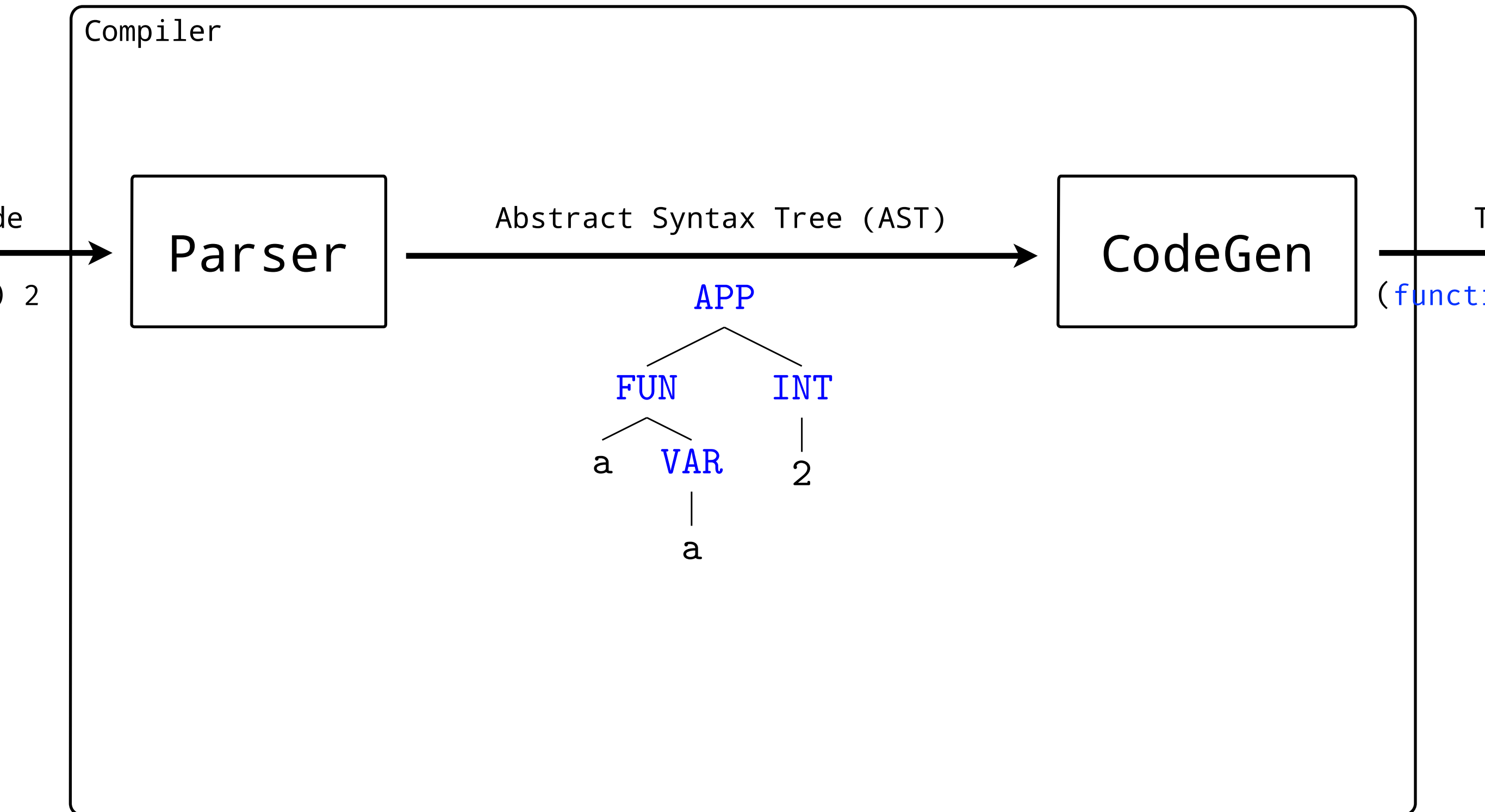
Abstract Syntax Tree



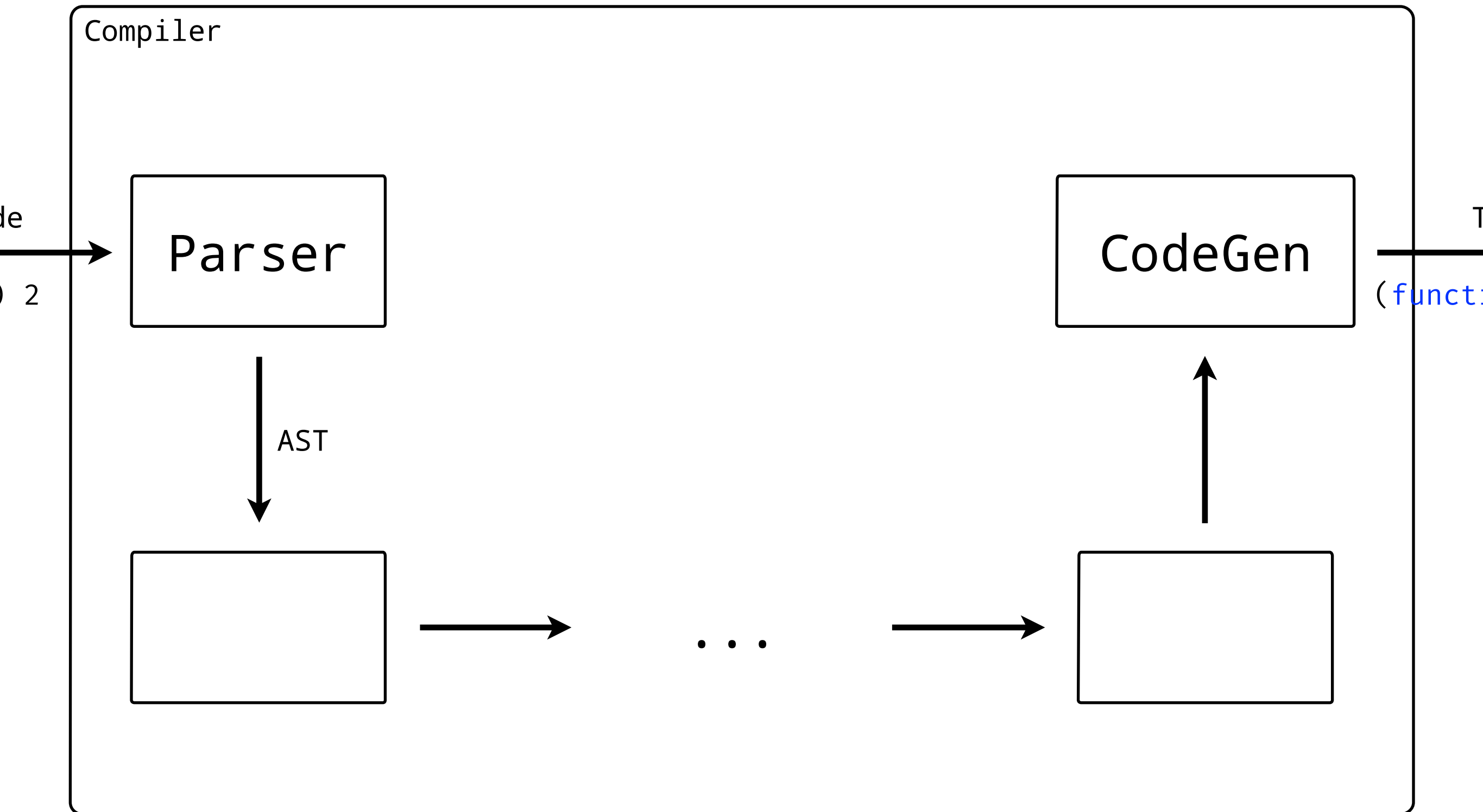
Abstract Syntax Tree



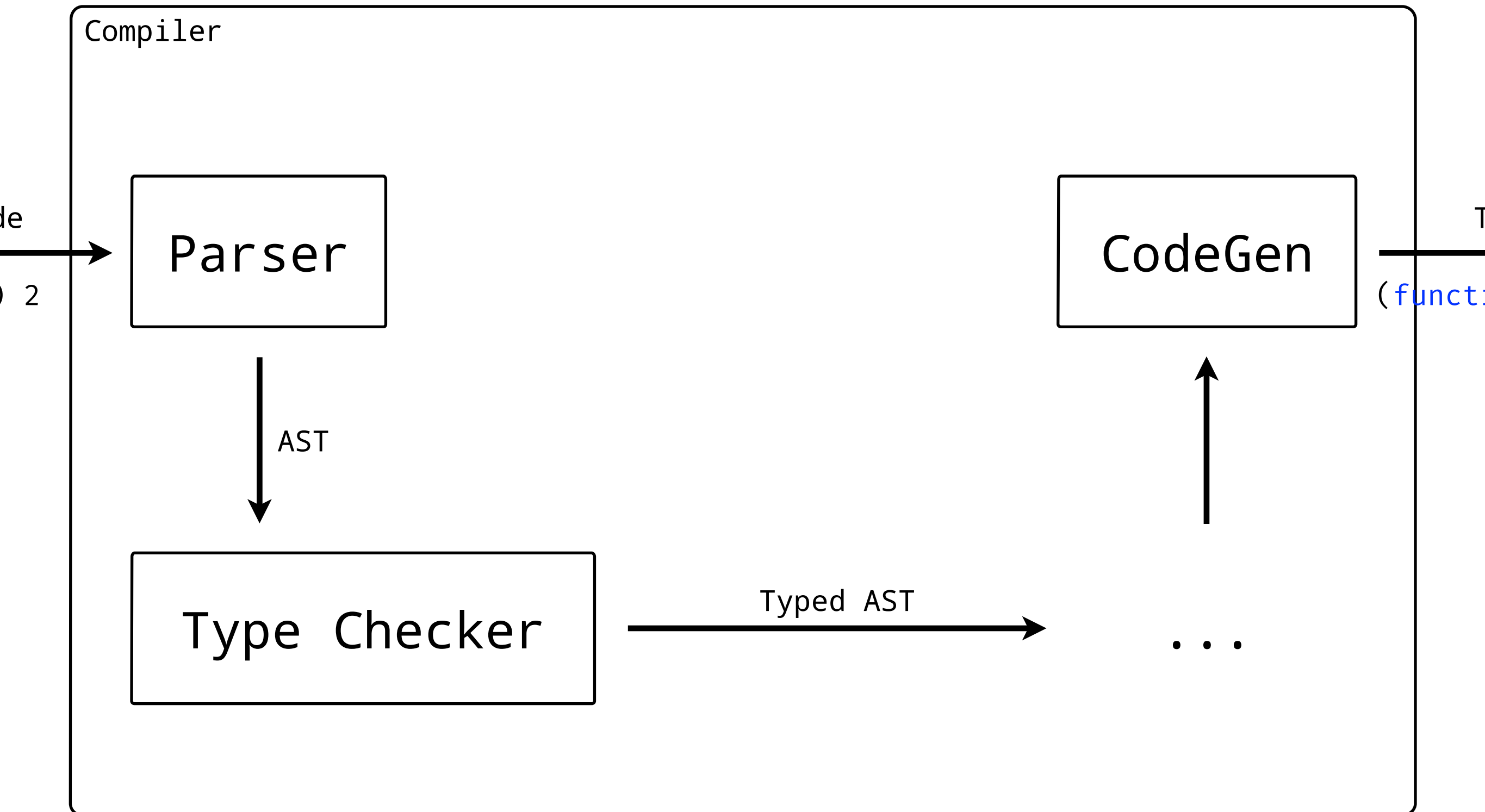
Code Generation



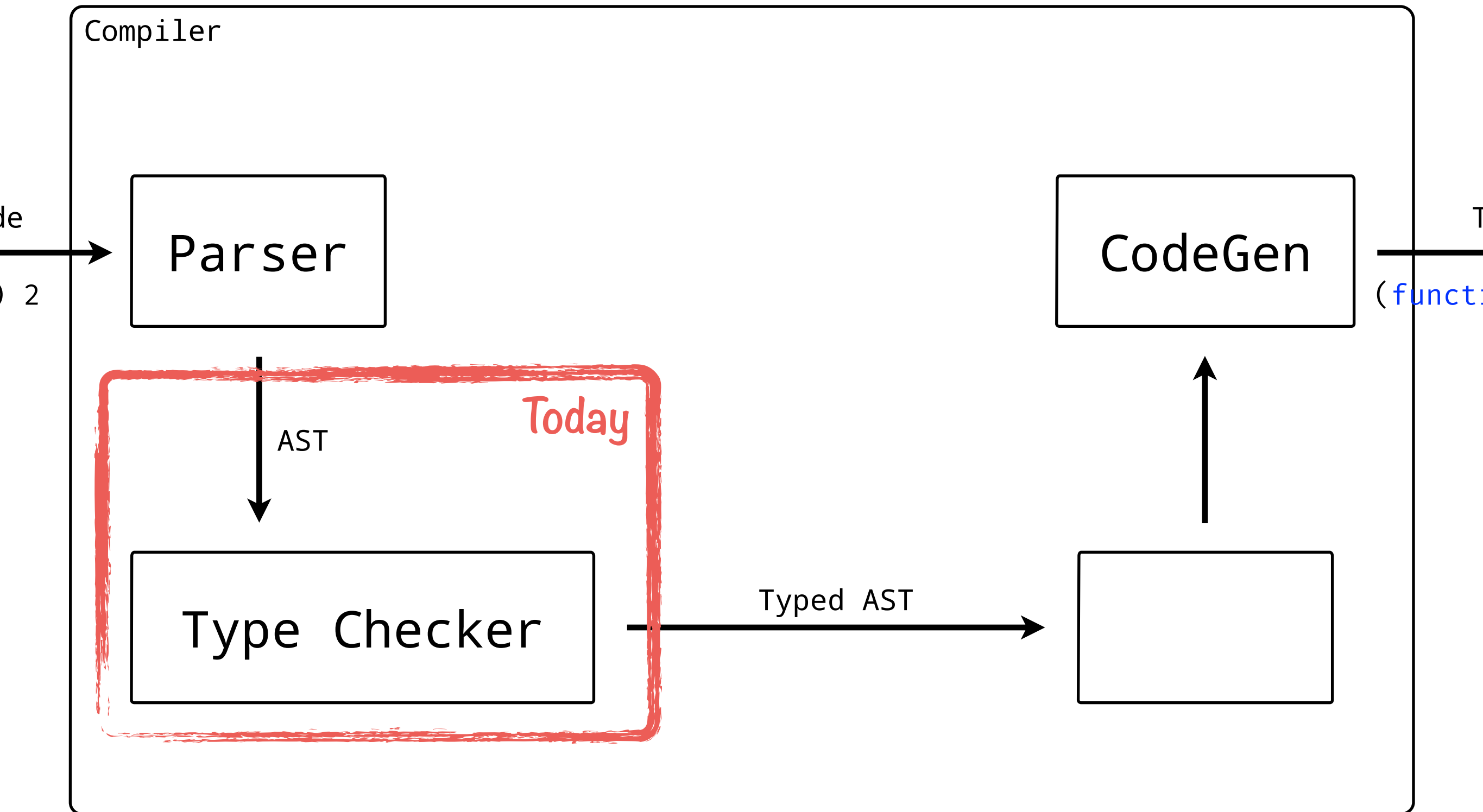
Many Intermediate Phases



Type Checking



Today's Talk



Type Checking

vs

Type Inference

Type Checking vs Inference

- Type Checking
 - Ensures **declared** types are used consistently
 - All types must be declared
 - Traverse AST and compare def site with use site
- Type Inference
 - Ensures consistency as well
 - Types need not be declared, though; are **deduced**
 - Two main classes of algorithms
 - We'll see one instance today

Vehicle Language

Vehicle Language

- Surface Syntax
 - What's the concrete syntax of the language
- Type System
 - What types are supported by the language

Surface Syntax¹

1. Numbers: 1, 2, 3, ...

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2. Booleans: `true` and `false`

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4. Function application: `inc 42`

Surface Syntax¹

1. Numbers: 1, 2, 3, ...
2. Booleans: `true` and `false`
3. Anonymous functions (lambdas): `fn a => a`
4. Function application: `inc 42`
5. If expressions: `if cond then t else f`

Surface Syntax¹

6. Let blocks/expressions:

```
let  
    val name = ...  
in  
    name  
end
```

Small Example

```
let  
  val inc = fn a => a + 1  
in  
  inc 42  
end
```


Language Types

1. Integer type: `int`

Language Types

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2. Boolean type: `bool`

Language Types

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3. Function type: `int -> bool`

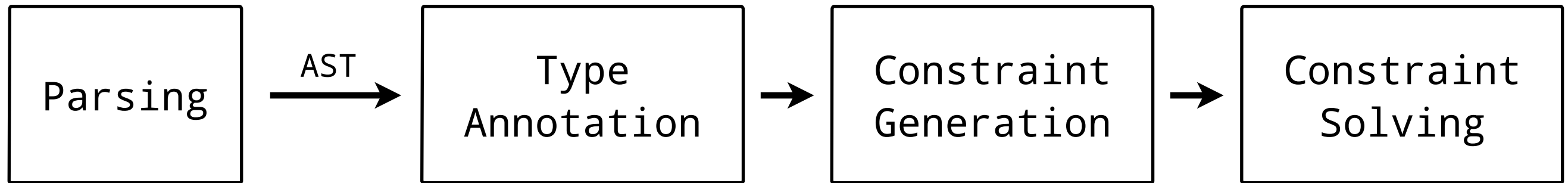
Language Types

1. Integer type: `int`
2. Boolean type: `bool`
3. Function type: `int -> bool`
4. Generic type variables: `'a`, `'b`, `'c`, etc.

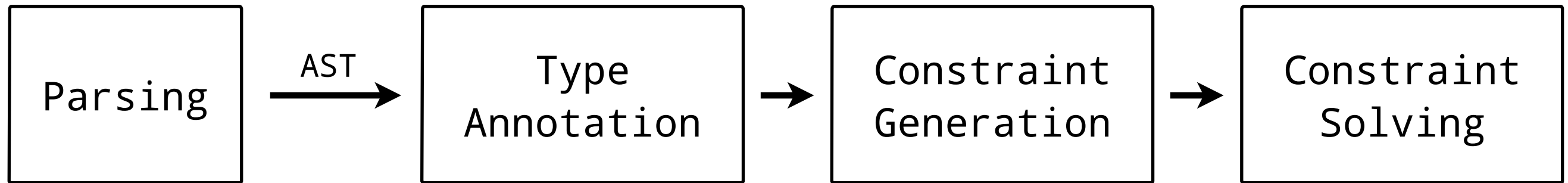
Today's Algorithm Overview

Wand's Algorithm Overview

Wand's Algorithm Overview

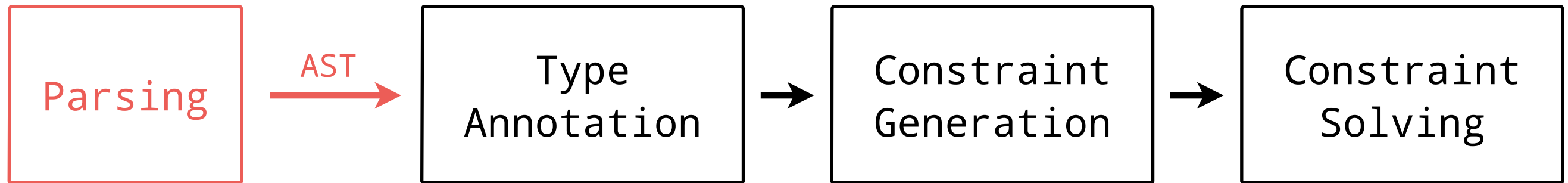


Wand's Algorithm Overview

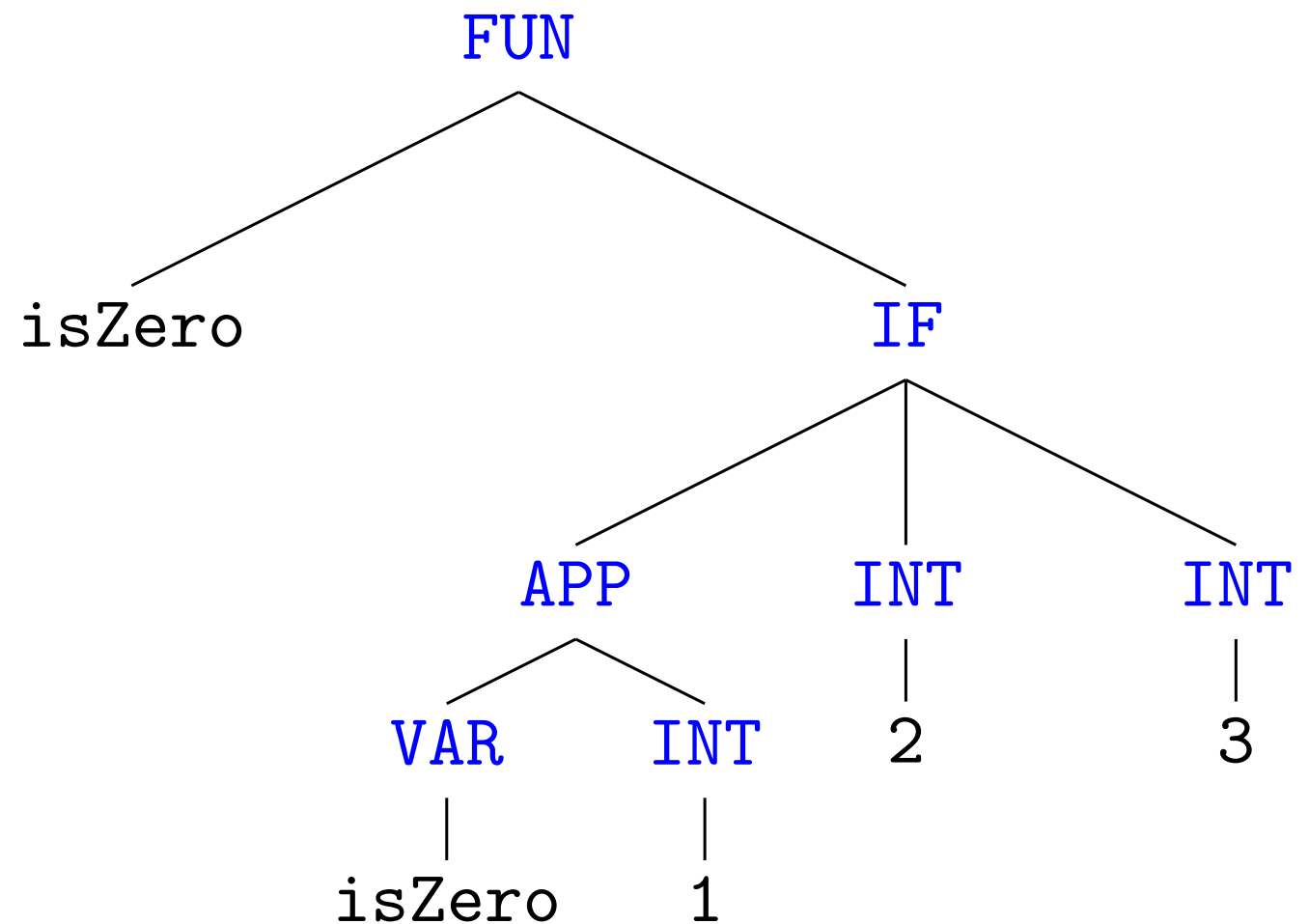
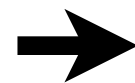


```
fn isZero =>  
  if isZero 1  
  then 2  
  else 3
```

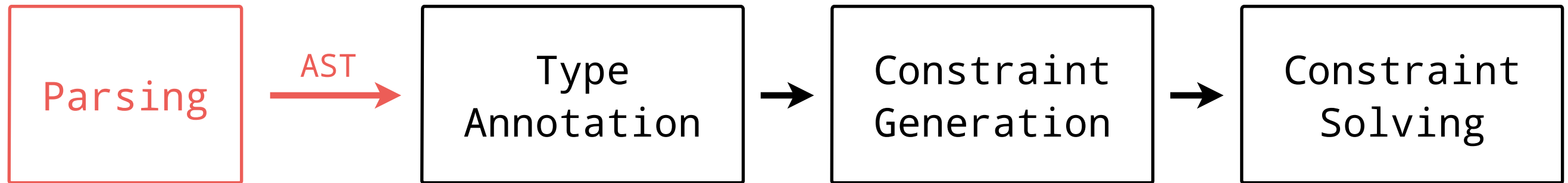

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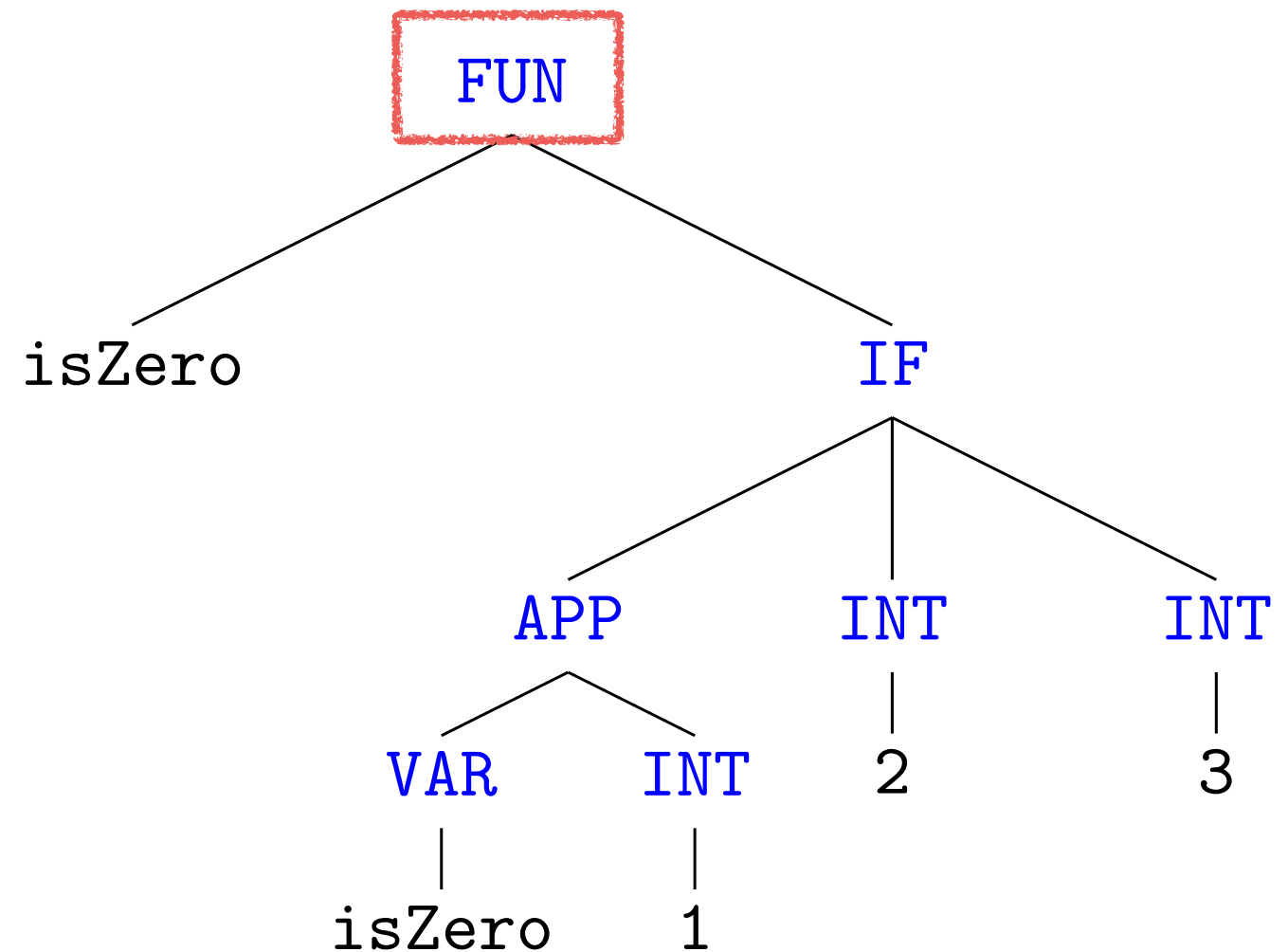
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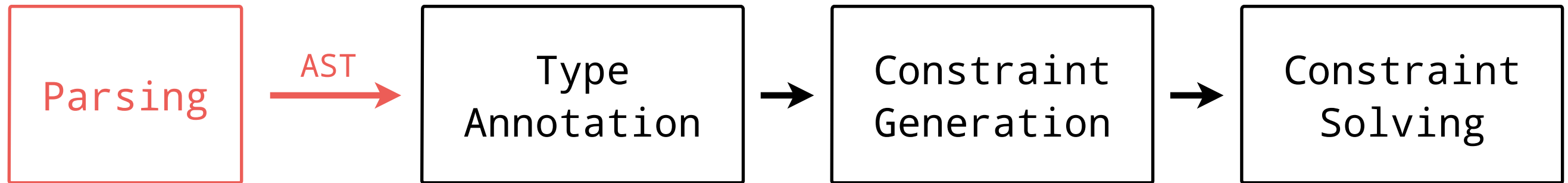
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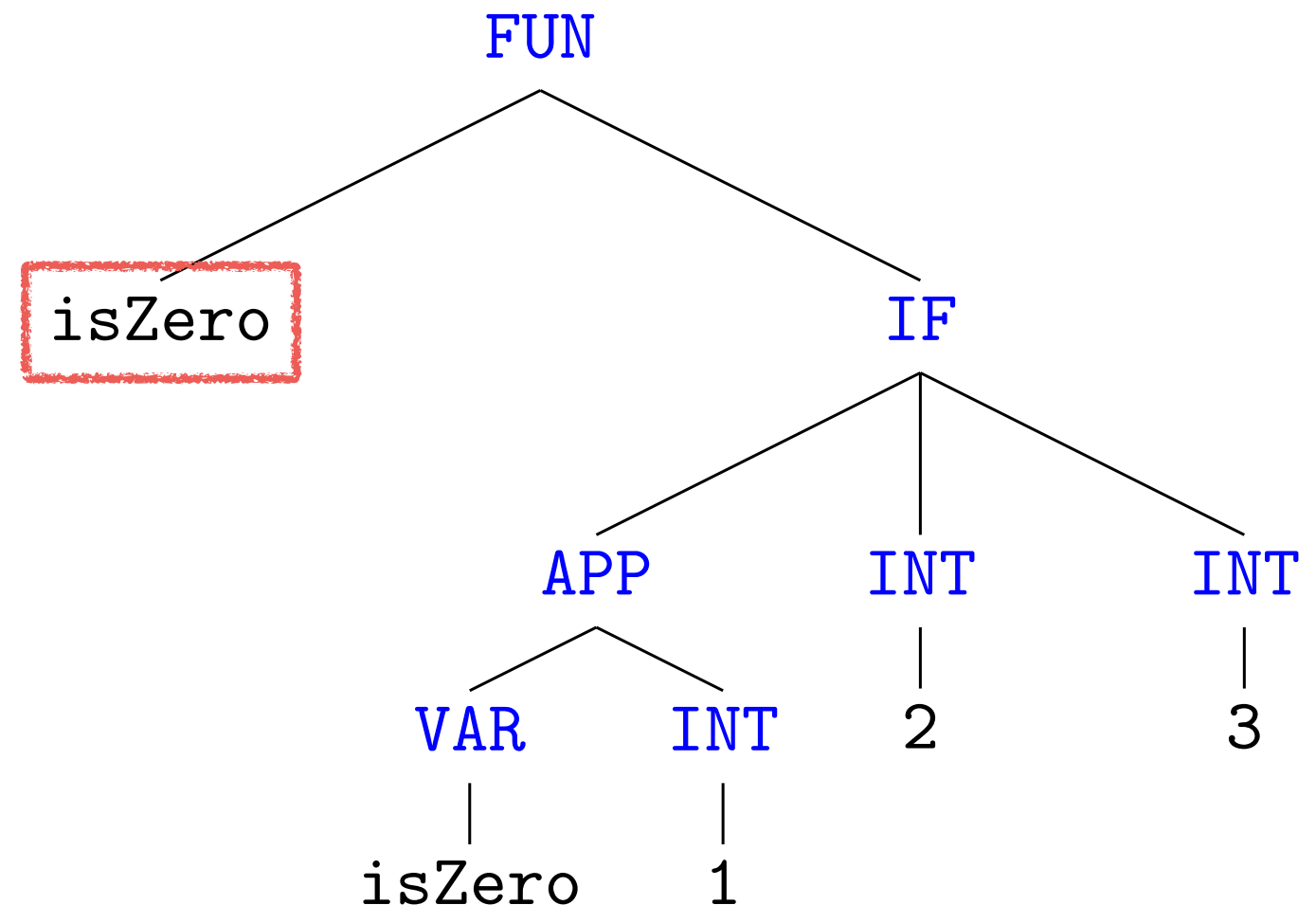
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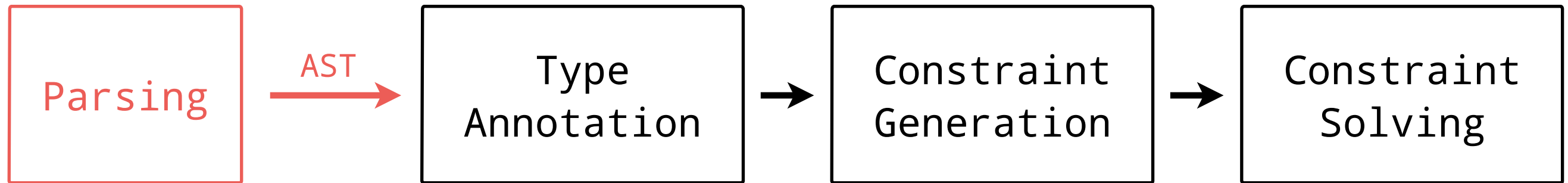
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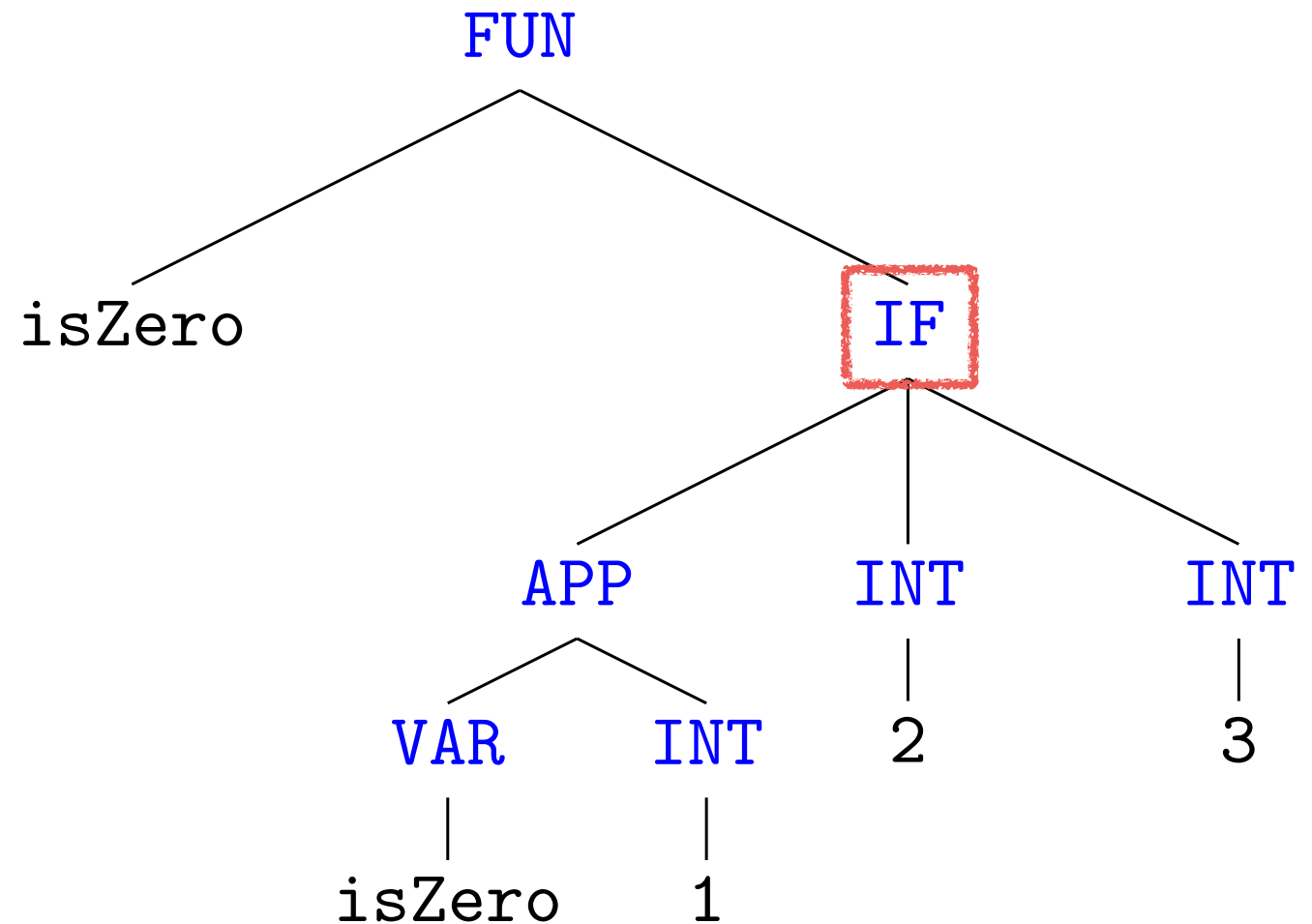


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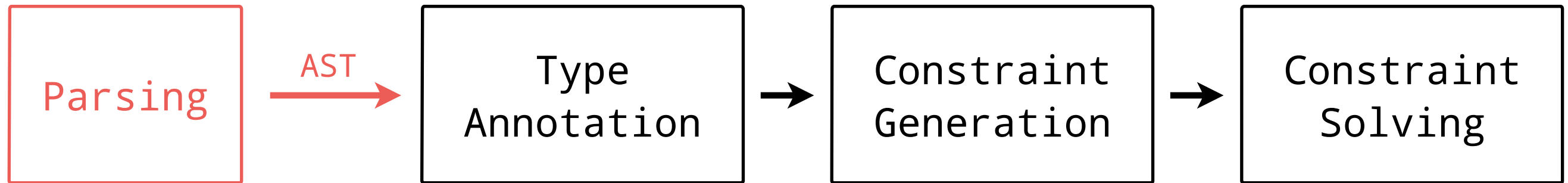


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fn isZero =>
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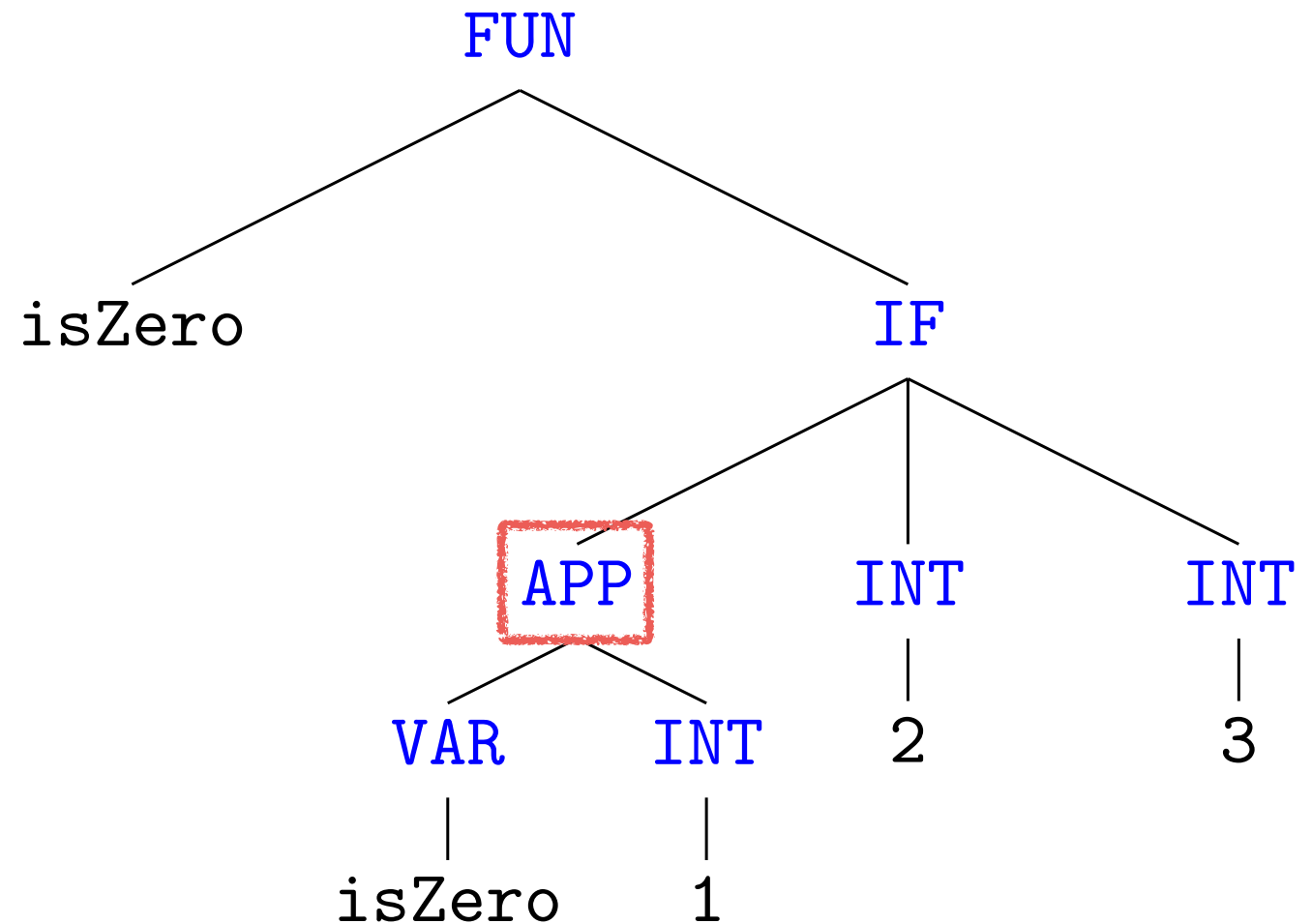
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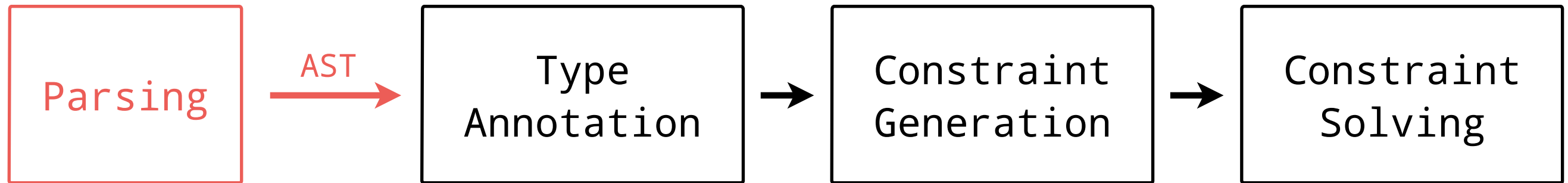
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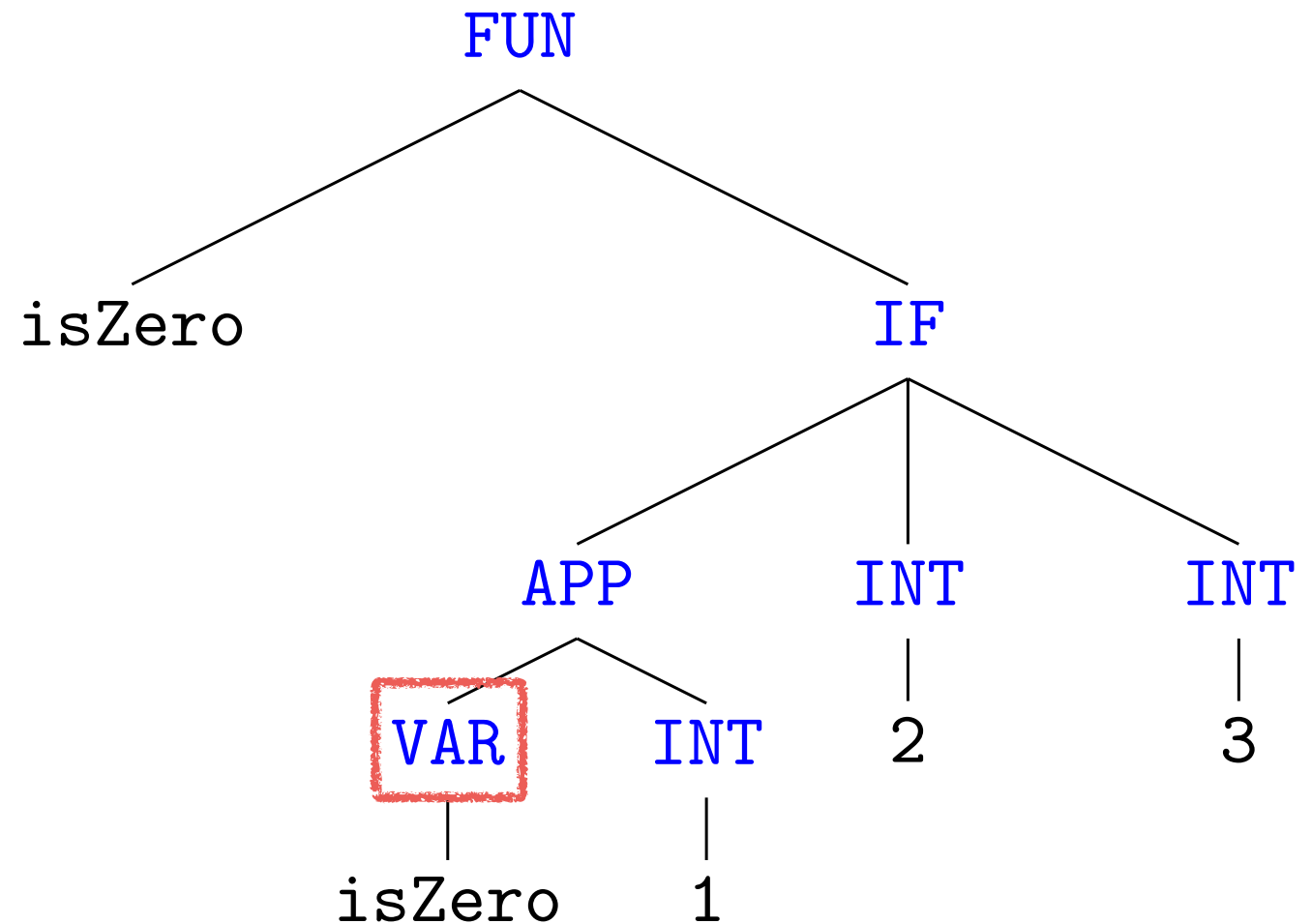
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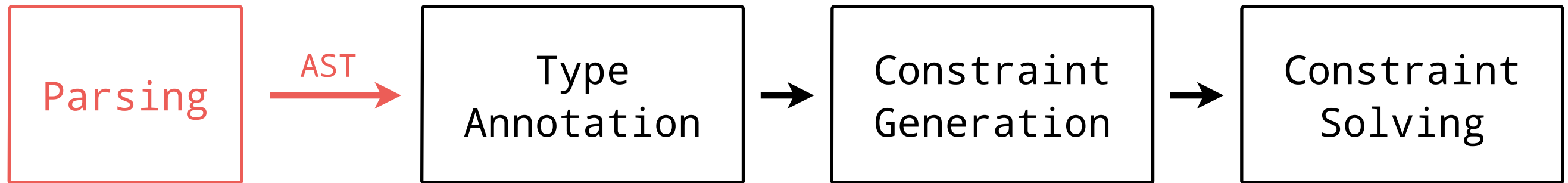
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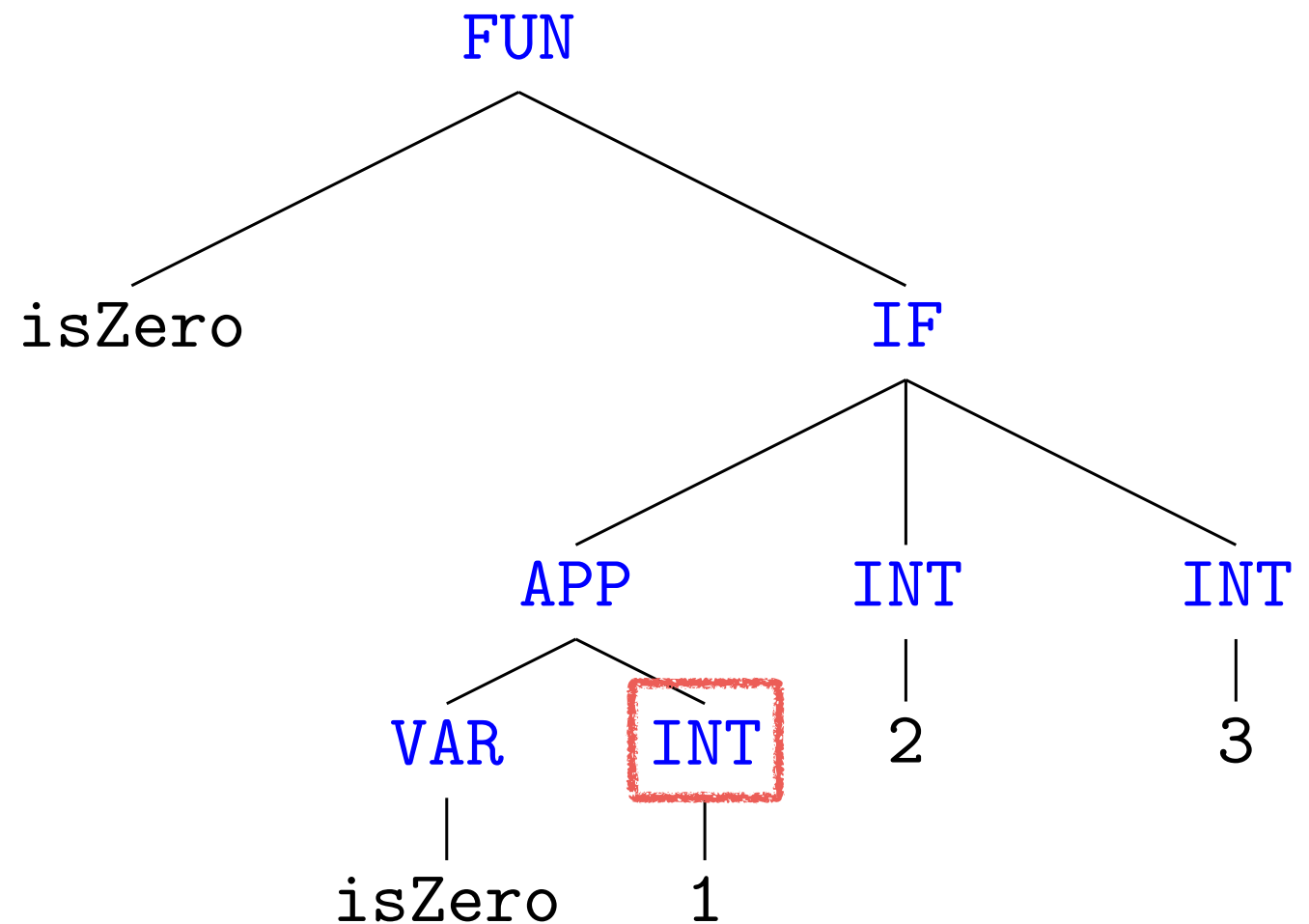
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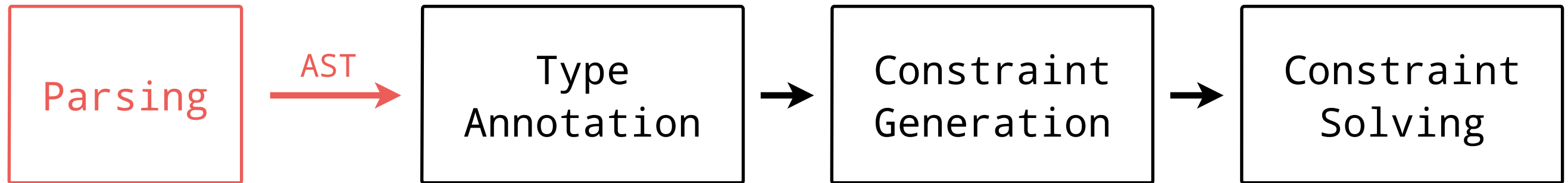
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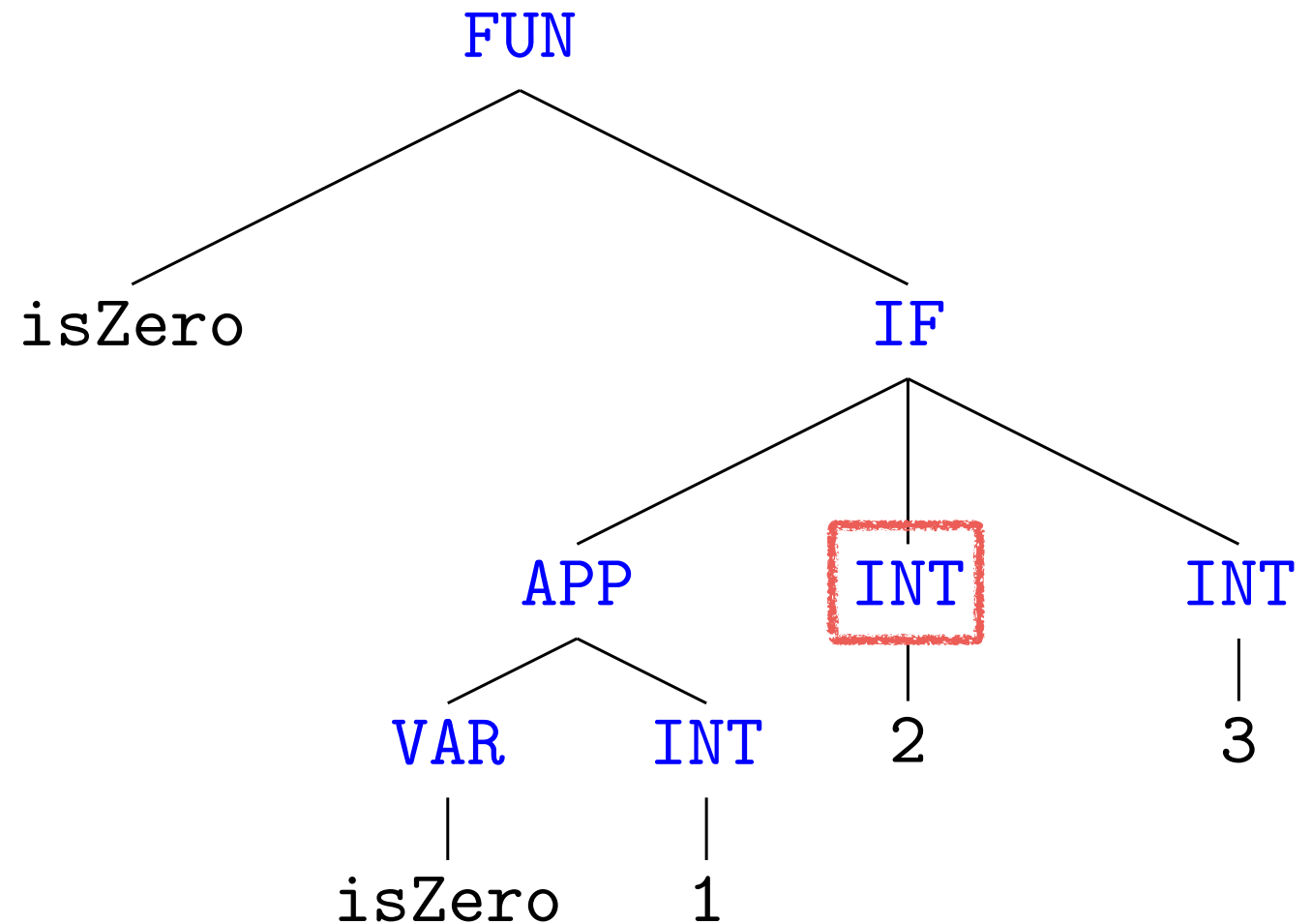
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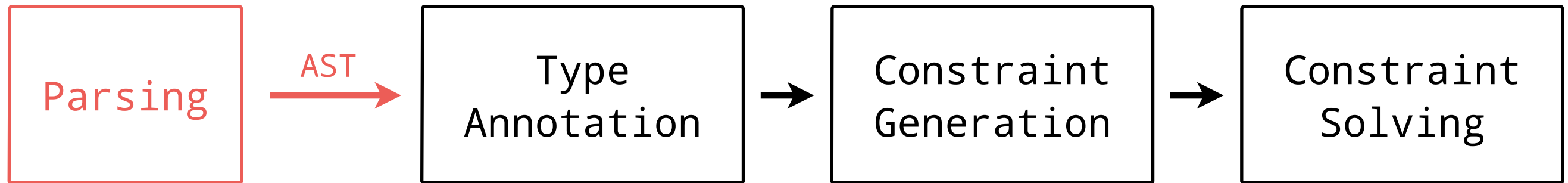
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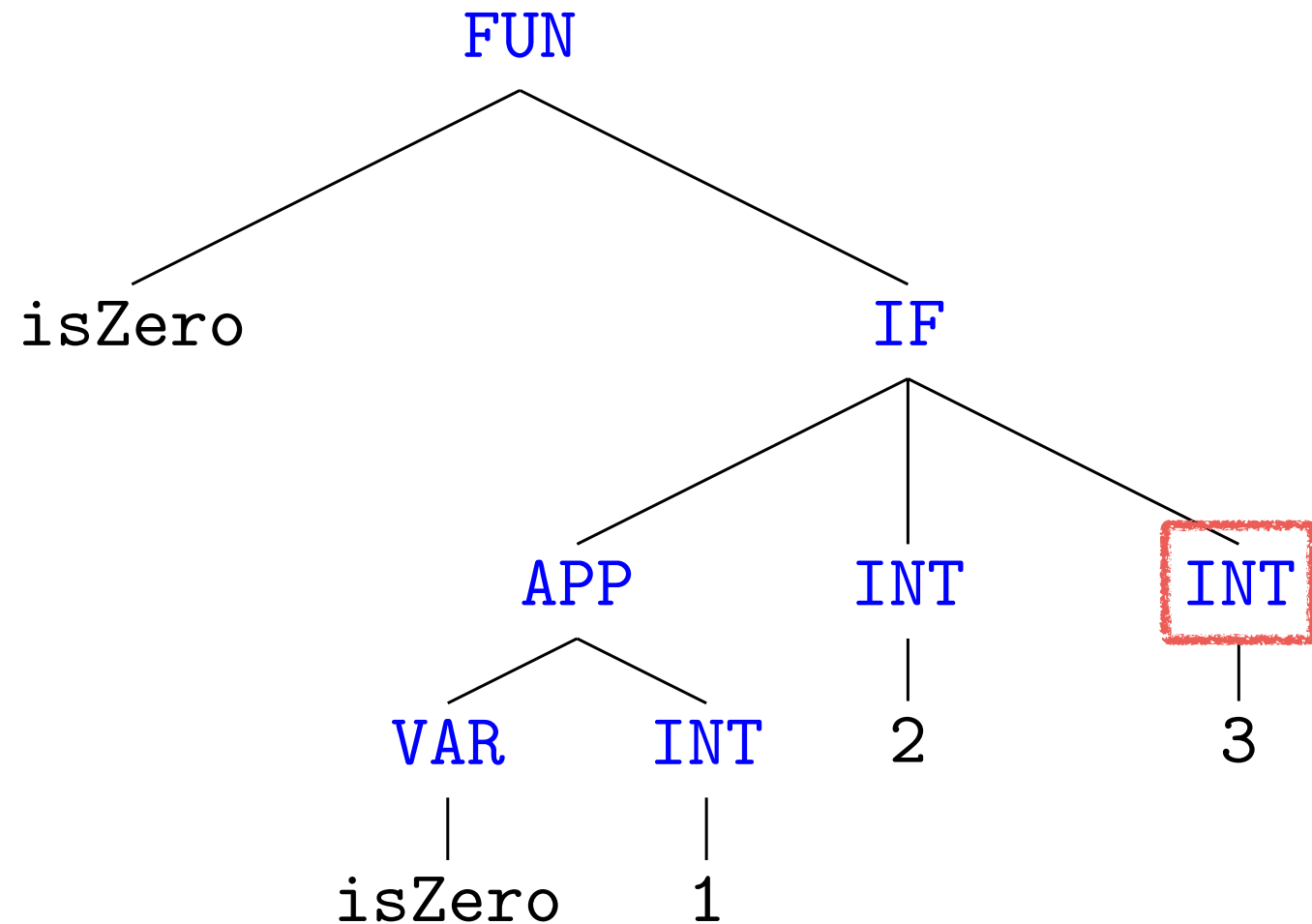
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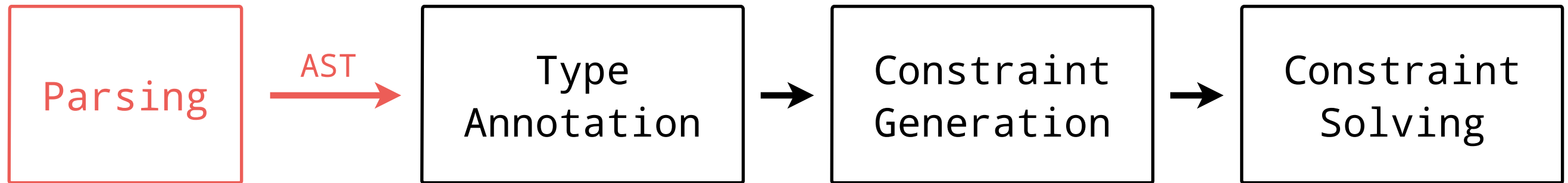
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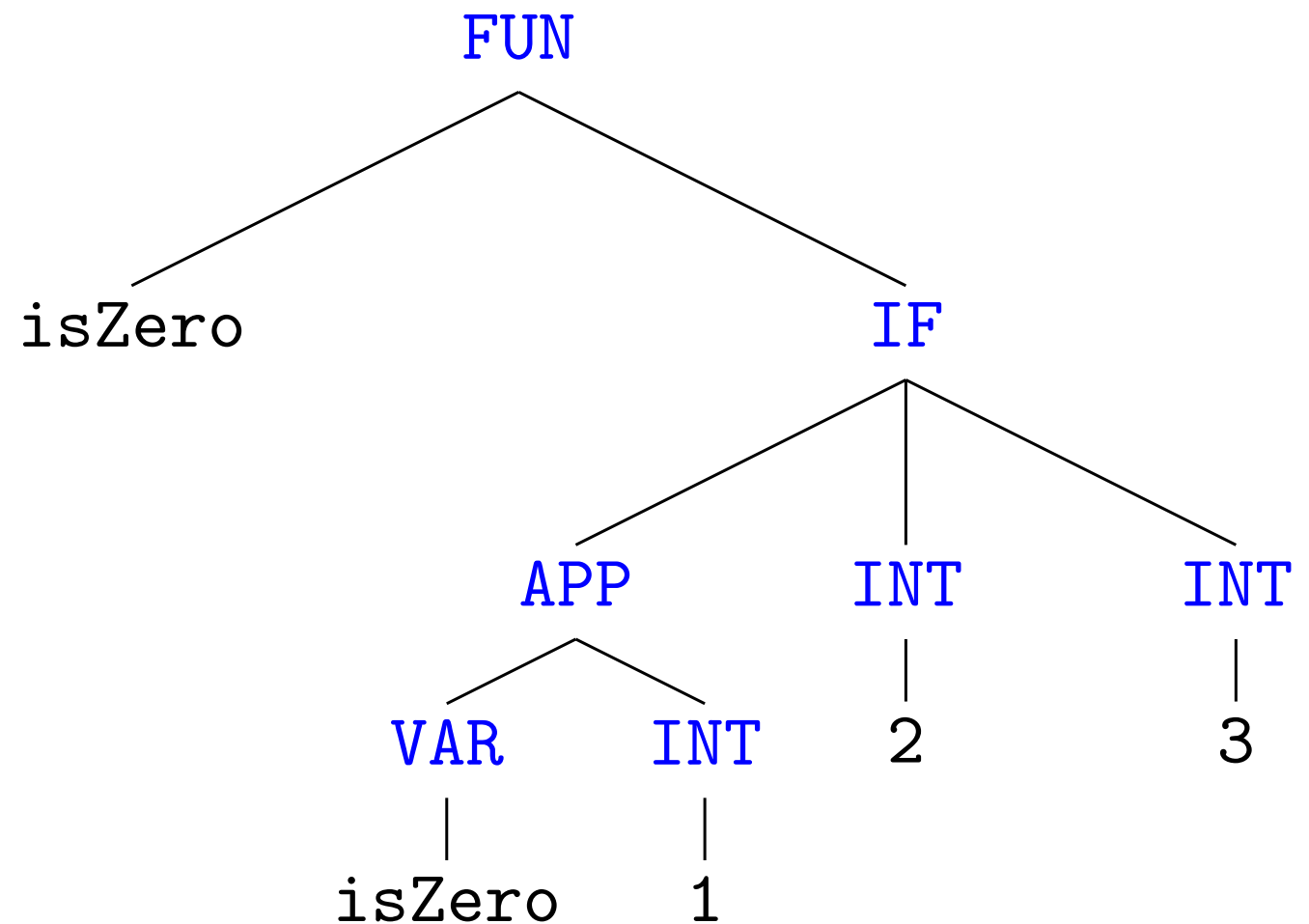
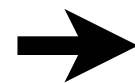
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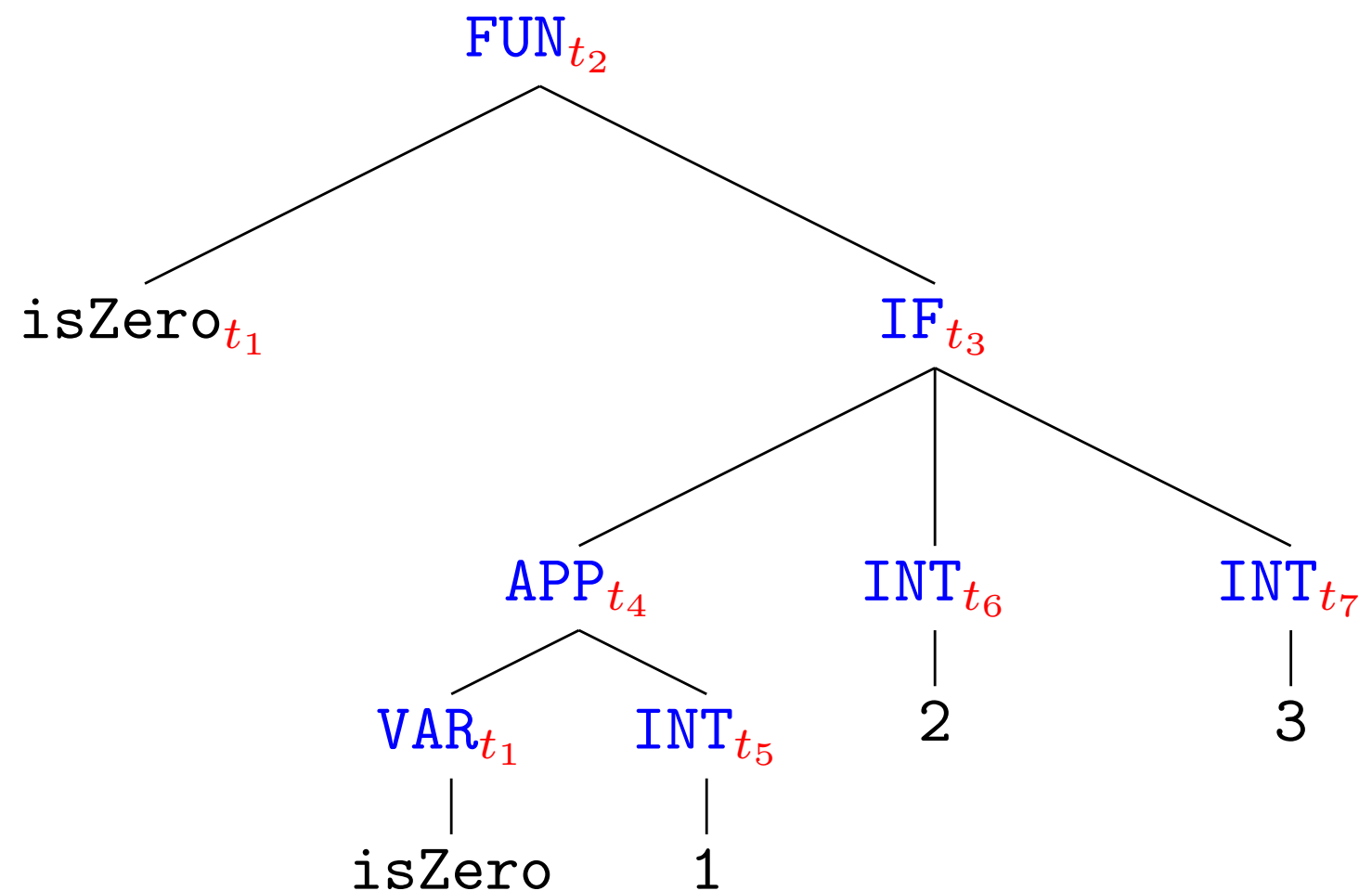
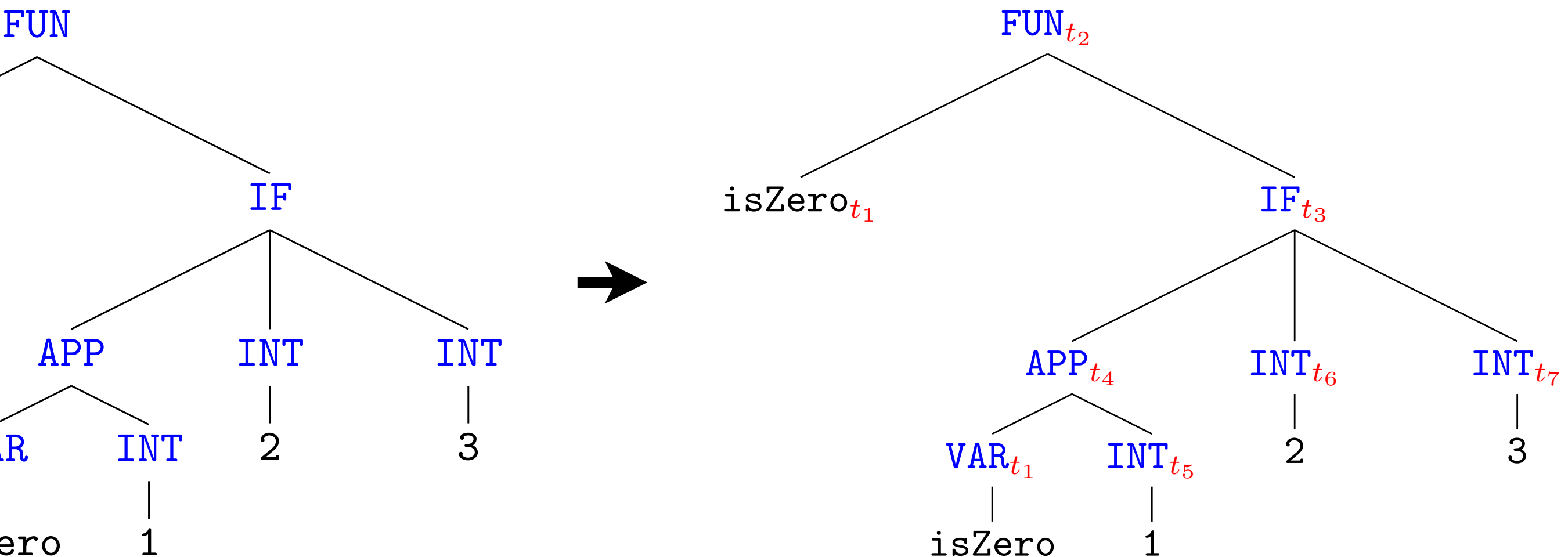
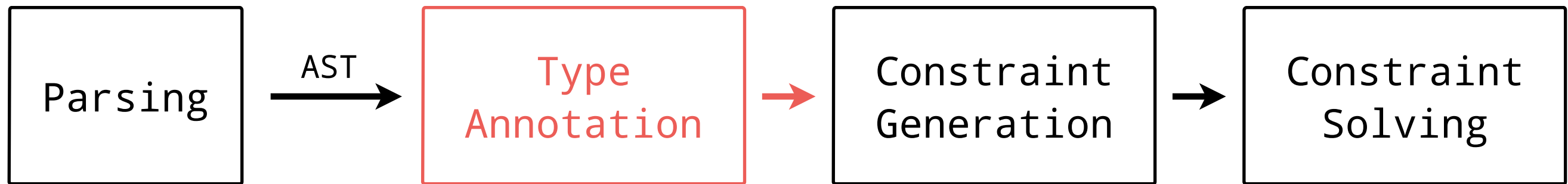
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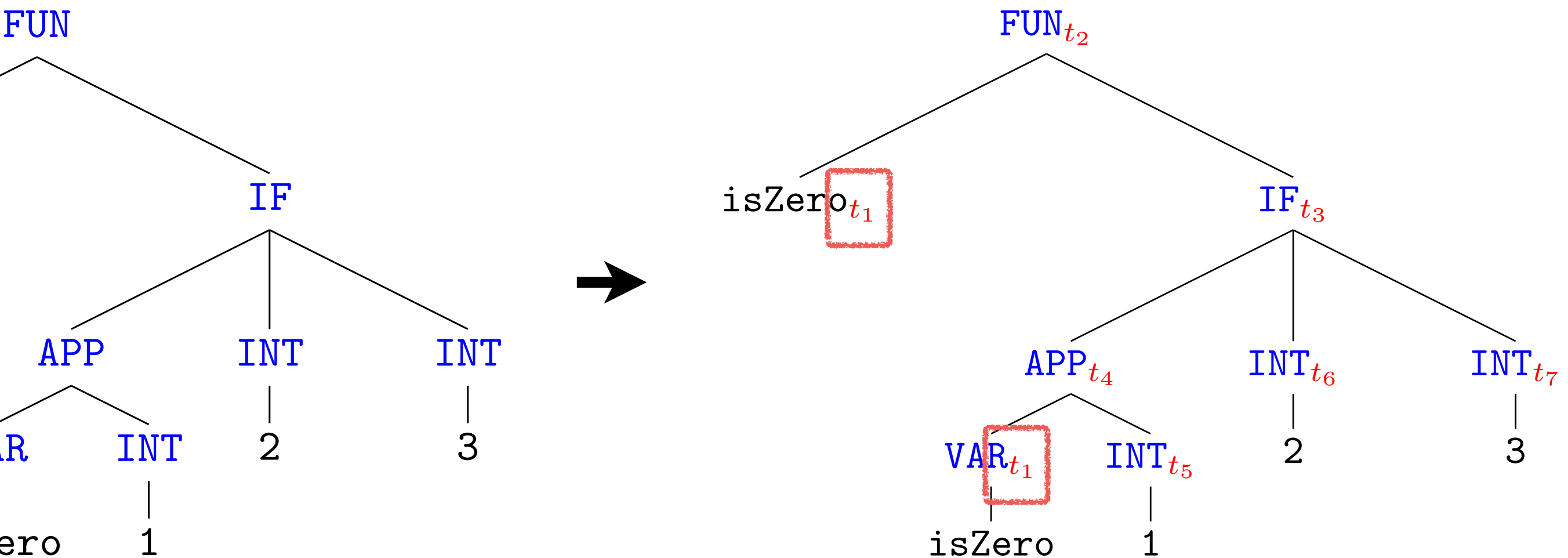
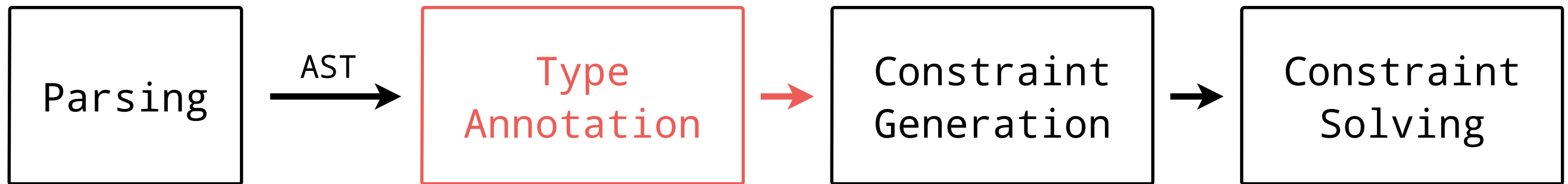
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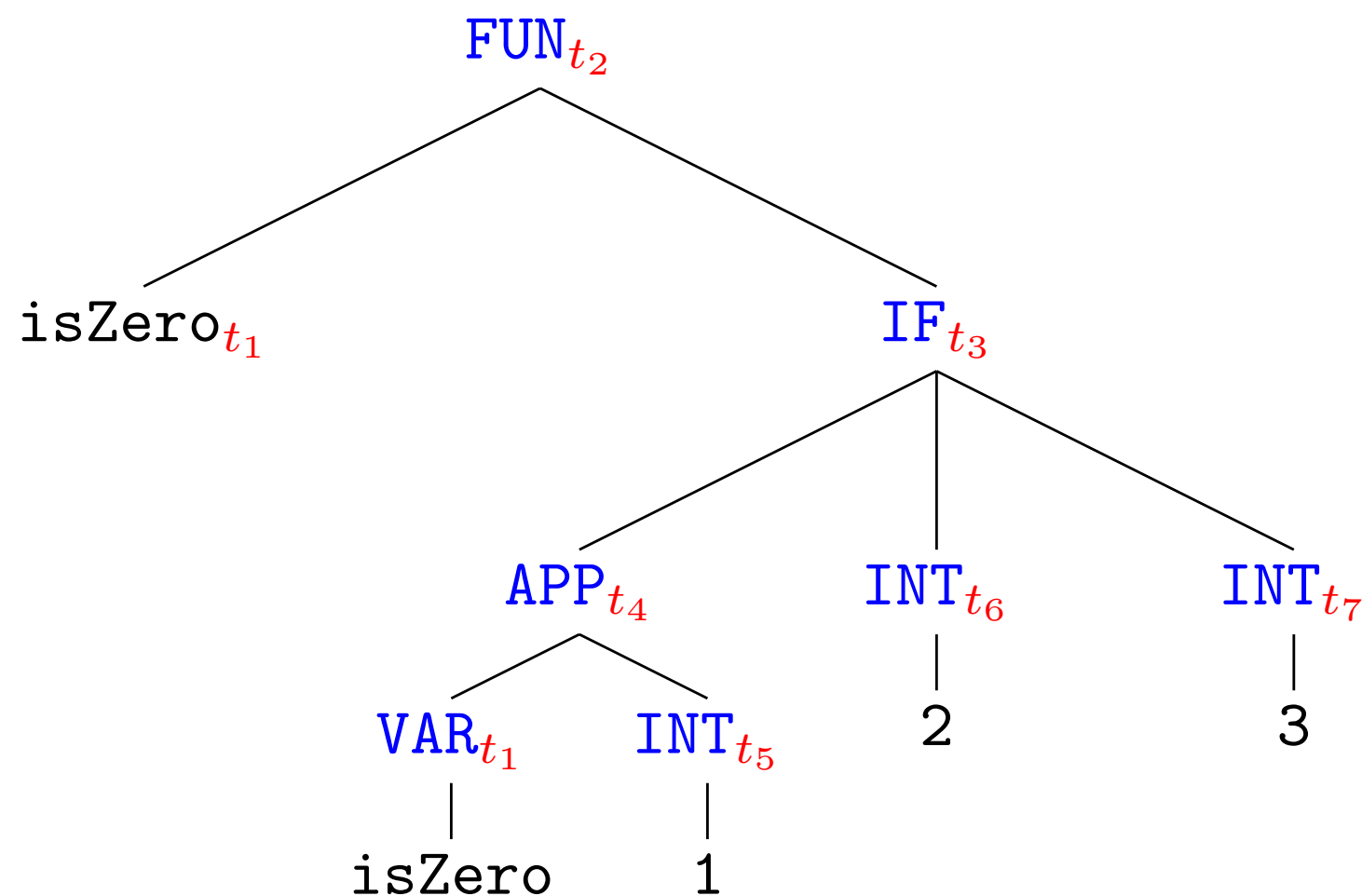
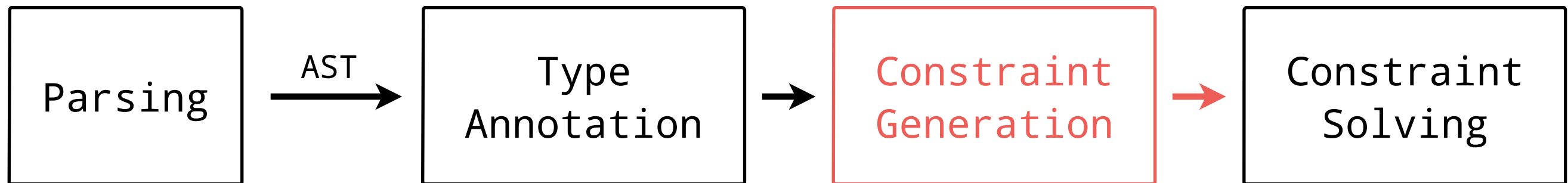
Wand's Algorithm Overview



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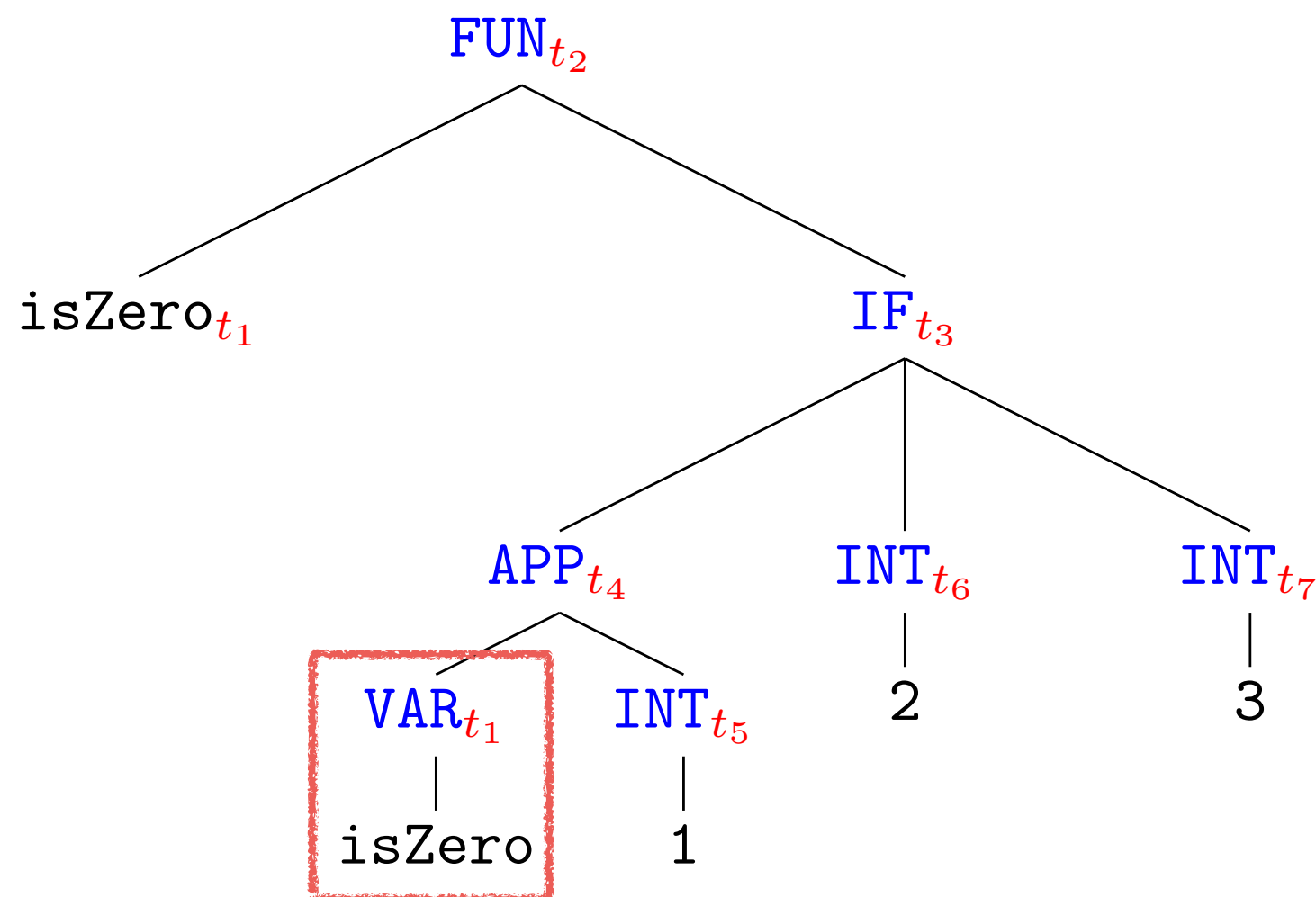
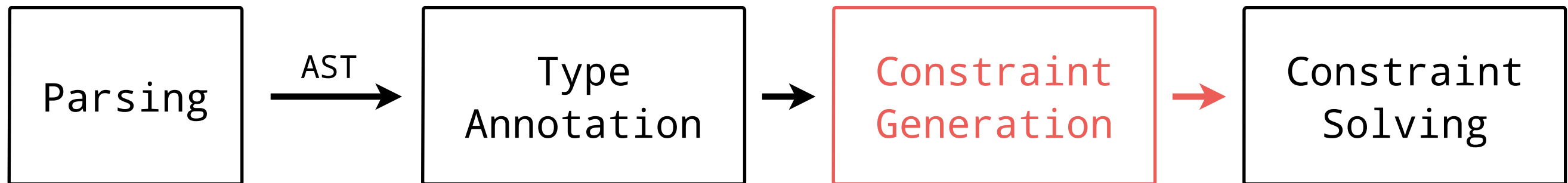
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set



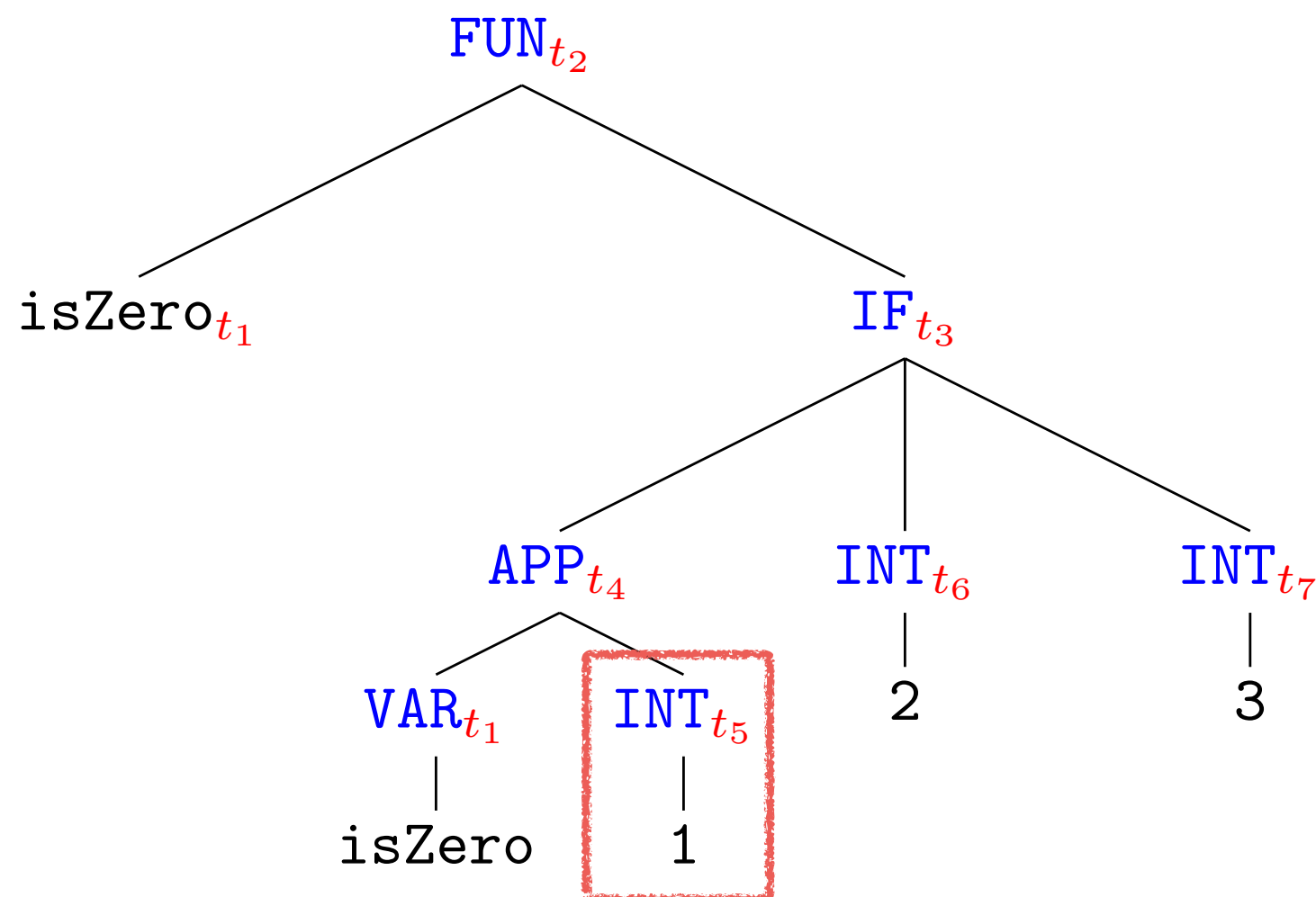
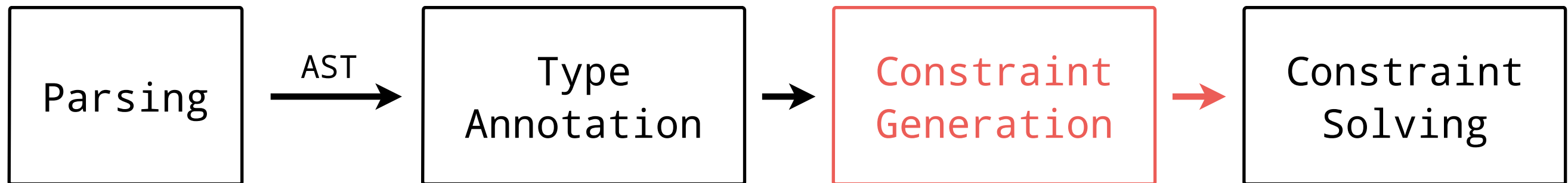
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

$t1 \equiv t5 \rightarrow t4$

Wand's Algorithm Overview



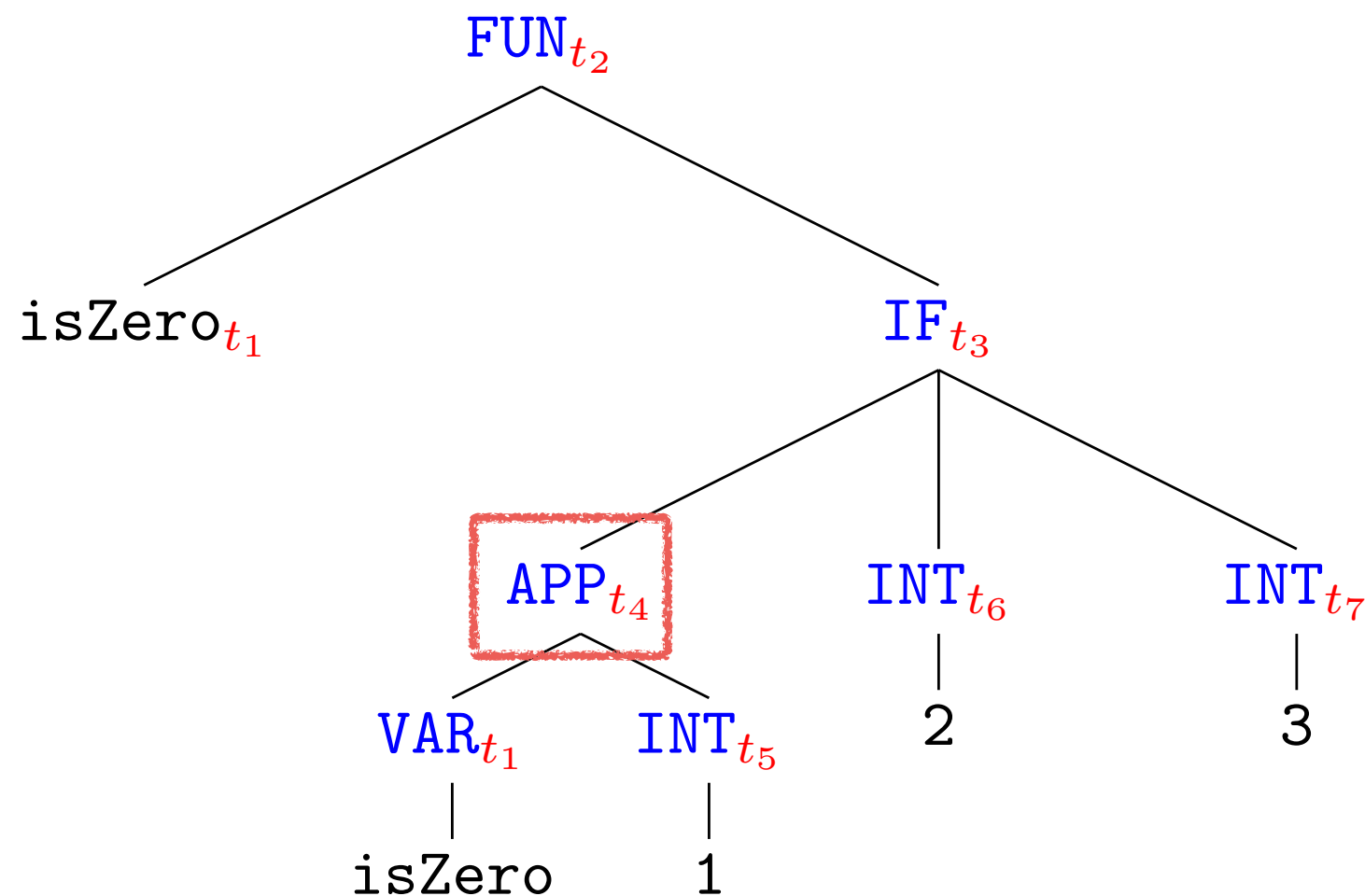
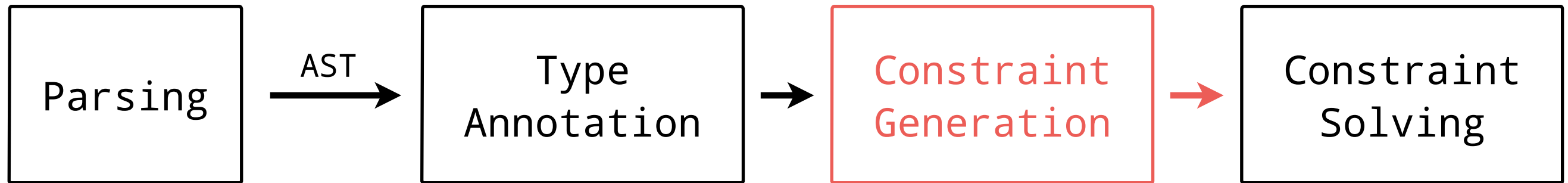
Constraint Set

$t1 \equiv t5 \rightarrow t4$

$t5 \equiv \text{int}$



Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

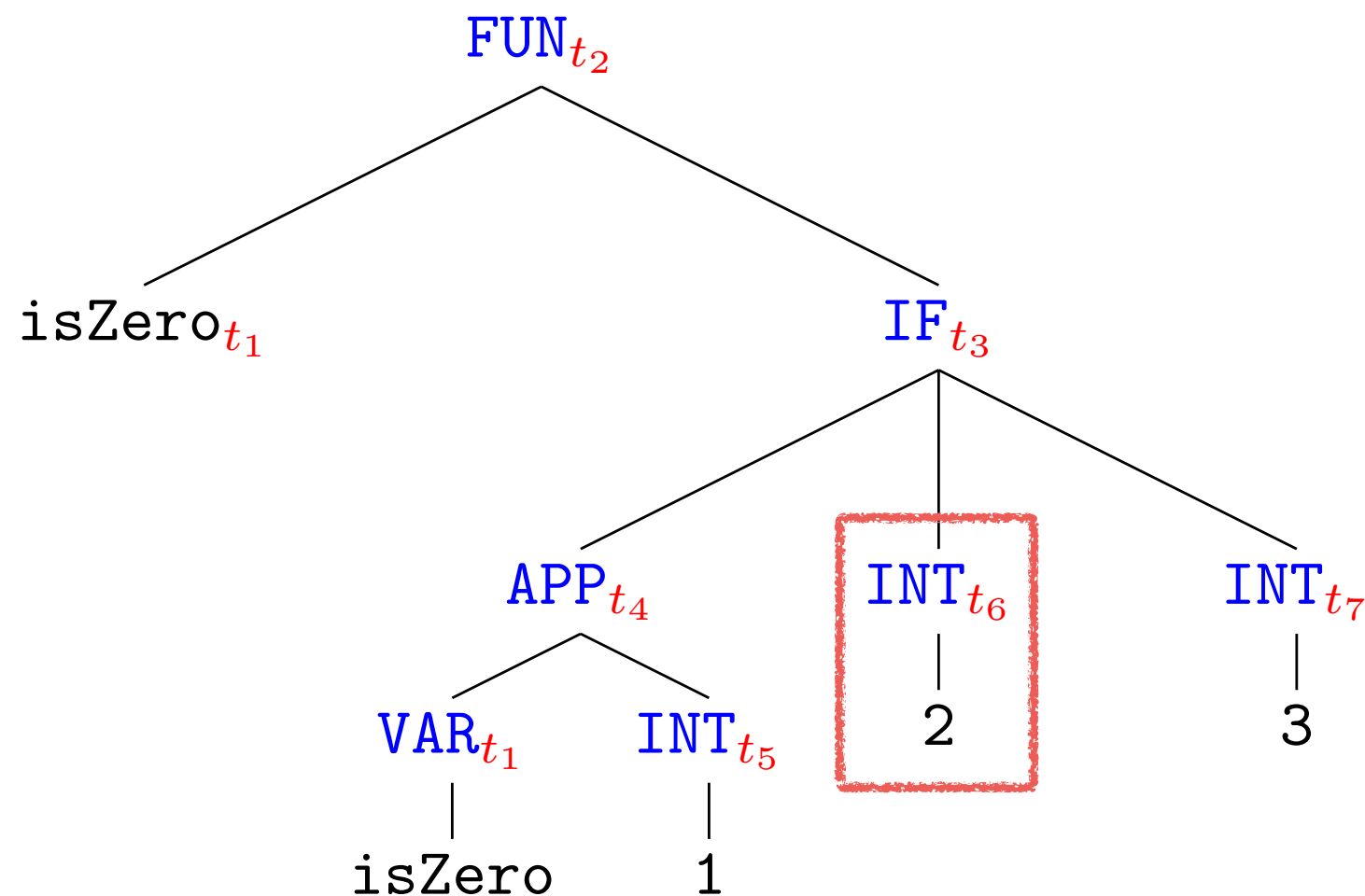
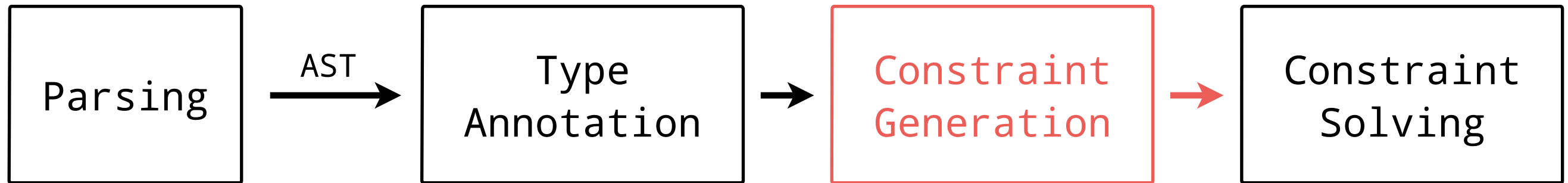
$t_1 \equiv t_5 \rightarrow t_4$

$t_5 \equiv \text{int}$

$t_4 \equiv \text{bool}$



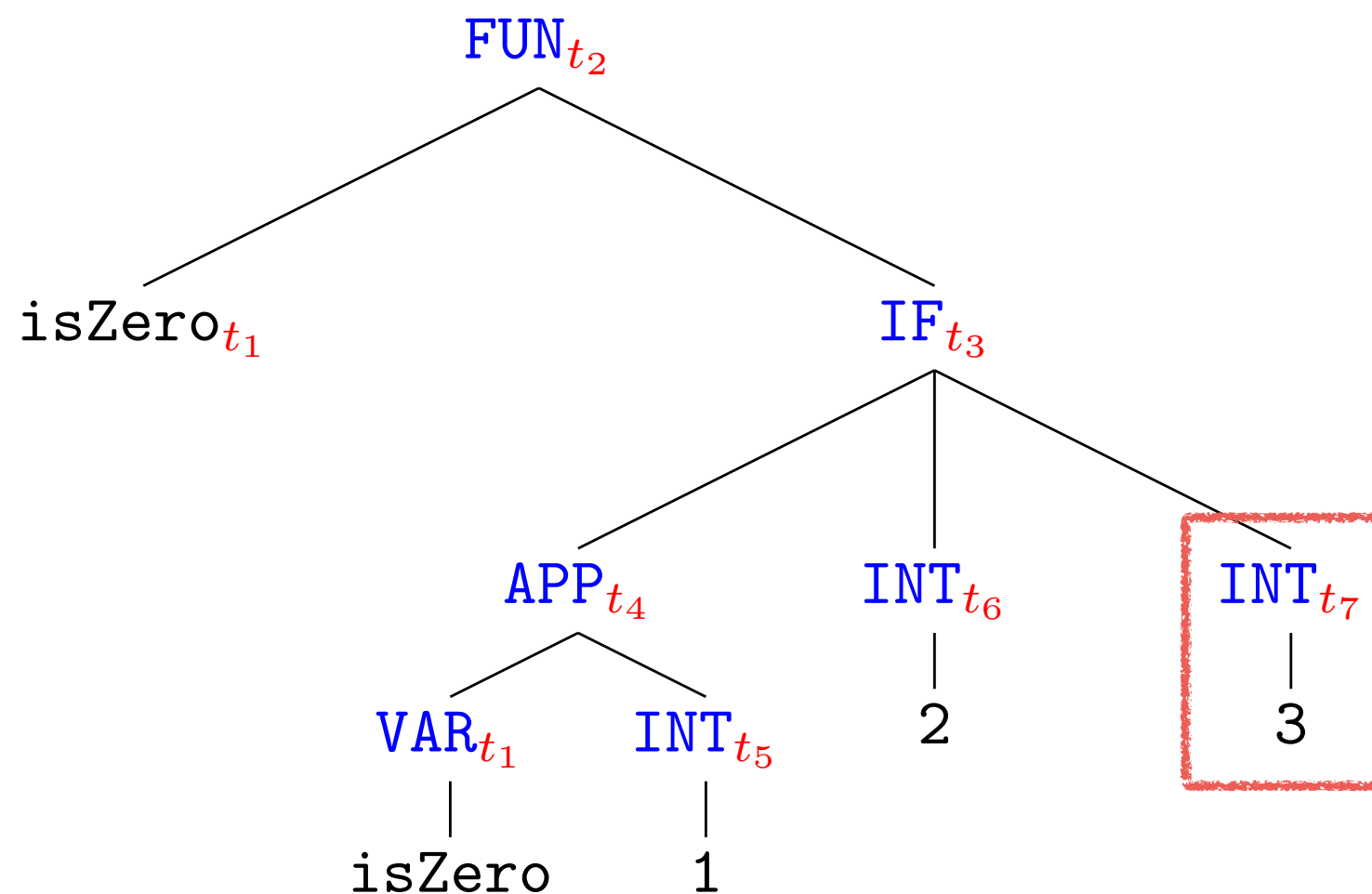
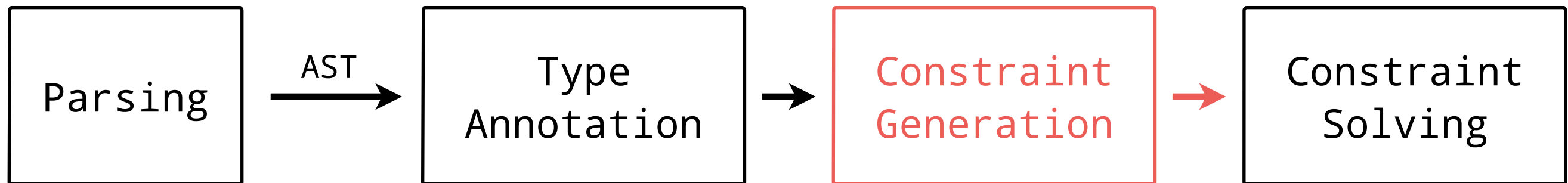
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

t1 ≡ t5 → t4
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int

Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

$t1 \equiv t5 \rightarrow t4$

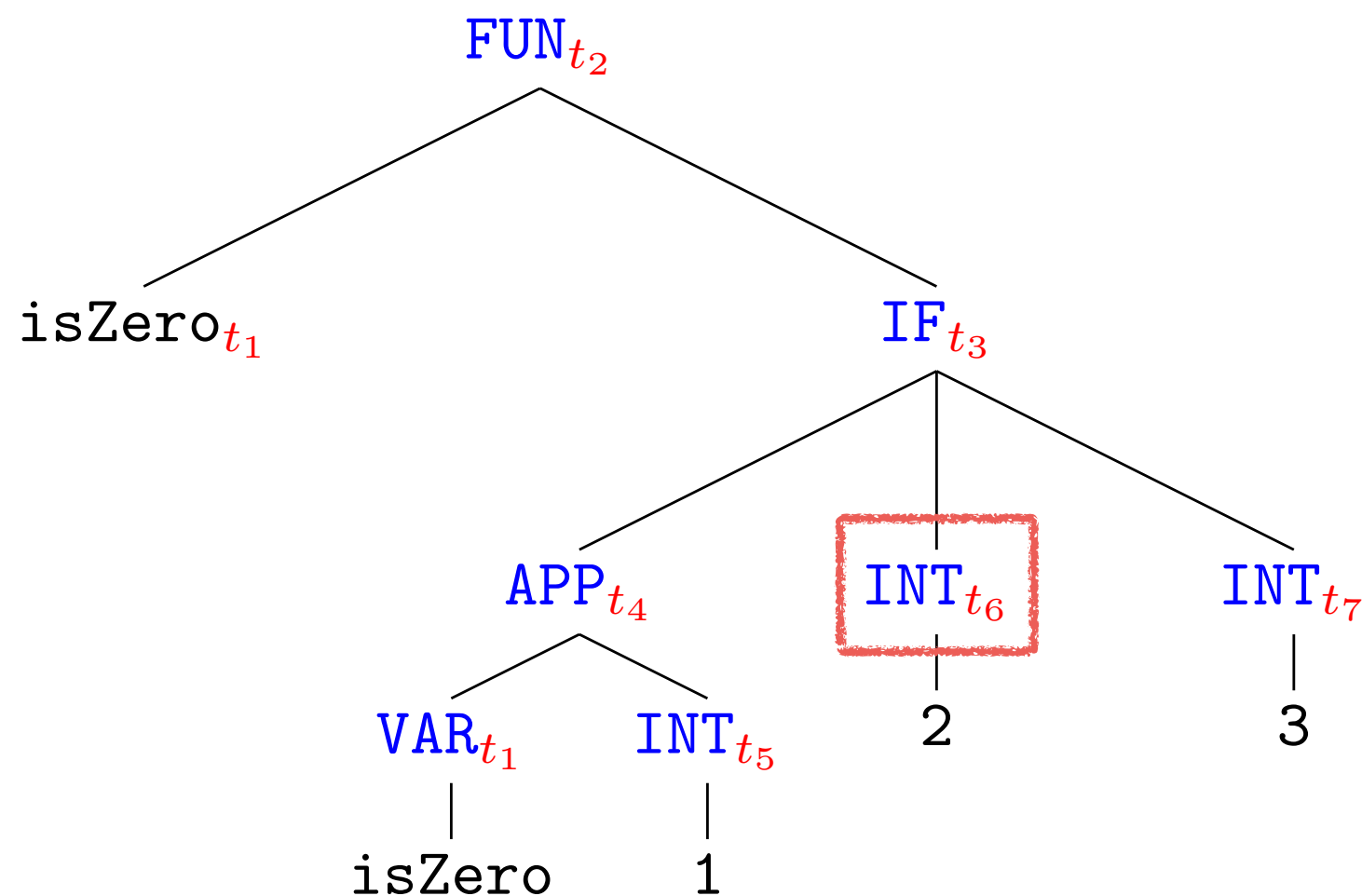
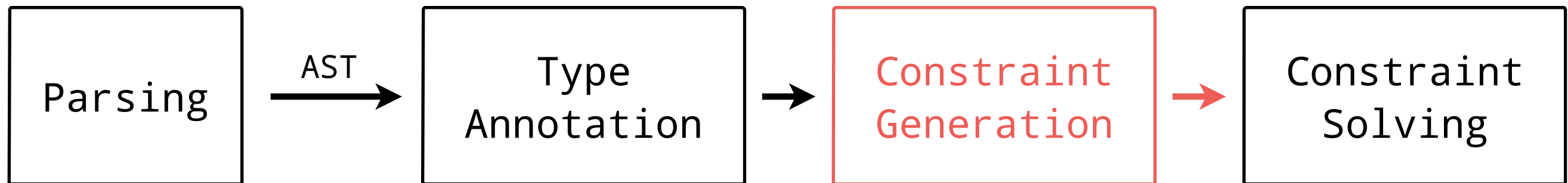
$t5 \equiv \text{int}$

$t4 \equiv \text{bool}$

$t6 \equiv \text{int}$

$t7 \equiv \text{int}$

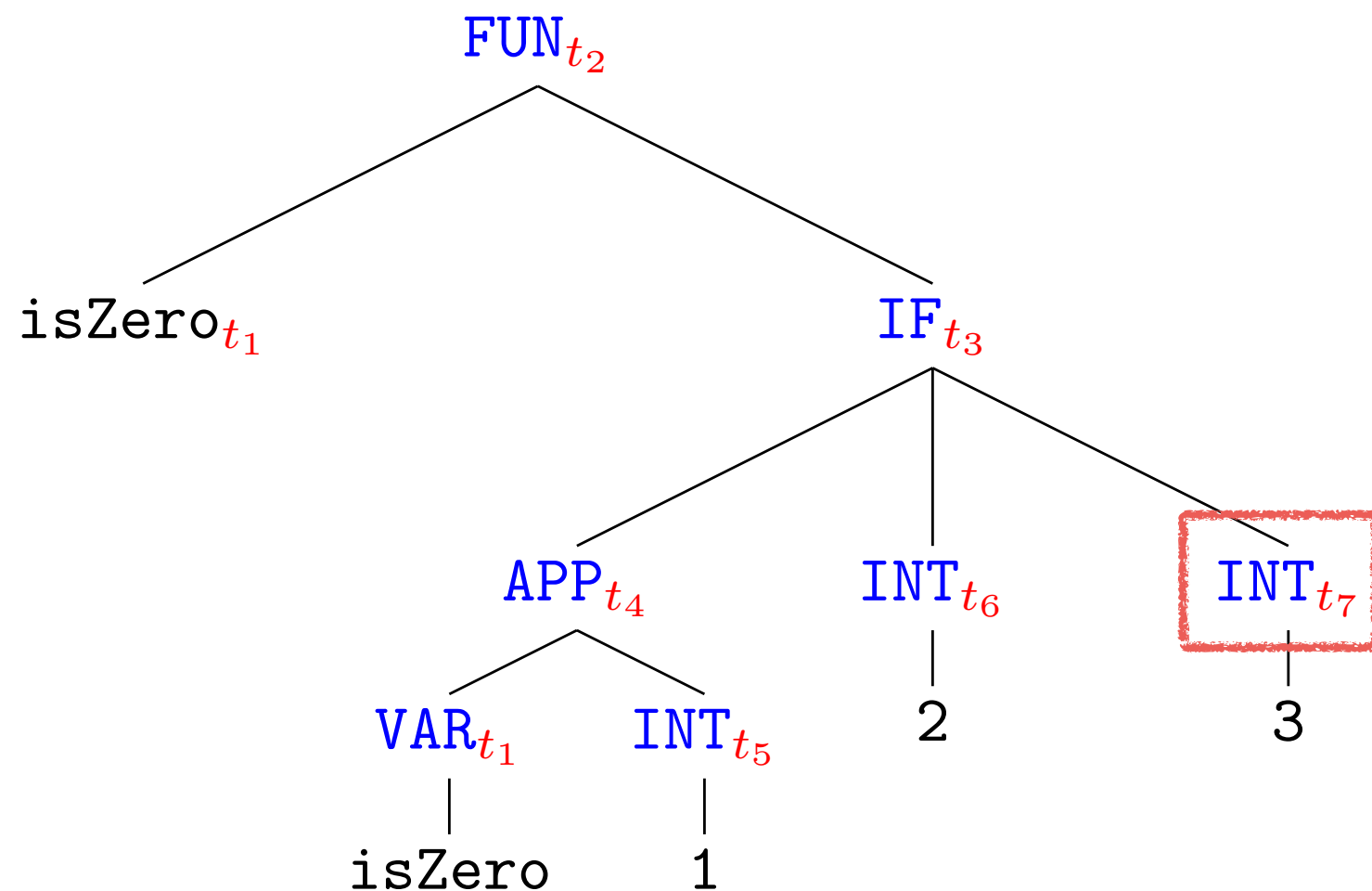
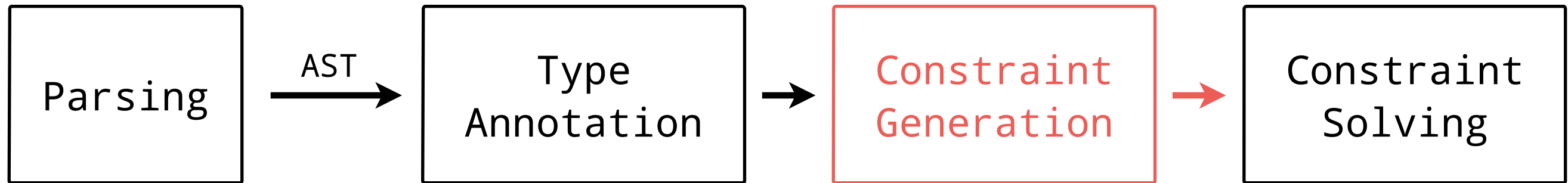
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

t1 ≡ t5 → t4
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3

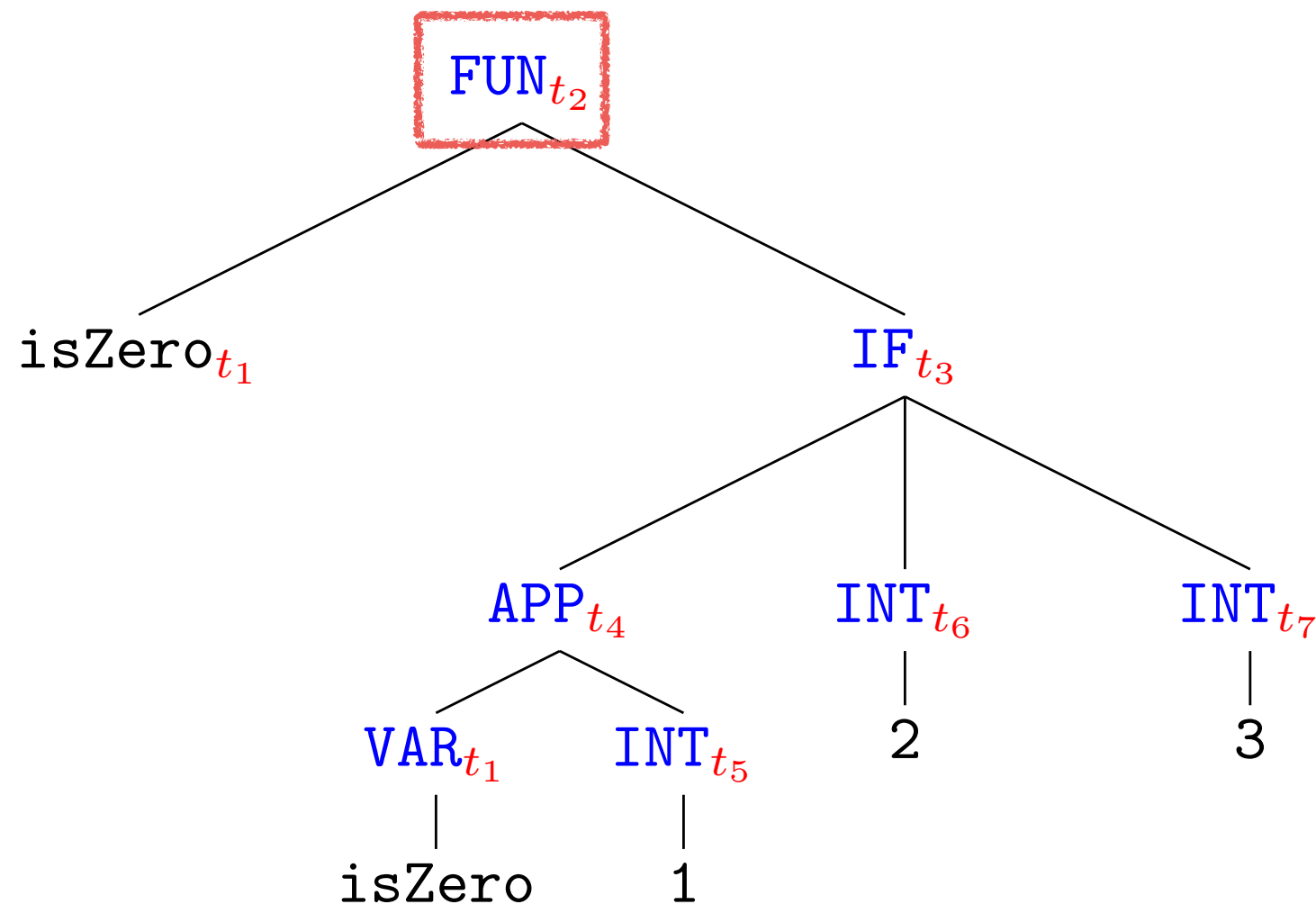
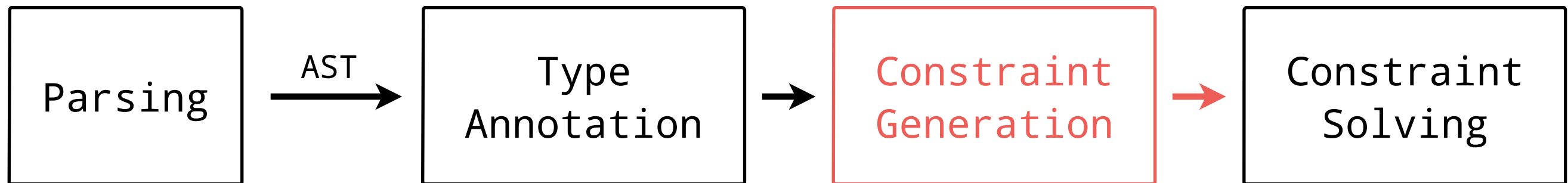
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

t1 ≡ t5 → t4
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3

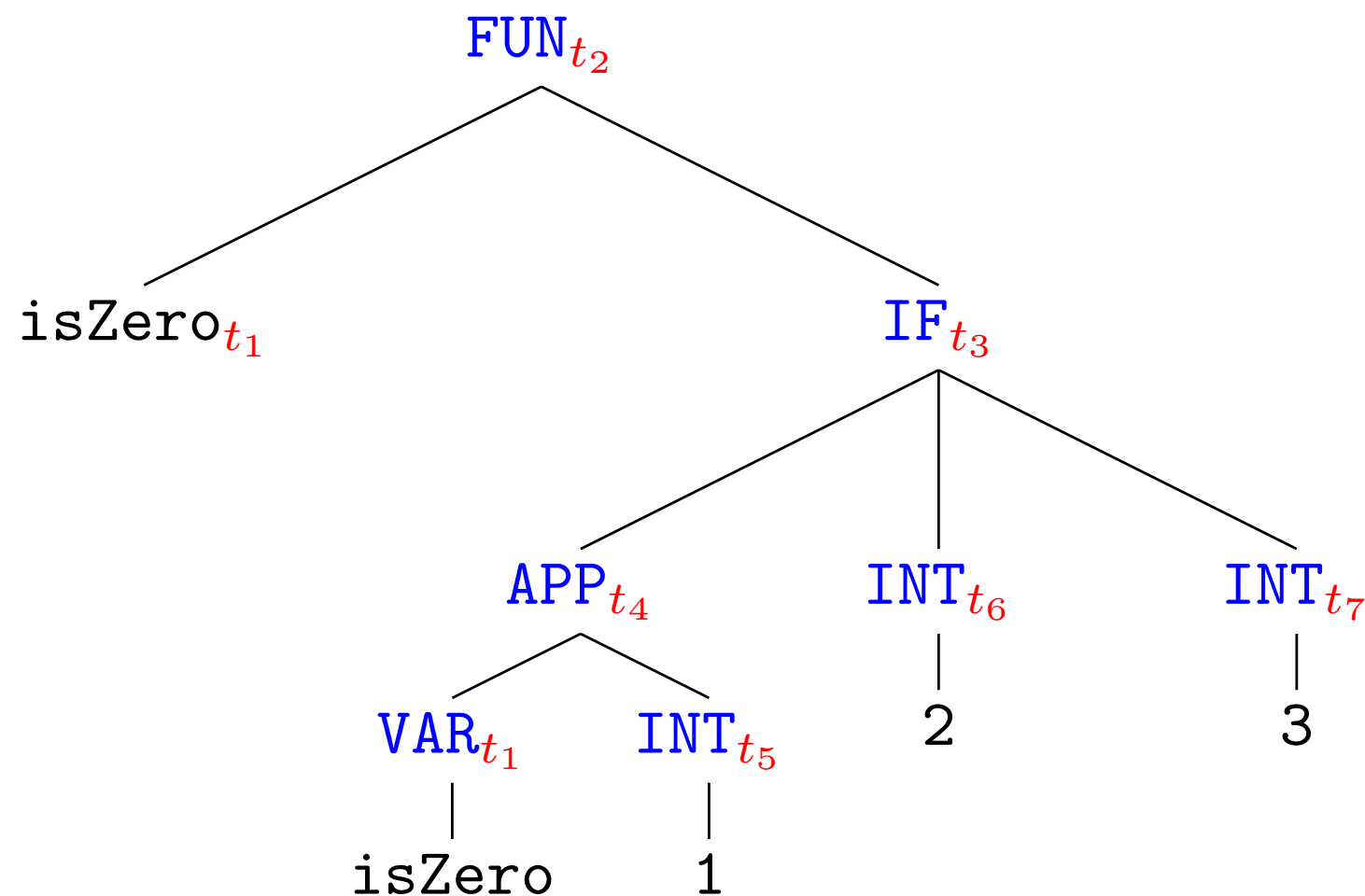
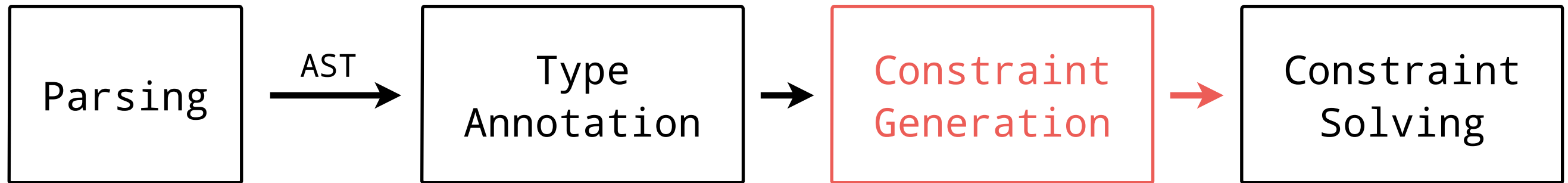
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

t1 ≡ t5 → t4
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ t1 → t3

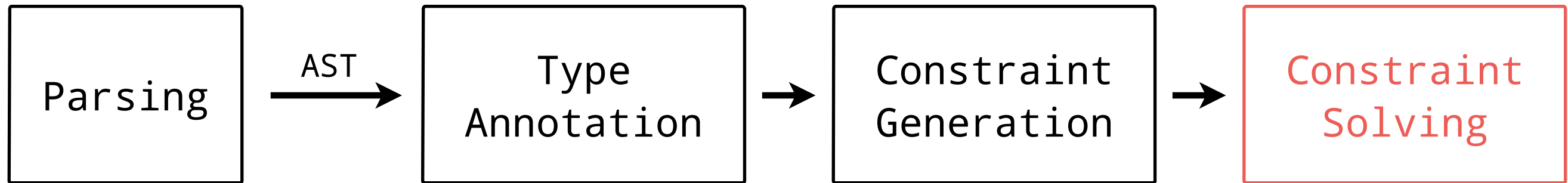
Wand's Algorithm Overview



Constraint Set

t1 ≡ t5 → t4
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ t1 → t3

Wand's Algorithm Overview

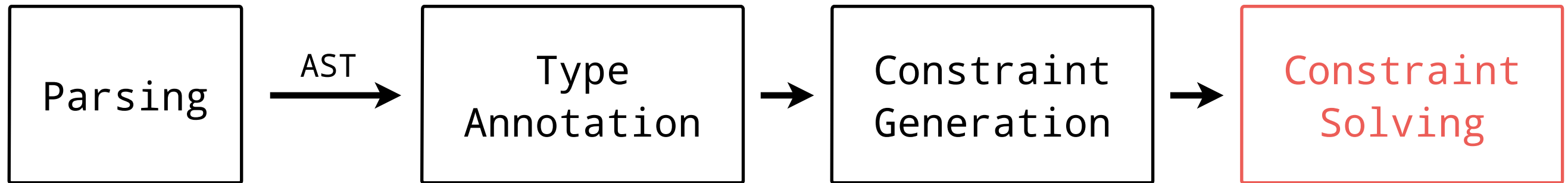


Constraint Set

t1 \equiv t5 \rightarrow t4
t5 \equiv int
t4 \equiv bool
t6 \equiv int
t7 \equiv int
t6 \equiv t3
t7 \equiv t3
t2 \equiv t1 \rightarrow t3

Solution Map

Wand's Algorithm Overview



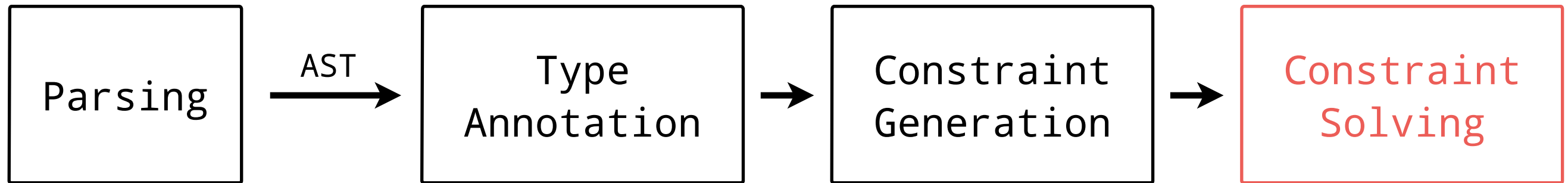
Constraint Set

```
t5 ≡ int
t4 ≡ bool
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ t1 → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: t5 → t4
```


Wand's Algorithm Overview



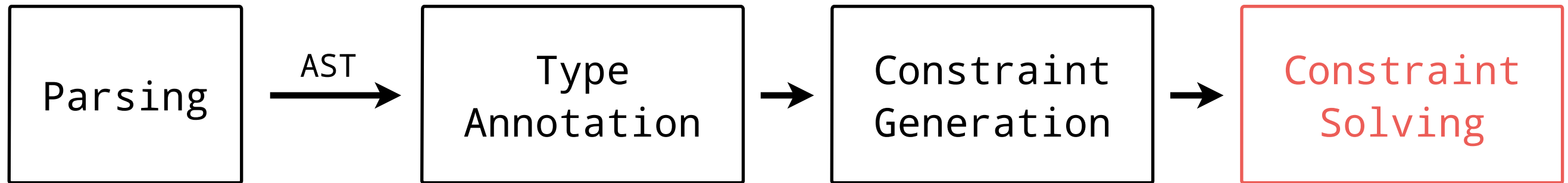
Constraint Set

t5 \equiv int
t4 \equiv bool
t6 \equiv int
t7 \equiv int
t6 \equiv t3
t7 \equiv t3
t2 \equiv (t5 \rightarrow t4) \rightarrow t3

Solution Map

t1: t5 \rightarrow t4

Wand's Algorithm Overview



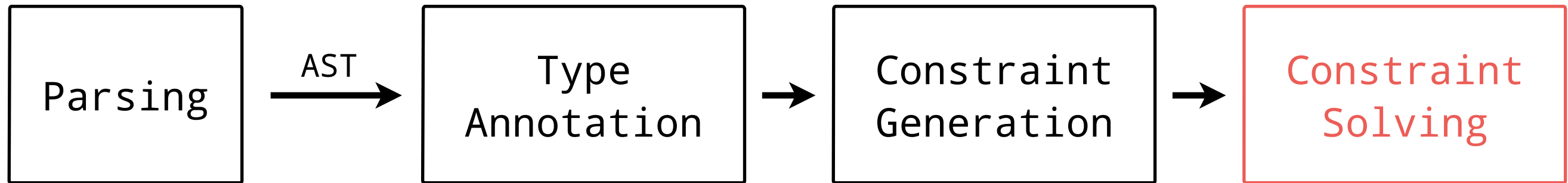
Constraint Set

$t_4 \equiv \text{bool}$
 $t_6 \equiv \text{int}$
 $t_7 \equiv \text{int}$
 $t_6 \equiv t_3$
 $t_7 \equiv t_3$
 $t_2 \equiv (t_5 \rightarrow t_4) \rightarrow t_3$

Solution Map

$t_1: t_5 \rightarrow t_4$
 $t_5: \text{int}$

Wand's Algorithm Overview



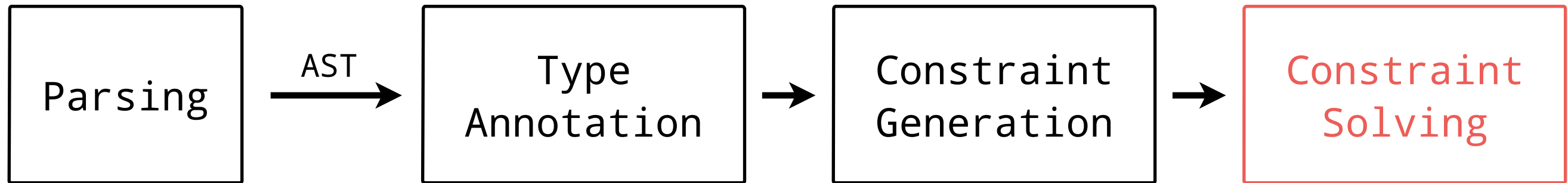
Constraint Set

t4 \equiv bool
t6 \equiv int
t7 \equiv int
t6 \equiv t3
t7 \equiv t3
t2 \equiv (int \rightarrow t4) \rightarrow t3

Solution Map

t1: int \rightarrow t4
t5: int

Wand's Algorithm Overview



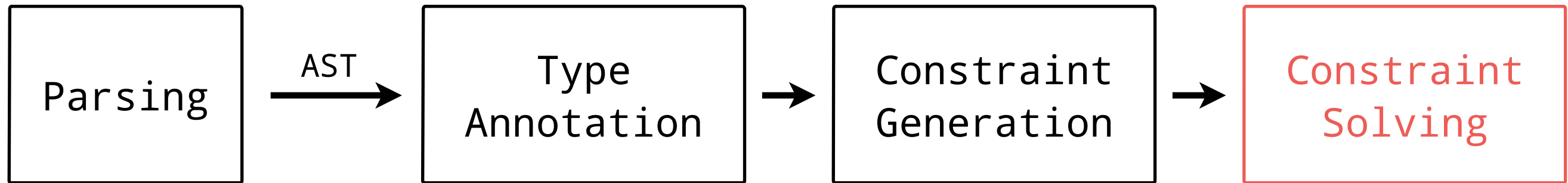
Constraint Set

```
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ (int → t4) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → t4
t5: int
t4: bool
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



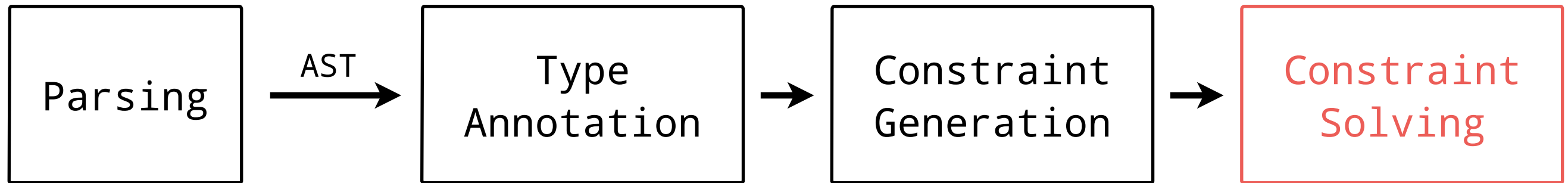
Constraint Set

```
t6 ≡ int
t7 ≡ int
t6 ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool
t5: int
t4: bool
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



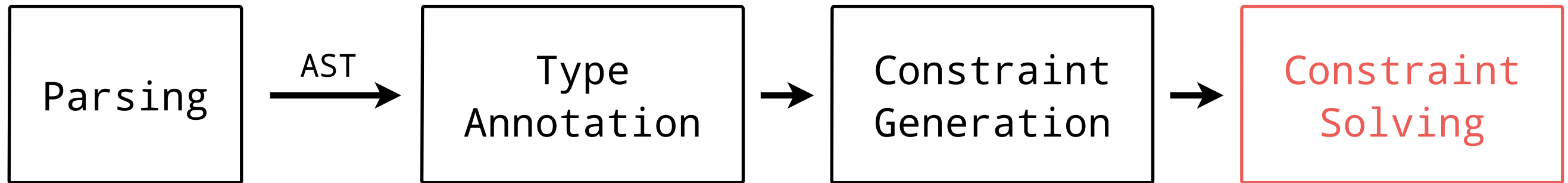
Constraint Set

$t_7 \equiv \text{int}$
 $t_6 \equiv t_3$
 $t_7 \equiv t_3$
 $t_2 \equiv (\text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}) \rightarrow t_3$

Solution Map

$t_1: \text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $t_5: \text{int}$
 $t_4: \text{bool}$
 $t_6: \text{int}$

Wand's Algorithm Overview



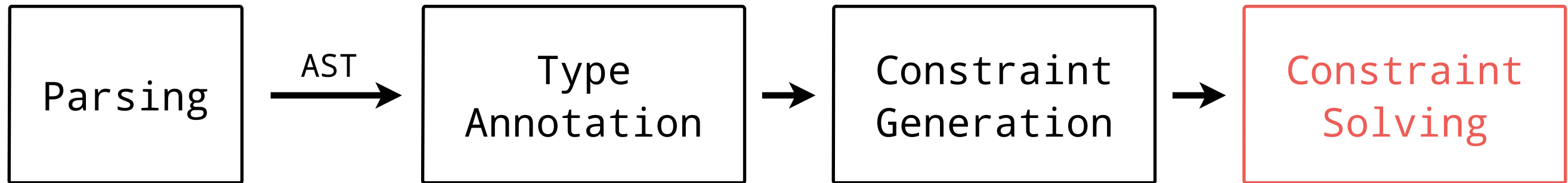
Constraint Set

```
t7 ≡ int
int ≡ t3
t7 ≡ t3
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool
t5: int
t4: bool
t6: int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



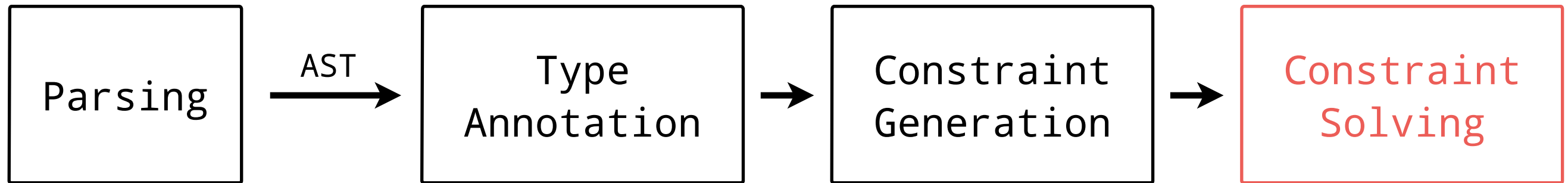
Constraint Set

```
int ≡ t3  
t7 ≡ t3  
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool  
t5: int  
t4: bool  
t6: int  
t7: int
```


Wand's Algorithm Overview



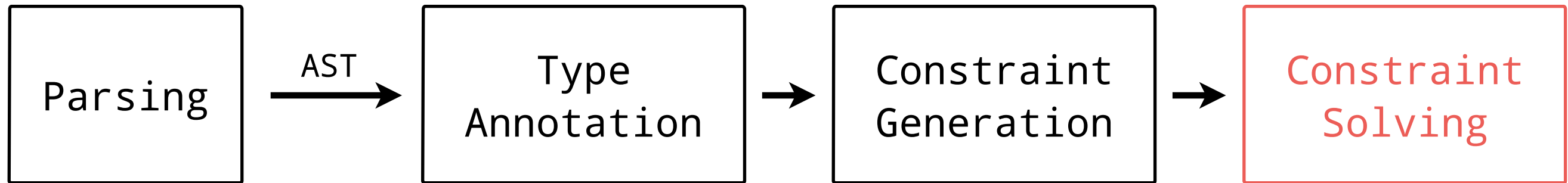
Constraint Set

```
int ≡ t3  
int ≡ t3  
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool  
t5: int  
t4: bool  
t6: int  
t7: int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



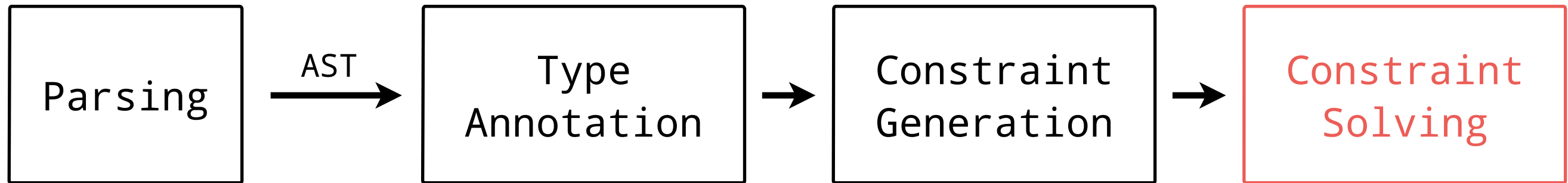
Constraint Set

```
int ≡ t3  
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → t3
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool  
t5: int  
t4: bool  
t6: int  
t7: int  
t3: int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



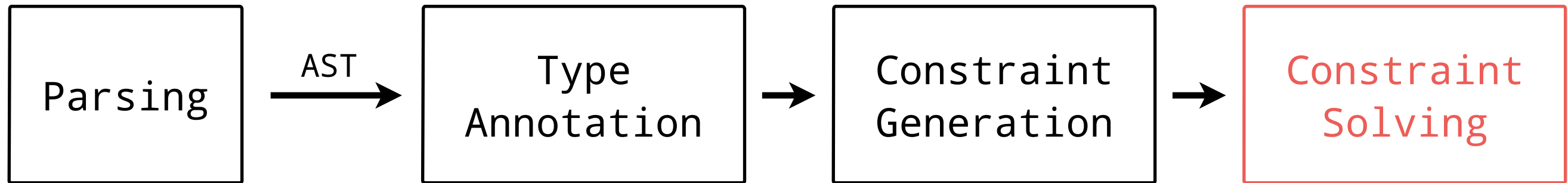
Constraint Set

```
int ≡ int  
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → int
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool  
t5: int  
t4: bool  
t6: int  
t7: int  
t3: int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



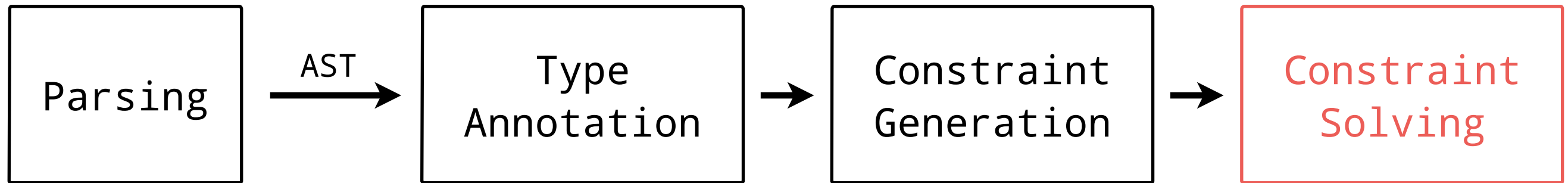
Constraint Set

```
int ≡ int  
t2 ≡ (int → bool) → int
```

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool  
t5: int  
t4: bool  
t6: int  
t7: int  
t3: int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



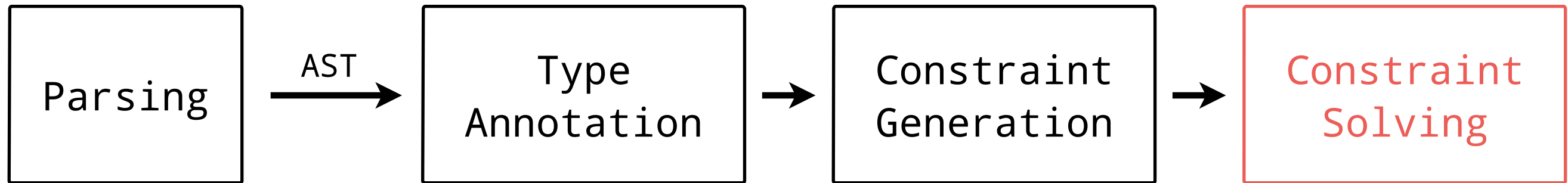
Constraint Set

$t2 \equiv (\text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}) \rightarrow \text{int}$

Solution Map

$t1: \text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $t5: \text{int}$
 $t4: \text{bool}$
 $t6: \text{int}$
 $t7: \text{int}$
 $t3: \text{int}$

Wand's Algorithm Overview

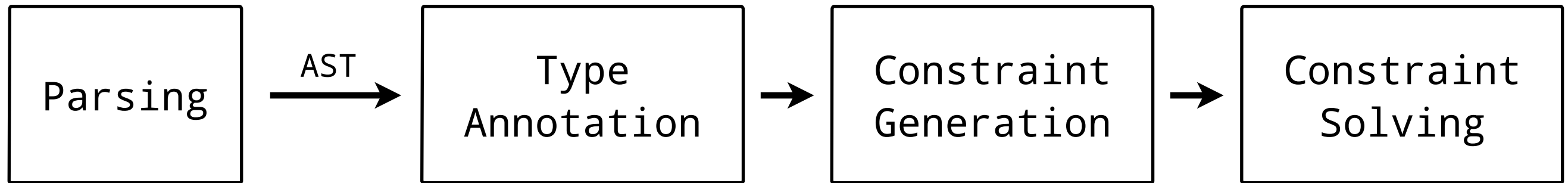


Constraint Set

Solution Map

```
t1: int → bool
t5: int
t4: bool
t6: int
t7: int
t3: int
t2: (int → bool) → int
```

Wand's Algorithm Overview



Solution Map

t1: int \rightarrow bool

t5: int

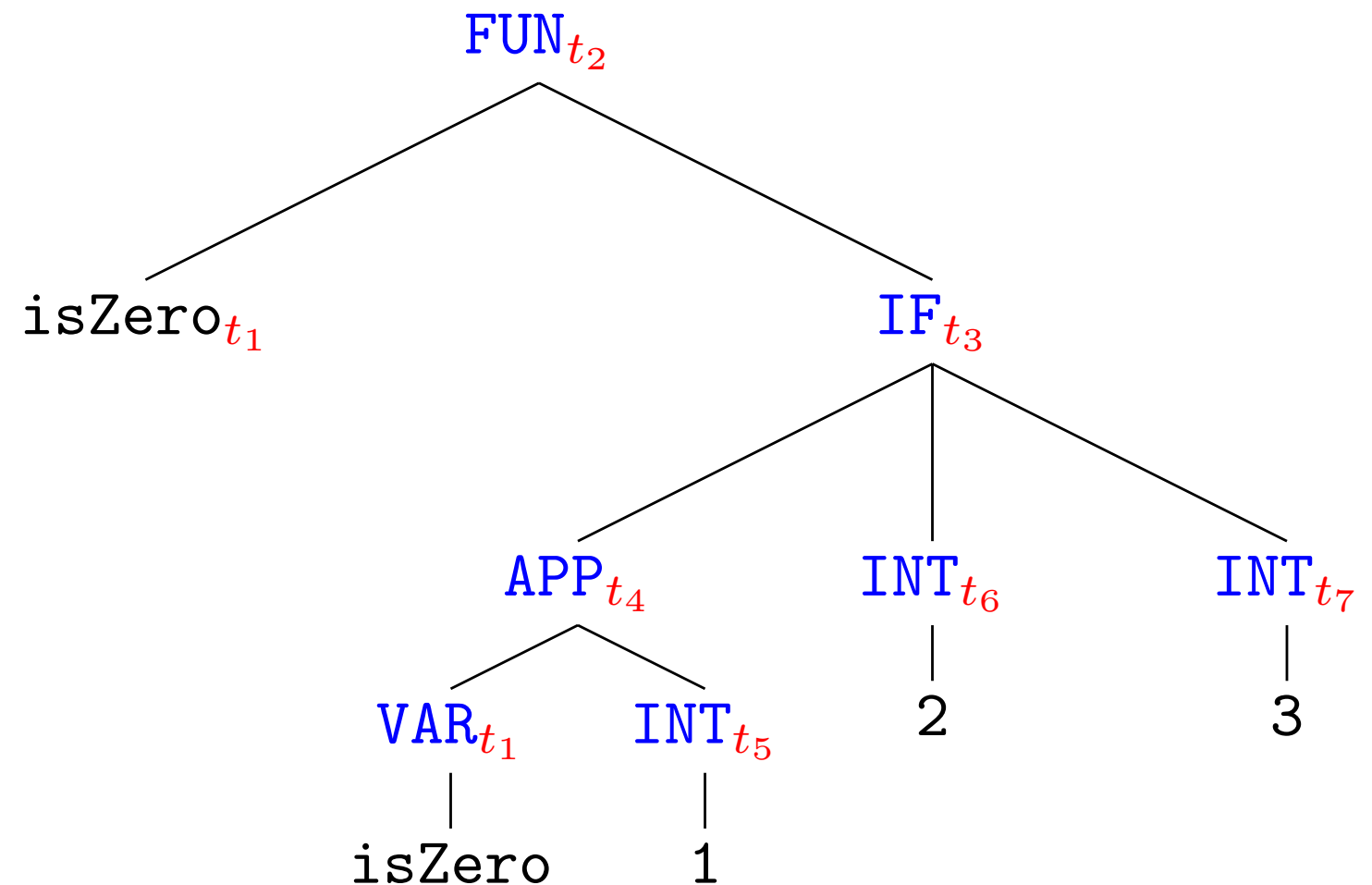
t4: bool

t6: int

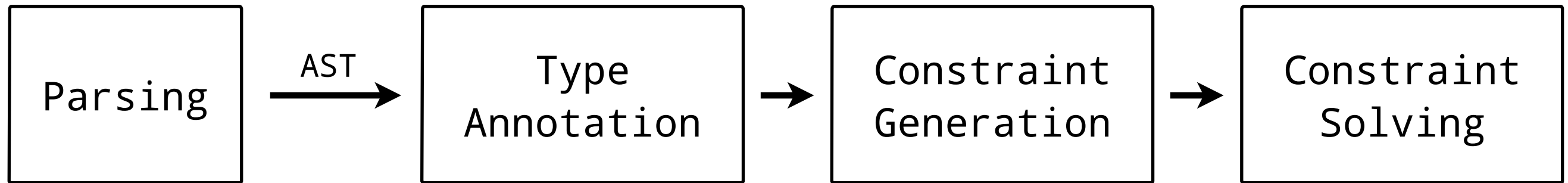
t7: int

t3: int

t2: (int \rightarrow bool) \rightarrow int



Wand's Algorithm Overview



```
fn isZero =>  
  if isZero 1  
  then 2  
  else 3
```

→ (int -> bool) -> int

Type Checking Algorithms

- As I said, there are two main classes
- Constraint-based ones. We've just seen one example — Wand's algorithm
- Substitution-based ones, where constraint generation and solving are not two separate processes, they are interleaved. Example: the classic Hindley-Milner Algorithm W.

Live Demonstration

<https://github.com/igstan/itake-2015>

Thank You!

Resources

- **Sunil Kothari and James L. Caldwell.** Type Reconstruction Algorithms - A Survey
- **Mitchell Wand.** A simple algorithm and proof for type inference.
- **Bastiaan Heeren, Jurriaan Hage and Doaitse Swierstra.** [Generalizing Hindley-Milner Type Inference Algorithms](#)
- **Oleg Kiselyov and Chung-chieh Shan.** [Interpreting Types as Abstract Values](#)
- **Shriram Krishnamurthi.** [Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation, chapter 15](#)
- **Shriram Krishnamurthi.** [Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation, lecture 24](#)
- **Shriram Krishnamurthi.** [Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation, lecture 25](#)
- **Bastiaan Heeren.** Top Quality Type Error Messages
- **Stephen Diehl.** [Write You a Haskell, chapter 6](#)
- **Andrew Appel.** [Modern Compiler Implementation in ML, chapter 16](#)
- **Benjamin Pierce.** [Types and Programming Languages, chapter 22](#)
- **Martin Odersky.** [Scala by Example, chapter 16](#)
- **Danny Gratzer.** <https://github.com/jozefg/hm>
- **Arlen Cox.** ML Type Inference and Unification
- **Radu Rugină.** [CS 312, Type Inference](#)