Problem

Chef has two integers \boldsymbol{A} and \boldsymbol{B} .

 $\text{Chef wants to find the } \mathbf{minimum} \text{ value of } \mathbf{lcm}(A,X) - \mathbf{gcd}(B,X) \text{ where } X \text{ is any positive integer.}$

Help him determine this value.

 $\mathsf{Note} \colon \mathbf{gcd}(P,\,Q) \ \mathsf{denotes} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{greatest} \ \mathsf{common} \ \mathsf{divisor} \ \mathsf{of} \ P \ \mathsf{and} \ Q \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{lcm}(P,\,Q) \ \mathsf{denotes} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{least} \ \mathsf{common} \ \mathsf{multiple} \ \mathsf{of} \ P \ \mathsf{and} \ Q.$

Input Format

- $\bullet\,$ The first line contains a single integer T the number of test cases. Then the test cases follow.
- ullet The first and only line of each test case contains two space-separated integers A and B the integers mentioned in the statement.

For each test case, output the minimum value of $\mathtt{lcm}(A,X) - \mathtt{gcd}(B,X)$.

Constraints

- $1 \le T \le 10^5$
- $1 \le A, B \le 10^9$

Sample 1:

Input	Output	
3	9	
12 15	0	
5 50	8	
12 15 5 50 9 11		

Explanation:

 $\textbf{Test case 1:} \ \text{For} \ X=6: \texttt{lcm}(12,6) - \texttt{gcd}(15,6) = 12-3 = 9 \ \text{which is the minimum value required}.$

Test case 2 : For X = 50 : lcm(5,50) - gcd(50,50) = 50 - 50 = 0 which is the minimum value required.

 $\textbf{Test case 3:} \ \text{For} \ X=1: \texttt{lcm}(9,1)-\texttt{gcd}(11,1)=9-1=8 \ \text{which is the minimum value required}.$





