# **Documentation for the Projection Method**

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## **About the Program**

This program implements the projection method. Specifically, it

- 1. constructs the mesh grid and calculates the cell centers,
- 2. initializes u(x, p) values by applying the initial condition  $\tilde{u}(x, p)$ ,
- 3. solves the linear system in (3.33) to compute  $\alpha_i = \lambda_x(x_i)$ ,  $1 \le i \le N_x$ ,
- 4. applies the projection method by using the  $\alpha_i$  values on  $u_{i,j}$ , and
- 5. numerically calculates the values  $\left| \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \int_{p_A}^{p_B(x_i)} u(x_i, p) dp \right|$  at all  $x_i$  and evaluates the accuracy of the projection method

### How to Run the Code

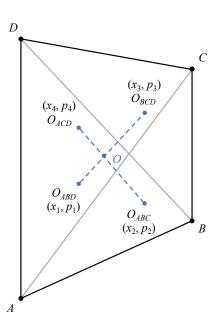
The code is written in MATLAB. To run the code,

- 1. unzip the contents of the .zip archive to a folder,
- 2. navigate to the folder in MATLAB, and
- 3. run the main() function.

The console printout of the main() function gives the location  $x_i$  at which  $\left| \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \int_{p_A}^{p_B(x)} u(x,p) dp \right|$  is the largest, along with the max value.

## **Note on the Barycenter Calculations**

The calculation of the barycenters in the function calcCellCenters() follows the numbering and orientation of the vertices illustrated in the following plot.



**Figure 1.** In the graph, O represents the barycenter of the trapezoid.  $O_{XYZ}$  is the center of the triangle  $\Delta XYZ$ .