Consider the following population, P , where $P=\{1,1,3,5,10\}$		
And the following sample, $S_{\rm s}$	where $S=\{1,3\}$	
What is the value of the sample	mean?	
O It cannot be computed with	the given information.	
•	2	
0	4	
0	6	
\bigcirc Correct The sample mean should sample mean is $\frac{1+3}{2}=2$	be calculated from the set of numbers the sample set only. Then 2.	refore, the
	a sample and a population in statistics?	1 / 1 point
	p being studied, while a population is a subset of that group.	
A population is the entire g	roup being studied, while a sample is a subset of that group.	
A population is a group from	m which a sample is drawn, and both terms can be used intercha	angeably.
○ Correct		

3. Let S be a random sample, where $S=\{5,2,7,10\}$. Calculate the **population variance** for the sample set.

 \bigcirc Correct This was a simple application of the formula $\sigma^2=\frac{1}{N}\sum(x-\mu)^2.$ Note that $\mu=6.$ Therefore: $\sigma^2=\frac{1}{4}\left((5-6)^2+(2-6)^2+(7-6)^2+(10-6)^2\right)=\frac{1}{4}\left(1+16+1+16\right)=8.5$

O 2.9

8.534

1/1 point

1/1 point

n	mean	
20	4.77	
50	5.16	
100	4,97	
200	5.01	

O 5.16

O 4.97

5.01

(Correct

Nice job! The Law of Large Numbers states that as the sample size increases, the sample mean approaches the population mean with, if certain conditions are satisfied. The conditions that must be met are the following:

- 1. The sample is randomly drawn.
- 2. The sample size must be sufficiently large.
- 3. Each observation must be independent of the others.

5.	Which of	the	following	best	describes	the	Central	Limit	Theorem	12

1/1 point

- The Central Limit Theorem states that the mean of a population is always normally distributed.
- The Central Limit Theorem states that, under certain conditions, as the sample size increases, the sample mean approaches the population mean.
- The Central Limit Theorem states that, under certain conditions, as the sample size increases, the sampling distribution of the mean approaches a normal distribution, regardless of the distribution of the population.
- The Central Limit Theorem states that as the sample size increases, the variance of the population decreases.

O Correct

Nice job! The Central Limit Theorem states that if you sample several times from a population, the sample means will be normally distributed. However, for this theorem to apply, you must use large sample sizes.