Virtual dubber

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Action item

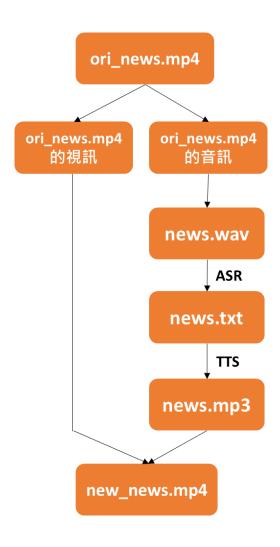
- 1. 輸入測試影片(王志郁主播),自動處理後,輸出影片之語音轉為google小姐語音;語速需與 測試影片相同。
- 2. Test sequence 增加"國立中正大學-王進賢教授 靜態隨機存取記憶體細胞元陣列"影片

Program flow

- 2. 將 ori_news.mp4 的音訊與視訊分開,音訊存成 news.wav 檔並上傳至 Google cloud storage,只要音檔大於 1 分鐘就需要透過Google cloud storage,用於 Speech to text
- 3. ASR (speech to text) 轉換成文字並存成 news.txt 檔
- 4. 將 news.txt 透過 TTS (text to speech) 合成 Google 人聲,並保存成 news.mp3 檔
- 5. 將 ori_news.mp4 的視訊檔與 news.mp3 做結合並儲存成 new_news.mp4 檔
- 6. 播放 new_news.mp4

Demo link

- 1. Test sequence 為王志郁主播:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CnliQ6zCcFw
- 2. Test sequence 為王進賢教授:https://youtu.be/asv8-L8P0nM



圖一 轉換流程

附錄

Text to speech 最簡單的範例:

https://github.com/googleapis/python-texttospeech/blob/HEAD/samples/snippets/quickstart.py

synthesis_input = texttospeech.SynthesisInput(text="Hello, World!") 將文字合成語音輸出

	Language	Voice type	Language code	Voice name	SSML Gender		
	Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Standard-A	FEMALE		
	Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Standard-B	MALE		
	Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Standard-C	MALE	Mandarii	
	Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Wavenet-A	FEMALE	Mandarii	
	Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Standard-B	MALE		
	Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-Standard-C	MALE	Mandari	

WaveNet 語音

利用基於 DeepMind 開創性研究構建的 90 <u>多種 WaveNet 語音</u>來生成語音,顯著縮小 與人類表現的差距。

Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW- Standard-A	FEMALE	> 0:04 / 0:05	→)	:
Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW-	MALE			
			Standard-B		o :04 / 0:05	•)	•
Mandarin Chinese	Standard	cmn-TW	cmn-TW- Standard-C	MALE	> 0:03 / 0:05 	•)	i
Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW- Wavenet-A	FEMALE	0:04 / 0:05	•)	i
Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW- Wavenet-B	MALE	▶ 0:00	=(1)	i
Mandarin Chinese	WaveNet	cmn-TW	cmn-TW- Wavenet-C	MALE	▶ 0:00	•()	i

https://cloud.google.com/text-to-speech/docs/voices

Google 搜尋:python 影片處理

https://www.google.com/search?rlz=1C1SQJL_zh-

TWTW871TW871&sxsrf=ALeKk01gZv2vrluFTxFTd8Iq6IKUyOkfDg:1624441104635&q=python%E5%BD%B1%E7%89%87%E8%99% 95%E7%90%86&sa=X&ved=2ahUKEwj 0 Xuq3xAhWOOZQKHYQcA9QQ1QIwCnoECAgQAQ

MoviePy - 中文文档1-下载与安装:

https://blog.csdn.net/ucsheep/article/details/81000982

【電腦程式與生活】(5) 用python做簡單的影片剪輯吧:

https://ithelp.ithome.com.tw/articles/10230356

MoviePy視訊編輯庫實現抖音短視訊剪下合併操作:

https://tw511.com/a/01/16104.html

MoviePy - 中文文档2-快速上手-MoviePy-预览:

https://blog.csdn.net/ucsheep/article/details/81004033

MoviePy - 中文文档(一个专业的python视频编辑库)教程:

https://blog.csdn.net/ucsheep/article/details/80999939

Python玩转各种多媒体,视频、音频到图片:

https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/138984453

給予 GCP 檔案連結,或是本地音訊連結,做 STT 轉換 transcribe_async.py



讀取文字檔合成輸出語音檔案 quickstart_readfile_T2S.py



將 影片檔 跟 音檔 合成 MoviePy_test2.py

Action items:

- 自動配音員系統展示應該為輸入測試影片(王志郁主播),離線自動處理後,輸出影片之語音轉為google小姐語音;語速需與測試影片相同。
- Test sequence增加"國立中正大學-王進賢教授 -靜態隨機存取記憶體細胞元陣列"影片,網 址如下
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iCByLYHNX BY&t=3s

Python 速查手冊 – 5.2 回傳值:

http://kaiching.org/pydoing/py/python-return-value.html

```
Anaconda Prompt (Anaconda3)
                                                                                                               X
The above exception was the direct cause of the following exception:
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "auto_virtual_dubber.py", line 225, in <module>
    main()
  File "auto_virtual_dubber.py", line 208, in main
 transcribe_file(ori_mp3_path, f)
File "auto_virtual_dubber.py", line 55, in transcribe_file
 operation = client.long_running_recognize(config=config, audio=audio)
File "D:\Python\Anaconda3\envs\newenv\lib\site-packages\google\cloud\speech_vl\services\speech\cli
ent.py", line 503, in long_running_recognize
 response = rpc(request, retry=retry, timeout=timeout, metadata=metadata,)
File "D:\Python\Anaconda3\envs\newenv\lib\site-packages\google\api_core\gapic_v1\method.py", line
145, in <u>__</u>call_
    return wrapped_func(*args, **kwargs)
 File "D:\Python\Anaconda3\envs\newenv\lib\site-packages\google\api_core\grpc_helpers.py", line 69,
 in error_remapped_callable
    six.raise_from(exceptions.from_grpc_error(exc), exc)
 File "<string>", line 3, in raise_from
google.api_core.exceptions.InvalidArgument: 400 Request payload size exceeds the limit: 10485760 byt
(newenv) D:\chullin_workspace\virtual-dubber>
```

讀取檔案似乎限制不能超過1分鐘,如果是超過一分鐘的音訊檔就要上傳到 Google Cloud Storage

GCP cloud storge 網址

https://console.cloud.google.com/storage/browser/ details/chullin2 bucket/offlin e converter/origin 2021-06-27 21-44-42.wav?authuser=3&cloudshell=true&hl=zh-

TW&project=eighth-alchemy-316404

cloud storge Uploading objects:

https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/uploading-objects#storage-upload-objectcode-sample

github:

https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/python-docssamples/blob/HEAD/storage/cloud-client/storage_upload_file.py

使用 Python 上傳檔案:

http://www.tastones.com/zh-tw/stackoverflow/google-cloud-storage/gettingstarted-with-google-cloud-storage/upload files using python/

google-cloud-storage 1.39.0:

https://pypi.org/project/google-cloud-storage/

Viewing Files in Cloud Storage using Cloud Shell:

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/46459750/viewing-files-in-cloud-storage-

using-cloud-shell

配額和限制:

https://cloud.google.com/speech-to-text/quotas

使用指令:

42.wav

python upload GCP.py chullin2 bucket D:/chullin workspace/virtualdubber/output_auto_virtual_dubber/ori_mp3/origin_2021-06-27_21-44-42.wav offline_converter/origin_2021-06-27_21-44-

import sys # [START storage upload file] from google.cloud import storage def upload_blob(bucket_name, source_file_name, destination_blob_name): """Uploads a file to the bucket.""" storage_client = storage.Client() bucket = storage_client.bucket(bucket_name) blob = bucket.blob(destination_blob_name) blob.upload from filename(source file name) print("File {} uploaded to {}.".format(source file name, destination blob name if name == " main ": upload blob(bucket_name=sys.argv[1], source_file_name=sys.argv[2], destination_blob_name=sys.argv[3],

Upload GCP.py



會印兩次不同 confidence 的結果,利用一維陣列分別儲存,選出 confidence 較大的那個結果

```
Confidence = [0, 0, 0, 0]
Data = [0, 0, 0, 0]
i=0
v=0
for result in response.results:
    # The first alternative is the most likely one for this portion.
    # print("y = %d", y)
    Confidence[y] = (result.alternatives[0].confidence)
    Data[y] = (result.alternatives[0].transcript)
    # print(u"Transcript: {}".format(result.alternatives[0].transcript))
    # print("Confidence: {}".format(result.alternatives[0].confidence))
    # print(Confidence[y])
    if(y == 1):
        if(Confidence[0]>Confidence[1]):
            print("Transcript: {}".format(Data[0]))
            print("寫檔案")
            f.write(Data[0])
            f.write("\n")
        else:
            print("Transcript: {}".format(Data[1]))
            f.write(Data[1])
            f.write("\n")
    i = i+1
    v = i\%2
```

i = 0, 1, 2, 3 y = 0, 1, 0, 1 存進 Data 裡

