

School of Computer Science and Engineering

CSE3046-Programming for Data Science
Process: Obtain Data from Various Resources

Assignment-3

HANDLING MISSING DATA

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REG NO: 19BDS0083

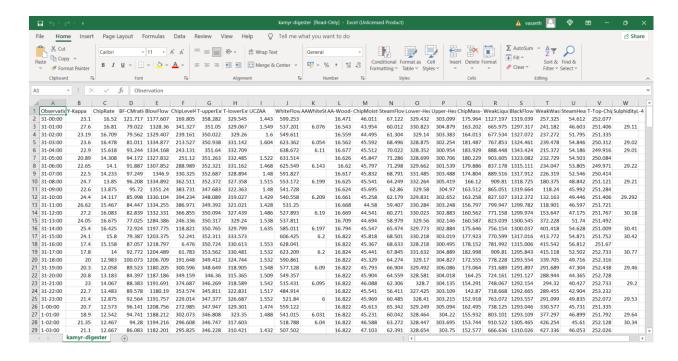
Submitted Date: 04/10/2021

Course Instructor: Dr. Anthoniraj A

Retrieve the data set from the following URL,

https://openmv.net/file/kamyr-digester.csv

THE DATA SET:



ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION:

- > Read the data set from the URL and converting it into data frame
- summarize the data set for checking number of NA's
- > check for structural errors
- Replace empty cells with NA
- Remove the columns and rows having missing data more than 60%
- Apply Mean or Median for Imputing Missing Values in remaining columns
- Apply any other standard algorithm for imputing missing values (for at least one column).

SAMPLE CODE:

```
#WRITING META DATA
               #USER INFROMATION: 19BDS0083 D VASANTH KUMAR
               #DATA SOURCE : Kamyr digester
             #OWNED BY: OpenMV.net Datasets
           #Description:Pulp quality is measured by the lignin content remaining in the pulp: the Kappa number. This data set is used to understand
# which variables in the process influence the Kappa number, and if it can be predicted accurately enough for an
# inferential sensor application.Variables with a number at the end have been lagged by that number of hours to line up the data
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               #Data shape: 301 rows and 22 columns
#TAGS FOR THE DATA SET : MULTIVARIATE,MISSING-DATA,TIME-SERIES
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                #I TRRARTES LISED
               library(rvest)
library(dplyr)
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               #DETERMINING THE SIZE OF THE DATA SET IN MY DIRECTORY
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              file.info("C:/Users/vasanth kumar/Downloads/kamyr-digester.csv")$size
              #READING THE DATA SET
               df <-read.csv("https://openmv.net/file/kamyr-digester.csv")
#STORING THE DATA SET IN NEW VARIABLE KEEPS THE ORIGINALITY OF THE DATA SET BEFORE CLEANING
df1 <-data.frame(df)</pre>
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                #AN INITIAL LOOK AT THE DATA FRAME
                #checking the observation resulting in 301 obs. of 23 variables and 22 columns
38
39
                                                    ng the data set for checking number of NA's
                summary(df1)
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45
               #CHECKING FOR STRUCTURAL ERRORS
                #RENAMING MISSLABLED VARIABLES
              #NUMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
```

```
for(i in 1:ncol(df1)){
    df1[is.na(df1[,i]), i] <- mean(df1[,i], na.rm = TRUE)
}
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104
#ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
105
#INORDER TO CREATE A DATA SET WITH NA'S LIBRARY(missForest) provides a function called prodNA(file,noNA=0.6)
106
107</pre>
```

SAMPLE DATA SET:

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^ (Observation [‡]	Y.Kappa [‡]	ChipRate [‡]	BF.CMratio [‡]	BlowFlow [‡]	ChipLevel4 [‡]	T.upperExt.2 [‡]	T.lowerExt.2	UCZAA [‡]	WhiteFlow.4	AAWhiteSt.4 [‡]	AA.Wood.4	ChipMoisture.4	SteamFlow.4
1	31-00:00	23.10	16.520	121.717	1177.607	169.805	358.282	329.545	1.443	599.253	NA	16.471	46.011	67
2	31-01:00	27.60	16.810	79.022	1328.360	341.327	351.050	329.067	1.549	537.201	6.076	16.543	43.954	60
3	31-02:00	23.19	16.709	79.562	1329.407	239.161	350.022	329.260	1.600	549.611	NA	16.559	44.495	61
4	31-03:00	23.60	16.478	81.011	1334.877	213.527	350.938	331.142	1.604	623.362	6.054	16.562	45.592	68
5	31-04:00	22.90	15.618	93.244	1334.168	243.131	351.640	332.709	NA	638.672	6.110	16.677	45.512	70
6	31-05:00	20.89	14.308	94.172	1327.832	251.120	351.263	332.485	1.522	631.514	NA	16.626	45.847	71
7	31-06:00	22.65	14.100	91.887	1307.852	288.989	352.321	331.162	1.468	625.549	6.143	16.620	45.797	71
8	31-07:00	22.50	14.233	97.249	1346.900	330.325	352.687	328.894	1.480	591.827	NA	16.617	45.832	68
9	31-08:00	24.70	13.850	96.208	1334.892	362.511	352.372	327.358	1.515	553.172	6.199	16.625	45.541	64
0	31-09:00	22.60	13.875	95.720	1351.240	383.731	347.683	322,363	1.480	541.728	NA	16.624	45.695	62
1	31-10:00	24.40	14.117	85.998	1330.104	394.234	348.089	319.027	1.429	540.558	6.209	16.661	45.258	62
2	31-11:00	26.62	15.467	84.447	1334.255	386.971	349.392	321.021	1.428	531.250	NA	16.668	44.580	59
3	31-12:00	27.20	16.083	82.839	1332.331	366.855	350.094	327.439	1.486	527.893	6.190	16.669	44.541	60
4	31-13:00	24.05	16.675	77.025	1284.386	246.336	350.317	329.240	1.538	537.811	NA	16.709	44.694	58
5	31-14:00	25.40	16.425	72.924	1197.775	118.821	350.765	329.799	1.635	585.011	6.197	16.794	45.547	65
6	31-15:00	24.10	15.800	79.387	1203.375	52.241	352.311	333,573	NA	606.425	6.200	16.822	45.818	68
7	31-16:00	17.40	15.158	87.057	1218.797	6.476	350.724	330.613	1.553	628.041	NA	16.822	45.367	68
8	31-17:00	17.80	14.000	92.772	1204.489	61.783	353.562	330.481	1.532	623.209	6.200	16.824	45,441	67
9	31-18:00	20.00	12.983	100.073	1206.709	191.648	349.412	324.744	1.532	590.861	NA	16.822	45.329	64
0	31-19:00	20.30	12.058	89.523	1180.205	300.596	348.649	318,905	1.548	577.128	6.090	16.822	45.793	66
1	31-20:00	20.80	13.183	84.397	1187.186	349.159	346.360	315,365	1.509	549.357	NA	16.822	45.904	64
2	31-21:00	23.00	14.067	88.383	1191.691	374.687	346.269	318,589	1.542	515.431	6.095	16.822	46.088	62
3	31-22:00	22.70	13.483	89.578	1180.190	353.574	345.811	322.831	1.517	484.914	NA	16.822	45.541	56
4	31-23:00	21.40	12.875	92.564	1191.757	229.014	347.377	326.687	1.552	521.840	6.000	16.822	45.969	60

#
#WRITING META DATA
#USER INFROMATION : 19BDS0083 D VASANTH KUMAR
#DATA SOURCE : Kamyr digester
#OWNED BY: OpenMV.net Datasets
#Description: Pulp quality is measured by the lignin content remaining in the pulp: the Kappa number. This data set is used to understand
which variables in the process influence the Kappa number, and if it can be predicted accurately enough for an
inferential sensor application. Variables with a number at the end have been lagged by that number of hours to line up the data.
#Data shape: 301 rows and 22 columns
#TAGS FOR THE DATA SET : MULTIVARIATE, MISSING-DATA, TIME-SERIES
#
#LIBRARIES USED
library(rvest)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(utils)
#DETERMINING THE SIZE OF THE DATA SET IN MY DIRECTORY

 $file.info ("C:/Users/vasanth\ kumar/Downloads/kamyr-digester.csv") \\ \$ size$

CODE IN R STUDIO:

#READING THE DATA SET

df <-read.csv("https://openmv.net/file/kamyr-digester.csv")</pre>

#STORING THE DATA SET IN NEW VARIABLE KEEPS THE ORIGINALITY OF THE DATA SET BEFORE CLEANING

df1 <-data.frame(df)

#AN INITIAL LOOK AT THE DATA FRAME

str(df1)

#checking the observation, resulting in 301 obs. of 23 variables and 22 columns

View(df1)

#summarizing the data set for checking number of NA's

summary(df1)

#CHECKING FOR STRUCTURAL ERRORS

#RENAMING MISSLABLED VARIABLES

library(janitor)

df1 <- clean_names(df1)

#CHECKING FOR FAULTY DATA TYPES

str(df1) # all columns are in numeric datatype except the observation columns which is char in datatype

#ROUNDING OFF THE VALUES IN COLUMN bf_c_mratio because it has 4 decimal places

df1\$bf_c_mratio <- round(df1\$bf_c_mratio,digits = 2)

#DEALING WITH NA/MISPLACED/EMPTY VALUES

#replacing empty cells with NA

df1[df1==""] <- NA

#Removing the columns and rows having missing data more than 60%

#initializing a variable with the percentage value

#REMOVING ROWS WITH MORE THAN 60% NA

threshold <- 0.6 # for 60%

df1 <- df1 %>% filter(rowMeans(is.na(.))< threshold)

#REMOVING COLUMNS WITH MORE THAN 60% NA

df1 <- df1[,which(colMeans(!is.na(df1))>threshold)] #column SulphidityL_4 and AAWhiteSt_4is removed because it had more than 60% NA

summary(df1)

#Imputing the missing value

#------#KNN-IMPUTATION -------

#The k nearest neighbours is an algorithm that is used for simple classification

#This can be very useful in making predictions about the missing values by finding the k's closest neighbours to the observation with missing data

and then imputing them based on the non-missing values in the neighbourhood

This KNN imputation is used in statistical data so that the NA columns are filled with appropriate nearby value, so that the calculations are made easier.

This is a standard method used in imputing the missing values.

The main reason of using KNN for this data set is it creates a basic mean impute then uses the resulting complete list to construct a KDTree. Then, it uses the resulting KDTree to compute nearest neighbours (NN).

#After it finds the k-NNs, it takes the weighted average of them.

#install.packages("VIM")

```
library(VIM)

df1 <- kNN(df1,variable = c('uczaa'),metric=NULL,k=6)

df1 <- subset(df1,select =1:21)

View(df1)

#for a particular column replacing NA with median of the column eg:chip_rate

df1$chip_rate <- ifelse(is.na(df1$chip_rate),median(df1$chip_rate,na.rm = TRUE),df1$chip_rate)

#Applying Mean or Median for Imputing Missing Values in remaining columns[mean is used in continuous data]

for(i in 1:ncol(df1)){

df1[is.na(df1[,i]), i] <- mean(df1[,i], na.rm = TRUE)

}

summary(df1)

#ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
```

#INORDER TO CREATE A DATA SET WITH NA'S LIBRARY(missForest) provides a function called prodNA(file,noNA=0.6)

OUTPUT AFTER DEALING WITH NA's:

														Q,		
•	observation	y_kappa ‡	chip_rate	bf_c_mratio	blow_flow [‡]	chip_level4	t_upper_ext_2	t_lower_ext_2	uczaa [‡]	white_flow_4	aa_wood_4	chip_moisture_4	steam_flow_4	lower_heat_t_3 *	upper_heat_t_3 *	chip_mass_4
1	31-00:00	23.10	16.520	121.72000	1177.607	169.805	358.282	329.5450	1.4430	599.2530	16.47100	46.01100	67.12200	329.4320	303.0990	175.
2	31-01:00	27.60	16.810	79.02000	1328.360	341.327	351.050	329.0670	1.5490	537.2010	16.54300	43.95400	60.01200	330.8230	304.8790	163.
3	31-02:00	23.19	16.709	79.56000	1329.407	239.161	350.022	329.2600	1.6000	549.6110	16.55900	44.49500	61.30400	329.1400	303.3830	164.0
4	31-03:00	23.60	16.478	81.01000	1334.877	213.527	350.938	331.1420	1.6040	623.3620	16.56200	45.59200	68.49600	328.8750	302.2540	181.
5	31-04:00	22.90	15.618	93.24000	1334.168	243.131	351.640	332,7090	1.5375	638.6720	16.67700	45.51200	70.02200	328.3520	300.9540	183.5
6	31-05:00	20.89	14.308	94.17000	1327.832	251.120	351.263	332.4850	1.5220	631.5140	16.62600	45.84700	71.28600	328.6990	300.7060	180.;
7	31-06:00	22.65	14.100	91.89000	1307.852	288.989	352.321	331.1620	1.4680	625.5490	16.62000	45.79700	71.29800	329.6620	301.5390	179.
8	31-07:00	22.50	14.233	97.25000	1346.900	330.325	352.687	328.8940	1.4800	591.8270	16.61700	45.83200	68.79100	331.4850	303.4880	174.
9	31-08:00	24.70	13.850	96.21000	1334.892	362.511	352,372	327.3580	1.5150	553.1720	16.62500	45.54100	64.24900	332,2640	305.4190	166.
10	31-09:00	22.60	13.875	95.72000	1351.240	383.731	347.683	322,3630	1.4800	541.7280	16.62400	45.69500	62.86000	329,5800	304.9700	163.
11	31-10:00	24.40	14.117	86.00000	1330.104	394.234	348.089	319.0270	1.4290	540.5580	16.66100	45.25800	62,17900	329.8310	302.6520	163.:
12	31-11:00	26.62	15.467	84.45000	1334.255	386.971	349.392	321.0210	1.4280	531.2500	16.66800	44.58000	59.40700	330.2840	303.2480	156.
13	31-12:00	27.20	16.083	82.84000	1332.331	366.855	350.094	327.4390	1.4860	527.8930	16.66900	44.54100	60.27100	330.0230	302.8830	160.
14	31-13:00	24.05	16.675	77.03000	1284.386	246.336	350.317	329.2400	1.5380	537.8110	16.70900	44.69400	58.97900	329,5600	302.1460	160.
15	31-14:00	25,40	16.425	72,92000	1197.775	118.821	350.765	329.7990	1.6350	585.0110	16.79400	45.54700	65.47400	329.7730	302.8840	175.
16	31-15:00	24.10	15.800	79.39000	1203.375	52.241	352.311	333.5730	1.6040	606.4250	16.82200	45.81800	68.50100	330.2180	303.0190	177.5
17	31-16:00	17.40	15.158	87.06000	1218.797	6.476	350.724	330.6130	1.5530	628.0410	16.82200	45.36700	68.63300	328.2180	300.4950	178.
18	31-17:00	17.80	14.000	92.77000	1204.489	61.783	353.562	330.4810	1.5320	623.2090	16.82400	45.44100	67.84500	331.6320	304.8890	182.5
19	31-18:00	20.00	12.983	100.07000	1206.709	191.648	349.412	324.7440	1.5320	590.8610	16.82200	45.32900	64.27400	329.1700	304.8270	172.
20	31-19:00	20.30	12.058	89.52000	1180.205	300.596	348.649	318.9050	1.5480	577.1280	16.82200	45.79300	66.90400	329,4920	306.0860	173.0
21	31-20:00	20.80	13.183	84.40000	1187.186	349.159	346.360	315.3650	1.5090	549.3570	16.82200	45.90400	64.55900	328.5810	304.0180	164.
22	31-21:00	23.00	14.067	88.38000	1191.691	374.687	346.269	318.5890	1.5420	515.4310	16.82200	46.08800	62.30600	328.7000	304.1350	154.
23	31-22:00	22.70	13.483	89.58000	1180.190	353.574	345.811	322.8310	1.5170	484.9140	16.82200	45.54100	56.41100	327.4250	303.1090	142.
24	31-23:00	21.40	12.875	92,56000	1191.757	229,014	347,377	326,6870	1,5520	521,8400	16.82200	45,96900	60,48500	328,4100	303,2150	152.5