

BSDS 100 Case Study

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Part 1: Executive Summary

!!DOTO: No more than 250 words explaining, with extreme concision, your data and findings!!

Part 2: Introduction to the Data

First, let's clean the data.

```
# Rename the column names
names(data) <- c("date", "operAirline", "operCode", "airline", "code", "isDomestic",
                "region", "type", "category", "terminal", "area", "pax")
```

```
# Convert isDomestic to boolean
data$isDomestic %<>% recode("Domestic" = T, "International" = F)
```

```
# Reformat the dates into Date objects
```

```
data$date %<>%
  as.character() %>%
  as.yearmon("%Y%m") %>%
  as.Date()
```

```
# Get month and year values
```

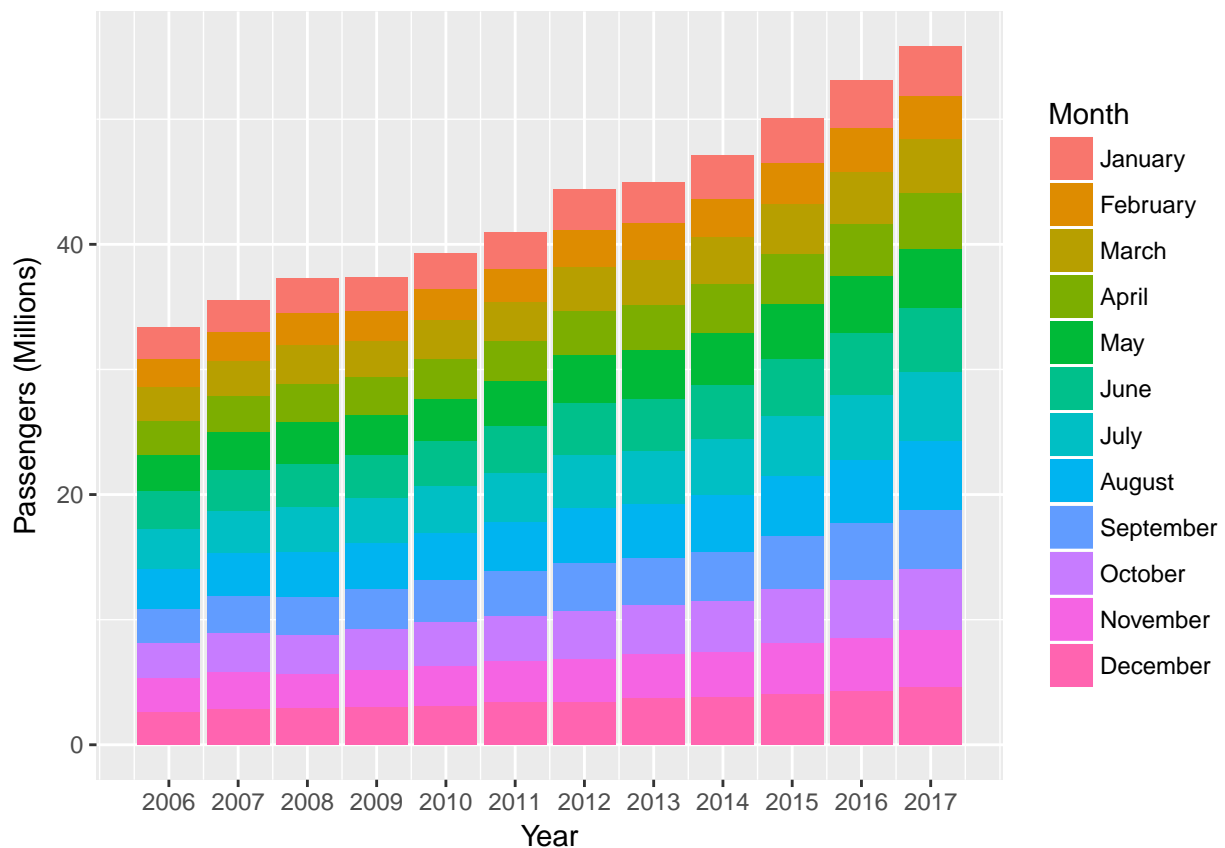
```
data %<>%
  mutate(month = date %>% format("%m") %>% factor(labels = month.name),
         year = date %>% format("%Y") %>% as.numeric())
```

```
# Remove data from 2007 for easy comparison
```

```
data %<>% filter(year != 2005)
```

```
## operAirline = Operating Airline, the airline that really operating, some airline would own a child c
## operCode = Operating Airline Code
## airline = Published Airline, mother company airline
## code = Published Airline Code, code for variable "airline"
## isDomestic: If the flight is domestic,T; if international: F
## region: Geom region
## type: activity type; Deplaned means arrival, Enplaned means departure, Thru / Transit is other
## category: Airline price type; Low fare is Low cost carrier, else are others
## terminal: SFO terminal
## area: area within SFO terminal
## pax: passenger count of given row
```

```
data %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(x = year, y = pax / 1000000, fill = month), stat = "identity") +
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Year", breaks = seq(2006, 2017, by = 1)) +
  scale_y_continuous(name = "Passengers (Millions)") +
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "Month")
```



```
world <- map_data("world")
cities <- world.cities

remove_axes <- theme(
  axis.text = element_blank(),
  axis.line = element_blank(),
  axis.ticks = element_blank(),
  panel.border = element_blank(),
  panel.grid = element_blank(),
  axis.title = element_blank()
)

# Derive the cities and corresponding regions
cities %<>%
  filter(
    (name == "Adelaide" & country.etc == "Australia") |
    (name %in% c("Topeka", "Yellowknife", "Tegucigalpa", "Port-au-Prince",
                "Pontes e Lacerda", "Bambari", "Riyadh", "Mexico City",
                "Xining", "Ostrava"))
  ) %>%
  mutate(region =
    ifelse(name == "Adelaide", "Australia / Oceania",
    ifelse(name == "Topeka", "US",
    ifelse(name == "Yellowknife", "Canada",
    ifelse(name == "Tegucigalpa", "Central America",
```

```

    ifelse(name == "Port-au-Prince", "Caribbean",
    ifelse(name == "Pontes e Lacerda", "South America",
    ifelse(name == "Bambari", "Africa",
    ifelse(name == "Riyadh", "Middle East",
    ifelse(name == "Mexico City", "Mexico",
    ifelse(name == "Xining", "Asia",
    ifelse(name == "Ostrava", "Europe", NA)))))))))
)

sf <- world.cities %>%
  filter(name == "San Francisco" & country.etc == "USA")

world %>%
  filter(region != "Antarctica") %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_polygon(aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group), fill = "darkgray") +
  geom_curve(data = cities, aes(x = long, y = lat),
            xend = sf$long, yend = sf$lat, color = "blue", size = .5, curvature = 0.2) +
  geom_curve(data = cities, aes(x = long, y = lat),
            xend = sf$long, yend = sf$lat, color = "green", size = .5, curvature = -0.2) +
  geom_point(x = sf$long, y = sf$lat, color = "red", size = 3, shape = 10) +
  geom_point(data = cities, aes(x = long, y = lat), color = "red", size = 3) +
  coord_fixed(1.3) +
  theme_minimal() +
  remove_axes

```

