# 嵌入式微處理機系統

06\_Bus-Based Computer
Systems

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### The Embedded computing platform

- CPU bus.
- Memory.
- I/O devices.



#### CPU bus

- Connects CPU to:
  - ➤ memory;
  - ➤ devices.
- Protocol controls communication between entities.



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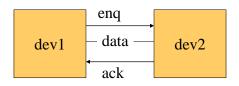
### Bus protocol

- Determines who gets to use the bus at any particular time.
- Governs length, style of communication.



## Four-cycle handshake

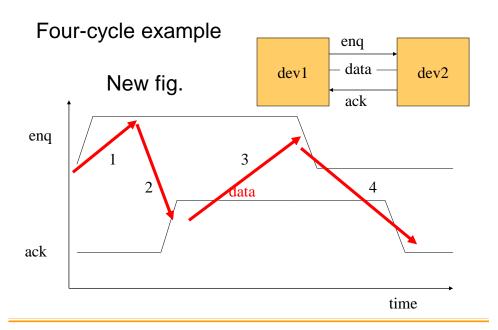
- Basis of many bus protocols.
- Uses two wires:
  - ➤ enq (enquiry);
  - > ack (acknowledgment).





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### Typical bus signals

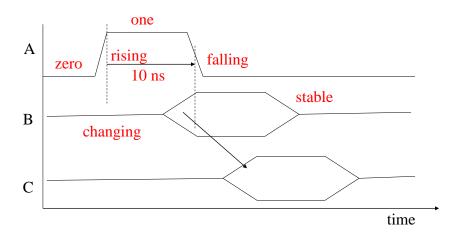
- Clock.
- R/W': true when bus is reading.
- Address: a-bit bundle.
- Data: n-bit bundle.
- Data ready'.



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## Timing diagrams



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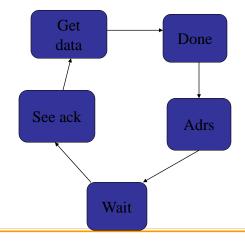
#### Typical bus timing for read

- CPU:
  - > set R/W'=1;
  - > asserts address, address enable.
- Memory:
  - > asserts data;
  - ➤ asserts data ready'.
- CPU:
  - > deasserts address, address enable.
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#### Bus read state diagram



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#### Transaction types

- Wait state:
  - > state in a bus transaction to wait for acknowledgment.
- Disconnected transfer:
  - bus is freed during wait state.
- Burst:
  - > multiple transfers.



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#### Timers and counters

- Very similar:
  - > a timer is incremented by a periodic signal;
  - ➤ a counter is incremented by an asynchronous, occasional signal.
- Rollover causes interrupt.



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New page (fig. 4-7)➤ New fig.



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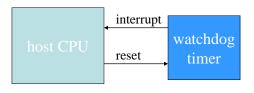
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• New page (fig. 4-8)



#### Watchdog timer

- Watchdog timer is periodically reset by system timer.
- If watchdog is not reset, it generates an interrupt to reset the host.



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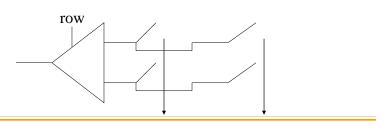
#### Switch debouncing

A switch must be debounced to multiple contacts caused by eliminate mechanical bouncing:



## Encoded keyboard

- An array of switches is read by an encoder.
- N-key rollover remembers multiple key depressions.



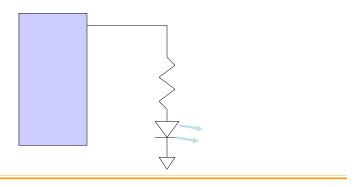
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#### **LED**

• Must use resistor to limit current:

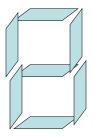


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#### 7-segment LCD display

May use parallel or multiplexed input.





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### Types of high-resolution display

- Cathode ray tube (CRT)
- Liquid crystal display (LCD)
- Plasma, etc.



#### Touchscreen

- Includes input and output device.
- Input device is a two-dimensional voltmeter:

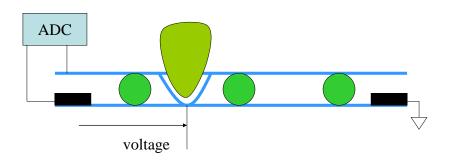




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## Touchscreen position sensing

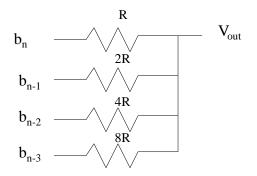




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### Digital-to-analog conversion

Use resistor tree:



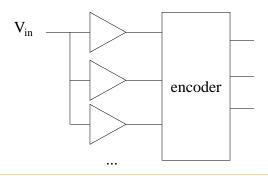


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#### Flash A/D conversion

N-bit result requires 2<sup>n</sup> comparators:

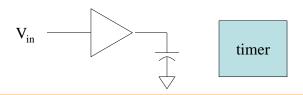




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#### **Dual-slope** conversion

- Use counter to time required to charge/discharge capacitor.
- Charging, then discharging eliminates nonlinearities.



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### Sample-and-hold

Required in any A/D:

