

## 766. Toeplitz Matrix [\(/problems/toeplitz-matrix/\)](/problems/toeplitz-matrix/)

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A matrix is *Toeplitz* if every diagonal from top-left to bottom-right has the same element.

Now given an  $M \times N$  matrix, return `True` if and only if the matrix is *Toeplitz*.

### Example 1:

**Input:** matrix = `[[1,2,3,4],[5,1,2,3],[9,5,1,2]]`  
**Output:** `True`  
**Explanation:**  
1234  
5123  
9512

In the above grid, the diagonals are "[9]", "[5, 5]", "[1, 1, 1]", "[2, 2, 2]", "[3, 3]", "[4]",

### Example 2:

**Input:** matrix = `[[1,2],[2,2]]`  
**Output:** `False`  
**Explanation:**  
The diagonal "[1, 2]" has different elements.

### Note:

1. `matrix` will be a 2D array of integers.
2. `matrix` will have a number of rows and columns in range `[1, 20]`.
3. `matrix[i][j]` will be integers in range `[0, 99]`.

## Approach #1: Group by Category [Accepted]

### Intuition and Algorithm

We ask what feature makes two coordinates  $(r1, c1)$  and  $(r2, c2)$  belong to the same diagonal?

It turns out two coordinates are on the same diagonal if and only if  $r1 - c1 == r2 - c2$ .

This leads to the following idea: remember the value of that diagonal as `groups[r-c]`. If we see a mismatch, the matrix is not Toeplitz; otherwise it is.

JavaPython

Copy

```

1 class Solution {
2     public boolean isToeplitzMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
3         Map<Integer, Integer> groups = new HashMap();
4         for (int r = 0; r < matrix.length; ++r) {
5             for (int c = 0; c < matrix[0].length; ++c) {
6                 if (!groups.containsKey(r-c))
7                     groups.put(r-c, matrix[r][c]);
8                 else if (groups.get(r-c) != matrix[r][c])
9                     return False;
10            }
11        }
12        return True;
13    }
14 }

```

### Complexity Analysis

- Time Complexity:  $O(M * N)$ . (Recall in the problem statement that  $M, N$  are the number of rows and columns in `matrix`.)
- Space Complexity:  $O(M * N)$ .

### Approach #2: Compare With Top-Left Neighbor [Accepted]

#### Intuition and Algorithm

For each diagonal with elements in order  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_k$ , we can check

$a_1 = a_2, a_2 = a_3, \dots, a_{k-1} = a_k$ . The matrix is *Toeplitz* if and only if all of these conditions are true for all (top-left to bottom-right) diagonals.

Every element belongs to some diagonal, and its previous element (if it exists) is its top-left neighbor.

Thus, for the square  $(r, c)$ , we only need to check  $r == 0$  OR  $c == 0$  OR `matrix[r-1][c-1] == matrix[r][c]`.

JavaPython

Copy

```

1 class Solution {
2     public boolean isToeplitzMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
3         for (int r = 0; r < matrix.length; ++r)
4             for (int c = 0; c < matrix[0].length; ++c)
5                 if (r > 0 && c > 0 && matrix[r-1][c-1] != matrix[r][c])
6                     return false;
7         return true;
8     }
9 }

```

### Complexity Analysis

- Time Complexity:  $O(M * N)$ , as defined in the problem statement.
- Space Complexity:  $O(1)$ .

Analysis written by: @awice (<https://leetcode.com/awice>).

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C

**chairco** commented 2 weeks ago

python

(https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/chairco)

```

class Solution:
    def isToeplitzMatrix(self, matrix):
        """
        :type matrix: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
        row = len(matrix[0])
        col = len(matrix)

        candidate = matrix[0]
        for i in range(1, col):
            move = 1
            for j in range(move, row):
                if candidate[j-1] != matrix[i][j]:
                    return False
            candidate = matrix[i]
            move += 1
        return True

```

M

**Metaphysics** commented 3 weeks ago

C#

(https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/metaphysics)

```

public class Solution {
    public bool IsToeplitzMatrix(int[,] matrix) {
        int col=matrix.GetLength(1);
        for(int i=0;i<matrix.Length-col;i++)
        {
            if((i+1)%col!=0 && matrix[i/col,i%col]!=matrix[(i+col+1)/col,(i+col+1)%col])
            {
                return false;
            }
        }
        return true;
    }
}

```

B

**boloutare** commented last month

(https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/boloutare)

```

class Solution:
    def isToeplitzMatrix(self, matrix):
        """
        :type matrix: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
        for j in range(1, len(matrix)):
            if matrix[j-1][:len(matrix[j])-1] != matrix[j][1:]:
                return False
        return True

```

B

**boloutare** commented last month

(https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/boloutare)

```

class Solution:
    def isToeplitzMatrix(self, matrix):
        """
        :type matrix: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
        for j in range(1, len(matrix)):
            if matrix[j-1][:len(matrix[j])-1] != matrix[j][1:]:
                return False
        return True

```



**prakashmanwani** commented last month

(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/prakashmanwani>)

```
class Solution {
public boolean isToeplitzMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
    System.out.println(matrix.length);

    int rows = matrix.length;
    int columns = matrix[0].length;
    for (int i=1;i<rows;i++){
        for (int j =1;j<columns;j++){
            if (matrix[i-1][j-1]!=matrix[i][j])return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}
}
```



**SherMM** commented last month

(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/shermm>)

```
def isToeplitzMatrix(self, matrix):
    :type matrix: List[List[int]]
    :rtype: bool
    """
    r, c = len(matrix), len(matrix[0])
    for i in range(r-1):
        for j in range(c-1):
            if matrix[i+1][j+1] != matrix[i][j]:
                return False
    return True
```

You only need to iterate to next to last row and column, since single-value items will be Toeplitz.



**Nevillealee** commented 2 months ago

**Javascript**  
(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/nevillealee>)

```

    @param {number[][]} matrix
    @return {boolean}
    */
    var isToeplitzMatrix = function(matrix) {
        for(var r = 1; r < matrix.length; r++) {
            for(var c = 1; c < matrix[0].length; c++) {
                if(matrix[r][c] != matrix[r-1][c-1]) {
                    return false;
                }
            }
        }
        return true;
    };

```



**marirod** commented 2 months ago

@StefanPochmann (<https://discuss.leetcode.com/uid/591>) Indeed, thanks for the fast reply!  
(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/marirod>)



**awice** commented 2 months ago

@StefanPochmann (<https://discuss.leetcode.com/uid/591>) Thanks, corrected. Funny because I write the problem statements ;( Though with that definition of N it was correct.  
(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/awice>)



**StefanPochmann** commented 2 months ago

(<https://discuss.leetcode.com/user/stefanpochmann>)

@marirod (<https://discuss.leetcode.com/uid/389430>) Should say neither  $O(N)$  nor  $O(N^2)$  but  $O(MN)$ , I guess @awice (<https://discuss.leetcode.com/uid/71269>) overlooked that  $M$  and  $N$  are already defined in the problem.

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