CHUQING JIN

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EDUCATION

Ph.D., Economics, Boston University, Boston MA, May 2021 (expected)
Dissertation Title: *Essays in Empirical Industrial Organization*Dissertation Committee: Marc Rysman, Jihye Jeon, and Hiroaki Kaido

M.A., Political Economy, Boston University, Boston, MA, 2018

B.S., Mathematics and Economics (*First-Class Honors*), Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, 2015

FIELDS OF INTEREST

Empirical Industrial Organization, Applied Econometrics

WORKING PAPERS

- "Does Competition Between Experts Improve Information Accuracy? Evidence from the Security Analyst Market," September 2020. Job Market paper.
- "Welfare on Cloud: Estimating Inertia in the Infrastructure-as-a-Service Market," (with Peichun Wang and Sida Peng), September 2020.

WORK IN PROGRESS

- "The Dynamic Competitive Effect of Reputation Acquisition: Evidence from the Financial Analyst Market"
- "Non-stationary Demand Shocks in Dynamic Games: The Cement Industry in China, 1999 2011"

FELLOWSHIPS AND AWARDS

Summer Research Grant, Boston University, 2018
Doctoral Fellowship, Boston University, 2015-2020
Best Thesis Prize, Ministry of Trade & Industry (Economist Service), Singapore, 2015
Lee Kuan Yew Gold Medal, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, 2015

RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIP

Asst. Prof. Jihye Jeon, Boston University, 2017-2019

Assoc. Prof. Zhu Feng, Harvard Business School, 2017

Assoc. Prof. Zhongjun Qu, Boston University, 2016-2017

Asst. Prof. Walter Edgar Theseira, Nanyang Technological University, 2012-2013

WORK EXPERIENCE

AI and Research Intern, Office of the Chief Economist, Microsoft Research Redmond, 2019 Supply Chain Intern, Unilever, Singapore, 2014
Assistant Project Manager (Intern), Steed Limited Capital, China, 2013
Research and Development Intern, ASIO. Spol. s.r.o., Czech Republic, 2012

REFEREE EXPERIENCE

RAND Journal of Economics

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Teaching Assistant, Statistics, School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, Spring 2015

LANGUAGES

English (fluent), Mandarin (native), French (conversational)

COMPUTER SKILLS

R, MATLAB, Stata, Git, Cluster Computing, SAS, LaTeX, Mathematica, C++, C, Ztree

CITIZENSHIP

China

REFERENCES

Professor Marc Rysman

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Professor Jihye Jeon

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Does Competition Between Experts Improve Information Accuracy? Evidence from the Security Analyst Market (Job Market Paper)

This paper studies the effect of competition on the quality of information provided by experts. I estimate the incentives and the information structure of security analysts who compete to make earnings forecasts. Security analysts are disproportionately rewarded for being more accurate than their peers. This reward creates an incentive for them to distort their forecasts to differentiate themselves. I structurally estimate a contest model with incomplete information that captures this incentive. My model disentangles the payoff to relative accuracy from the payoffs to absolute accuracy and optimism, allowing heterogeneity across analysts. Using the model, I conduct counterfactuals to evaluate policies that reduce the importance of relative accuracy in analysts' payoff and simulate their effect on the quality of information in terms of forecast error and dispersion. I find that the reward for relative accuracy always increases forecast dispersion. It reduces forecast error when optimism is rewarded but increases forecast error otherwise.

Welfare on Cloud: Estimating Inertia in the Infrastructure-as-a-Service Market (with Peichun Wang and Sida Peng)

The digital economy offers many services that are `sticky" to consumers. However, the stickiness can lead to consumers' inefficient choices as well as distort producers' investment in offering new products. In this paper, we estimate consumer inertia in adopting new products in the public cloud market, where new products are offered with higher quality and lower price together with existing products. We use detailed full history of consumer level cloud usage and product launches to identify inertia. We find cloud consumers have low price elasticity and significant inertia. Average cost of adopting a new product is more than half of the average cost of using the product for a month. Finally, we develop a structural model of discrete-continuous choice to estimate welfare of cloud adoption and the impact of inertia.

The Dynamic Competitive Effect of Reputation Acquisition: Evidence from the Financial Analyst Market

This paper studies the dynamic reputation game between sell-side analysts. It finds that less-reputable analysts are more likely to make bold earnings forecasts to acquire reputation. As a result, a more competitive environment may induce the analysts to be more biased in their forecasts because of stronger reputation acquisition motive. It estimates a dynamic model where analysts' strategy with respect to their own reputation changes over time and across markets due to different behavior of the actual earnings. It develops a methodology to use the observable actual earnings to control for the non-stationarity in analysts' strategy.