Clare Churchouse – Arduino Photocell Sensor Project using AWS

Recording light change over day-time on windowsill to find optimal light/placing for edible plants. Inspired by attempts to grow plants at home with buildings going up across the street. Also by recent coverage of Farmshelf at NewLab ("Turning your living room into a farm via advanced hydroponic agriculture") and Gotham Greens rooftop urban agriculture.



One of Gotham Green's farms on rooftop in Greenpoint, Brooklyn, NYC

Grow edible plants indoors - many benefits:

Health – choose not to use fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides – result is chemical-free vegetables right at your fingertips, organic, fresh, ready to pick and eat

Ecological - lower environmental footprint - reducing the carbon emissions and waste created by shipping and packaging vegetables

Best plants to grow indoors and how to grow them: http://greatist.com/health/best-plants-to-grow-indoors

Light level in NY apartments – do apartments get enough light to grow edible plants? Use a photocell sensor to measure light during the day in different places.

Questions:

- 1. what times of day do the plants get light?
- 2. when there is sunlight is the reading bright or very bright?
- 3. what is the light reading when the sun is blocked out by buildings?
- 4. which windowsill is brighter / can all the windowsills be used for growing plants?
- 5. overall assessment of light during the day is there enough light to grow edible plants indoors?

Data collection: collect data from 2 windows during daylight hours (6.30am – 6.30pm) over 3 days (to check weather differences across days). Collect light reading and time of reading, 120000 delay, to plot light against time. Checked light against readings to group brightness into very bright; bright; light; dim; very dim; dusk; nearly dark; night.



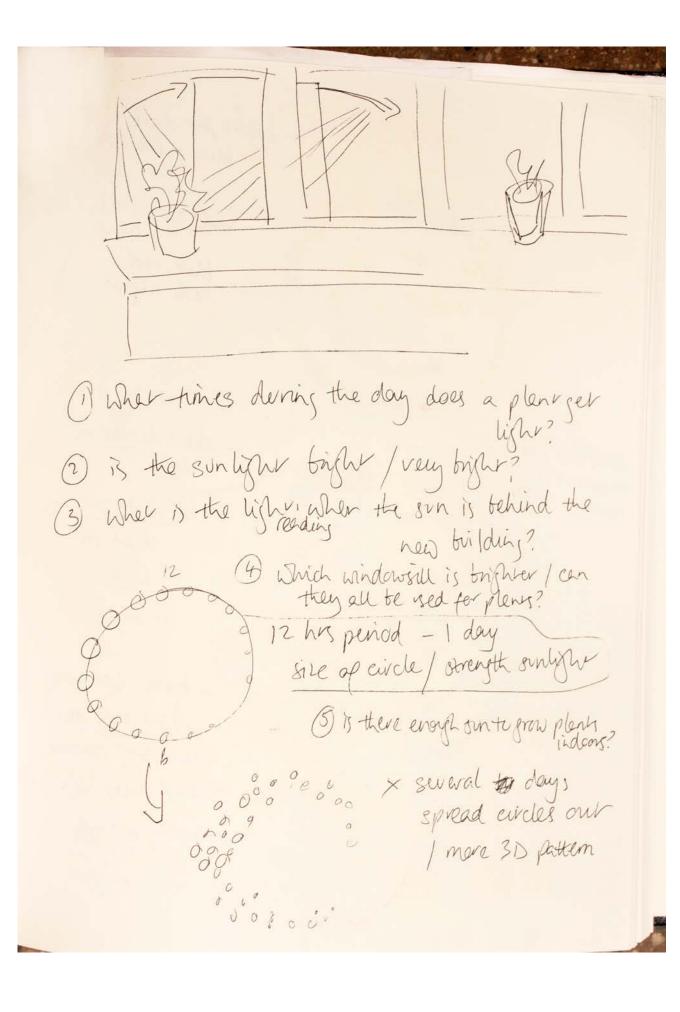
Plants on windowsill



Windows 1 & 2– sun going about to go behind window 1 – same time view from windows 2

Data visualization: since collecting data in the Fall, can use 12-hour time circle to show data. Looked at Georgia Lupi, NYT visualization, and other examples, e.g. http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2012/10/15/us/politics/swing-history.html? r=0

Drawing ideas below – circles – each circle representing 12 hours. Two circles, one for each window.



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Assign color to each light reading group – yellow for very bright – to red for dark. Or through green to dark blue / black? Do slight color variants for each window / color code by window.

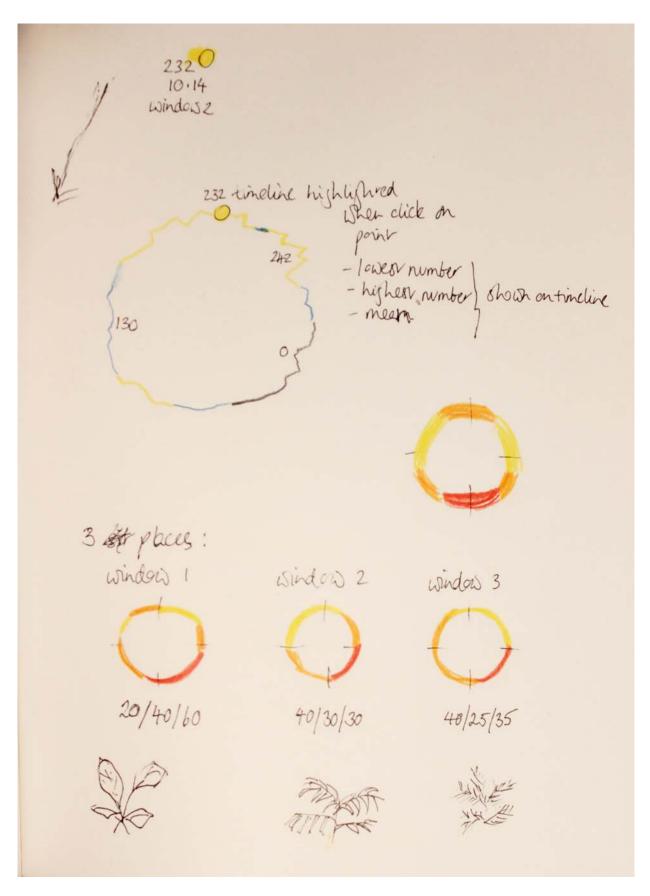
Hover over dot to get reading – when cursor highlights dot, have small, minimal pop-up with light reading number and a very small image of a plant which grows in that light condition, e.g.



Microgreens - bright; Chives - bright/dim; Mushrooms - dim; Basil - bright - pop up ideas for light readings

In addition, when hover cursor, have the whole timeline for that day highlighted as well. Or have dots being shown in real time as each reading is logged –sequentially around the circle, completing one complete circle per 12 hour day. Each concentric circle for each week so dots overlap to an extent. Use semitransparency so stronger color where overlap. Consider, instead of dots, having lines coming out from circle's center that are longer if light reading is higher, i.e. brighter – might look of sunlight to circles.

colors for dark-five ratherthan red red connectes the cool derle" right dots / lines semishow derails on transparent so aggregate darker Lover - highlight timeline colon on Lover = heave dots mare in sequence asspeeded up timeline -larger when highlighted continually moving 1000 800 600

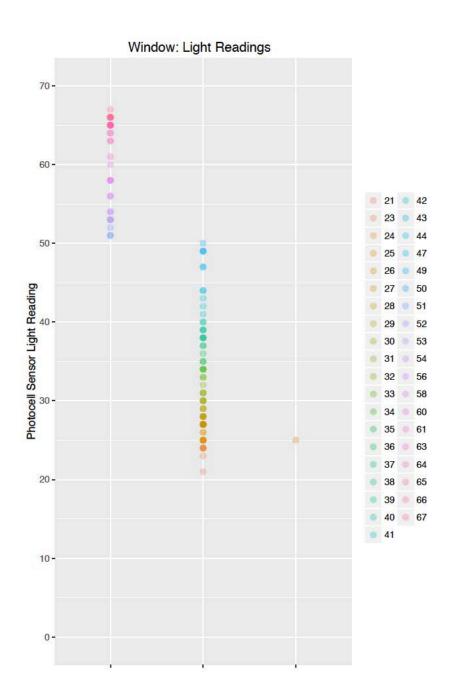


Dot is highlighted when you hover it, as is the circular timeline it is part of, i.e. all the readings from 12 hours are highlighted.



Late day reading: 6.24pm – 6.29pm

Need to add time of day. Initial explorations in r – this is a sketch - note data not plotted with time:



First try at visualization of concentric circles in r. *This is a sketch* – it does not use Arduino light readings

Window 1: Photocell Sensor Readings: 6:30am - 6:30pm

