Web Application Engineering Lab # 08

Objectives

Get basic understanding to the implementational aspects of

• MySQL database Management using phpMyAdmin

Lab Activities

MySQL

- 1. Create a database birds
- 2. Create a table pets as

a.	Pet_id	INT	PRIMARY_KEY	AUTO_INCREMENT					
b.	Name:	VARCHA	VARCHAR(20)						
c.	Owner:	VARCHA	R(20)						
d.	Species:	VARCHAR(20)							
e.	Sex:	CHAR(1)							
f.	Birth:	DATE							
g.	Date:	DATE							

3. Insert the following data

-		+-		+-						+.		-+
İ	name	İ	owner	İ	species	İ	sex	İ	birth	İ	death	İ
т		т.		т-		т.		т.		Τ.		т.
١	Fluffy	ı	Harold	I	cat	Ī	f	Ī	1999-02-04	ı	NULL	ı
-1	Claws	I	Gwen	I	cat	1	f	1	1994-03-17	I	NULL	1
-	Buffy	١	Harold	١	dog	1	f	1	1989-05-13	١	NULL	1
1	Fang	Ī	Benny	I	dog	1	m	1	1999-08-27	ı	NULL	1
١	Bowser	ı	Diane	ı	dog	1	m	ı	1998-08-31	١	1995-07-29	Ι

- 4. Select the pets with name Browser
- 5. Find the Date of Birth of all the snakes or birds
- 6. View animal birthdays, sorted by date
- 7. Find names containing a 'w':
- 8. Find names containing exactly five characters, use the _ pattern character:
- 9. Determine total number of pets
- 10. Find the eldest cat. (calculate the age using the data of birth and order by age with limit 1)
- 11. Add another table feed with following attributes

F_id Primary key + auto increment.

F_name Must be unique

F type (solid or liquid) default liquid.

Pet_id Foreign_key mapped with pets.Pet_id

Created_at defaut: timestamp

- 12. Add a foreign key constraint in feed table with pet_id of pets table.
- 13. Retrieve all the feeds that are appropriate to 'dog'.

- 14. Retrieve all the liquid feed names which are appropriate for male dogs.
- 15. Retrieve the solid feed names which are inserted today.
- 16. Drops the pets table.