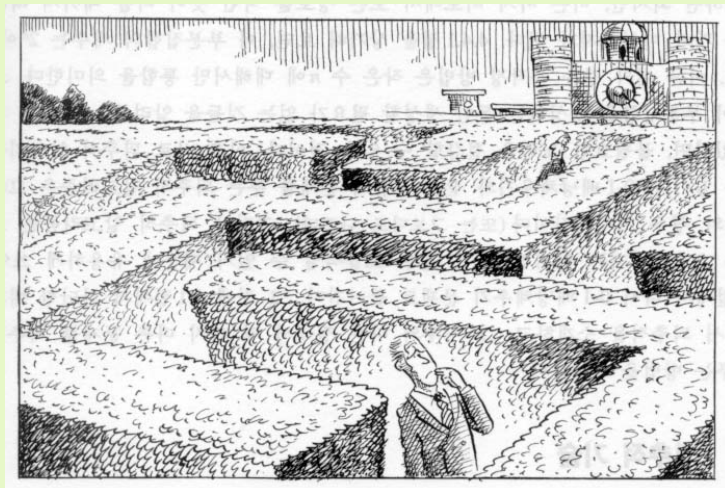


(Backtracking)

#5



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5

2

(Depth-First Search)

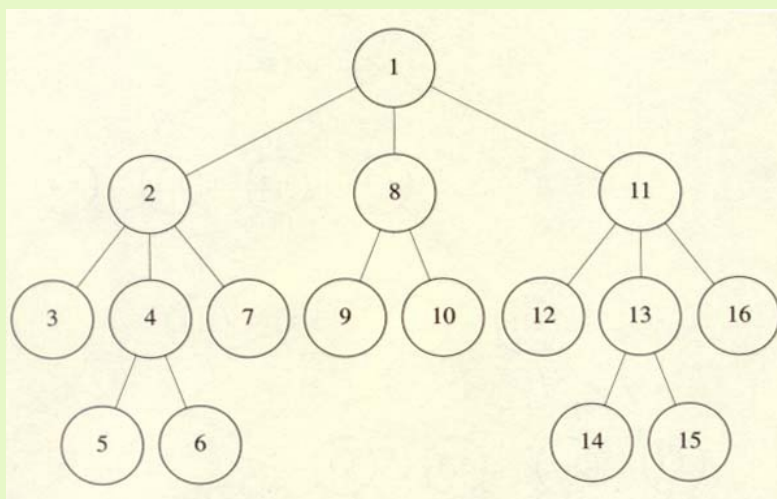
- (root)가 (node) ,
 (descendant)
 ()
 (= preorder tree traversal).

```
void depth_first_tree_search (node v) {
    node u;
    visit v;
    for (each child u of v)
        depth_first_tree_search(u)
}
```

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3



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4

4-Queens

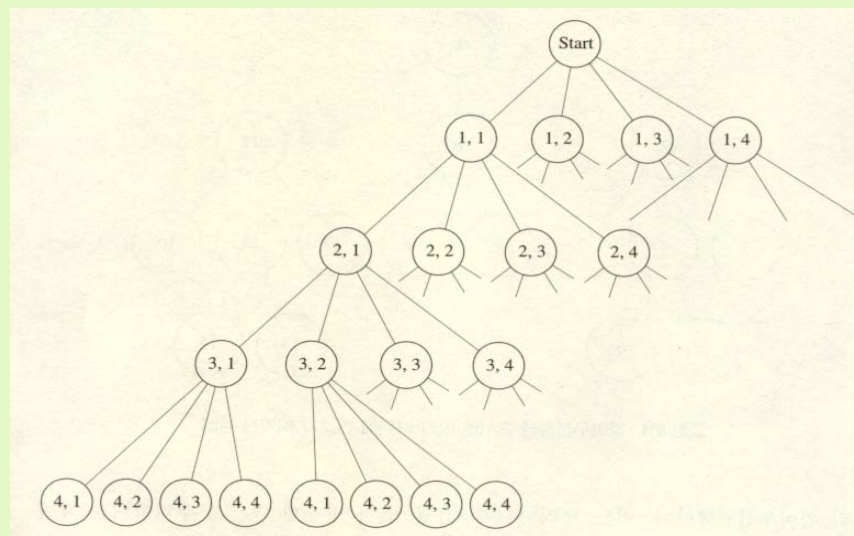
4 Queen (chess) 4×4
 ,
 ,
 : Queen
 , Queen 4
 ,
 $4 \times 4 \times 4$
 $\times 4 = 256$ 가 가 .

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5

5

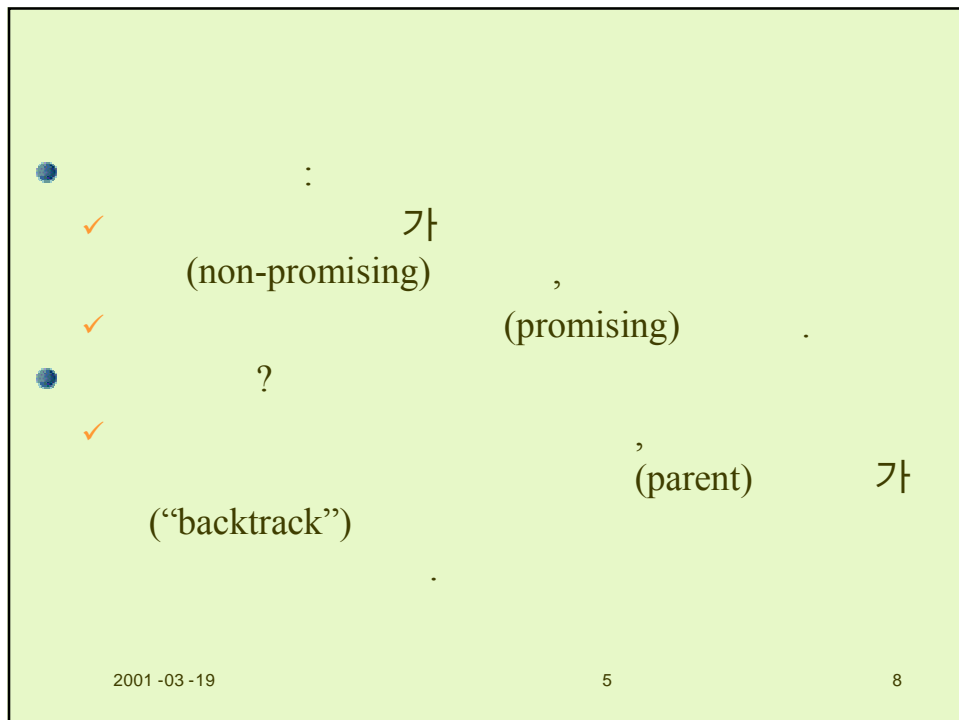
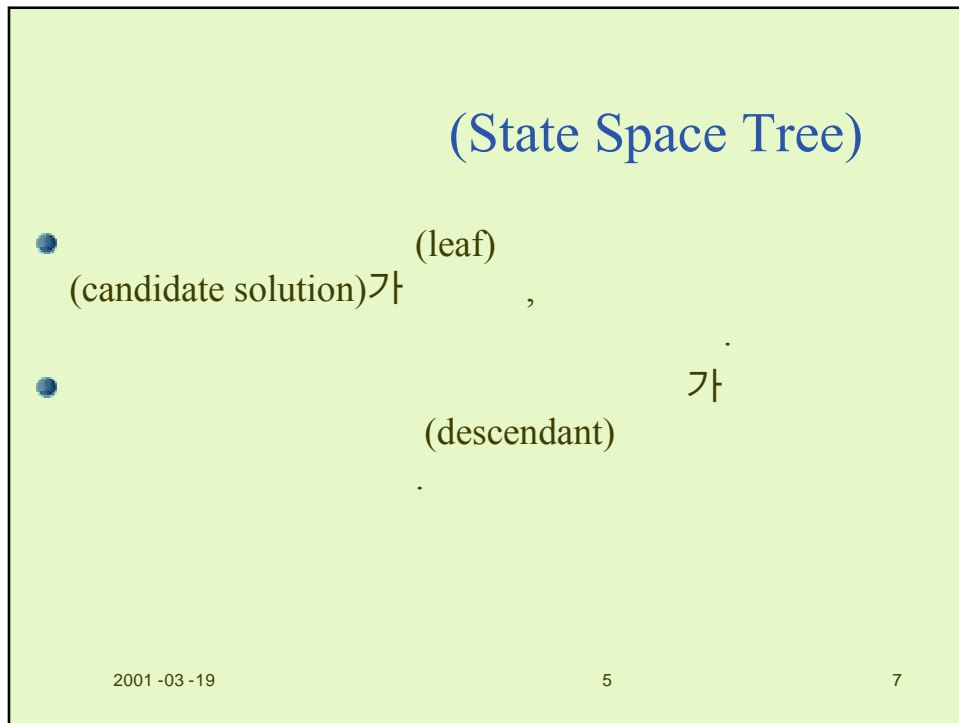
4-Queens



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5

6



가 (pruning)

(children)

1. 가
2. 가
3. 가

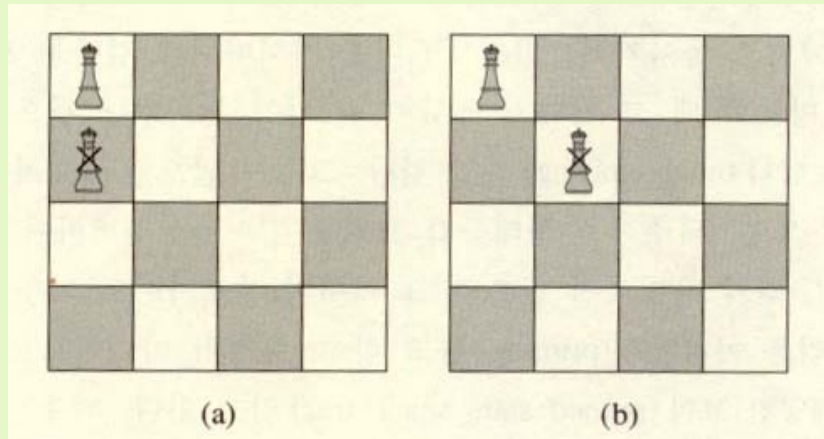
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```

void checknode (node v) {
    if (promising(v))
        if (there is a solution at v)
            write the solution;
        else
            for (each child u of v)
                checknode(u);
}

```

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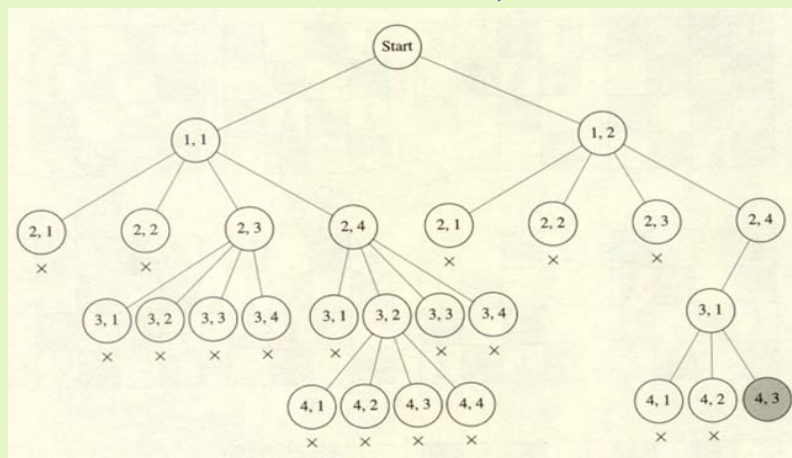
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5

11

4-Queens

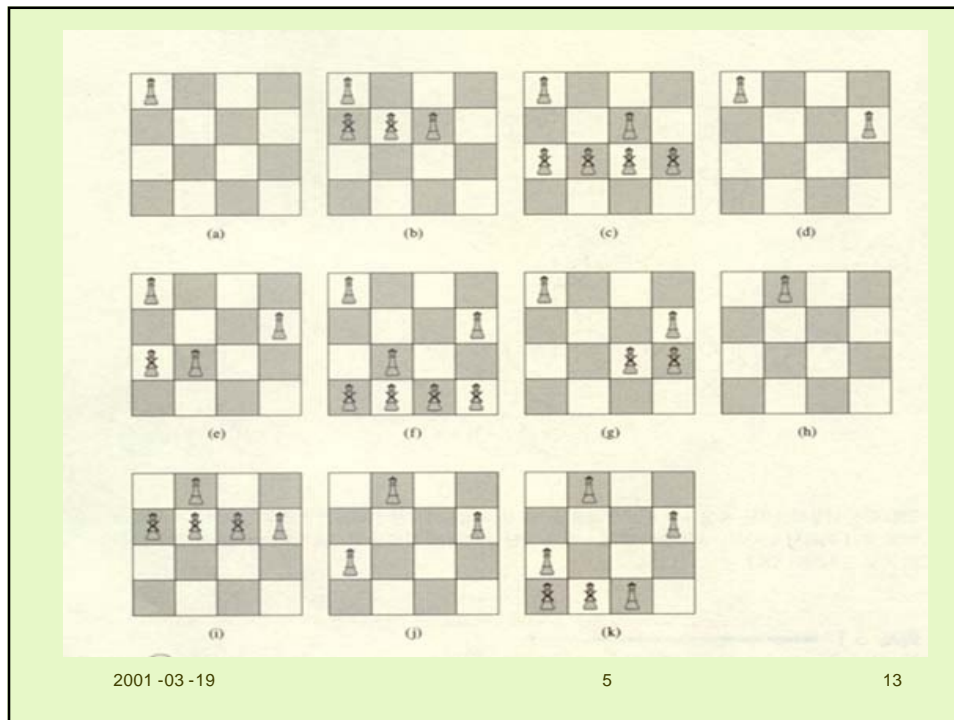
()



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5

12



VS.

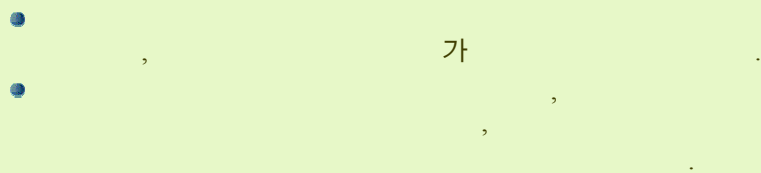
✓ = 155

✓ = 27

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4-Queens : ()

```
void expand (node v) {
    for (each child u of v)
        if (there is a solution at u)
            write the solution;
        else
            expand(u);
}
```



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15

n -Queens



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5

16

n -Queens

I

n^i , n ,
(upper bound) :

$$1 + n + n^2 + n^3 + \cdots + n^n = \frac{n^{n+1} - 1}{n - 1}$$

$n = 8$, $\frac{8^9 - 1}{8 - 1} = 19,173,961$.
가 가 .

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5

17

n -Queens

II

Queen

$n = 8$

Queen
7

6

$$1 + 8 + 8 \times 7 + 8 \times 7 \times 6 + \dots + 8! = 109,601$$

가

$$1 + n + n(n-1) + n(n-1)(n-2) + \cdots + n!$$

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5

18

2가

:

✓

✓

가

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n -Queens III

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n	알고리즘 1 [†] 로 검사한 마디의 개수	알고리즘 2 [‡] 로 검사한 해답후보의 개수	되추적으로 검사한 마디의 개수	되추적으로 유망함을 알아낸 마디의 개수
4	341	24	61	17
8	19,173,961	40,320	15,721	2057
12	9.73×10^{12}	4.79×10^8	1.01×10^7	8.56×10^5
14	1.20×10^{16}	8.72×10^{10}	3.78×10^8	2.74×10^7

* 해답을 모두 찾는 데 필요한 검사횟수를 나타냄.

† 알고리즘 1은 되추적 없이 상태공간 트리를 깊이우선 검색함.

‡ 알고리즘 2는 각 여왕말을 다른 행과 열에 위치하는 $n!$ 개의 해답후보를 생성함.

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5

21

Monte Carlo

Monte Carlo

“ ” (random)



가

n -Queens

(level)

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5

22

Monte Carlo

1. m_0
 2. 1 m_1
 3. m_2
 4. ...
 5. 가
- m_i i i
 t_i (i),
 $1 + t_0 + m_0 t_1 + m_0 t_1 t_2 + \dots m_0 m_1 \dots m_{i-1} t_i + \dots$

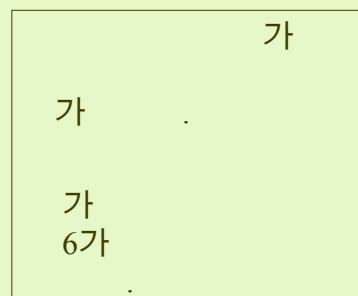
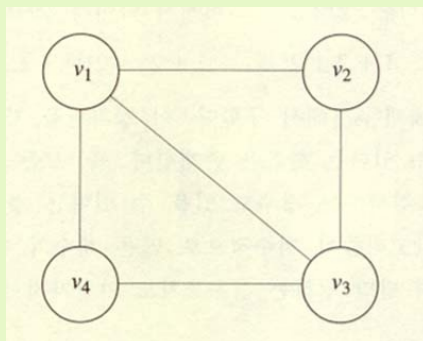
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5

23

(Graph Coloring)

● m 가
 ✓ m 가 ,



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5

24

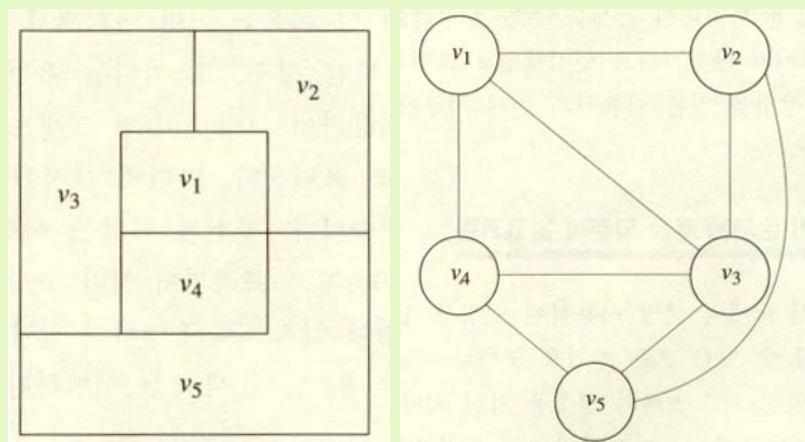
(Planar Graph)

(edge)

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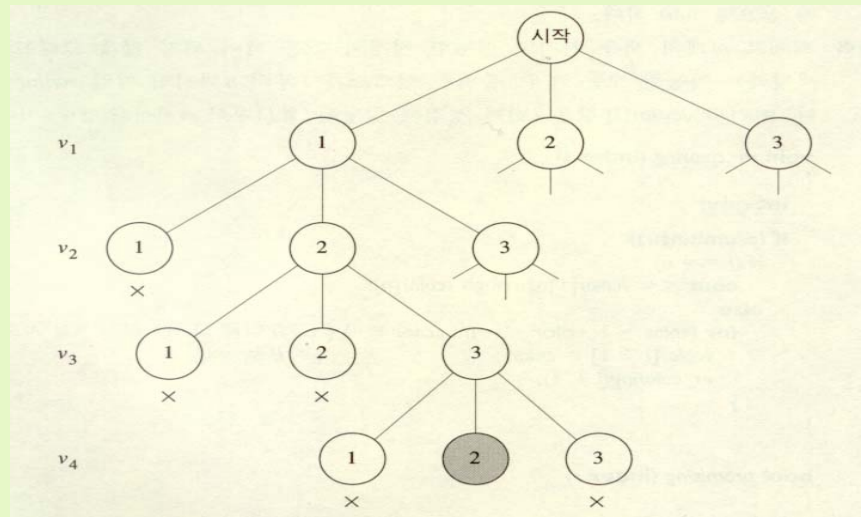
25



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5

26



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5

27

$$1 + m + m^2 + \cdots + m^m = \frac{m^{m+1} - 1}{m - 1}$$

가

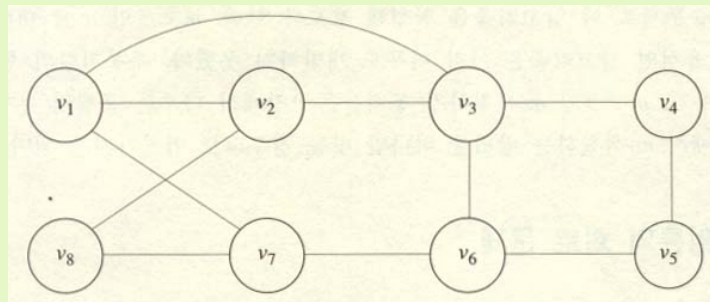
Monte Carlo

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5

28

(Hamiltonian Circuits) / (tour)



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5

29

✓ i $(i - 1)$

✓ $(n - 1)$ 0 (\quad)

✓ i $i - 1$

$$1 + (n - 1) + (n - 1)^2 + \cdots + (n - 1)^{(n-1)} = \frac{(n - 1)^n - 1}{n - 2}$$

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5

30