

Wednesday, Jan 24th 2024

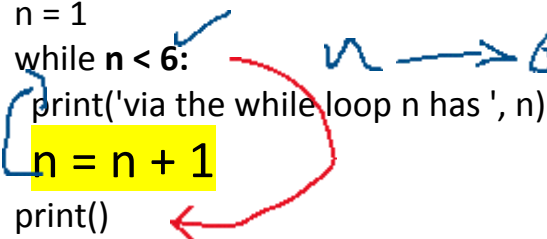
Topics coverage

- break
- continue
- using str with for loop
- slicing concept for str
- commonly used str methods , len – general method
upper() , lower() , title()

break is keyword – it break from the body of the loop , the moment the control encounters it
more commonly used in while loop

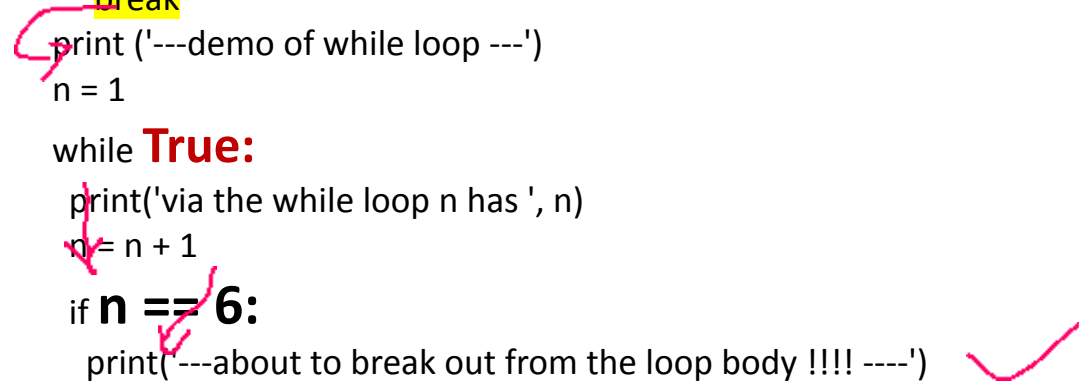
an example of while loop

```
print ('---demo of for loop ---')
for i in range(1,6):
    print(i)
print ('---demo of while loop ---')
n = 1
while n < 6:
    print('via the while loop n has ', n)
    n = n + 1
    print()
print('----outside the BODY of the LOOP ')
```



using break in the loop body

```
print ('---demo of for loop ---')
for i in range(1,10):
    print(i)
    if i == 5:
        print('---about to break out from the FOR loop body !!!! ----')
        break
print ('---demo of while loop ---')
n = 1
while True:
    print('via the while loop n has ', n)
    n = n + 1
    if n == 6:
        print('---about to break out from the loop body !!!! ----')
```



break

print()

print('----outside the BODY of the LOOP ')

role of continue in the loop

when the control encounters continue – the statement BELOW the continue is **SKIPPED**

(not executed)

and the control GOES BACK to the LOOP condition

'''

sum all the numbers which are divisible by 5 and 6 processing

in SOME range

count 5 such numbers and BREAK out of the loop

'''

n = 195

c = 0

total = 0

while True:

n = n + 1

if not (n%5 == 0 and n %6==0):

continue

print(n)

total = total + n

c = c + 1

if c == 7:

break

print()

print('---outside the loop ---')



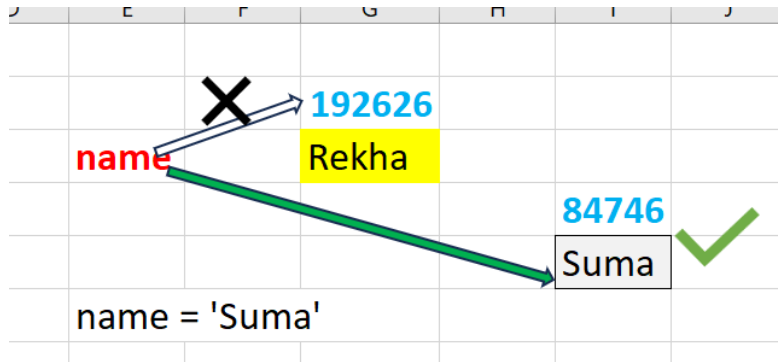
```
print ('total is ',total)
print('count is ',c)
print ('---without break or continue ----')
n = 195
c = 0
total =0
while c != 7:
    n = n + 1
    if (n%5 == 0 and n %6==0):
        print(n)
        total = total + n
        c = c + 1
print('---outside the loop ---')
print ('not using break/continue ..... total is ',total)
print('not using break/continue ..... count is ',c)
```

str

str is **IMMUTABLE** - NOT CHANGEABLE once created

name = 'Rekha'

name = 'Suma'



city = 'BANGALORE'

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
B	A	N	G	A	L	O	R	E

```
print(city[3])
'G'
```

```
city = 'BaNGaLORE'
print(city[3])
print('-----')
for i in city:
    if i == 'a':
        print('yes a is there ',i)
```

find out how many char are there in the string?

i.e finding the length of the str

```
how = len(city)
print('length of the string is ',how)
```

len() – can NEVER return a NEGATIVE NUMBER !!!

len() could return 0

```
city = 'BANGALORE'
how = len(city)
print('length of the string is ',how)
print ('using the combo of range() and len and for loop ')
for j in range(0,how,1):
    print(city[j],end="")
print()
for q in range(how-1,-1,-1):
    print(city[q],end="")
```

====output=====

length of the string is 9
using the combo of range() and len and for loop
BANGALORE
EROLAGNAB

Qs) an error got...

IndexError: string index out of range

Why>

Answer trying to access a str member which is NOT in the INDEX range of the str variable

str **slicing**

range(start,end,step)

city[start:end:step]

city[0::1] from beg to end – process **all the** chars

city[3:6:1] from 3 start processing , **stop** when you reach 6
(will not print the char at index position 6) print till index pos 5 ONLY

city[:4:1] from 0 start processing , **stop** when you reach 4

city[::-1] ...reverse the string

I wish to find a word in a sentence

How to do this ???

Use in operator – which tells True OR False

```
c1 = input('Please enter the persons name ... ')
```

```
n1 = 'Ashok,Jaya,Hari,Shankar,Ravi,Vinod,Vijaya,Ganesh,Vijay,Anitha,Xavier,Patrick'
```

```
if c1 in n1:
```

```
    print('yes he is in my friend\'s list')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('i donot ',c1)
```

```
if str(10) in str(9501030):  
    print('yes via str ' )  
else:  
    print('no')  
print('-----')  
if '10' in '9501030':  
    print('yes via quotes' )  
else:  
    print('no')
```

common str methods

```
name = 'issAC VIViaN ALExanDer RicHarDs'  
name.upper()  
'ISSAC VIVIAN ALEXANDER RICHARDS'  
name.lower()  
'issac vivian alexander richards'  
name.title()
```


'Issac Vivian Alexander Richards'

name

'issAC VIViaN ALExanDer RicHarDs'

====useful code =====

c=0

while True:

name = input('enter name or type QUIT to STOP ')

if name.upper() == 'QUIT':

break

print (name.title())

c =c + 1

print()

print ('number of names inputted is ',c)