Rubocop

• Leidzia pasalinti kodo klaidas, parasius rubocop, galim matyti kokios jos yra

```
Offenses:

array_task.rb:1:1: C: Style/FrozenStringLiteralComment: Missing frozen string literal comment.

# Klase

quadratic_task.rb:1:1: C: Style/FrozenStringLiteralComment: Missing frozen string literal comment.

quadratic_task.rb:2:1: C: Layout/LeadingEmptyLines: Unnecessary blank line at the beginning of the source.

# Klase

^^^^^^^^

3 files inspected, 3 offenses detected, 3 offenses auto-correctable

Tydis@DESKTOP-OHPBAT7 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Stalinis kompiuteris/RUBY

$ ■
```

• Yra istaisomos visos klaidos su rubocop -a

```
$ rubocop -a
Inspecting 3 files
...
3 files inspected, no offenses detected
```

Kodo paleidimas

1 uzduotis

```
def test_array(array)
         array_new = array.sort
          array_int = 0
          array_new.each_index do |index|
           break if index == array_new.size - 1
            array_int += array_new[index + 1].to_i - array_new[index].to_i - 1
          array_int
      array_object = ArrayTask.new
      array_object.arr1 = [3, 1, 5, 6, 9]
      array_object.arr2 = [0, 10]
      puts(array_object.test_array(array_object.arr1))
      puts(array_object.test_array(array_object.arr2))
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
Inspecting 3 files
3 files inspected, no offenses detected
Tydis@DESKTOP-OHPBAT7 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Stalinis kompiuteris/RUBY
Tydis@DESKTOP-OHPBAT7 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Stalinis kompiuteris/RUBY
$ ruby array_task.rb
```

2 uzduotis

```
class QuadraticTask
  def quadratic_equation(_aaa, _bbb, _ccc)
    sum = suma(aaa, bbb, ccc)
    if sum.zero?
     if_true(aaa, bbb)
    elsif sum.positive?
     if_false(aaa, bbb)
   puts 'Saknis neegzistuoja '
end
  def suma(_aaa, _bbb, _ccc)
   bbb * bbb - 4 * aaa * ccc
  def if_true(_aaa, _bbb)
   puts('Abidvi saknys yra lygios')
x1 = - bbb / (2.0 * aaa)
x2 = x1
    puts('Pirma saknis: ' + x1.to_i.to_s)
   puts('antra saknis: ' + x2.to_i.to_s)
  def if_false(_aaa, _bbb)
    puts('Abidvi saknys yra skirtingos')
    x1 = calculation('+', aaa, bbb)
   x2 = calculation('-', aaa, bbb)
puts('Pirma saknis: ' + x1.to_s)
puts('antra saknis: ' + x2.to_s)
  def calculation(stringer, _bbb, _aaa)
```

```
(-bbb - Math.sqrt(sum)) / (2 * aaa)
          (-bbb + Math.sqrt(sum)) / (2 * aaa)
     quadratic_object = QuadraticTask.new
     puts 'Apskaiciuoti kvadratine lygti'
     puts 'Iveskite pirmaja reiksme:
     quadratic_object.aaa = gets.to_i
     puts 'Iveskite antra reiksme:
     quadratic_object.bbb = gets.to_i
     puts 'Iveskite trecia reiksme:
     quadratic_object.ccc = gets.to_i
     quadratic_object.quadratic_equation(quadratic_object.aaa, quadratic_object.bbb, quadratic_object.ccc)
     # principas kaip 1 uzduoties, tik cia viskas yra suskirstyta daugiau i metodus, kadangi pagal rubocop, yra
     # neleidziama apkrauti viena metoda su daug veiksmu. Viska isskyrsciau i mazus metodus kur kiekvienas turi
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
Abidvi saknys yra lygios
Pirma saknis: -1
antra saknis: -1
```

Ruby Unit Test

```
# frozen_string_literal: true
      require 'test/unit'
     require relative 'array task.rb'
     class ArrayTaskTest < Test::Unit::TestCase</pre>
        def test_sorting
          assert_equal(4, ArrayTask.new.test_array([3, 1, 5, 6, 9]))
        assert_equal(9, ArrayTask.new.test_array([0, 10]))
     # Tada sukuriu sarysi su savo failu, kuriam noriu pritaikyti testa
16 # sukuriu metoda kuris patikrina ar atitinka, ar lygus
     # mano pirmasis parametras nurodo kokios tikiuosi, o kitas koki gaunu
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
30.87 tests/s, 61.73 assertions/s
Tydis@DESKTOP-OHPBAT7 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Stalinis kompiuteris/RUBY
$ ruby array task test.rb -n test sorting
Loaded suite array_task_test
Started
Finished in 0.0020321 seconds.
1 tests, 2 assertions, 0 failures, 0 errors, 0 pendings, 0 omissions, 0 notifications
100% passed
492.10 tests/s, 984.20 assertions/s
```