Improving Openness And Interoperability In Public Health Bioinformatics

A Global Coalition.



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PHA4GECon 2025: Ontology Term Curation: Cleaning and Standardising Contextual Data

Objective

Learn to curate unharmonised and inconsistent ("dirty") contextual data using ontology look-up tools, then apply harmonised terms to complete a schema.

Resources

For this exercise you will need to download the following files:

- PHA4GECon: Standardise your dataset *a mock dataset of un-standardised data
- PHA4GECon: SARS-CoV-2 schema

Instructions

Part 1: Tidying your data

Scenario: You have been tasked with harmonising data from two labs into a single dataset. You have been provided with a minimal set of completed fields in a single dataset. The goal is to clean this data, such that everyone is using the same controlled vocabulary to represent the same thing within a field.

- 1. Open the workbook 'standardise-your-dataset.xlsx' under workshop/PHA4GECon-2025/2_cleaning-data and locate the 'Original Data' tab. *Question: What do you notice about this data?*
- 2. Pull out all **unique terms** (this has been done for you in the 'Part 1' tab)
- 3. Pick two groups (e.g. 'organism', 'host', or 'anatomical parts' etc)
- 4. Evaluate for duplication, inconsistent formatting, or ambiguity. Choose one 'harmonised' label e.g for 'Nasopharynx' and 'NP' I might select 'Nasopharynx (NP)'.

5. Produce a short list of cleaned, harmonised English labels—one per concept—to carry forward.

Tips: Think conceptually, not literally: Focus on what the term means, not just how it's written. "Plant" in a wastewater context = facility, not flora.

Group before cleaning: Gather all unique values for each field first—seeing variants side-by-side helps spot duplicates and inconsistencies.

Handle missing data early: Collect all "unknown", "N/A", or blank entries and map them to an agreed missing-value term (e.g., missing [GENEPIO:0001618]).

Part 2: Finding ontology matches

- Using your cleaned list, search for corresponding ontology terms that best match each harmonised label using
 - The EBI Ontology Lookup Service (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ols/index)
 - OntoBee (https://ontobee.org)
- Evaluate search results and choose the most precise match. Consider whether the match is appropriate (too broad, too narrow, wrong domain?).
- Record for each:
 - Harmonized Label
 - Ontology Name
 - Ontology ID (e.g. ENVO:00002272)
 Definition (if available)
- If a good match cannot be found, note "New term request needed".

Tips: Check the definition, not just the label: Many terms look similar—read the ontology definition to confirm the meaning fits your data.

Prefer OBO Foundry sources such as ENVO (environmental), OBI (process/sample type), or UBERON (anatomy).

Reflection

Challenges	Details

PHA4GECon 2025: Standardising contextual data exercise v1.0