# FIRST ROBOTICS PROJECT

**ROBOTICS** 



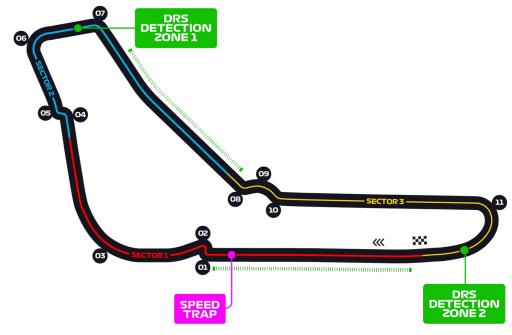
# THE PROBLEM



#### The car



#### The circuit



#### DATA



Format: ROS Bag file

play the bag with the command:

rosbag play --clock project.bag

#### Data:

- /speedsteer vehicle data
- /swiftnav/front/gps\_pose gps front data
- /swiftnav/rear/gps\_pose gps rear data





Vehicle data

rear wheels baseline: 130 cm

distance from front to rear wheels:

176.5 cm

steering factor: ~32 (check it with GPS)

/speedsteer topic:

y -> speed (km/h)

x -> steer at the steering wheel (deg)

The car



### THE PROJECT (First Node)



- Create a ROS package called first\_project
- Create a ROS node to compute the odometry from vehicle data:
  - write a node called *odometer* which
    - subscribe to:
      - vehicle status message:
        - type: geometry\_msgs/PointStamped
        - topic name: /speedsteer
    - publish:
      - odometry message:
        - type: nav\_msgs/Odometry
        - topic name: /odom
      - tf odom-vehicle

### THE PROJECT (Second Node)



- Create a ROS node to compute the odometry from gps data:
  - write a node called **gps\_odometer** which
    - subscribe to:
      - vehicle status message:
        - type: sensor\_msgs/NavSatFix
        - topic name: /swiftnav/front/gps\_pose
    - publish:
      - odometry message:
        - type: nav\_msgs/Odometry
        - topic name: /gps\_odom
      - tf odom-gps

### THE PROJECT (Second Node)



- to convert gps data to odometry:
  - convert (latitude-longitude-altitude) to Cartesian ECEF
  - convert Cartesian ECEF to ENU
  - ENU is a relative position, so you need to specify the reference point
- gps\_to\_odom should have three parameters :
  - lat\_r
  - lon\_r
  - alt\_r
- These parameters should be set in a launch file, for this project you can set manually to the first value from GPS:

### THE PROJECT (Second Node)



- GPS gives you only position
- For the odometry you also want orientation
- In this scenario we work on a 2D plane, so we want the car heading
- After computing the car position in ENU you can use consecutive poses to estimate the robot heading (if you want you can also add a smoothing filter)

# THE PROJECT (Third Node)

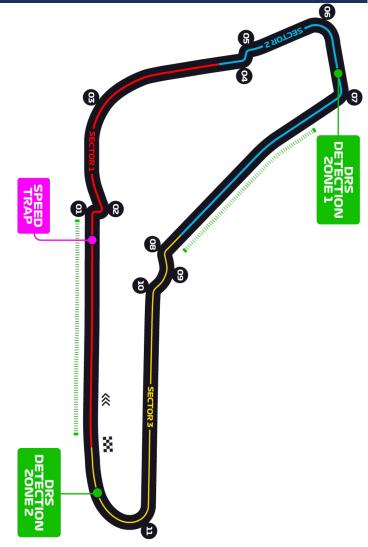


- Create a ROS node to compute the sector times and speed:
  - write a node called sector\_times which
    - subscribe to:
      - vehicle status message and gps:
        - topic name: /speedsteer
        - topic name: /swiftnav/front/gps\_pose
    - publish custom message:
      - sector\_time message:
        - type: first\_project/secotor\_times
        - topic name: /sector\_times





- first\_project/secotor\_times structure:
  - int: current\_sector
  - float: current\_sector\_time
  - float: current\_sector\_mean\_speed



# THE PROJECT (Launch file)



- The three node should all start from a single launch file called launch.launch
- The launch file should also open rviz loading a configuration file which shows the two tfs and the odometry topics, with a blue arrow for odom and red for gps\_odom
- the only command to start the project should be: roslaunch first\_project launch.launch





- -Send only a zip file
- -Upload on Webeep
- -Inside the archive:
  - info.txt file (details next slide)
  - folders of the nodes you created (with inside CmakeLists.txt, package.xml, etc...)
  - do not send the entire environment (with build and devel folders)
  - do not send the bag files



# Deadlines and requested files

File txt must contain only the group names with this structure codice persona;name;surname

You can add another file called readme.txt with additional info. I will not always look for it. But if something goes wrong I'll check for explanations.



### Some more requests

Name the archive with your codice persona

Don't use absolute path

The project need to be written using c/c++





Deadline: 1 May (4 weeks)

Max 3 student for team

#### Questions:

- -write to me via mail (simone.mentasti@polimi.it)
- do not write only to Prof. Matteucci

#### Formulas



#### Latitude-longitude to ECEF:

$$X = (N(\phi) + h)\cos\phi\cos\lambda$$
$$Y = (N(\phi) + h)\cos\phi\sin\lambda$$
$$Z = (N(\phi)(1 - e^2) + h)\sin\phi$$

Where  $\Phi$  is latitude,  $\lambda$  is longitude, h is altitude, N is defined as

$$N(\phi) = \frac{a}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 \sin^2 \phi}},$$

and  $\alpha$  is the semi major axis of the equatorial radius, b is the semi minor axis of the polar radius, and  $e^2$  is defined as

$$e^2 = 1 - \frac{b^2}{a^2}$$
 where a=6378137 m b=6356752 m

#### Formulas



#### **ECEF to ENU:**

You need both robot position and reference position (lat<sub>r</sub>, lon<sub>r</sub>, alt<sub>r</sub>) in ECEF Coordinates

Then you can apply the formula:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \lambda_r & \cos \lambda_r & 0 \\ -\sin \phi_r \cos \lambda_r & -\sin \phi_r \sin \lambda_r & \cos \phi_r \\ \cos \phi_r \cos \lambda_r & \cos \phi_r \sin \lambda_r & \sin \phi_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_p - X_r \\ Y_p - Y_r \\ Z_p - Z_r \end{bmatrix}$$

Where  $\Phi_r$  is latitude,  $\lambda_r$  is longitude of the reference point (n.b., you are using sin and cos, so make sure they are in radians/degree, depending on the library you use)