

Differential gene expression analysis of a prostate cancer toy RNA-seq dataset using the state of the art methods for DE, enrichment, annotation and motif analysis.

Load the prostate cancer dataset, generate using the Recount package.

```
load("prostate_cancer.RData")
```

Extract protein coding genes:

```
ensembl = useEnsembl(biomart = "ensembl", dataset = "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")
query1 = getBM(attributes=c("ensembl_gene_id", "gene_biotype"),
               filters=c("ensembl_gene_id"),
               values=list(c(r_anno_df$gene_id)),
               mart = ensembl)
query1_protein_coding = query1[which(query1$gene_biotype=="protein_coding"),]

r_anno_df = subset(r_anno_df, r_anno_df$gene_id %in% query1_protein_coding$ensembl_gene_id)
raw_counts_df = subset(raw_counts_df, rownames(raw_counts_df) %in% query1_protein_coding$ensembl_gene_id)

cat(sprintf("Before selecting protein coding: %s \n After selecting protein coding: %s", nrow(query1), nrow(query1_protein_coding)))

## Before selecting protein coding: 57034
## After selecting protein coding: 19617
```

Filter to 20 counts at least in 1 tumor and 1 normal, then normalize the counts:

```
c_anno_case = subset(c_anno_df, c_anno_df$condition=="Case")
c_anno_control = subset(c_anno_df, c_anno_df$condition=="Control")

df_raw_case = raw_counts_df[,c(c_anno_case$sample)]
over_20_case = apply(df_raw_case, 1, function(x) any(x > 20))

df_raw_control = raw_counts_df[,c(c_anno_control$sample)]
over_20_control = apply(df_raw_control, 1, function(x) any(x > 20))

boolean = over_20_case & over_20_control
filtered_raw_df = cbind(df_raw_case, df_raw_control, boolean)
c_anno_df = rbind(c_anno_case, c_anno_control)

filtered_raw_df = subset(filtered_raw_df, filtered_raw_df$boolean)
filtered_raw_df = filtered_raw_df[,-101]
rownames(r_anno_df) = r_anno_df$gene_id
filtered_anno_df = r_anno_df[rownames(filtered_raw_df),]

edge_dge = DGEList(counts=filtered_raw_df, group=c_anno_df$condition, samples=c_anno_df, genes=filtered_anno_df$gene_id)

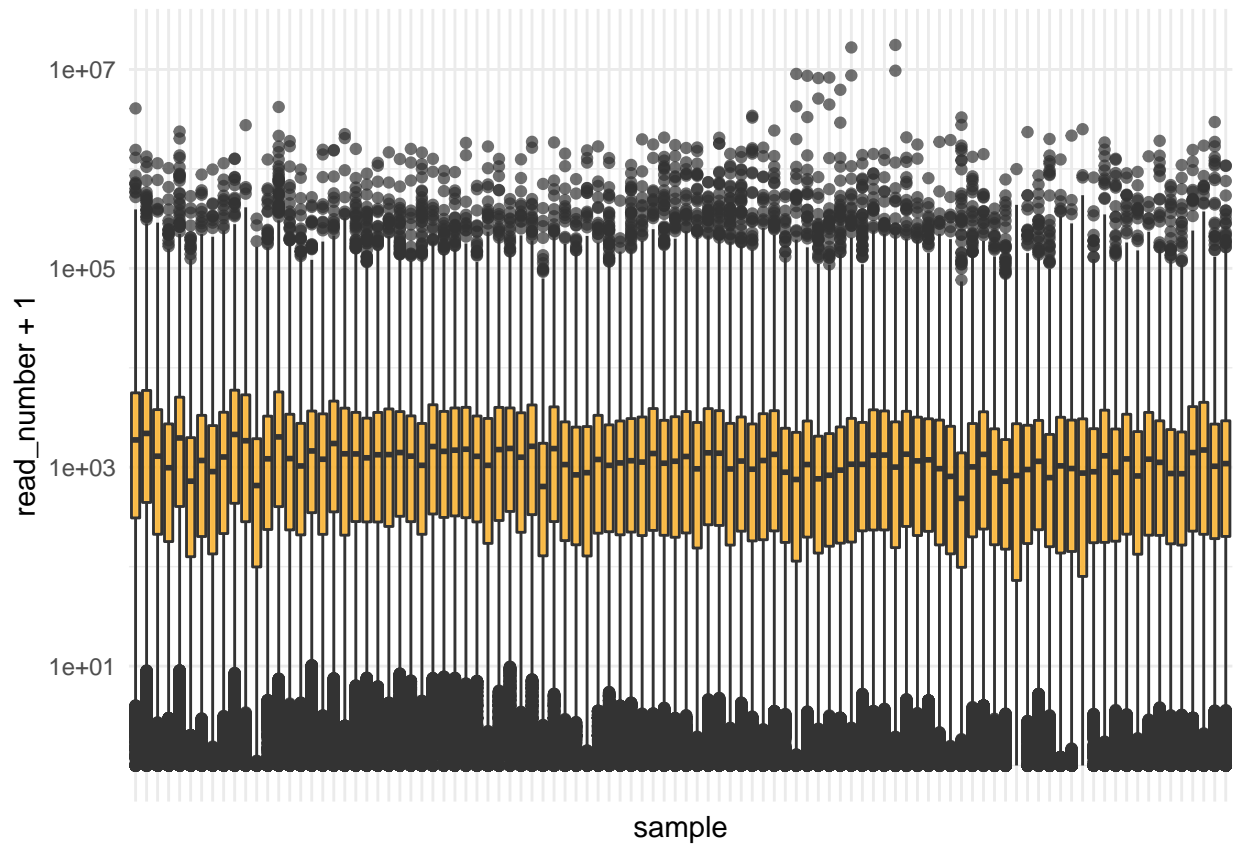
edge_n = calcNormFactors(edge_dge, method="TMM")
cpm_table = as.data.frame(round(cpm(edge_n), 2))

cat(sprintf("Before filtering: %s \n After filtering: %s", nrow(raw_counts_df), nrow(filtered_raw_df)))

## Before filtering: 19617
## After filtering: 17291
```

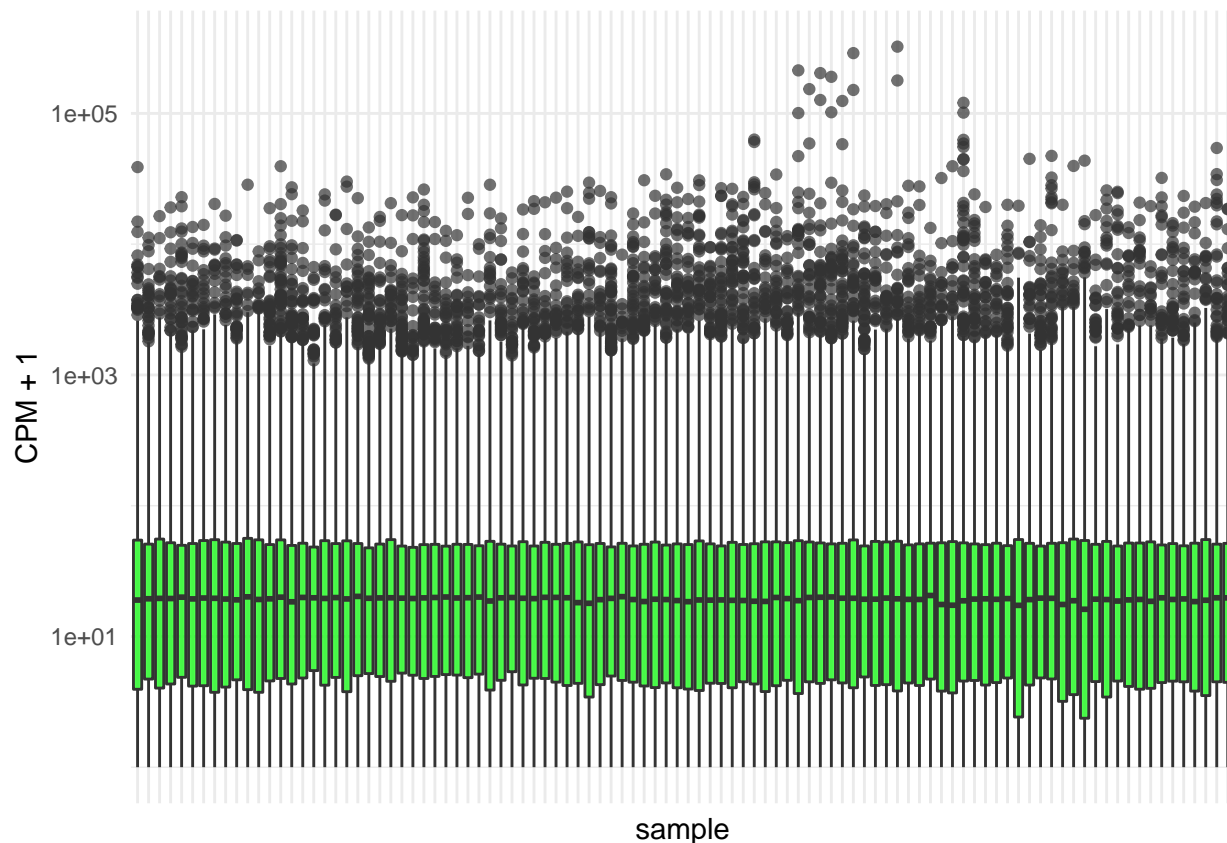
Before normalization:

```
long_counts_df = gather(filtered_raw_df, key = "sample", value = "read_number")
ggplot(data=long_counts_df, aes(sample, read_number+1)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill="orange", alpha=0.7) +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels=NULL) +
  scale_y_log10()
```



After normalization - medians are aligned pretty well:

```
long_cpm_df = gather(cpm_table, key = "sample", value = "CPM")
ggplot(data=long_cpm_df, aes(sample, CPM+1)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill="green", alpha=0.7) +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels=NULL) +
  scale_y_log10()
```



EdgeR analysis - thresholds for corrected p-val of 0.01 and fold change of 1.5 were used.

```
design = model.matrix(~0+group, data=edge_dge$samples)
colnames(design) = levels(edge_dge$samples$group)
rownames(design) = edge_dge$samples$sample

edge_d = estimateDisp(edge_n,design)
edge_f = glmQLFit(edge_d,design)

contro = makeContrasts("Case-Control",levels=design)

edgeRglmQLF = function(mat=edge_f,contro,cpm_mat=edge_n,label="Cancer vs Control",sig_thr=1,sig_col="log2_CPM")
{
  degs = glmQLFTest(edge_f,contrast=contro)$table[,-3]
  colnames(degs) = c("log2_FC","log2_CPM","p_val")
  a_levels = rownames(contro)[which(contro!=0)]
  a_samples = which(cpm_mat$samples$group%in%a_levels)
  cpm_sele = cpm(cpm_mat,log=T)[,a_samples]
  degs$log2_CPM = apply(cpm_sele,1,function(x) mean(x))
  degs$p_adj = p.adjust(degs$p_val, method = "BH")
  degs$class = "="
  degs[which(degs[,sig_col]>=sig_thr & degs$log2_FC>=fc_thr & degs[,pval_col]<=pval_thr),"class"] = "+"
  degs[which(degs[,sig_col]>=sig_thr & degs$log2_FC<=(-fc_thr) & degs[,pval_col]<=pval_thr),"class"] = "-"
  degs$class = as.factor(degs$class)
  degs$comp = label
  degs$id = rownames(degs)
}
```

```

degs = degs[,c("id","comp","log2_FC","log2_CPM","p_val","p_adj","class")]
if(names=="TRUE"){
  newnames = paste(label,colnames(degs),sep="_")
  colnames(degs) = newnames
}
return(degs)
}
DEGs = edgeRglmQLF(mat=edge_f, cpm_mat=edge_n, contro=contro, sig_thr=1, sig_col="log2_CPM", fc_thr=1.5

summary(DEGs$class)

```

```

##      -      +      =
##    322    158 16811

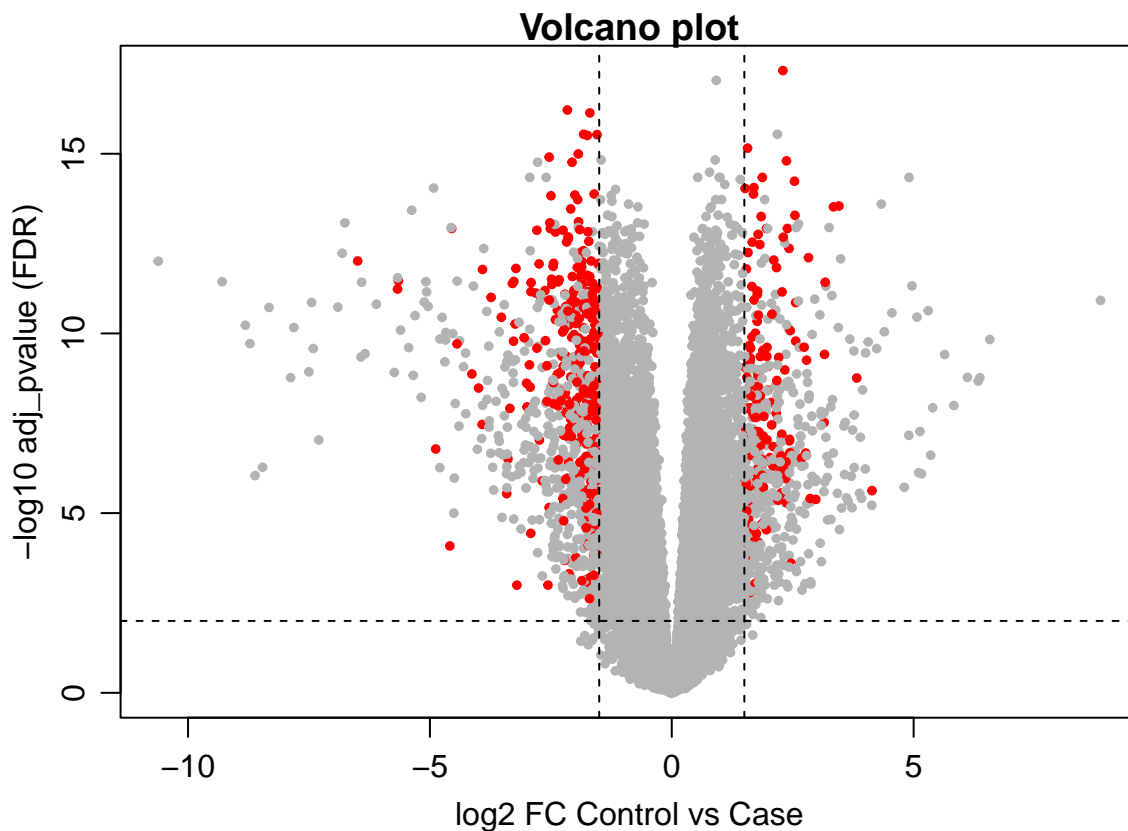
```

Volcano plot:

```

input_df = DEGs
xlabel = "log2 FC Control vs Case"
ylabel = "-log10 adj_pvalue (FDR)"
par(fig=c(0,1,0,1), mar=c(4,4,1,2), mgp=c(2, 0.75, 0))
plot(input_df$log2_FC, -log(input_df$p_adj,base=10),xlab=xlabel, ylab=ylabel,
     col=ifelse(input_df$class=="","grey70","red"), pch=20, frame.plot=TRUE, cex=0.8, main="Volcano pl

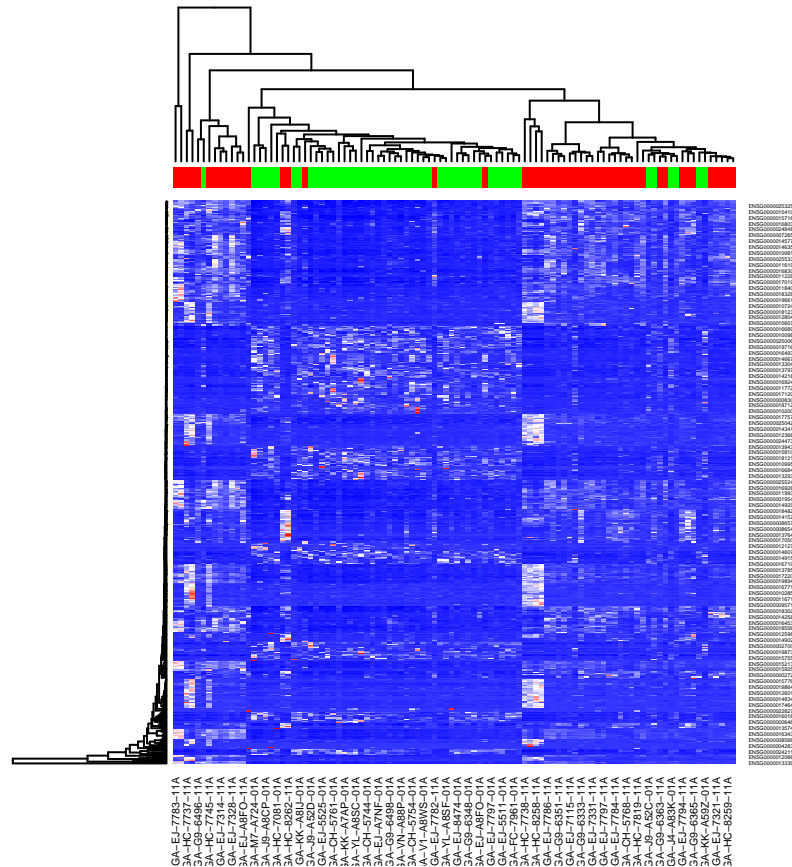
```



```
## integer(0)
```

Heatmap: red labels are cases, green are controls.

```
cols = c(rep("green",50),rep("red",50))
pal = c("blue","white","red")
pal = colorRampPalette(pal)(50)
heatmap(as.matrix(cpm_table[which(rownames(cpm_table)%in%DEGs$id[which(DEGs$class!="=")]),]),
        ColSideColors = cols,cexCol = 0.5,margins = c(4,4),col=pal,cexRow = 0.2)
```



Gene set enrichment analysis of up-regulated and down-regulated genes separately using the Gene ontology:

```
upDEGs = filtered_anno_df[rownames(DEGs %>% filter(class == "+")),]
downDEGs = filtered_anno_df[rownames(DEGs %>% filter(class == "-")),]

#GO - perform separately on BP and MF, then merge and sort by p.adjust
up_ego_BP = enrichGO(gene = upDEGs$symbol,
                      OrgDb = org.Hs.eg.db,
                      keyType = 'SYMBOL',
                      ont = "BP",
                      pAdjustMethod = "BH",
                      pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
                      qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
up_ego_MF = enrichGO(gene = upDEGs$symbol,
                      OrgDb = org.Hs.eg.db,
                      keyType = 'SYMBOL',
                      ont = "MF",
                      pAdjustMethod = "BH",
```

```

        pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
        qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
up_GO = rbind(up_ego_BP@result, up_ego_MF@result)
up_GO = up_GO[order(up_GO$p.adjust),]

down_ego_BP = enrichGO(gene = downDEGs$symbol,
                        OrgDb = org.Hs.eg.db,
                        keyType = 'SYMBOL',
                        ont = "BP",
                        pAdjustMethod = "BH",
                        pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
                        qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
down_ego_MF = enrichGO(gene = downDEGs$symbol,
                        OrgDb = org.Hs.eg.db,
                        keyType = 'SYMBOL',
                        ont = "MF",
                        pAdjustMethod = "BH",
                        pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
                        qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
down_GO = rbind(down_ego_BP@result, down_ego_MF@result)
down_GO = down_GO[order(down_GO$p.adjust),]

#KEGG
# get ENTREZ IDs
up_entrez_ids = getBM(attributes=c("ensembl_gene_id", "entrezgene_id"),
                      filters=c("ensembl_gene_id"),
                      values=list(c(upDEGs$gene_id)),
                      mart = ensembl)
# remove rows containing NA values
up_entrez_ids = na.omit(up_entrez_ids)
# one Ensembl ID can be associated to multiple ENTREZ IDs - take only one association
up_entrez_ids = up_entrez_ids %>% distinct(ensembl_gene_id, .keep_all = TRUE)
# KEGG enrichment
up_ekegg = enrichKEGG(gene = up_entrez_ids$entrezgene_id,
                      organism = 'human',
                      pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
                      qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
up_ekegg = up_ekegg@result
# sort
up_ekegg = up_ekegg[order(up_ekegg$p.adjust),]

# repeat for down-regulated
down_entrez_ids = getBM(attributes=c("ensembl_gene_id", "entrezgene_id"),
                        filters=c("ensembl_gene_id"),
                        values=list(c(downDEGs$gene_id)),
                        mart = ensembl)
down_entrez_ids = na.omit(down_entrez_ids)
down_entrez_ids = down_entrez_ids %>% distinct(ensembl_gene_id, .keep_all = TRUE)
down_ekegg = enrichKEGG(gene = down_entrez_ids$entrezgene_id,
                        organism = 'human',
                        pvalueCutoff = 0.05,

```

```

qvalueCutoff = 0.05)
down_ekegg = down_ekegg@result
down_ekegg = down_ekegg[order(down_ekegg$p.adjust),]

```

Top 10 GO enrichment results (Molecular functions and Biological processes sub-ontologies combined) for up and down-regulated genes:

```
up_GO[1:10, c(2,6)]
```

```

##                               Description  p.adjust
## GO:0043090                        amino acid import 0.03095844
## GO:1904062 regulation of cation transmembrane transport 0.03095844
## GO:0034368                protein-lipid complex remodeling 0.03095844
## GO:0034369                plasma lipoprotein particle remodeling 0.03095844
## GO:0099177                regulation of trans-synaptic signaling 0.03095844
## GO:0034367                protein-containing complex remodeling 0.03095844
## GO:0010872                regulation of cholesterol esterification 0.04291681
## GO:0033555 multicellular organismal response to stress 0.04615581
## GO:0034374 low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling 0.04881314
## GO:0089718                amino acid import across plasma membrane 0.04881314

```

```
down_GO[1:10, c(2,6)]
```

```

##                               Description  p.adjust
## GO:1901681                sulfur compound binding 1.059468e-06
## GO:0004601                peroxidase activity 1.865937e-06
## GO:0016684 oxidoreductase activity, acting on peroxide as acceptor 2.691107e-06
## GO:0006936                muscle contraction 3.718331e-06
## GO:0003012                muscle system process 4.065173e-06
## GO:0008201                heparin binding 1.021242e-05
## GO:0005539                glycosaminoglycan binding 2.088007e-05
## GO:1990748                cellular detoxification 3.485123e-05
## GO:0006575                cellular modified amino acid metabolic process 3.514103e-05
## GO:0043295                glutathione binding 3.975699e-05

```

Top 10 KEGG enrichment results for up and down-regulated genes:

```
up_ekegg[1:10, c(2,6)]
```

```

##                               Description  p.adjust
## hsa04145                        Phagosome 0.8310134
## hsa05034                        Alcoholism 0.8310134
## hsa05202 Transcriptional misregulation in cancer 0.8310134
## hsa04512                        ECM-receptor interaction 0.8310134
## hsa02010                        ABC transporters 0.8310134
## hsa00565                        Ether lipid metabolism 0.8310134
## hsa04979                        Cholesterol metabolism 0.8310134
## hsa05144                        Malaria 0.8310134
## hsa05165 Human papillomavirus infection 0.8310134
## hsa04110                        Cell cycle 0.8310134

```

```
down_ekegg[1:10, c(2,6)]
```

```
##              Description      p.adjust
## hsa00982      Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450 0.00113259
## hsa00480      Glutathione metabolism 0.00839557
## hsa04726      Serotonergic synapse 0.01162980
## hsa05204      Chemical carcinogenesis - DNA adducts 0.01162980
## hsa04510      Focal adhesion 0.01162980
## hsa00980      Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450 0.01824726
## hsa04270      Vascular smooth muscle contraction 0.02081637
## hsa00590      Arachidonic acid metabolism 0.02081637
## hsa04915      Estrogen signaling pathway 0.02081637
## hsa04970      Salivary secretion 0.02948306
```

Using the list of up-regulated genes, none of the KEGG pathways was significantly enriched (adjusted p-value ≥ 0.04). For this reason I visualized the **Estrogen signaling pathway** which had a significant adjusted p-value when using the list of down-regulated genes. PNG located in the folder

```
logFC = (DEGs %>% filter(class == "-"))$log2_FC
names(logFC) = down_entrez_ids$entrezgene_id
pathview(gene.data = logFC,
         pathway.id = "hsa04915",
         species = "human")
```

Motif enrichment analysis for **up-regulated** genes' upstream regions. Top 10 motif enrichment scores are shown below:

```
upstream_seqs = biomaRt::getSequence(id = upDEGs$gene_id, type="ensembl_gene_id", seqType="gene_flank",
row.names(upstream_seqs) = upstream_seqs$ensembl_gene_id

data(PWMLogn.hg19.MotifDb.Hsap)
res = motifEnrichment(DNAStringSet(upstream_seqs$gene_flank),PWMLogn.hg19.MotifDb.Hsap, score = "affini
report = groupReport(res)
report_df = as.data.frame(report)
report_df[1:10,c(2,4,5)]
```

```
##      target raw.score      p.value
## 1  CEBPB  2.671451 1.040707e-19
## 2  PGAM2  9.652294 1.076358e-19
## 3  MAFK   2.830945 2.156909e-19
## 4  ODC1   3.049552 2.896012e-19
## 5  NNT    2.334489 5.099784e-19
## 6  TFAP4  3.968342 6.931475e-19
## 7  NANOS1 2.725734 7.386397e-19
## 8  ZMAT2  2.418168 7.825662e-19
## 9  JUN    3.176321 1.522346e-18
## 10 NRL   1.496928 1.798141e-18
```

Empirical distribution for the **CEBPB** transcription factor.


```
tf = report_df$target[1]

tf_motif = subset(MotifDb, organism=='Hsapiens' & geneSymbol==tf)
PWM = toPWM(as.list(tf_motif))
ecdf = motifEcdf(PWM,organism = "hg19",quick=TRUE)
thresholds = lapply(ecdf,function(x) quantile(x,0.995))
```

Pattern-matching using all 19 PWMs of **CEBPB** binding sites in the flanking regions of up-regulated genes. 10 genes who's promoter regions have the highest count of scores above the threshold for any PWM are shown below:

```
scores = as.data.frame(motifScores(DNAStringSet(upstream_seqs$gene_flank),PWM,row.score=FALSE,cutoff=th
row.names(scores) = row.names(upstream_seqs)
scores$sum = c(apply(scores, 1, sum))
scores$symbol = lapply(upDEGs$symbol, function(x) toString(x))
scores = scores[order(-scores$sum),]

CEBPB_regulated_genes = subset(scores, scores$sum > 0)
CEBPB_regulated_genes[1:10,c(21,20)]
```

```
##          symbol sum
## ENSG00000151012  CST1 172
## ENSG00000157388  ACSM1 148
## ENSG00000106819  CAMKK2 143
## ENSG00000167332  NEK5 142
## ENSG00000125780  TGM3 137
## ENSG00000204970  TUBB3 132
## ENSG00000188848   ERG 127
## ENSG00000112742  B3GAT1 120
## ENSG00000086205  EEF1A2 117
## ENSG00000166006  MEX3A 116
```

```
cat(sprintf("%s out of %s up-regulated genes have at least one region in their promoters with a binding
```

```
## 146 out of 158 up-regulated genes have at least one region in their promoters with a binding score o
```

Upload files containing Ensembl IDs for up and down-regulated genes separately to String DB and download the generated PPI files. Mapping files from String DB were used to name the nodes. These files can be found in project directory.

```
# Export lists of ids of up and down regulated genes
#write.table(upDEGs$gene_id,file="upDEGs.txt" , quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE)
#write.table(downDEGs$gene_id,file="downDEGs.txt" , quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE)

# up-regulated PPI
up_links = read.delim("upDEGs_PPI.tsv")
up_mappings = read.csv("upDEGs_mapping.tsv", header=TRUE, sep="\t")
up_nodes = unique(up_mappings[,4])
up_net = graph_from_data_frame(d=up_links,vertices=up_nodes,directed=FALSE)

up_c = components(up_net)
```

```

up_largest_c = induced_subgraph(up_net, which(up_c$membership == which.max(up_c$csize)) )

#down-regulated PPI
down_links = read.delim("downDEGs_PPI.tsv")
down_mappings = read.csv("downDEGs_mapping.tsv", header=TRUE, sep="\t")
down_nodes = unique(down_mappings[,4])
down_net = graph_from_data_frame(d=down_links, vertices=down_nodes, directed=FALSE)

down_c = components(down_net)
down_largest_c = induced_subgraph(down_net, which(down_c$membership == which.max(down_c$csize)) )

```

Up-regulated genes PPI:

```

cat(sprintf("Using the up-regulated genes, the largest connected component contains %s out of %s elements\n"),

```

```

## Using the up-regulated genes, the largest connected component contains 77 out of 153 elements.

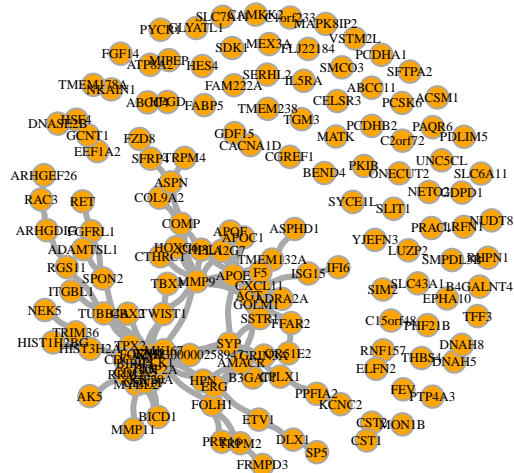
```

```

plot(up_net,
     edge.width=3,
     vertex.color="orange",
     vertex.size=10,
     vertex.frame.color="darkgray",
     vertex.label.color="black",
     vertex.label.cex=0.4,
     edge.curved=0.2, main="Complete up-regulated PPI")

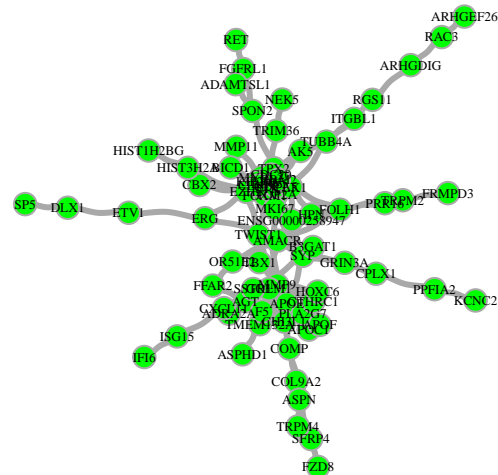
```

Complete up-regulated PPI



```
plot(up_largest_c,
     edge.width=3,
     vertex.color="green",
     vertex.size=10,
     vertex.frame.color="darkgray",
     vertex.label.color="black",
     vertex.label.cex=0.4,
     edge.curved=0.2, main="Largest connected component in up-regulated genes")
```

Largest connected component in up-regulated genes



Down-regulated genes PPI:

```
cat(sprintf("Using the down-regulated genes, the largest connected component contains %s out of %s elem
```

```
## Using the down-regulated genes, the largest connected component contains 257 out of 331 elements.
```

```
plot(down_net,  
      edge.width=3,  
      vertex.color="orange",  
      vertex.size=10,  
      vertex.frame.color="darkgray",  
      vertex.label.color="black",  
      vertex.label.cex=0.4,  
      edge.curved=0.2, main="Complete down-regulated PPI")
```

Complete down-regulated PPI



```
plot(down_largest_c,
     edge.width=3,
     vertex.color="green",
     vertex.size=10,
     vertex.frame.color="darkgray",
     vertex.label.color="black",
     vertex.label.cex=0.4,
     edge.curved=0.2, main="Largest connected component in down-regulated genes")
```

Largest connected component in down-regulated genes

