

Unüberwachtes Lernen K-Means Algorithmus

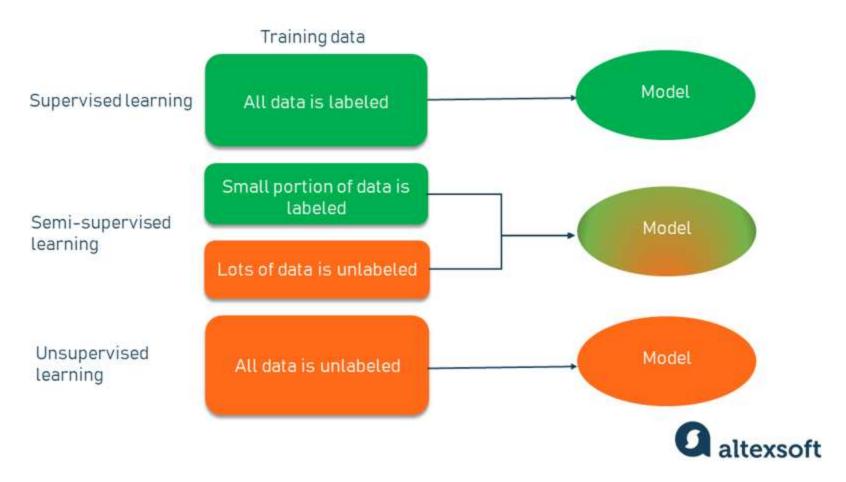
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WPF - DLML

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Die Unterchiede zwischen Überwachtes und Unüberwachtes Lernen







Die Unterscheiden

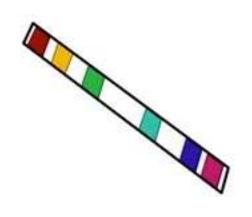
	Überwachtes Lernen	Unüberwachtes Lernen
Input Data	Gelabelt	nicht gelabelt
Lernziel	Klassifizierung und Regression	Zusammenhänge, Pattern
Rechenkomplexität	Niedrig	Hoch
Leistung	Genauer	Weniger genauer
Feedback	Hat explizites Feedback	kein explizites Feedback

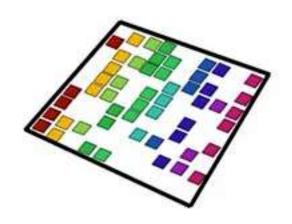
Aufgaben des unüberwachten Lernens

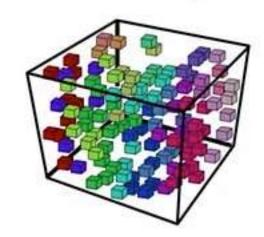


1. Dimension reduktion

1 dimension: 10 positions 2 dimensions: 100 positions 3 dimensions: 1000 positions

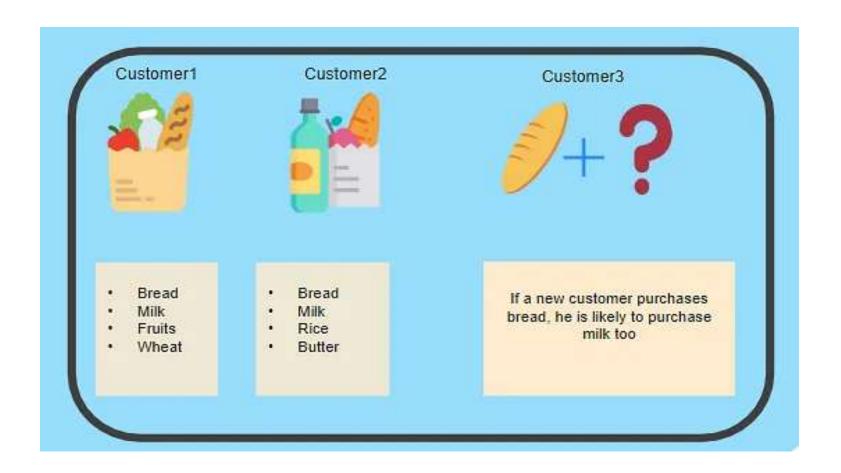






2. Assoziationen

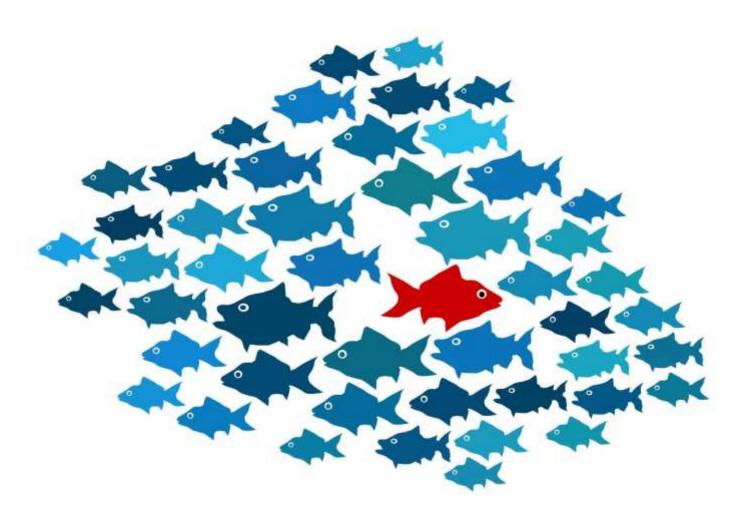




 Youtube, Amazon Recommendation System

3. Anomalieerkennung

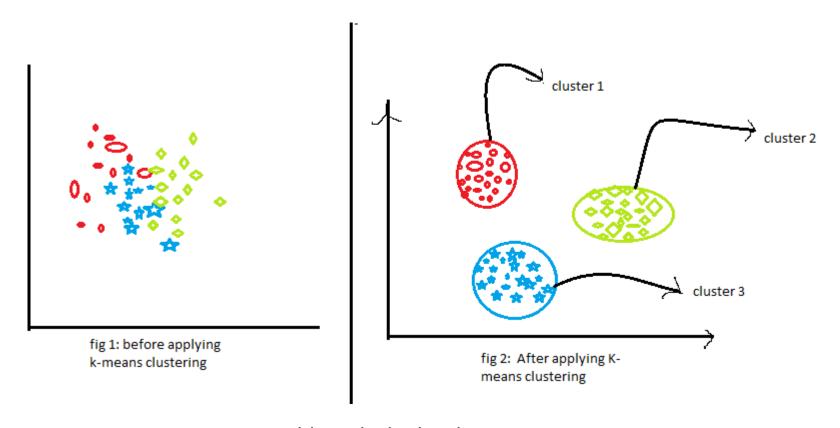




• Erkennung von Betrug, Fehlerdiagnose

4. Clustering (Gruppierung)





Customer Segmentation, Bild- und Objekterkennung

Clustering Algorithmen



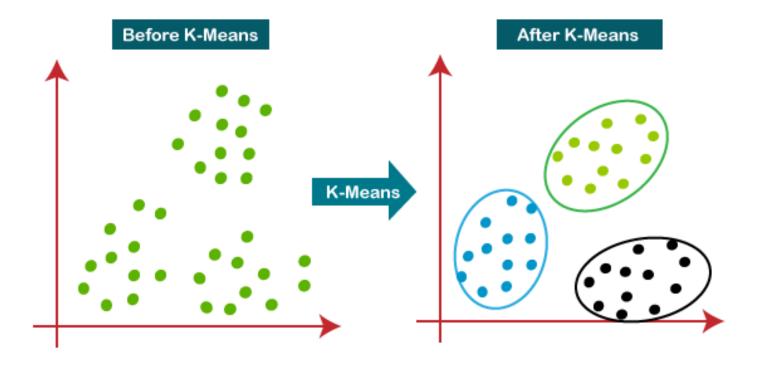
•K-Means

Db-Scan

Hierarchische Clusteranalyse

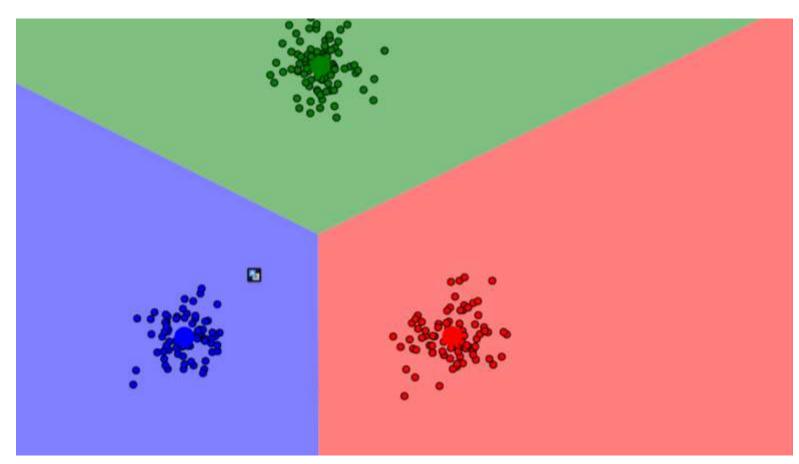
K-Means Algorithmus





K-Means Algorithmus



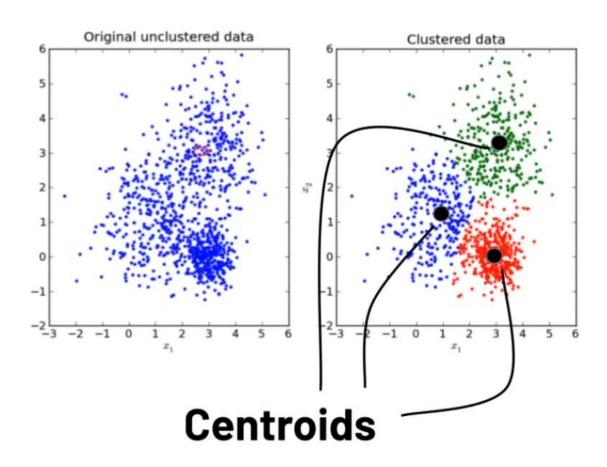


 Jeder Cluster besteht in sich aus ähnlichen Daten, aber die Cluster sind einander nicht ähnlich

https://www.naftaliharris.com/blog/visualizing-k-means-clustering/

K-Means Algortihmus



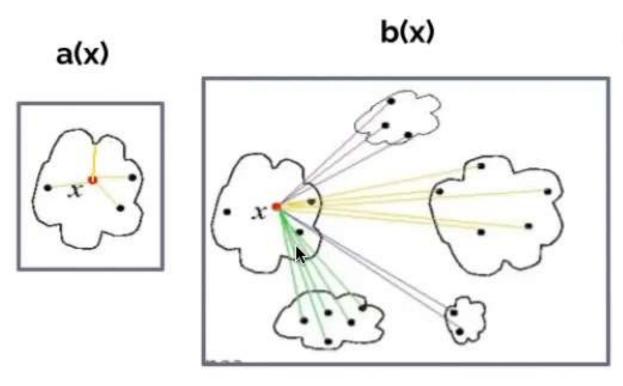


- K-means ist ein iterativer Algorithmus, der sich letztendlich einer Lösung nähert.
- Das Ziel ist es, Datenpunkte innerhalb jedes Clusters ähnlich und untereinander verschiedene Cluster zu machen.

Silhoutte Score als Fehlermetrik



Der Silhouettenkoeffizient liegt zwischen -1 und 1

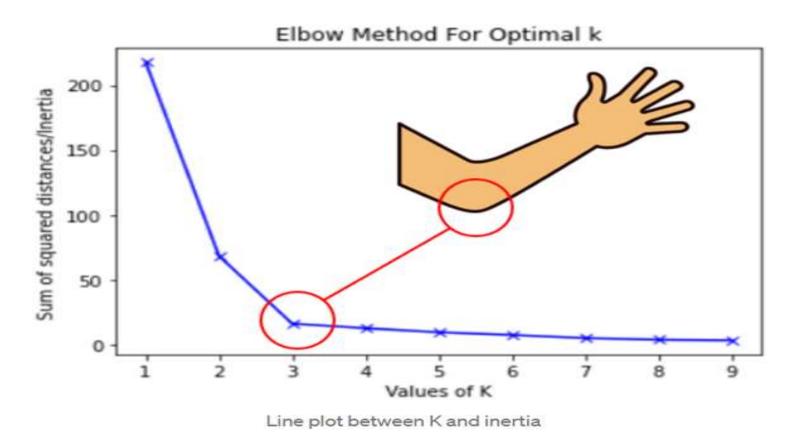


$$s = \frac{b - a}{max(a, b)}$$

Optimal Nummer der Clusters Finden



Elbow Method



Inertia Formula

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - C_k)^2$$

C = centroids
X = einen Datenpunkt im
Datensatz

Quellenverweise:



- 1. https://www.ibm.com/cloud/blog/supervised-vs-unsupervised-learning
- 2. https://av-eks-blogoptimized.s3.amazonaws.com/62725cluster0
- 3. https://www.javatpoint.com/k-means-clustering-algorithm-in-machine-learning
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- 5. https://www.altexsoft.com/blog/semi-supervised-learning/
- 6. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2020/10/a-simple-explanation-of-k-means-clustering/
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