UMMUL QURA HIGH SCHOOL

First Term 2020/2021 Academic Session

Arowona Bus-stop, Akanran Road, Ibadan

Subje	ct: Civics Education . Class: SSS2
1.	A person or group of persons that act on behalf of the people and backed by law is called
	(a) Constitutes authority
	(b) Unconstituted authority
	(c) Illegal representative
	(d) Illegal leaders
2.	One of the following is not a type of constituted authority?
	(a) Traditional leaders
	(b) Religious leaders
	(c) Political leaders
	(d) Cult leaders
3.	All the following are political leaders except
	(a) President
	(b) Governor
	(c) Chairman
	(d) Armed rubbers
4.	The types of constituted authority in which the authority of a ruling regime is largely tied to
	tradition is known as
	(a) Political leader
	(b) Traditional leader
	(c) Religious leader
	(d) head of organization
5.	The following are importance of constituted authority except
	(a) Maintenance of law and order
	(b) Protection of the right and dignity of members of community
	(c) Representing the people and acting on their behalf
	(d) Disrupting the society peace
6.	refers to the legal right that an individual has to belong to a particular country.
	(a) Citizenship
	(b) Leadership
	(c) Follower
	(d) Nationalists

7. Citizenship education is concerned with all the following except _____.

a
b

15.	Government can promote and guarantee employment by all the following except
	(a) free education
	(b) diversification of production activities
	(c) heavy tariff on imported goods to promote local production
	(d) imposing heavy tax on working adults
16.	One of the following is an anti-thetical to political apathy.
	(a) Political indifference to politics
	(b) Political isolation
	(c) Political participation
	(d) Political citizenship
17.	All the following are forms of political apathy except
	(a) Refusal to work
	(b) Refusal to perform civics responsibility
	(c) Refusal to vote in an election
	(d) Refusal to contest for election
18.	In Nigeria, all the following are the reasons for political apathy except
	(a) Frivolous choice of leaders
	(b) absence of political parties
	(c) bad governments
	(d) unfulfilled political promise
19.	Political apathy can best be eradicated by
	(a) Military regime
	(b) Multi-party system
	(c) Political isolation
	(d) high level of political awareness
20.	Leader fail to protect the interest of their followers for the following reasons except
	(a) Party interest
	(b) Lackof political awareness
	(c) Lack of political will
	(d) Second term syndrome
21.	Popular participation is the same as all of the following except
	(a) Public participation
	(b) Stakeholders engagement
	(c) Political apathy
	(d) people centered principles
22.	All the following are necessary in a democracy system except
	(a) Collective intelligence
	(b) Equal worth of individual
	(c) Public isolation
	(d) Collective inclusiveness
23.	People can participate in politics through all the following except
	(a) Terrorist group

	(I) Ct the state of the state o
	(b) Civil society group
	(c) Pressure group
	(d) Political party
24.	Civil society group fight for all the following except
	(a) Fundamental Human Rights
	(b) Political positive
	(c) Social justice
	(d) Equality
25.	Which of the following is not a pressure group?
	(a) Nigeria Union of Teachers
	(b) Nigerian Bar Association
	(c) Nigerian Union Of Local Government Employees
	(d) Action Congress Of Nigeria
26.	For the government and her people to live peacefully the basic rights and freedoms of people
	must be taken
	(a) seriously
	(b) with levity
	(c) carelessly
	(d) with unseriousness
27.	Human rights are
	(a) basic rights and freedoms which all human beings are entitled to
	(b) basic rights which human beings have to cheat on others
	(c) basic rights which the government has to cheat on the citizens
	(d) basic rights which the citizens has to disobey the government
28.	All the following are limitations of Human Rights except
	(a) War
	(b) State of emergency
	(c) Conviction in the law court
	(d) National Unity
29.	All the following can happen during emergency situation except
	(a) there will be free movement of people
	(b) rights to freedom of movement will be limited
	(c) lack of freedom of speech
	(d) there is likelihood of economic paralysis
30.	To avoid conflicts in a country, every citizens must
	(a) abide by the rules and regulations of that country
	(b) disobey the rules and regulations of that country
	(c) work against the government of that country
	(d) cause trouble or civil unrest
21	Which of the following is not included in the citizens as right value and attitude by citizenship
J 1.	education.
	(a) Intolerance
	(a) intolerance

	(b) Peace
	(c) Discipline
	(d) Respect
32.	Importance of citizenship education includes
	(a) making of deformed citizenry
	(b) to promote ethics rivalry
	(c) to promote democracy
	(d) to create passive citizenry
33.	The benefits of citizenship includes the following except
	(a) enjoyment of right
	(b) provision of means of identification
	(c) participation in decision making and implementation in security
	(d) provision of social amenities
34.	Which of the following is a factor that motivates the study of citizenship education?
	(a) There are legal changes
	(b) There are crisis in free elections
	(c) The society has good morals
	(d) There is aboundance of resources
35.	A situation where by one person is a citizen of two different countries is known as
	(a) Naturalization
	(b) Dual citizenship
	(c) Duel citizenship
	(d) Nationalization
36.	A married woman can acquire the citizenship of her husband's country through
	(a) Nationalization
	(b) Naturalization
	(c) Initiation
	(d) Registration
37.	The Argungu fishing festival is peculiar to which culture?
	(a) Igbo culture
	(b) Yoruba culture
	(c) Ijaw culture
	(d) Hausa culture
38.	is the awareness a citizen has about what is going on in his or her country.
	(a) National consciousness
	(b) National integrity
	(c) National liberty
	(d) National involvement
39.	The demonstration of love for one's country is called
	(a) National consciousness
	(b) Hospitality
	(c) Patriotism

	(d) National Unity
40.	A citizen's positive contribution to his or her community do not includes
	(a) getting involved in creating awareness about his environment
	(b) clearing of road side gutters and drainages
	(c) clearing bush paths and construction of passable bridg
	(d) hiding armed robbers
41.	A written statement which a group of people, especially a political party has and which they
	believe can help them win an election is known as
	(a) Green paper
	(b) Ideology
	(c) Manifesto
	(d) Manifest
42.	is a printed design or symbol used to identify one party to another.
	(a) Party strategy
	(b) Party slogan
	(c) Party I. D card
	(d)Party logo
43.	Employment van alleviate poverty through
	(a) Wealth creation
	(b) Job eradication
	(c) Violence
	(d)War
44.	The major aim establishing a political party is to compete for or seek
	(a) economics power
	(b) economics will
	(c) emancipation
	(d)political power
45.	Low turnover on election days might be as results of
	(a) declaration of popular candidate
	(b) good governance
	(c) political thuggery
	(d)large number of registered political parties
46.	Political apathy can manifest in one of the following forms.
	(a) high turnover on election days
	(b) absolute interest in government
	(c) refusal to protest against free and fair election
	(d)having a wrong belief about participation in politics
47.	The degree of political apathy in a country can be roughly judged by the
	(a) declaration of popular candidate
	(b) time voting commences
	(c) season of the year

(d)turnover of elections

48.	Reasons for political apathy do not include
	(a) Security before, during and after election
	(b) political literacy
	(c) fulfilled political promise
	(d)all of the above
49.	When leaders do not enjoy the support or acceptance of their followers, there is
	(a) absence of political legitimacy

- (b) absence of party interest
- (c) unpopular candidate
- (d)imposition of candidate
- (u)imposition of calluldate
- 50. One of the following is a reason for non-participation in politics.
 - (a) Literacy
 - (b) Sincererity
 - (c) Intra and inter party violence
 - (d) Increasing patriotism and nationalism.

SECTION B: Answer any three (3) questions

- 1a. What is Citizenship Education?
- b. Explain the meaning of National Consciousness
- c. Explain six (6) ways in which traditions, customs and belief are preserved in your locality
- 2a. Explain the meaning of Capitalist democracy
- b. Define political Apathy.
- c. Enumerate and explain four (4) reasons for political apathy.
- 3a. Explain the meaning of Popular Participation
- b. Give four (4) reasons why people do not participate in politics
- 4. Mention and explain five (5) importances of employment in alleviating Poverty.