The HTTP Module

Introduction

This blurb is about using QDL's HTTP module. This module allows you to do basic operations to a website using the HTTP protocol.

Loading the module

This is a Java module and is included in the standard distribution, but is not loaded, so to use it load it by issuing

q := module_load('edu.uiuc.ncsa.qdl.extensions.http.QDLHTTPLoader','java')
module_import(q)
nttp

Supported functions

Name	Description	Comment
close()	close the connection	All requests will fail until open() is called
get()	get with the current host	
get(parameters.)	get with the current host and attach the parameters	parameters. is a stem
get(uri_path, parameters.)	get appending the path_uri to the current host, with the current parameters	
headers()	list the current default headers	
headers(arg.)	set the default headers	
host()	get the current host	
host(host_name)	set the current host	
is_open()	is the connection open?	
open()	open a new connection	
open(insecure)	open a new, insecure connection	insecure is a boolean, which if true will turn off security for SSL. Default is false .

Get returns a stem with entries for status, content and any returned headers.

Typical examples

Assuming you have loaded the above, open up a connection and get

```
g := module load('edu.uiuc.ncsa.gdl.extensions.http.ODLHTTPLoader','java');
   module_import(q) ;
http
   http#host('https://didact-patto.dev.umccr.org/api/visa');
   http#open();
true
   z. := http#get({ 'sub': 'https://nagim.dev/p/wjaha-ppqrg-10000'});
headers: {
 Connection: keep-alive,
 etag:W/"e6-suhkGbMm3fkbNh0R6b0IwIgkh8A",
 Apigw-Requestid:Gv9mdhv4SwMEMHw=,
 Content-Length: 230,
 Date: Tue, 05 Oct 2021 19:37:04 GMT,
 Content-Type:application/json; charset=utf-8,
 X-Powered-By: Express
content: [
s:XnKFkl4RTXtB2DD0f5f4yLtfcTaCGyqMxIV8Q42zX_XR1p9Cnxeqq2KI_4UCzcJZ2XGv_hlqVG0W5_3FE
  v:c:8XZF4195109CIIERC35P577HAM et:1633549022 iu:https://nagim.dev/p/wjaha-ppgrg-
10000 iv:2f69e2650aed4f0e,
  k:rfc8032-7.1-test1
status: {
 code:200,
 message:OK
```

So we see the various components of the response, z.:

- headers. A stem of the headers, where the key is the name of the header and the value is its value (as a string, so Content-Length is not a number).
- content. The exact content. Here, it is an array with a single element and note that headers.Content-Type
 contains application/json and hence was in JSON format. If the content type is anything else, it will be returned as a stem of lines.
- status. The http status, which includes the <u>status code</u> and the message from the server. Anything other than something in the 200 range is an error.

Note that there are other options for content. but it will always be an array. For instance, from other servers it may be the lines in the body of the response if the Content-Type is form_encoding. In that case, you will have to loop through the lines and process each of them in turn.