ANN_mnist-Copy1

May 15, 2019

```
In [2]: import os
    import struct
    import numpy as np

def load_mnist(path, kind='train'):
    """Load MNIST data from `path`"""
    labels_path = os.path.join(path, '%s-labels.idx1-ubyte' % kind)
    images_path = os.path.join(path, '%s-images.idx3-ubyte' % kind)

with open(labels_path, 'rb') as lbpath:
    magic, n = struct.unpack('>II', lbpath.read(8))
    labels = np.fromfile(lbpath, dtype=np.uint8)

with open(images_path, 'rb') as imgpath:
    magic, num, rows, cols = struct.unpack(">IIII", imgpath.read(16))
    images = np.fromfile(imgpath, dtype=np.uint8).reshape(len(labels), 784)

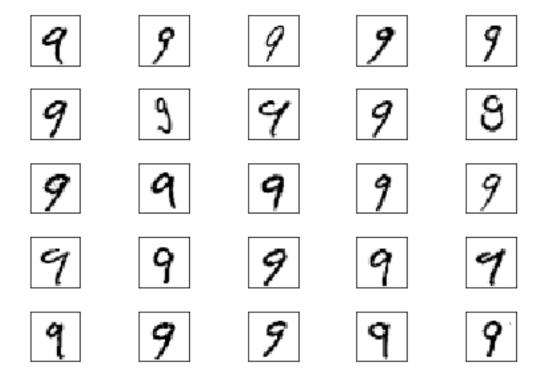
return images, labels
```

1 current working directory is provided as path: datasets is downoladed and saved in pwd

```
Directory of C:\Users\Project\Desktop\Workshop\CIMM_workshop\2.ANN
Directory of C:\Users\Project\Desktop\Workshop\CIMM_workshop\2.ANN
Directory of C:\Users\Project\Desktop\Workshop\CIMM_workshop\2.ANN
File Not Found
In [6]: X_test, y_test = load_mnist('C:/Users/Project/Desktop/Workshop/
                                    CIMM_workshop/2.ANN/MNIST_dataset/', kind='t10k') # DATAS
       X_test.shape
Out[6]: (10000, 784)
In [8]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=5, sharex=True, sharey=True)
       ax = ax.flatten()
       for i in range(10):
            img = X_train[y_train == i][0].reshape(28, 28)
            ax[i].imshow(img, cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
        ax[0].set_xticks([])
        ax[0].set_yticks([])
       plt.tight_layout()
       plt.show()
```

```
In [12]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=5, ncols=5, sharex=True, sharey=True,)
         ax = ax.flatten()
         for i in range(25):
             img = X_train[y_train == 5][i].reshape(28, 28)
             ax[i].imshow(img, cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
         ax[0].set_xticks([])
         ax[0].set_yticks([])
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
```

```
In [9]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=5, ncols=5, sharex=True, sharey=True,)
    ax = ax.flatten()
    for i in range(25):
        img = X_train[y_train == 9][i].reshape(28, 28)
        ax[i].imshow(img, cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
    ax[0].set_xticks([])
    ax[0].set_yticks([])
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```



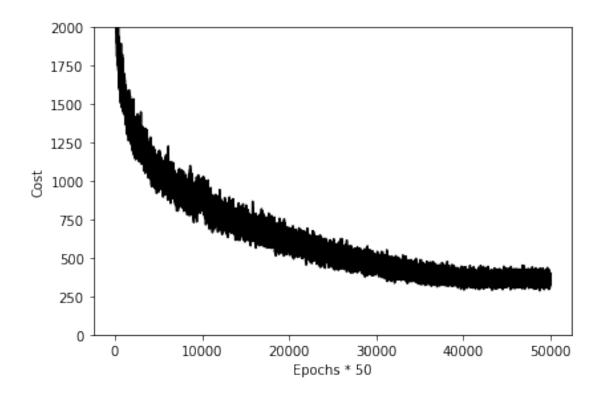
```
In [10]: import scipy
         import numpy as np
         from scipy.special import expit
         import sys
         class NeuralNetMLP(object):
             def __init__(self, n_output, n_features, n_hidden=30,
                          11=0.0, 12=0.0, epochs=500, eta=0.001,
                          alpha=0.0, decrease_const=0.0, shuffle=True,
                          minibatches=1, random_state=None):
                 np.random.seed(random_state)
                 self.n_output = n_output
                 self.n_features = n_features
                 self.n_hidden = n_hidden
                 self.w1, self.w2 = self._initialize_weights()
                 self.l1 = l1
                 self.12 = 12
                 self.epochs = epochs
                 self.eta = eta
                 self.alpha = alpha
```

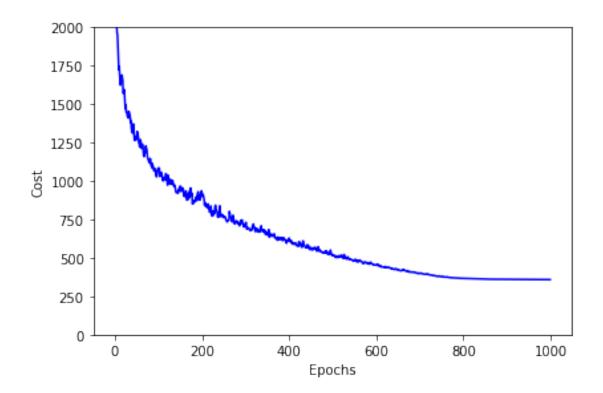
```
self.decrease_const = decrease_const
    self.shuffle = shuffle
    self.minibatches = minibatches
def _encode_labels(self, y, k):
    onehot = np.zeros((k, y.shape[0]))
    for idx, val in enumerate(y):
        onehot[val, idx] = 1.0
    return onehot
def _initialize_weights(self):
    """Initialize weights with small random numbers."""
    w1 = np.random.uniform(-1.0, 1.0,
                           size=self.n_hidden*(self.n_features + 1))
    w1 = w1.reshape(self.n_hidden, self.n_features + 1)
    w2 = np.random.uniform(-1.0, 1.0,
                           size=self.n_output*(self.n_hidden + 1))
    w2 = w2.reshape(self.n_output, self.n_hidden + 1)
    return w1, w2
def _sigmoid(self, z):
    # return 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-z))
    return expit(z)
def _sigmoid_gradient(self, z):
    """Compute gradient of the logistic function"""
    sg = self._sigmoid(z)
    return sg * (1.0 - sg)
def _add_bias_unit(self, X, how='column'):
    """Add bias unit (column or row of 1s) to array at index 0"""
    if how == 'column':
        X_{new} = np.ones((X.shape[0], X.shape[1] + 1))
        X_{new}[:, 1:] = X
    elif how == 'row':
        X_{new} = np.ones((X.shape[0] + 1, X.shape[1]))
        X \text{ new}[1:, :] = X
    else:
        raise AttributeError('`how` must be `column` or `row`')
    return X_new
def _feedforward(self, X, w1, w2):
    a1 = self._add_bias_unit(X, how='column')
    z2 = w1.dot(a1.T)
    a2 = self._sigmoid(z2)
    a2 = self._add_bias_unit(a2, how='row')
    z3 = w2.dot(a2)
```

```
a3 = self.\_sigmoid(z3)
    return a1, z2, a2, z3, a3
def _L2_reg(self, lambda_, w1, w2):
    """Compute L2-regularization cost"""
    return (lambda_/2.0) * (np.sum(w1[:, 1:] ** 2) +
                            np.sum(w2[:, 1:] ** 2))
def _L1_reg(self, lambda_, w1, w2):
    """Compute L1-regularization cost"""
    return (lambda_/2.0) * (np.abs(w1[:, 1:]).sum() +
                            np.abs(w2[:, 1:]).sum())
def _get_cost(self, y_enc, output, w1, w2):
    term1 = -y_enc * (np.log(output))
    term2 = (1.0 - y_enc) * np.log(1.0 - output)
    cost = np.sum(term1 - term2)
    L1 term = self. L1 reg(self.l1, w1, w2)
    L2_term = self._L2_reg(self.12, w1, w2)
    cost = cost + L1_term + L2_term
    return cost
def _get_gradient(self, a1, a2, a3, z2, y_enc, w1, w2):
    # backpropagation
    sigma3 = a3 - y_enc
    z2 = self._add_bias_unit(z2, how='row')
    sigma2 = w2.T.dot(sigma3) * self._sigmoid_gradient(z2)
    sigma2 = sigma2[1:, :]
    grad1 = sigma2.dot(a1)
    grad2 = sigma3.dot(a2.T)
    # regularize
    grad1[:, 1:] += self.12 * w1[:, 1:]
    grad1[:, 1:] += self.l1 * np.sign(w1[:, 1:])
    grad2[:, 1:] += self.12 * w2[:, 1:]
    grad2[:, 1:] += self.l1 * np.sign(w2[:, 1:])
    return grad1, grad2
def predict(self, X):
    if len(X.shape) != 2:
        raise AttributeError('X must be a [n_samples, n_features] array.\n'
                             'Use X[:,None] for 1-feature classification,'
                             '\nor X[[i]] for 1-sample classification')
```

```
a1, z2, a2, z3, a3 = self._feedforward(X, self.w1, self.w2)
    y_pred = np.argmax(z3, axis=0)
    return y_pred
def fit(self, X, y, print_progress=False):
    self.cost_ = []
    X_data, y_data = X.copy(), y.copy()
    y_enc = self._encode_labels(y, self.n_output)
    delta_w1_prev = np.zeros(self.w1.shape)
    delta_w2_prev = np.zeros(self.w2.shape)
    for i in range(self.epochs):
        # adaptive learning rate
        self.eta /= (1 + self.decrease_const*i)
        if print progress:
            sys.stderr.write('\rEpoch: %d/%d' % (i+1, self.epochs))
            sys.stderr.flush()
            if self.shuffle:
                idx = np.random.permutation(y_data.shape[0])
                X_data, y_enc = X_data[idx], y_enc[:, idx]
        mini = np.array_split(range(y_data.shape[0]), self.minibatches)
        for idx in mini:
            # feedforward
            a1, z2, a2, z3, a3 = self._feedforward(X_data[idx],
                                                    self.w1,
                                                    self.w2)
            cost = self._get_cost(y_enc=y_enc[:, idx],
                                  output=a3,
                                  w1=self.w1,
                                  w2=self.w2)
            self.cost_.append(cost)
            # compute gradient via backpropagation
            grad1, grad2 = self._get_gradient(a1=a1, a2=a2,
                                              a3=a3, z2=z2,
                                              y_enc=y_enc[:, idx],
                                              w1=self.w1,
                                              w2=self.w2)
            delta_w1, delta_w2 = self.eta * grad1, self.eta * grad2
            self.w1 -= (delta_w1 + (self.alpha * delta_w1_prev))
```

```
self.w2 -= (delta_w2 + (self.alpha * delta_w2_prev))
                         delta_w1_prev, delta_w2_prev = delta_w1, delta_w2
                 return self
In [12]: # initialization
        nn = NeuralNetMLP(n_output=10,
                           n_features=X_train.shape[1],
                           n_hidden=50,
                           12=0.1,
                           11=0.0,
                           epochs=1000,
                           eta=0.001,
                           alpha=0.001,
                           decrease_const=0.00001,
                           minibatches=50,
                           shuffle=True,
                           random_state=1)
        nn
Out[12]: <__main__.NeuralNetMLP at 0x20fe5c1b748>
In [13]: # training
         nn.fit(X_train, y_train, print_progress=True)
Epoch: 1000/1000
Out[13]: <__main__.NeuralNetMLP at 0x20fe5c1b748>
In [14]: plt.plot(range(len(nn.cost_)), nn.cost_, color='k')
        plt.ylim([0, 2000])
        plt.ylabel('Cost')
        plt.xlabel('Epochs * 50')
        plt.tight_layout()
        plt.show()
```





```
In [17]: y_train_pred = nn.predict(X_train)
         accuracy = \
           ((np.sum(y_train == y_train_pred, axis=0)).astype('float') / X_train.shape[0])
         accuracy
Out[17]: 0.977116666666666
In [18]: y_test_pred = nn.predict(X_test)
         accuracy = \
           ((np.sum(y_test == y_test_pred, axis=0)).astype('float') / X_test.shape[0])
         accuracy
Out[18]: 0.9603
In [19]: misclassified_img = X_test[y_test != y_test_pred][:30]
         correct_lab = y_test[y_test != y_test_pred][:30]
         misclassified_lab = y_test_pred[y_test != y_test_pred][:30]
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=6, ncols=5, sharex=True, sharey=True,)
         ax = ax.flatten()
         for i in range(30):
             img = misclassified_img[i].reshape(28, 28)
             ax[i].imshow(img, cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
             ax[i].set_title('%d) t: %d p: %d' % (i+1, correct_lab[i], misclassified_lab[i]))
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
              2) t: 3 p: 2
                            3) t: 4 p: 9
                                          4) t: 2 p: 9
1) t: 5 p: 6
                                                        5) t: 9 p: 8
    5
                  3
                                4
                                              a,
                                                            ď
6) t: 4 p: 2
              7) t: 6 p: 0
                            8) t: 8 p: 4
                                          9) t: 2 p: 7
                                                       10) t: 5 p: 3
    14
                  6
                                46
                                              7
                                                            3
11) t: 9 p: 4
             12) t: 2 p: 8
                            13) t: 6 p: 0
                                          14) t: 9 p: 8
                                                       15) t: 3 p: 5
                  2
    q
                                6
                                              9
                                                            3
             17) t: 8 p: 2
                            18) t: 4 p: 9 19) t: 8 p: 2
                                                       20) t: 2 p: 8
16) t: 3 p: 5
    3
                  8
                                4
                                                            7
            22) t: 9 p: 4 23) t: 2 p: 8 24) t: 8 p: 4
21) t: 8 p: 3
                                                       25) t: 4 p: 9
                  q
                                              ð
    8
                                1
                                                            4
```

4

28) t: 4 p: 9 29) t: 5 p: 9

5

30) t: 3 p: 1

3

ax[0].set_xticks([])
ax[0].set_yticks([])

In []:

26) t: 0 p: 6

Ò

27) t: 4 p: 9

4