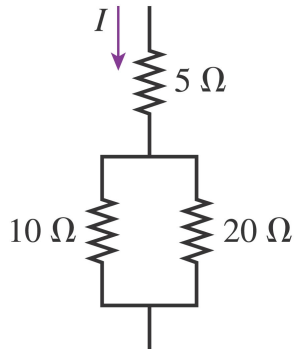
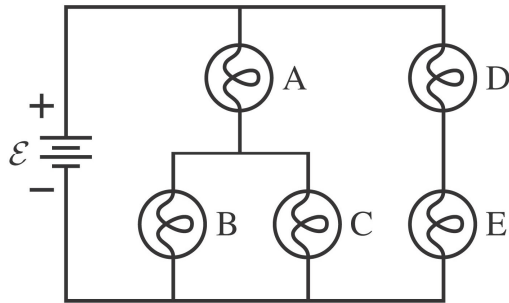


Problem 1

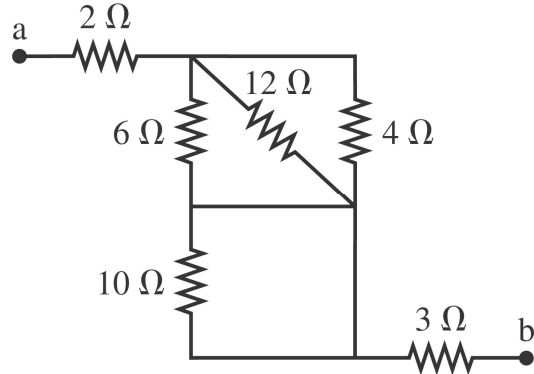
The $10\ \Omega$ resistor is dissipating $40\ \text{W}$ of power. How much power are the other resistors dissipating?

**Problem 2**

The Figure below shows five identical light bulbs connected to an ideal battery. All the bulbs are glowing. Rank in order, from brightest to dimmest, the brightness of bulbs A to E.

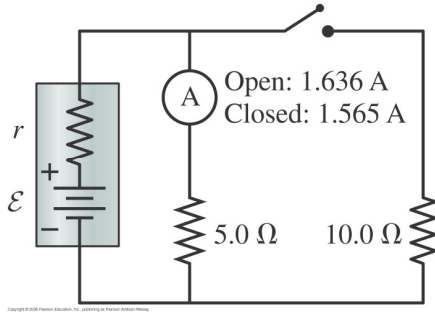
**Problem 3**

What is the equivalent resistance between points a and b in the following Figure?



Problem 4

What are the emf and internal resistance of the battery in the Figure below?



Problem 5

For an ideal battery ($r = 0\ \Omega$), closing the switch does not affect the brightness of the bulb A. In practice, bulb A dims just a little when the switch closes. To see why, assume that the 1.5 V battery has an internal resistance $r = 0.50\ \Omega$ and that the resistance of a glowing bulb is $R = 6.00\ \Omega$.

- What is the current through bulb A when the switch is open?
- What is the current through bulb A after the switch has closed?
- By what percentage does the current through A change when the switch is closed?
- Would closing the switch change the current through bulb A if $r = 0\ \Omega$?

