

Factor Analysis Analysis

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Library

```
library(readr)
library(readxl)
library(tidyverse)
library(corrplot)
library(ggfortify)
library(psych)
library(gplots)
library(ggpubr)
library(magrittr)
library(REdaS)
library(nFactors)
```

Read the dataset

```
travel <- read_excel("factor_analysis_data.xlsx")
head(travel)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 13
##   travel_frequ~1 discr~2 relig~3 check~4 drop_~5 secur~6 board~7 bagga~8 avoid~9
##           <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1             4       1       8       54       50       71       50       51       2
## 2             4       2       2       52       52       51       53       52       2
## 3             3       2       8       NA       NA       NA       NA       NA       2
## 4             4       2       1       51       53       54       52       57       2
## 5             4       2       2       48      100      100      100      100       1
## 6             4       2       8       50       50       50       50       50       2
## # ... with 4 more variables: asked_deplane <dbl>, detained <dbl>,
## #   age_group <dbl>, gender <dbl>, and abbreviated variable names
## #   1: travel_frequency, 2: discrimination_award, 3: religion_representation,
## #   4: checkin_exp, 5: drop_off_exp, 6: security_exp, 7: boarding_exp,
## #   8: baggage_exp, 9: avoid_travel
```

Dataset contains 228 rows and 13 columns which is still messy. Thus, we'll conduct some data preprocessing steps.

DATA PREPROCESSING

```
# CHECK MISSING VALUE----
# Count the missing values by column wise
```

```
print("Count of missing values by column wise")
```

```
## [1] "Count of missing values by column wise"
```

```
sapply(travel, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))
```

```
##      travel_frequency  discrimination_award religion_representation
##              26              47              51
##      checkin_exp      drop_off_exp      security_exp
##              72              79              74
##      boarding_exp      baggage_exp      avoid_travel
##              75              77              88
##      asked_deplane      detained      age_group
##              89              89              74
##      gender
##              74
```

```
# Missing value imputation
```

```
# Since our data contains 46 missing value, let's impute with mode
```

```
# Function to see mode
```

```
calc_mode <- function(x){
```

```
  # List the distinct / unique values
```

```
  distinct_values <- unique(na.omit(x))
```

```
  # Count the occurrence of each distinct value
```

```
  distinct_tabulate <- tabulate(match(x, distinct_values))
```

```
  # Return the value with the highest occurrence
```

```
  distinct_values[which.max(distinct_tabulate)]
```

```
}
```

```
# Impute missing value----
```

```
travel_df <- travel %>%
```

```
  mutate(across(everything(), ~replace_na(.x, calc_mode(.x))))
```

```
# CONVERT DATA TYPE----
```

```
# Convert all variables into integer
```

```
# Convert column 2 to 6 to numeric
```

```
travel_df[,c(2, 9:13)] <- lapply(travel_df[,c(2, 9:13)], as.integer)
```

```
head(travel_df)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 13
```

```
##   travel_frequ~1 discr~2 relig~3 check~4 drop_~5 secur~6 board~7 bagga~8 avoid~9
```

```
##           <dbl>  <int>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <int>
```

```
## 1           4      1      8      54      50      71      50      51      2
```

```
## 2           4      2      2      52      52      51      53      52      2
```

```
## 3           3      2      8      50      50      50      50      50      2
```

```
## 4           4      2      1      51      53      54      52      57      2
```

```
## 5           4      2      2      48     100     100     100     100      1
```

```
## 6           4      2      8      50      50      50      50      50      2
```

```
## # ... with 4 more variables: asked_deplane <int>, detained <int>,
```

```
## #   age_group <int>, gender <int>, and abbreviated variable names
```

```
## # 1: travel_frequency, 2: discrimination_award, 3: religion_representation,
## # 4: checkin_exp, 5: drop_off_exp, 6: security_exp, 7: boarding_exp,
## # 8: baggage_exp, 9: avoid_travel
```

Statistics Summary

```
summary(travel_df)
```

```
## travel_frequency discrimination_award religion_representation checkin_exp
## Min. :2.000 Min. :1.000 Min. : 1.000 Min. : 0.00
## 1st Qu.:3.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.: 8.000 1st Qu.: 50.00
## Median :3.000 Median :2.000 Median : 8.000 Median : 50.00
## Mean :3.307 Mean :1.996 Mean : 7.175 Mean : 52.78
## 3rd Qu.:4.000 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.: 8.000 3rd Qu.: 52.00
## Max. :5.000 Max. :3.000 Max. :10.000 Max. :100.00
## drop_off_exp security_exp boarding_exp baggage_exp
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 50.00 1st Qu.: 45.00 1st Qu.: 50.00 1st Qu.: 50.00
## Median : 50.00 Median : 50.00 Median : 50.00 Median : 50.00
## Mean : 54.03 Mean : 49.33 Mean : 53.86 Mean : 54.19
## 3rd Qu.: 51.00 3rd Qu.: 52.25 3rd Qu.: 54.00 3rd Qu.: 52.00
## Max. :100.00 Max. :100.00 Max. :100.00 Max. :100.00
## avoid_travel asked_deplane detained age_group
## Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :2.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000 1st Qu.:2.000
## Median :2.000 Median :2.000 Median :2.000 Median :2.000
## Mean :1.925 Mean :1.991 Mean :1.895 Mean :3.263
## 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max. :3.000 Max. :3.000 Max. :3.000 Max. :7.000
## gender
## Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000
## Mean :1.737
## 3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max. :7.000
```

Correlation Matrix

```
cor(travel_df)
```

```
##
## travel_frequency discrimination_award
## travel_frequency 1.00000000 0.050301983
## discrimination_award 0.05030198 1.000000000
## religion_representation -0.17042104 -0.064206341
## checkin_exp -0.18442616 -0.018131229
## drop_off_exp -0.21619138 -0.064583064
## security_exp -0.15594661 -0.149649395
## boarding_exp -0.15361096 0.041805059
## baggage_exp -0.13019796 -0.104751905
## avoid_travel -0.01789003 -0.091459273
## asked_deplane -0.12170409 -0.001661907
## detained 0.08810392 0.067024953
## age_group 0.02794714 -0.027403867
```

```

## gender                -0.02648988      0.142564964
## religion_representation checkin_exp drop_off_exp
## travel_frequency      -0.170421041 -0.18442616 -0.216191381
## discrimination_award  -0.064206341 -0.01813123 -0.064583064
## religion_representation 1.000000000 0.15701258 0.029648479
## checkin_exp           0.157012577 1.000000000 0.593706474
## drop_off_exp          0.029648479 0.59370647 1.000000000
## security_exp           0.240648885 0.51572287 0.593494346
## boarding_exp           0.080960539 0.54655595 0.640945940
## baggage_exp           -0.003142728 0.38789415 0.578538671
## avoid_travel           0.257583291 0.18047291 0.037875263
## asked_deplane          0.129067753 0.09943460 -0.151613384
## detained               0.094712975 0.13587279 0.000611184
## age_group              -0.152158476 -0.02388588 0.068774396
## gender                  0.033963825 -0.07966214 -0.085962703
## security_exp boarding_exp baggage_exp avoid_travel
## travel_frequency      -0.15594661 -0.15361096 -0.130197955 -0.01789003
## discrimination_award -0.14964939 0.04180506 -0.104751905 -0.09145927
## religion_representation 0.24064888 0.08096054 -0.003142728 0.25758329
## checkin_exp           0.51572287 0.54655595 0.387894150 0.18047291
## drop_off_exp           0.59349435 0.64094594 0.578538671 0.03787526
## security_exp           1.00000000 0.58638119 0.444420307 0.14098646
## boarding_exp           0.58638119 1.00000000 0.609881104 -0.04280326
## baggage_exp           0.44442031 0.60988110 1.000000000 -0.10566007
## avoid_travel           0.14098646 -0.04280326 -0.105660072 1.00000000
## asked_deplane          -0.05910272 -0.07348152 -0.153426105 0.43440378
## detained               0.09318665 0.04874314 -0.071548244 0.36621366
## age_group              -0.07493566 0.08203833 0.169599329 -0.18344005
## gender                  -0.03174294 -0.04819540 -0.052490249 0.05738760
## asked_deplane detained age_group gender
## travel_frequency      -0.121704085 0.088103917 0.02794714 -0.02648988
## discrimination_award -0.001661907 0.067024953 -0.02740387 0.14256496
## religion_representation 0.129067753 0.094712975 -0.15215848 0.03396383
## checkin_exp           0.099434598 0.135872794 -0.02388588 -0.07966214
## drop_off_exp          -0.151613384 0.000611184 0.06877440 -0.08596270
## security_exp          -0.059102722 0.093186647 -0.07493566 -0.03174294
## boarding_exp          -0.073481518 0.048743138 0.08203833 -0.04819540
## baggage_exp           -0.153426105 -0.071548244 0.16959933 -0.05249025
## avoid_travel           0.434403779 0.366213664 -0.18344005 0.05738760
## asked_deplane          1.000000000 0.177665841 -0.05172889 0.07451606
## detained               0.177665841 1.000000000 -0.20409755 0.05366507
## age_group              -0.051728893 -0.204097548 1.000000000 -0.11458357
## gender                  0.074516065 0.053665067 -0.11458357 1.00000000

```

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Test (KMO)

```
KMO(travel_df)
```

```

## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = travel_df)
## Overall MSA = 0.76
## MSA for each item =
##      travel_frequency  discrimination_award religion_representation
##                0.67                0.40                0.65

```

```
##          checkin_exp          drop_off_exp          security_exp
##          0.85          0.80          0.83
##          boarding_exp          baggage_exp          avoid_travel
##          0.81          0.84          0.59
##          asked_deplane          detained          age_group
##          0.55          0.66          0.66
##          gender
##          0.59
```

KMO overall should be .60 or higher to proceed with factor analysis. Thus, we will drop variables that have MSA less than 0.6

```
# create new clean df
travel_df_clean <- travel_df[,-c(2:3, 9:12)]
head(travel_df_clean)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
##   travel_frequency checkin_exp drop_off_exp security_exp boardi~1 bagga~2 gender
##   <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>    <int>
## 1             4             54             50             71             50             51         1
## 2             4             52             52             51             53             52         2
## 3             3             50             50             50             50             50         2
## 4             4             51             53             54             52             57         1
## 5             4             48            100            100            100            100         2
## 6             4             50             50             50             50             50         2
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: boarding_exp, 2: baggage_exp
```

```
# correlation matrix
cor(travel_df_clean)
```

```
##          travel_frequency checkin_exp drop_off_exp security_exp
## travel_frequency      1.00000000 -0.18442616 -0.2161914 -0.15594661
## checkin_exp          -0.18442616  1.00000000  0.5937065  0.51572287
## drop_off_exp         -0.21619138  0.59370647  1.0000000  0.59349435
## security_exp         -0.15594661  0.51572287  0.5934943  1.00000000
## boarding_exp         -0.15361096  0.54655595  0.6409459  0.58638119
## baggage_exp          -0.13019796  0.38789415  0.5785387  0.44442031
## gender              -0.02648988 -0.07966214 -0.0859627 -0.03174294
##          boarding_exp baggage_exp          gender
## travel_frequency -0.1536110 -0.13019796 -0.02648988
## checkin_exp      0.5465560  0.38789415 -0.07966214
## drop_off_exp      0.6409459  0.57853867 -0.08596270
## security_exp      0.5863812  0.44442031 -0.03174294
## boarding_exp      1.0000000  0.60988110 -0.04819540
## baggage_exp       0.6098811  1.00000000 -0.05249025
## gender            -0.0481954 -0.05249025  1.00000000
```

```
KMO(travel_df_clean)
```

```
## Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin factor adequacy
## Call: KMO(r = travel_df_clean)
## Overall MSA = 0.85
## MSA for each item =
## travel_frequency      checkin_exp      drop_off_exp      security_exp
##          0.89          0.87          0.84          0.88
## boarding_exp      baggage_exp          gender
##          0.84          0.84          0.69
```

```
# Bartlett Test
bart_spher(travel_df_clean)
```

```
## Bartlett's Test of Sphericity
##
## Call: bart_spher(x = travel_df_clean)
##
##      X2 = 505.227
##      df = 21
## p-value < 2.22e-16
```

Principal Component Analysis

```
pca1 = princomp(travel_df_clean, scores=TRUE, cor=TRUE)
summary(pca1)
```

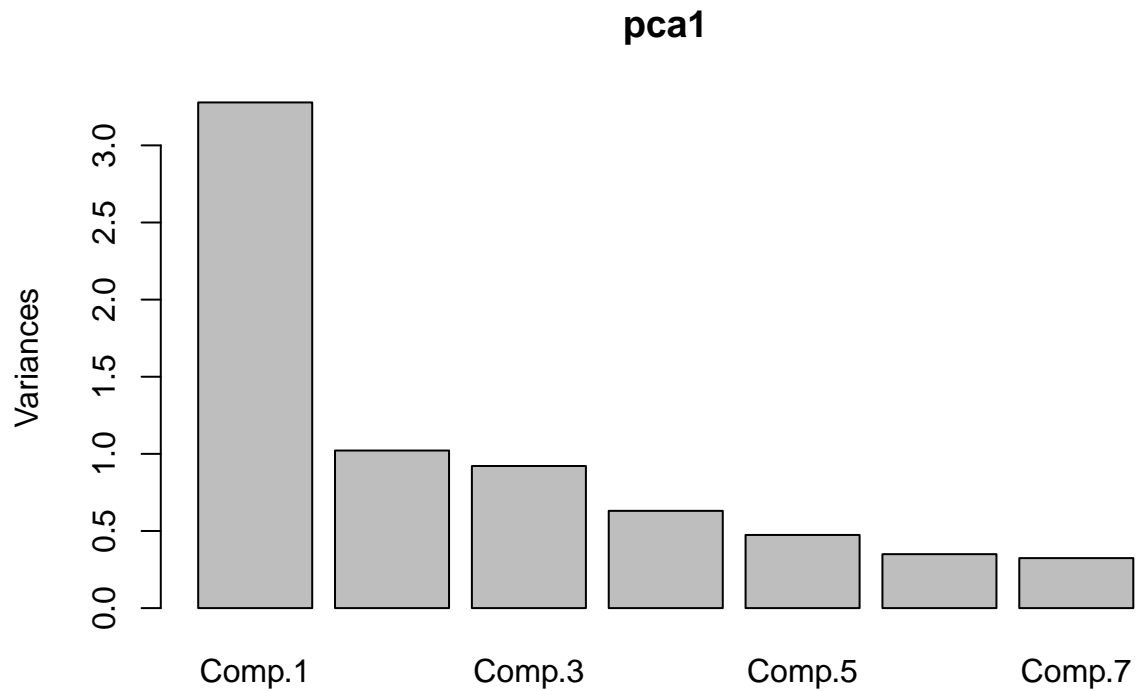
```
## Importance of components:
##
##          Comp.1    Comp.2    Comp.3    Comp.4    Comp.5
## Standard deviation  1.8106130 1.0107065 0.9598375 0.79406508 0.68869584
## Proportion of Variance 0.4683314 0.1459325 0.1316126 0.09007705 0.06775742
## Cumulative Proportion 0.4683314 0.6142639 0.7458765 0.83595351 0.90371093
##
##          Comp.6    Comp.7
## Standard deviation  0.59143183 0.56941361
## Proportion of Variance 0.04997023 0.04631884
## Cumulative Proportion 0.95368116 1.00000000
```

```
loadings(pca1)
```

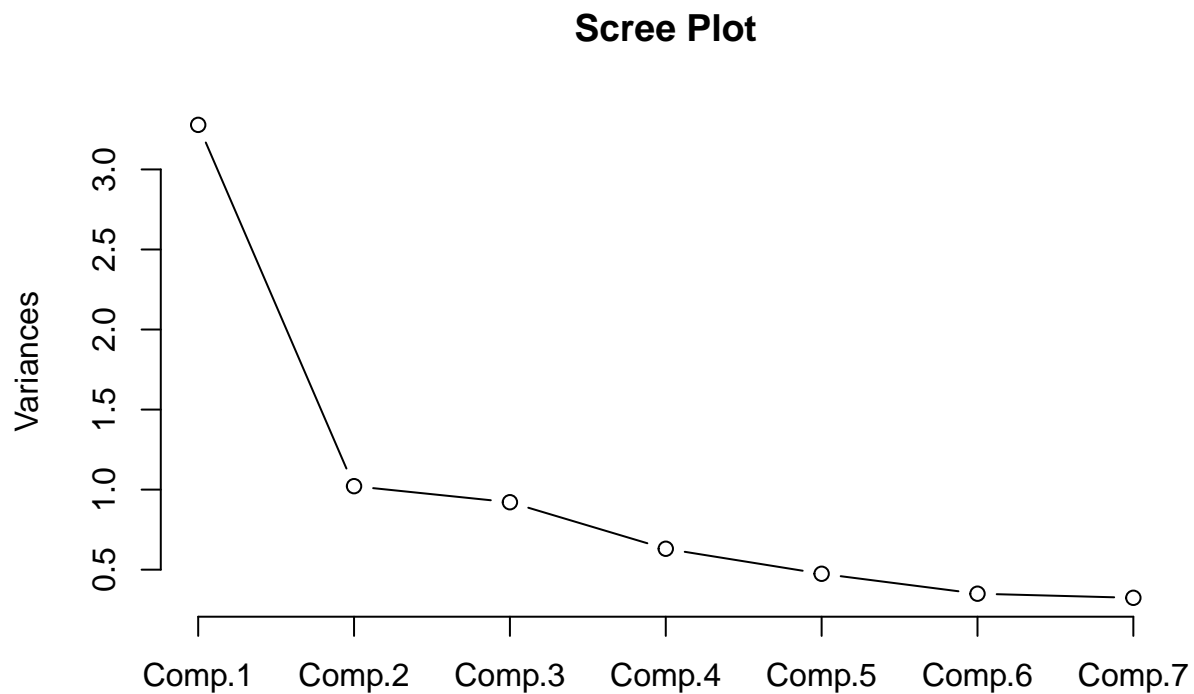
```
##
## Loadings:
##
##          Comp.1 Comp.2 Comp.3 Comp.4 Comp.5 Comp.6 Comp.7
## travel_frequency  0.163  0.496  0.840  0.122
## checkin_exp      -0.418                0.592  0.586        -0.353
## drop_off_exp      -0.474                0.645  0.593
## security_exp      -0.430                0.105  0.312 -0.785        -0.294
## boarding_exp      -0.466                0.143 -0.150        -0.742  0.435
## baggage_exp       -0.411                0.158 -0.716  0.157  0.141 -0.497
## gender            -0.867  0.487
##
##          Comp.1 Comp.2 Comp.3 Comp.4 Comp.5 Comp.6 Comp.7
## SS loadings      1.000  1.000  1.000  1.000  1.000  1.000  1.000
## Proportion Var   0.143  0.143  0.143  0.143  0.143  0.143  0.143
## Cumulative Var   0.143  0.286  0.429  0.571  0.714  0.857  1.000
```

Scree Plot

```
plot(pca1)
```



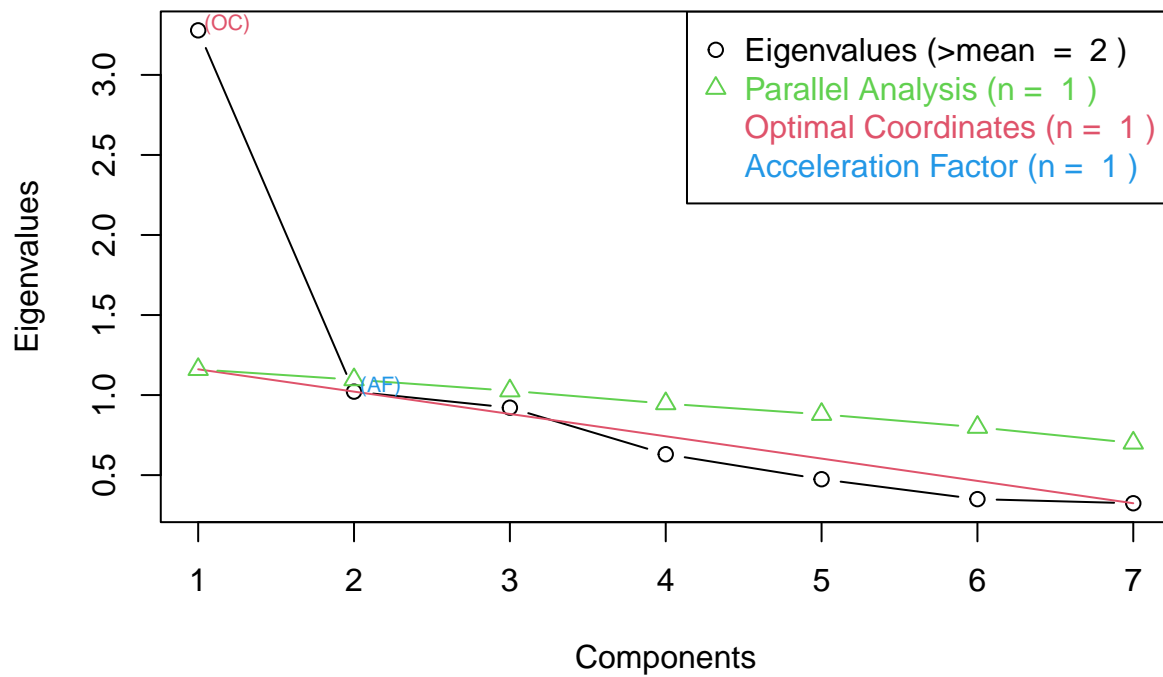
```
screepLOT(pca1, type="line", main="Scree Plot")
```



Determine Number of Factors to Retain

```
ev <- eigen(cor(travel_df_clean))
ap <- parallel(subject=nrow(travel_df_clean), var=ncol(travel_df_clean), rep=100,cent=.05)
nS <- nScree(x=ev$values, aparallel=ap$eigen$qevpea)
plotnScree(nS)
```

Non Graphical Solutions to Scree Test

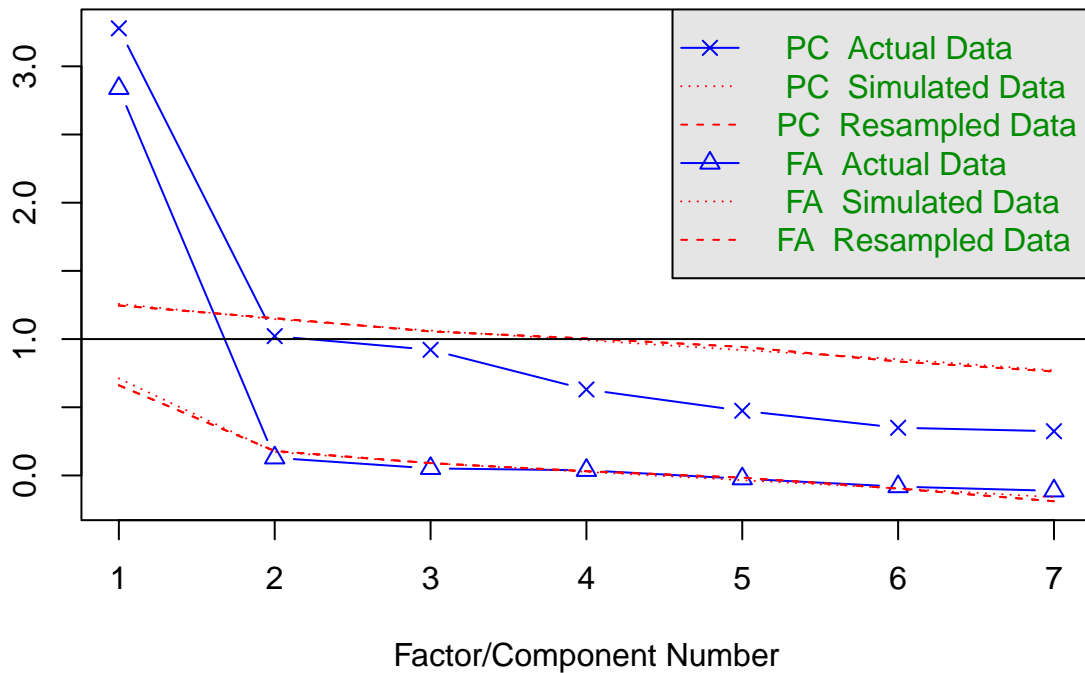


Exploratory Factorial Analysis

```
fa.parallel(travel_df_clean)
```


eigenvalues of principal components and factor analysis

Parallel Analysis Scree Plots



Parallel analysis suggests that the number of factors = 1 and the number of components = 1

Principal Component

```
fa1 <- principal(travel_df_clean, nfactors=2, rotate="none")
fa1
```

```
## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##
```

	PC1	PC2	h2	u2	com
travel_frequency	-0.29	-0.50	0.34	0.66	1.6
checkin_exp	0.76	-0.02	0.57	0.43	1.0
drop_off_exp	0.86	-0.02	0.74	0.26	1.0
security_exp	0.78	0.02	0.61	0.39	1.0
boarding_exp	0.84	-0.02	0.71	0.29	1.0
baggage_exp	0.74	-0.04	0.55	0.45	1.0
gender	-0.10	0.88	0.78	0.22	1.0

```
##
##
```

	PC1	PC2
SS loadings	3.28	1.02
Proportion Var	0.47	0.15
Cumulative Var	0.47	0.61
Proportion Explained	0.76	0.24
Cumulative Proportion	0.76	1.00

```
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.1
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 components are sufficient.
```

```
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.11
## with the empirical chi square 119.46 with prob < 4.3e-22
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.92
```

Principal Axis Factor Analysis

```
fa2 <- factor.pa(travel_df_clean, nfactors=2, rotate="none")
```

```
## Warning: factor.pa is deprecated. Please use the fa function with fm=pa
```

```
## maximum iteration exceeded
```

```
fa2
```

```
## Factor Analysis using method = pa
## Call: factor.pa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
## Unstandardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon covariance matrix
##
```

	PA1	PA2	h2	u2	H2	U2
travel_frequency	-0.22	0.09	0.057	0.94	0.057	0.94
checkin_exp	0.69	-0.27	0.553	0.45	0.551	0.45
drop_off_exp	0.83	-0.07	0.687	0.31	0.689	0.31
security_exp	0.71	-0.13	0.517	0.48	0.518	0.48
boarding_exp	0.80	0.06	0.650	0.35	0.650	0.35
baggage_exp	0.73	0.43	0.713	0.29	0.711	0.29
gender	-0.08	0.01	0.006	0.99	0.006	0.99

```
##
##
```

	PA1	PA2
SS loadings	2.89	0.29
Proportion Var	0.41	0.04
Cumulative Var	0.41	0.46
Proportion Explained	0.91	0.09
Cumulative Proportion	0.91	1.00

```
##
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix)
##
```

	item	PA1	PA2	h2	u2
travel_frequency	1	-0.22	0.09	0.057	0.94
checkin_exp	2	0.69	-0.27	0.551	0.45
drop_off_exp	3	0.83	-0.07	0.689	0.31
security_exp	4	0.71	-0.13	0.518	0.48
boarding_exp	5	0.80	0.06	0.650	0.35
baggage_exp	6	0.73	0.43	0.711	0.29
gender	7	-0.08	0.01	0.006	0.99

```
##
##
```

	PA1	PA2
SS loadings	2.89	0.29
Proportion Var	0.41	0.04
Cumulative Var	0.41	0.45
Cum. factor Var	0.91	1.00

```
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.2
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
##
## The degrees of freedom for the null model are 21 and the objective function was 2.26 with Chi Squ
```

```
## The degrees of freedom for the model are 8 and the objective function was 0.02
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.02
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
##
## The harmonic number of observations is 228 with the empirical chi square 2.95 with prob < 0.94
## The total number of observations was 228 with Likelihood Chi Square = 4.47 with prob < 0.81
##
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 1.019
## RMSEA index = 0 and the 90 % confidence intervals are 0 0.049
## BIC = -38.97
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
## Measures of factor score adequacy
##
## Correlation of (regression) scores with factors PA1 PA2
## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.94 0.68
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.89 0.46
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.78 -0.08
```

Principal Component Factor Analysis with Rotation

```
fa.none <- factanal(travel_df_clean, factors = 2, rotation = "none")
fa.varimax <- factanal(travel_df_clean, factors = 2, rotation = "varimax")
fa.promax <- factanal(travel_df_clean, factors = 2, rotation = "promax")

par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot(fa.none$loadings[,1],
     fa.none$loadings[,2],
     xlab = "Factor 1",
     ylab = "Factor 2",
     ylim = c(-1,1),
     xlim = c(-1,1),
     main = "No rotation")
abline(h = 0, v = 0)

plot(fa.varimax$loadings[,1],
     fa.varimax$loadings[,2],
     xlab = "Factor 1",
     ylab = "Factor 2",
     ylim = c(-1,1),
     xlim = c(-1,1),
     main = "Varimax rotation")

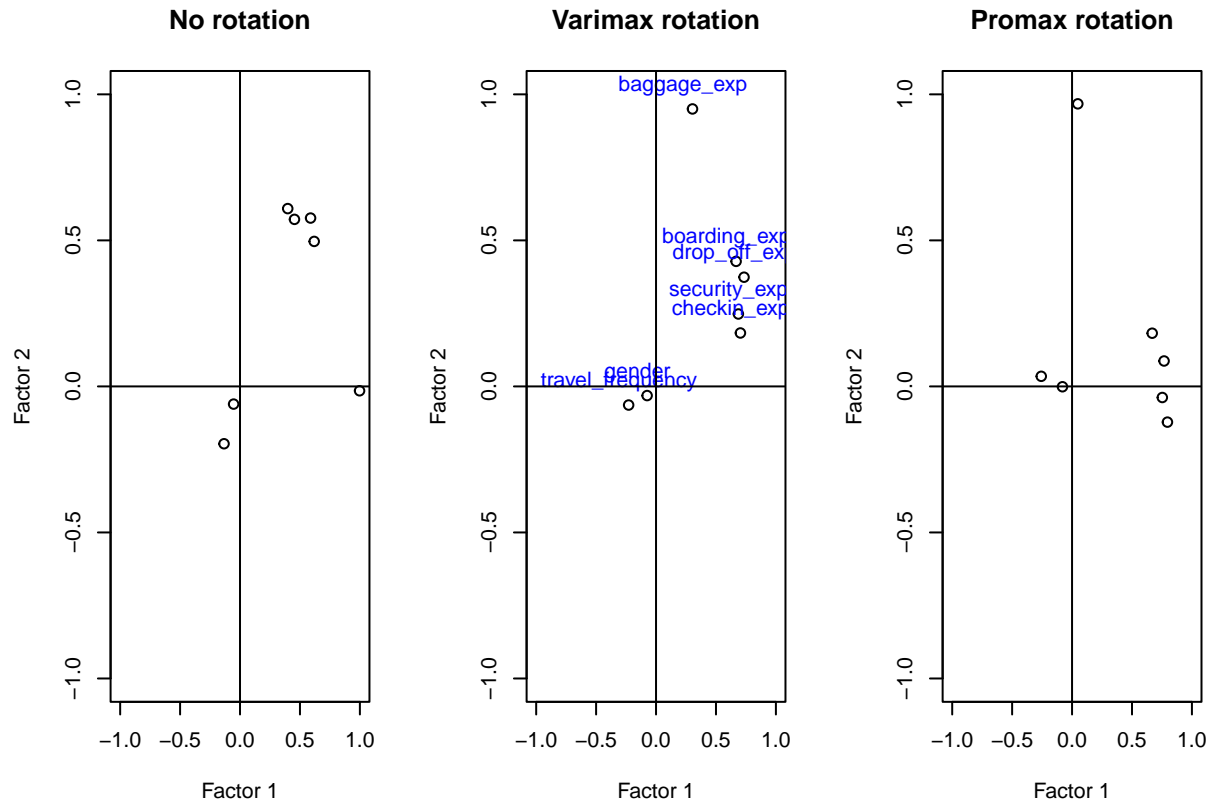
text(fa.varimax$loadings[,1]-0.08,
     fa.varimax$loadings[,2]+0.08,
     colnames(travel_df_clean),
     col="blue")
abline(h = 0, v = 0)

plot(fa.promax$loadings[,1],
     fa.promax$loadings[,2],
     xlab = "Factor 1",
     ylab = "Factor 2",
     ylim = c(-1,1),
```

```

xlim = c(-1,1),
main = "Promax rotation")
abline(h = 0, v = 0)

```



```
fa.varimax
```

```

##
## Call:
## factanal(x = travel_df_clean, factors = 2, rotation = "varimax")
##
## Uniquenesses:
## travel_frequency      checkin_exp      drop_off_exp      security_exp
##           0.944           0.471           0.321           0.467
## boarding_exp      baggage_exp      gender
##           0.371           0.005           0.993
##
## Loadings:
##           Factor1 Factor2
## travel_frequency -0.229
## checkin_exp      0.704  0.183
## drop_off_exp      0.734  0.374
## security_exp      0.687  0.248
## boarding_exp      0.668  0.428
## baggage_exp      0.304  0.950
## gender
##
##           Factor1 Factor2
## SS loadings      2.103  1.326

```

```
## Proportion Var    0.300    0.189
## Cumulative Var    0.300    0.490
##
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
## The chi square statistic is 3.59 on 8 degrees of freedom.
## The p-value is 0.892
```

Exploratory Factor Analysis Using Minimum Residual

```
faPC_min_res <- fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
print(faPC_min_res)
```

```
## Factor Analysis using method = minres
## Call: fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##              MR1    MR2    h2    u2 com
## travel_frequency -0.22  0.08 0.0556 0.9444 1.3
## checkin_exp      0.68 -0.26 0.5300 0.4700 1.3
## drop_off_exp      0.82 -0.14 0.6863 0.3137 1.1
## security_exp      0.70 -0.19 0.5256 0.4744 1.1
## boarding_exp      0.79 -0.04 0.6285 0.3715 1.0
## baggage_exp       0.80  0.59 0.9953 0.0047 1.8
## gender           -0.08  0.02 0.0059 0.9941 1.1
##
##              MR1    MR2
## SS loadings      2.94 0.48
## Proportion Var    0.42 0.07
## Cumulative Var    0.42 0.49
## Proportion Explained 0.86 0.14
## Cumulative Proportion 0.86 1.00
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.2
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
##
## The degrees of freedom for the null model are 21 and the objective function was 2.26 with Chi Square = 2.26
## The degrees of freedom for the model are 8 and the objective function was 0.02
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.02
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
##
## The harmonic number of observations is 228 with the empirical chi square 2.85 with prob < 0.94
## The total number of observations was 228 with Likelihood Chi Square = 3.71 with prob < 0.88
##
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 1.023
## RMSEA index = 0 and the 90 % confidence intervals are 0 0.038
## BIC = -39.73
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
## Measures of factor score adequacy
##              MR1    MR2
## Correlation of (regression) scores with factors 0.96 0.92
## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.92 0.85
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.84 0.69
```

```
faPC_fa <- fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, fm = "pa", rotate = "none")
```

```
## maximum iteration exceeded
```

```
print(faPC_fa)
```

```
## Factor Analysis using method = pa
```

```
## Call: fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none", fm = "pa")
```

```
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
```

```
##           PA1    PA2    h2    u2 com
## travel_frequency -0.22  0.09 0.057 0.94 1.3
## checkin_exp      0.69 -0.27 0.553 0.45 1.3
## drop_off_exp     0.83 -0.07 0.687 0.31 1.0
## security_exp     0.71 -0.13 0.517 0.48 1.1
## boarding_exp     0.80  0.06 0.650 0.35 1.0
## baggage_exp      0.73  0.43 0.713 0.29 1.6
## gender           -0.08  0.01 0.006 0.99 1.1
```

```
##
```

```
##           PA1    PA2
## SS loadings      2.89 0.29
```

```
## Proportion Var    0.41 0.04
```

```
## Cumulative Var    0.41 0.45
```

```
## Proportion Explained 0.91 0.09
```

```
## Cumulative Proportion 0.91 1.00
```

```
##
```

```
## Mean item complexity = 1.2
```

```
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
```

```
##
```

```
## The degrees of freedom for the null model are 21 and the objective function was 2.26 with Chi Squ
```

```
## The degrees of freedom for the model are 8 and the objective function was 0.02
```

```
##
```

```
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.02
```

```
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
```

```
##
```

```
## The harmonic number of observations is 228 with the empirical chi square 2.95 with prob < 0.94
```

```
## The total number of observations was 228 with Likelihood Chi Square = 4.47 with prob < 0.81
```

```
##
```

```
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 1.019
```

```
## RMSEA index = 0 and the 90 % confidence intervals are 0 0.049
```

```
## BIC = -38.97
```

```
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
```

```
## Measures of factor score adequacy
```

```
##           PA1    PA2
## Correlation of (regression) scores with factors 0.94 0.68
## Multiple R square of scores with factors        0.89 0.46
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores    0.78 -0.08
```

```
faPC_ml <- fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, fm="ml", rotate = "none")
```

```
print(faPC_ml)
```

```
## Factor Analysis using method = ml
```

```
## Call: fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none", fm = "ml")
```

```
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
```

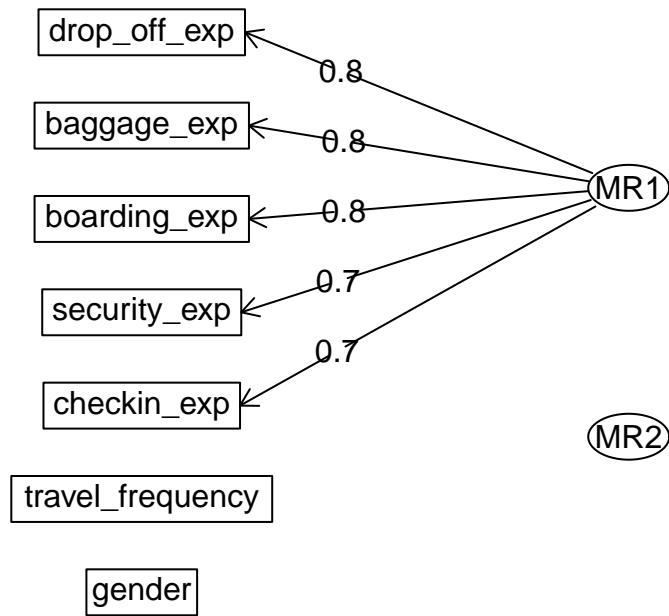
```
##           ML1    ML2    h2    u2 com
## travel_frequency -0.13 -0.20 0.0564 0.944 1.8
```

```

## checkin_exp      0.40  0.61 0.5291 0.471 1.7
## drop_off_exp     0.59  0.58 0.6788 0.321 2.0
## security_exp     0.45  0.57 0.5335 0.467 1.9
## boarding_exp     0.62  0.50 0.6295 0.371 1.9
## baggage_exp      1.00 -0.01 0.9950 0.005 1.0
## gender           -0.05 -0.06 0.0065 0.993 2.0
##
##                      ML1  ML2
## SS loadings          2.11 1.32
## Proportion Var        0.30 0.19
## Cumulative Var        0.30 0.49
## Proportion Explained  0.62 0.38
## Cumulative Proportion 0.62 1.00
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.8
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
##
## The degrees of freedom for the null model are 21 and the objective function was 2.26 with Chi Square = 2.26
## The degrees of freedom for the model are 8 and the objective function was 0.02
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.02
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
##
## The harmonic number of observations is 228 with the empirical chi square 2.93 with prob < 0.94
## The total number of observations was 228 with Likelihood Chi Square = 3.59 with prob < 0.89
##
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 1.024
## RMSEA index = 0 and the 90 % confidence intervals are 0 0.035
## BIC = -39.84
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
## Measures of factor score adequacy
##
##                      ML1  ML2
## Correlation of (regression) scores with factors 1.00 0.88
## Multiple R square of scores with factors         1.00 0.77
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores    0.99 0.53
fa.diagram(faPC_min_res)

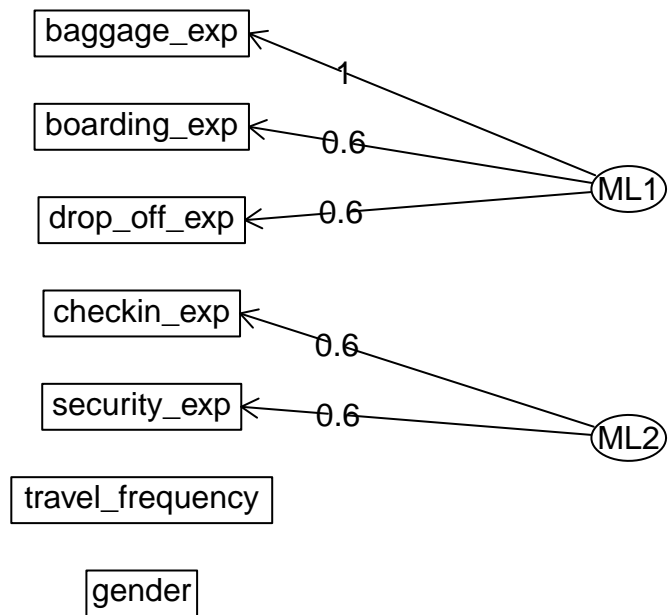
```

Factor Analysis



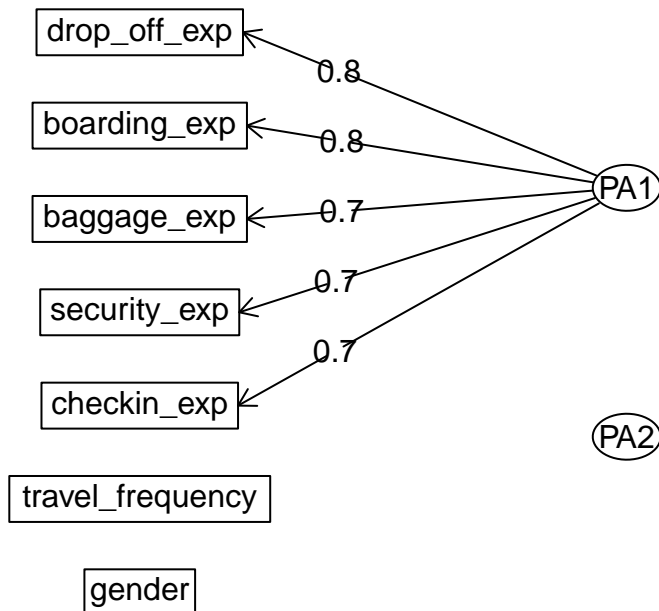
```
fa.diagram(faPC_m1)
```

Factor Analysis



```
fa.diagram(faPC_fa)
```


Factor Analysis



```
faPC_ml_r <- fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, fm="ml", rotate = "varimax")
print(faPC_ml_r)
```

```
## Factor Analysis using method = ml
## Call: fa(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "varimax", fm = "ml")
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##
```

	ML2	ML1	h2	u2	com
travel_frequency	-0.23	-0.06	0.0564	0.944	1.2
checkin_exp	0.70	0.18	0.5291	0.471	1.1
drop_off_exp	0.73	0.37	0.6788	0.321	1.5
security_exp	0.69	0.25	0.5335	0.467	1.3
boarding_exp	0.67	0.43	0.6295	0.371	1.7
baggage_exp	0.30	0.95	0.9950	0.005	1.2
gender	-0.07	-0.03	0.0065	0.993	1.3

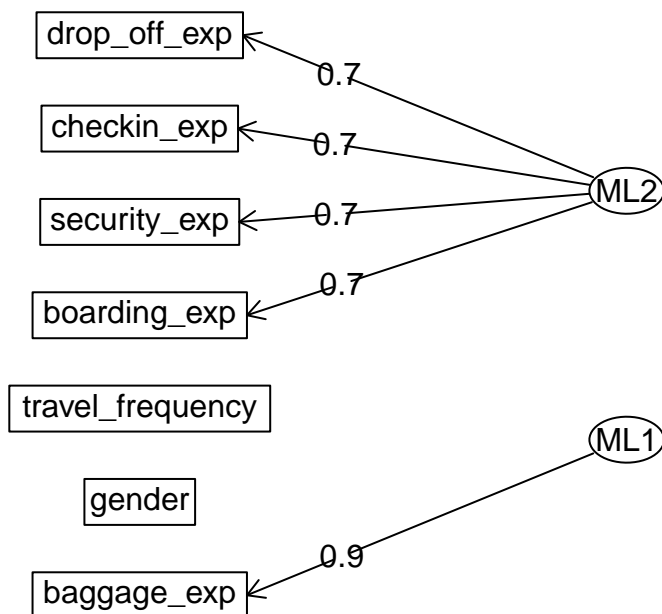
```
##
##
```

	ML2	ML1
SS loadings	2.10	1.33
Proportion Var	0.30	0.19
Cumulative Var	0.30	0.49
Proportion Explained	0.61	0.39
Cumulative Proportion	0.61	1.00

```
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.3
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
##
## The degrees of freedom for the null model are 21 and the objective function was 2.26 with Chi Squ
## The degrees of freedom for the model are 8 and the objective function was 0.02
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.02
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
```

```
##
## The harmonic number of observations is 228 with the empirical chi square 2.93 with prob < 0.94
## The total number of observations was 228 with Likelihood Chi Square = 3.59 with prob < 0.89
##
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 1.024
## RMSEA index = 0 and the 90 % confidence intervals are 0 0.035
## BIC = -39.84
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
## Measures of factor score adequacy
##
## Correlation of (regression) scores with factors      ML2  ML1
## Multiple R square of scores with factors            0.89 0.99
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores        0.79 0.97
## Minimum correlation of possible factor scores        0.58 0.94
fa.diagram(faPC_ml_r)
```

Factor Analysis



```
root.cor.pa <- principal(travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = 'varimax')
root.cor.pa
```

```
## Principal Components Analysis
## Call: principal(r = travel_df_clean, nfactors = 2, rotate = "varimax")
## Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
##
##          RC1    RC2    h2    u2    com
## travel_frequency -0.25 -0.52 0.34 0.66 1.4
## checkin_exp      0.76  0.04 0.57 0.43 1.0
## drop_off_exp      0.86  0.05 0.74 0.26 1.0
## security_exp      0.77  0.09 0.61 0.39 1.0
## boarding_exp      0.84  0.06 0.71 0.29 1.0
## baggage_exp       0.74  0.03 0.55 0.45 1.0
## gender           -0.18  0.86 0.78 0.22 1.1
##
```

```
##              RC1  RC2
## SS loadings    3.26 1.04
## Proportion Var  0.47 0.15
## Cumulative Var  0.47 0.61
## Proportion Explained 0.76 0.24
## Cumulative Proportion 0.76 1.00
##
## Mean item complexity = 1.1
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 components are sufficient.
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0.11
## with the empirical chi square 119.46 with prob < 4.3e-22
##
## Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.92
biplot(root.cor.pa)
```

