Name	School	
TAMS Tournament 2	2013	
Environmental Scien	ce Test	
Instructions:		
You have 50 minutes Please select the choice	• •	oice, matching, and True/False questions
Only correct answers	will be counted.	
There is no penalty for	or guessing.	
You may not write or	n the test.	

- 1. Which of the following is not a major oceanic current?
  - a. Indian Ocean Subtropical Gyre
  - b. South Pacific Subtropical Gyre
  - c. Labrador Current
  - d. Atlantic Ocean Subtropical Gyre

For Questions 2 - 5, please match the biome to the animal.

- a. Tropical Forest
- b. Northern Coniferous Forests
- c. Grasslands
- d. Chaparral
- 2. Jackrabbits
- 3. Prairie Dogs
- 4. Brown Bears
- 5. Bengal Tiger
- 6. Which of the following statements is true?
  - a. Westerlies move from East to West, Tradewinds move from West to East
  - b. Westerlies are near the equator, Tradewinds are further from the Equator
  - c. Westerlies move from West to East, Tradewinds move from East to West
  - d. None of the Above
- 7. Based on concentrations in the atmosphere, which of the following compounds contributes most to the acidity rain?
  - a. CO<sub>2</sub>
  - b. NO<sub>2</sub>
  - c.  $O_3$
  - d. SO<sub>2</sub>
- 8. Of the following, which element is most responsible for Algal Blooms?
  - a. Oxygen
  - b. Nitrogen
  - c. Sulfur
  - d. None Chemical are not responsible, only sunlight is necessary
- 9. What is the current demographic state of Mexico?
  - a. Zero population growth High births and deaths
  - b. High deaths, low births
  - c. Zero population growth Low births and deaths
  - d. Low deaths, high births
- 10. Competition, predation, and symbiosis fall under what type of ecology?
  - a. Community Ecology
  - b. Population Ecology
  - c. Organismal Ecology
  - d. Ecosystem Ecology

For questions 11-13, answer True (a) or False (b)

- 11. Keystone species can be carnivores, herbivores, or photosynthetic
  - a. True
  - b. False
  - 12. Dominant species exhibit top-down control
    - a. True

- b. False
- 13. Primary Consumers can have more mass than Primary Producers
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 14. Which is the correct order for ecological succession?
  - a. Pioneer, Alder, Spruce, Dryas
  - b. Pioneer, Spruce, Dryas, Alder
  - c. Pioneer, Dryas, Alder, Spruce
  - d. Pioneer, Dryas, Spruce, Alder
- 15. John gives Jill food, while Jill teaches John with his homework. The following example is
  - a. Competition
  - b. Symbiosis
  - c. Mutualism
  - d. Both B and C
- 16. The conversion of nitrogen to ammonia occurs through all of the following except
  - a. Haber Process
  - b. Rhizobium
  - c. Lightning
  - d. Ozonolysis
- 17. Which of the following gases/vapor is a greenhouse gas?
  - a. Oxygen
  - b. Water vapor
  - c. Ammonia
  - d. Chlorine
- 18. A certain species of chickens in Texas is going extinct, with only 50 chickens left. What is the best way to help the population rebound?
  - a. Provide adequate food and resources
  - b. Put all the chickens in a reserve to keep them safe from predators
  - c. Add chickens from Europe into the Texas populations
  - d. Clone all the chickens
- 19. The Kyoto Protocol is ratified by all of the following except...
  - a. Russia
  - b. Turkey
  - c. Australia
  - d. United States
- 20. Which represents the chemical refinement of Uranium?
  - a.  $UO2 \rightarrow U3O8 \rightarrow UF6 \rightarrow UF6$  (Uranium-235)
  - b.  $UO2 \rightarrow U3O8 \rightarrow UF6 \rightarrow UF6$  (Uranium-238)
  - c.  $U3O8 \rightarrow UO2 \rightarrow UF6 \rightarrow UF6$  (Uranium-238)
  - d.  $U3O8 \rightarrow UO2 \rightarrow UF6 \rightarrow UF6$  (Uranium-235)
- 21. What is the lowest carbon content for these coal types?
  - a. bituminous
  - b. anthracite
  - c. lignite
  - d. subbituminous
- 22. At what range of wavelength does O<sub>2</sub> dissociate into two oxygen atoms?
  - a. 99-167nm
  - b. 180-242nm
  - c. 245-301nm
  - d. 306nm-389nm
- 23. Of the following factors that regulate population growth, which is NOT density dependent?
  - a. Territoriality
  - b. Resources

- c. Drought
- d. Disease
- 24. Which type of survivorship curve occurs among humans and many other large mammals?
  - a. Type I
  - b. Type II
  - c. Type III
  - d. Both A and C
- 25. One species of a forest bird is highly territorial. What pattern of dispersion would this species most likely display?
  - a. Clumped
  - b. Uniform
  - c. Random
  - d. Scattered
- 26. Which of the following contains only abiotic factors?
  - a. Moisture, disease, light
  - b. Oxygen, salinity, competition
  - c. Nutrients, parasites, soil pH
  - d. Temperature, fire, water
- 27. The Southern Hemisphere has the longest day and shortest night during
  - a. March equinox
  - b. June solstice
  - c. September equinox
  - d. December solstice
- 28. The climate of southern California is most similar to the climate of which region?
  - a. Texas
  - b. Mediterranean Sea
  - c. Gobi Desert
  - d. Caribbean Islands
- 29. Which of the following statements regarding seasonal turnover is correct?
  - a. In winter, the lake is stratified by temperature.
  - b. In summer, the lake waters are well oxygenated at all depths.
  - c. In spring, the coldest water in the lake lies just below the surface.
  - d. In autumn, the lake contains a thermocline, a narrow vertical zone of abrupt temperature change.
- 30. Which marine zone is made up of mostly sand, organic sediments, and detritus?
  - a. Aphotic zone
  - b. Benthic zone
  - c. Oceanic zone
  - d. Pelagic zone
- 31. The biome with the lowest annual mean temperature and precipitation is
  - a. Temperate grassland
  - b. Northern coniferous forest
  - c. Arctic tundra
  - d. Desert
- 32. The exponential growth model
  - a. produces a S-shaped growth curve.
  - b. assumes that resources are unlimited.
  - c. factors in the carrying capacity of an environment.

d. is useful for estimating sustainable harvest rates of wildlife populations.

For questions 33-37, answer True (a) or False (b).

- 33. K-selection occurs in environments in which population densities are well below carrying capacity.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 34. Three-quarters of today's emerging human diseases, including mad cow disease, are caused by zoonotic pathogens.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 35. Species richness generally increases along a latitudinal gradient from the tropics to the poles.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 36. Disturbance and lack of equilibrium are the norm for most communities.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 37. Biological magnification can occur with chlorinated hydrocarbons.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 38. How efficient is energy transfer between trophic levels typically?
  - a. 5%
  - b. 10%
  - c. 25%
  - d. 50%
- 39. Which of the following statements are true:
  - I. Earth's human population is currently growing exponentially.
  - II. Most of the current population growth is occurring in less industrialized countries.
  - III. The age structure for U.S. is relatively even except for a "baby boom".
  - a. I and II
  - b. II and III
  - c. I and III
  - d. I,II, and III
- 40. What is the single greatest threat to biodiversity on Earth?
  - a. Overexploitation
  - b. Habitat loss
  - c. Pollution
  - d. Introduced species
- 41. The small-population approach to population conservation
  - a. emphasizes the environmental factors that caused a population decline.
  - b. focuses on endangered populations that show a downward trend.
  - c. involves increasing the genetic variation of an endangered population.
  - d. removes the suspected agent of decline to see if endangered population rebounds.
- 42. Movement corridors can
  - a. facilitate the movement of disease-carrying ticks.
  - b. reduce inbreeding in declining populations.
  - c. be artificially constructed in areas of heavy human use.

- d. All of the above
- 43. Adding mycorrhizal symbionts to systems where the soil has been severely disturbed is an example of
  - a. Bioremediation
  - b. Sustainable development
  - c. Biological augmentation
  - d. A and C
- 44. The ozone layer is located in which layer of the atmosphere?
  - a. Thermosphere
  - b. Mesosphere
  - c. Stratosphere
  - d. Troposphere
- 45. According to the green world hypothesis, why do herbivores consume such a small fraction of plants' net primary production?
  - I. Plant defenses
  - II. Low nutrient concentrations
  - III. Interspecific competition
  - a. I and II
  - b. II and III
  - c. I and III
  - d. I, II, and III
- 46. Where are the largest accumulations of phosphorus located?
  - a. Sedimentary rocks
  - b. Soil particles
  - c. Oceans
  - d. Organisms

For questions 47-50, match the animal with its defensive adaption.

- a. Cryptic coloration
- b. Aposematic coloration
- c. Batesian mimicry
- d. Mullerian mimicry
- 47. A cuckoo bee and yellow jacket, two unpalatable species, are mimics of each other.
- 48. A poison dart frog's bright color pattern warns potential predators.
- 49. A black witch moth's wings blend into the color of the bark of the trees.
- 50. A harmless king snake mimics the coloration of the venomous coral snake.