

SOURCE: <https://github.com/cinnamonbreakfast/flcd/tree/main/lab3>

## Symbol Table

Method	Preconditions	Postconditions	Observations
add	Key and Value must be objects	Value is added to the table	Collision resolution is chaining. A <b>ValueError</b> is thrown if we push the same element again
Get	Key must be object	Returns Value according to hash of Key	If no index could be found for Key in hash, a <b>KeyError</b> is raised. Also, if the value is not within table, a <b>KeyError</b> is raised again

A HashTable is a data structure which maps keys to values (in our case, a single value for one key). This HashTable uses chaining resolution for collision (list of lists). Hash function is based on hash function from Python (which is  $\text{hash}(\text{key})\% \text{length}$ , basically). On each position we store a pair of key & value (as we should get the exact value for a key; for keys having the same hash, their values will be within the same position – chain resolution). Adding the same element will result in a **ValueError** as the elements should be unique.

HashTable class is wrapped inside Symbol Table class and calls the methods.

