统计力学及应用作业6

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May 24, 2021

1

以 P 和 S 为自变量, 证明 $\langle \Delta S \Delta P \rangle = 0$, $\left\langle (\Delta S)^2 \right\rangle = C_P$, $\left\langle (\Delta P)^2 \right\rangle = -T \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V} \right)_S$. 根据书上 P300 有

$$w \propto \exp\left[\frac{1}{2T} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial P}\right)_S (\Delta P)^2 - \frac{1}{2C_p} (\Delta S)^2\right],$$
 (1.1)

这个式子分解成两个因子, 各自只与 ΔP 或 ΔS 有关. 换句话说, 压强和熵是的 涨落是统计独立的, 因而

$$\langle \Delta S \Delta P \rangle = 0, \tag{1.2}$$

$$\left\langle (\Delta S)^2 \right\rangle = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2C_p}} = C_P,$$
 (1.3)

$$\left\langle (\Delta P)^2 \right\rangle = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2T(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V})_S}} = -T \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V} \right)_S.$$
 (1.4)