

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS HOMEWORK 4

due Thursday, October 3rd, 2013

1. Calculate the Cholesky factorization for

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. Show how Cholesky factorization fails for

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find a vector v for which $v^T B v < 0$.

3. For $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, prove that

- $\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_p$.
- $\|x\|_p \leq n^{1/p} \|x\|_\infty$.
- $\lim_{p \rightarrow \infty} \|x\|_p = \|x\|_\infty$ (use that $\lim_{p \rightarrow \infty} c^{1/p} = 1$ whenever $c > 0$.)

4. Prove that $\|\cdot\|_1$ and $\|\cdot\|_\infty$ satisfy the triangle inequality.

5. Characterize the shape of the set of points $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ such that

$$|x|^p + |y|^p \leq 1$$

where $0 < p < \infty$.

6. Prove Young's inequality following the analytical proof outlined in the textbook.

7. Let $\|x\|_{1/2} = (\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^{1/2})^2$. Show that $\|\cdot\|_{1/2}$ does not give rise to a norm on \mathbb{R}^n .