



Guia de Execução das Migrations SQL



Localização dos Arquivos

Os arquivos SQL estão em:

```
/home/ubuntu/project/supabase/migrations/
├── 001_multempresa.sql      (já executado)
├── 002_rls_policies.sql    (já executado)
├── 003_v_user_context.sql  ← EXECUTAR
├── 004_processes.sql       ← EXECUTAR
└── 005_rls_processes.sql   ← EXECUTAR
```



Ordem de Execução

Execute na seguinte ordem no **Supabase SQL Editor**:

1. **003_v_user_context.sql** - Cria a view de contexto do usuário
2. **004_processes.sql** - Cria as tabelas de processos
3. **005_rls_processes.sql** - Aplica as políticas de segurança RLS



SQL para Copiar e Colar

1 Migration 003: v_user_context View

```
-- =====
-- SGI FV - Migration 003: v_user_context View
-- =====
-- Data: 2026-02-22
-- Descrição: View para contexto do usuário autenticado
-- =====

-- Criar view v_user_context para consulta fácil do contexto do usuário
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW public.v_user_context AS
SELECT
    p.id as user_id,
    p.email,
    p.nome_completo,
    p.org_id,
    om.role as org_role,
    o.slug as org_slug,
    o.name as org_name
FROM profiles p
LEFT JOIN org_members om ON om.user_id = p.id AND om.org_id = p.org_id
LEFT JOIN organizations o ON o.id = p.org_id;

-- Grant access to authenticated users
GRANT SELECT ON public.v_user_context TO authenticated;

COMMENT ON VIEW public.v_user_context IS 'Contexto completo do usuário para uso no
frontend';
```

2 Migration 004: Processes Tables

```

-- =====
-- SGI FV - Migration 004: Processes Tables
-- =====
-- Data: 2026-02-22
-- Descrição: Tabelas de processos e eventos
-- =====

-- =====
-- 1. TABELA: processes
-- =====

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS public.processes (
    id uuid PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    org_id uuid NOT NULL REFERENCES organizations(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    titulo text NOT NULL,
    protocolo text UNIQUE,
    status text NOT NULL DEFAULT 'cadastro' CHECK (status IN ('cadastro','triagem','an-
alise','concluido')),
    cliente_nome text,
    cliente_documento text,
    cliente_contato text,
    responsavel_user_id uuid REFERENCES auth.users(id),
    created_at timestampz DEFAULT now(),
    updated_at timestampz DEFAULT now()
);

COMMENT ON TABLE public.processes IS 'Processos administrativos da organização';
COMMENT ON COLUMN processes.status IS 'cadastro → triagem → analise → concluido';

-- =====
-- 2. TABELA: process_events
-- =====

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS public.process_events (
    id uuid PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    org_id uuid NOT NULL REFERENCES organizations(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    process_id uuid NOT NULL REFERENCES processes(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    tipo text NOT NULL CHECK (tipo IN ('registro','status_change','observacao','docu-
mento','atribuicao')),
    mensagem text NOT NULL,
    created_by uuid REFERENCES auth.users(id),
    created_at timestampz DEFAULT now()
);

COMMENT ON TABLE public.process_events IS 'Timeline de eventos do processo';
COMMENT ON COLUMN process_events.tipo IS 'registro=criação, status_change=mudança de
status, observacao=nota, documento=upload, atribuicao=mudança de responsável';

-- =====
-- 3. ÍNDICES
-- =====

CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_processes_org_id ON processes(org_id);
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_processes_status ON processes(status);
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_processes_created_at ON processes(created_at DESC);
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_process_events_process_id ON pro-
cess_events(process_id);
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_process_events_org_id ON process_events(org_id);
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_process_events_created_at ON process_events(created_at
DESC);

-- =====
-- 4. TRIGGER: updated_at automático
-- =====

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION update_updated_at_column()

```

```

RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$

BEGIN
    NEW.updated_at = now();
    RETURN NEW;
END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS update_processes_updated_at ON processes;
CREATE TRIGGER update_processes_updated_at
    BEFORE UPDATE ON processes
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE FUNCTION update_updated_at_column();

-- =====
-- 5. FUNÇÃO: gerar protocolo automático
-- =====

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION generate_protocol()
RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$
DECLARE
    year_str text;
    seq_num int;
    new_protocol text;
BEGIN
    IF NEW.protocolo IS NULL THEN
        year_str := to_char(now(), 'YYYY');

        SELECT COALESCE(MAX(
            CAST(SUBSTRING(protocolo FROM 'SGI-' || year_str || '-([0-9]+)' AS int)
        ), 0) + 1
        INTO seq_num
        FROM processes
        WHERE protocolo LIKE 'SGI-' || year_str || '-%';

        NEW.protocolo := 'SGI-' || year_str || '-' || LPAD(seq_num::text, 3, '0');
    END IF;
    RETURN NEW;
END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

DROP TRIGGER IF EXISTS trigger_generate_protocol ON processes;
CREATE TRIGGER trigger_generate_protocol
    BEFORE INSERT ON processes
    FOR EACH ROW
    EXECUTE FUNCTION generate_protocol();

```

3 Migration 005: RLS for Processes

```

-- =====
-- SGI FV - Migration 005: RLS for Processes
-- =====
-- Data: 2026-02-22
-- Descrição: Políticas de segurança para processos
-- =====

-- =====
-- 1. HABILITAR RLS
-- =====

ALTER TABLE processes ENABLE ROW LEVEL SECURITY;
ALTER TABLE process_events ENABLE ROW LEVEL SECURITY;

-- =====
-- 2. POLICIES: processes
-- =====

-- Membros podem ver processos da sua organização
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Members can view org processes" ON processes;
CREATE POLICY "Members can view org processes"
    ON processes FOR SELECT
    USING (is_org_member(org_id));

-- Admins/Owners podem inserir processos
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Admins can insert processes" ON processes;
CREATE POLICY "Admins can insert processes"
    ON processes FOR INSERT
    WITH CHECK (is_org_admin(org_id));

-- Admins/Owners podem atualizar processos
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Admins can update processes" ON processes;
CREATE POLICY "Admins can update processes"
    ON processes FOR UPDATE
    USING (is_org_admin(org_id));

-- Admins/Owners podem deletar processos
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Admins can delete processes" ON processes;
CREATE POLICY "Admins can delete processes"
    ON processes FOR DELETE
    USING (is_org_admin(org_id));

-- =====
-- 3. POLICIES: process_events
-- =====

-- Membros podem ver eventos da sua organização
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Members can view org process events" ON process_events;
CREATE POLICY "Members can view org process events"
    ON process_events FOR SELECT
    USING (is_org_member(org_id));

-- Admins/Owners podem inserir eventos
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Admins can insert process events" ON process_events;
CREATE POLICY "Admins can insert process events"
    ON process_events FOR INSERT
    WITH CHECK (is_org_admin(org_id));

-- Admins/Owners podem atualizar eventos
DROP POLICY IF EXISTS "Admins can update process events" ON process_events;
CREATE POLICY "Admins can update process events"
    ON process_events FOR UPDATE
    USING (is_org_admin(org_id));

```

Como Executar no Supabase

Passo a Passo:

1. **Acesse seu projeto Supabase:** <https://supabase.com/dashboard>
2. **Navegue até:** SQL Editor (ícone no menu lateral esquerdo)
3. **Clique em:** "New query"
4. **Copie e cole** o SQL da migration 003 primeiro
5. **Clique em:** "RUN" (ou Ctrl+Enter)
6. **Verifique:** Se não houve erros (Success: ...)
7. **Repita** para migrations 004 e 005

Importante:

- Execute **na ordem** (003 → 004 → 005)
- A migration 005 depende das funções `is_org_member()` e `is_org_admin()` que devem existir da migration 002
- Após executar, **recarregue** a aplicação para testar

Verificação

Após executar todas as migrations, verifique se foram criadas:

```
-- Verificar tabelas
SELECT table_name FROM information_schema.tables
WHERE table_schema = 'public'
AND table_name IN ('processes', 'process_events', 'organizations', 'org_members', 'profiles');

-- Verificar view
SELECT * FROM v_user_context LIMIT 1;

-- Verificar políticas RLS
SELECT tablename, policyname FROM pg_policies
WHERE tablename IN ('processes', 'process_events');
```

Pré-requisitos

As migrations 003-005 dependem de:

- `organizations` (criada em 001)
- `org_members` (criada em 001)
- `profiles` (criada em 001)
- `is_org_member()` (criada em 002)
- `is_org_admin()` (criada em 002)

Se algum desses não existir, execute as migrations 001 e 002 primeiro.