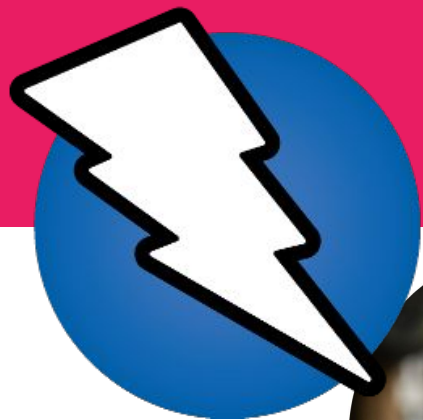


Securing Web Applications: Empowering Businesses with OWASP ZAP



ANTHONY CIRILLO

TECHNICAL BACKGROUND

The motivation for choosing this topic

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1. Growing Concern

- According to the 2022 Verizon DBIR, web application vulnerabilities were responsible for triggering over 90% of the 29,000 breaches examined.

2. Personal Experience

- Friend's hacked online shopping account resulted in financial and emotional distress, emphasizing the importance of proactive security measures

3. Industry Relevance

- Cybersecurity Ventures predicts global cybercrime costs will grow by 15% per year, reaching \$10.5 trillion USD annually by 2025, up from \$3 trillion USD in 2015.

Research ~ *What is OWASP ZAP?*

— — —

- **OWASP** - '*Open Web Application Security Project*'
- Companies should incorporate OWASP Zap for proactive identification and mitigation of vulnerabilities in web applications.
- OWASP Zap stands out among other tools like Burp Suite.
- It is open-source, cost-effective, and accessible for organizations.
- OWASP Zap offers comprehensive functionalities, including automated scanning, vulnerability detection, and powerful fuzzing capabilities.
- It emphasizes community-driven development and continuous improvement to stay updated with the latest security challenges.



Applied security concepts

— — —

WEB APP SECURITY

- safeguarding web applications from threats and vulnerabilities.
- Some examples of these threats:
 - Cross-site scripting
 - SQL injection
 - Cross-site request forgery
 - Path Traversal

HTTP

- *Hypertext Transfer Protocol*, used for communicating between web browsers and web servers.
- Understanding the basics of HTTP, such as request methods (GET, POST, etc.), status codes, headers, and cookies, is crucial.

PENTESTING

- involves simulating real-world attacks to identify and exploit vulnerabilities.
- OWASP ZAP's features e.g. active scanning, lets you simulate attacks and uncover exploitable vulnerabilities

DEFENSE-IN-DEPTH

- layering multiple security measures to provide comprehensive protection.
- OWASP ZAP provides mitigation methods for each vulnerability it exploits.

PREVIEW

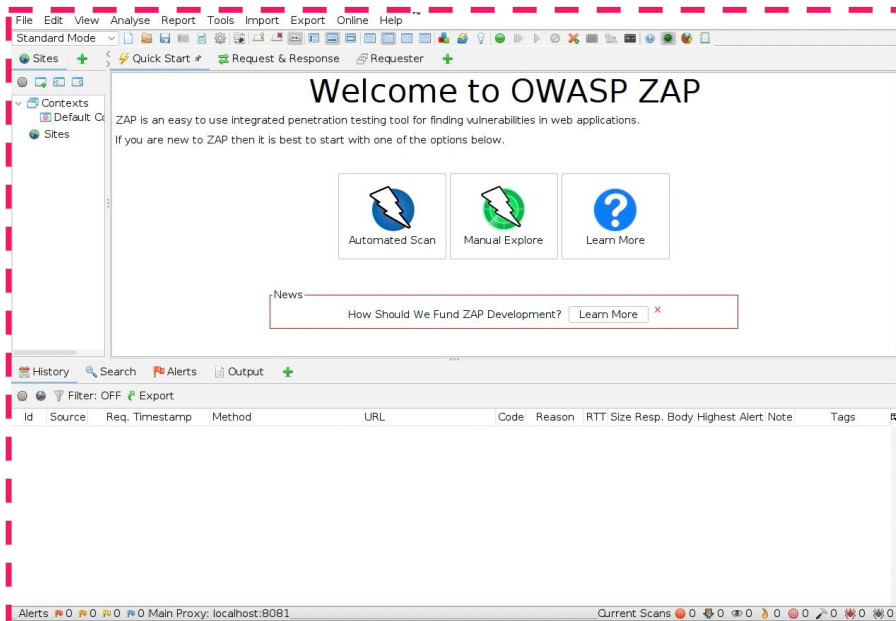
1. Install OWASP ZAP

- OWASP ZAP didn't come pre-installed on Ubuntu, so I ran the following to install it:

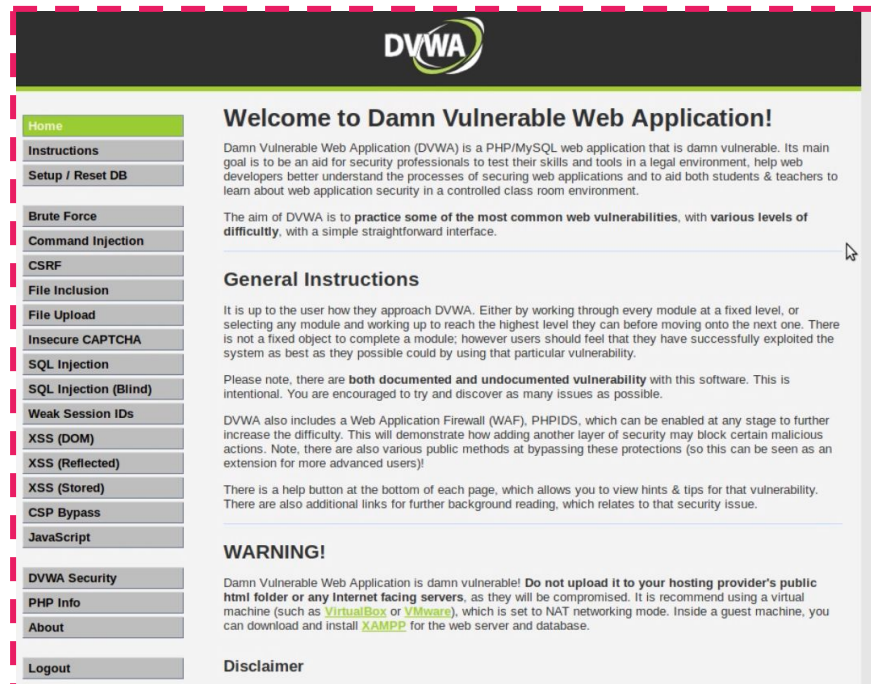
```
~$ snap install zapproxy
```

- Then, to open the graphical interface I ran:

```
~$ zapproxy
```



2. Set up DVWA



3. Configure ZAP and DVWA

- Setting up target URL + proxy settings for ZAP and web browser

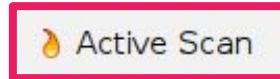
4. Explore target application via Spider Tool

Spider identifies all accessible pages and helps build a comprehensive map of the application



5. Identify vulnerabilities via Active Scan

Active Scan automatically detects and exploits vulnerabilities in the target application



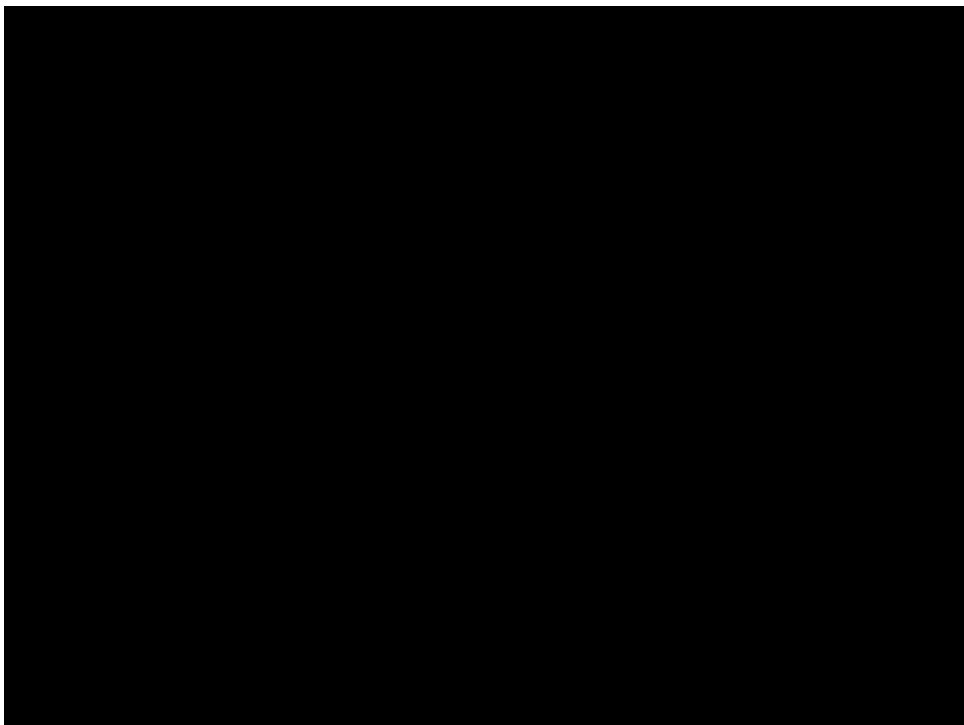
6. Review scan results via Alerts Tab

The Alerts Tab provides a detailed list of identified vulnerabilities, their severity levels, potential impact and mitigation techniques



- About this report
 - Report parameters
- Summaries
 - Alert counts by risk and confidence
 - Alert counts by site and risk
 - Alert counts by alert type
- Alerts
 - Risk=High, Confidence=Medium (2)
 - Risk=Medium, Confidence=High (1)
 - Risk=Medium, Confidence=Medium (4)
 - Risk=Medium, Confidence=Low (1)

DEMONSTRATION



SUMMARY

What did we just observe?

— — —

1. Proxy configuration and synchronization with the browser
2. **Spider tool:** Mapping out website structure
3. **Active Scan feature:** Detecting and exploiting vulnerabilities
4. **Fuzzer tool:** Systematic testing for weaknesses
5. **Path traversal vulnerability:** Exploiting critical files
6. Organizing payloads by size for prioritization
7. Comprehensive report generation for communication and decision-making
8. Importance of web application security testing
9. Continuous monitoring and proactive security measures
10. Collaboration among developers, security professionals, and stakeholders

FINDINGS

Insightful Findings

★ 546 individual alerts detected across 17 categories

New Alerts: 546 [Export](#)

- Severity level categorisation for each alert
- Detailed information provided for each vulnerability (risk ratings, descriptions, mitigation suggestions, website links)



The screenshot displays the Burp Suite interface, specifically the Alerts tab. The left sidebar shows a list of 17 alert categories, with 'Remote File Inclusion' selected. The main panel displays the details for a specific Remote File Inclusion alert. The alert information includes the URL, Risk level (High), Confidence (Medium), Parameter (page), Attack (http://www.google.com/), Evidence (<title>Google</title>), CWE ID (98), WASC ID (5), Source (Active (7 - Remote File Inclusion)), and Input Vector (URL Query String). The Description states: 'Remote File Include (RFI) is an attack technique used to exploit "dynamic file include" mechanisms in web applications. file include commands, the web application might be tricked into including remote files with malicious code.'

History Search Alerts Output Spider Active Scan WebSockets +

Alerts (17)

- Path Traversal
- Remote File Inclusion**
- Absence of Anti-CSRF Tokens (3)
- Application Error Disclosure (65)
- Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set
- Directory Browsing (8)
- Directory Browsing - Apache 2 (63)
- Missing Anti-clickjacking Header (76)
- XSLT Injection (3)
- Application Error Disclosure (2)
- Cookie No HttpOnly Flag (2)
- Cookie without SameSite Attribute (2)
- Information Disclosure - Debug Error Message

Remote File Inclusion

URL: http://192.168.13.25/vulnerabilities/fi/?page=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F

Risk: High

Confidence: Medium

Parameter: page

Attack: http://www.google.com/

Evidence: <title>Google</title>

CWE ID: 98

WASC ID: 5

Source: Active (7 - Remote File Inclusion)

Input Vector: URL Query String

Description:

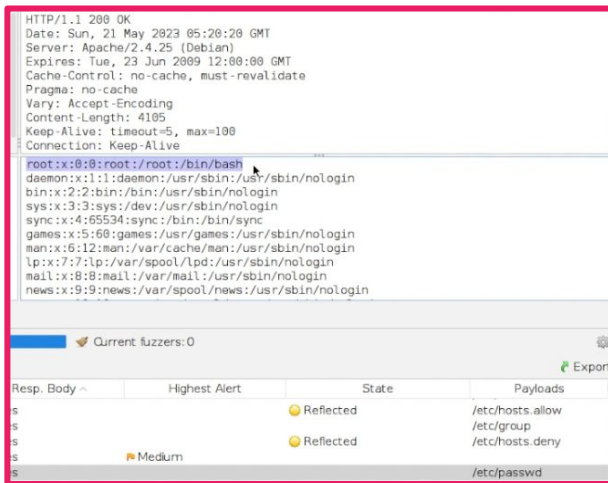
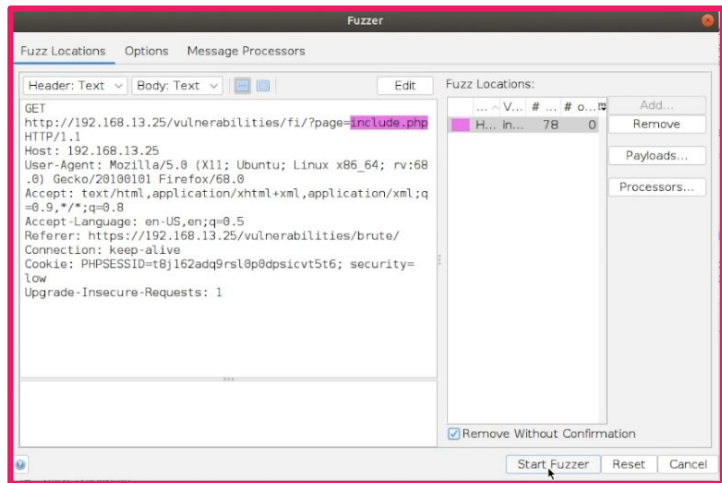
Remote File Include (RFI) is an attack technique used to exploit "dynamic file include" mechanisms in web applications. file include commands, the web application might be tricked into including remote files with malicious code.

Alerts 2 7 6 2 Main Proxy: 10.0.2.15:8081

Insightful Findings

★ In-depth exploration of path traversal vulnerability revealed sensitive files

- Utilization of Fuzzer tool for manual payload testing
- Input of prepared text file with various strings
- Valuable results obtained from the fuzzing process
- Access to sensitive materials (e.g., "passwd" file, configuration files) through exploitation of larger payloads
- Highlighting the risks associated with unaddressed vulnerabilities



VALUE PROPOSITION

VALUE PROPOSITION

1. Significant ROI for businesses, especially small ones, in adopting ZAP
2. Integration into SDLC processes enhances security posture and reduces risks
3. Automation of security testing through ZAP scans in CI/CD pipelines
4. Conducting security assessments at multiple development stages
5. Addressing vulnerabilities early minimizes risks and saves time and resources
6. Strengthened security practices, protection of customer data, and reputation maintenance



CLOSING THOUGHTS

What can we take away?

— — —

1. Heightened awareness of cybersecurity risks and proactive measures

3. Continuous monitoring, testing, and user education

5. Impact of web app security on society and culture

2. Collaboration for robust security

4. Adaptation to evolving threats and societal impact

THANKYOU