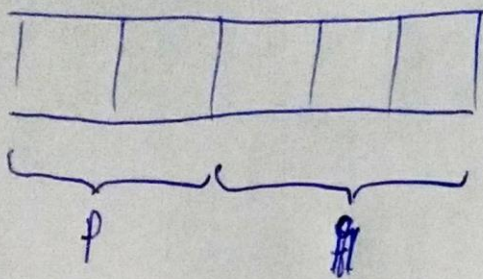


pd-rad



p = corte perto (pouco) conhecida
 r = corte a fazer (pouco) a maximo

$$q_m = p_i + r_{m-i}$$

$$q_5 = \max(p_1 + r_4, p_2 + r_3, p_3 + r_2, p_4 + r_1, p_5 + \theta)$$

$$r_4 = \max(p_1 + r_3, p_2 + r_2, p_3 + r_1, p_4 + \theta)$$

$$r_3 = \max(p_1 + r_2, p_2 + r_1, p_3 + \theta)$$

$$r_2 = \max(p_1 + r_1, p_2 + \theta)$$

$$r_1 = \max(p_1 + \theta)$$

	1	2	3	4	5	r_{\max} (max da linha)
1	p_1					$r_{\max 1} = p_1$
2	$p_1 + r_1$	p_2				$r_{\max 2} = \dots$
3	$p_1 + r_2$	$p_2 + r_1$	p_3			$r_{\max 3} = \dots$
4	$p_1 + r_3$	$p_2 + r_2$	$p_3 + r_1$	p_4		$r_{\max 4} = \dots$
5	$p_1 + r_4$	$p_2 + r_3$	$p_3 + r_2$	$p_4 + r_1$	p_5	$r_{\max 5} = \dots$

N/A