

C (CONT.)

TYPE CONVERSION

Implicit type conversions * perform operation with mismatched types * assigning values to variables * calling functions with type other than specified *

Examples: * `int x = 5.0;` * `double y = 5.0/2` *

`char c = 50` Explicit type conversions * typecasting
* `(type) expression;`

OPERATORS

- Assignment: =
- Mathematical:
 - +, -, /, *
 - Mod (remainder): '%'
 - All can be combined with = to operate and assign
- Increment/decrement: `i++`, `i--`
- Comparison: `==`, `!=`, `>`, `<`, `>=`, `<=`

LOGICAL OPERATORS

- Boolean not: `!`
- Boolean and: `&&`
- Boolean or: `||`
- Combinations only execute as far as they need to
- Depending on version of C, may not have `bool` type
 - Introduced in C99
 - Need to `#include <stdbool.h>`
- Otherwise, ints act as bools (0 is false)

CONTROL STRUCTURES - IF

```
if (expression) {  
    statement;  
}  
else {  
    statement;  
}
```

```
if (expression) statement;
```

TERNARY OPERATOR

- Shorthand for some ifs
- Expression -- just chooses which expression based on value of another

```
expression ? expression : expression
```

SIMPLE ARRAYS

- Arrays have a type
- For now, we'll only have statically sized arrays
- Examples:
 - `int arr[10];`
 - `int arr[3] = {2, 4, 6};`
 - `char arr[5];`
 - `char arr[] = "hello";`

CONTROL STRUCTURES - FOR LOOP

- Example

```
for (i=0; i<10; i++) {  
    \\ do something cool here  
}
```

- Depending on version of C, may be able to create loop variable in initialization

CONTROL STRUCTURES - WHILE LOOP

```
while (expression) {  
    statement;  
}
```

MINILAB 10