RECAPPING LAST CLASS

- Talked about:
 - Linux filesystem (home, root directories)
 - Absolute and relative paths
- Commands for:
 - navigating file system
 - viewing files
 - transferring files to remote machines
 - accessing manpages

RECALL MANPAGES (CHO2)

- Access manpages using man for details on each call
 - Example man man
 - Example man ls
 - Pay attention to manpage section (example: printf)
- apropos for searching manpages
 - Example apropos "remove file"
 - Example apropos "remote"

COMMAND OPTIONS (CHO5)

- Most commands have options
 - Modifies effect of command
 - Example ls -al
 - ∘ Equivalent to ls -a -l
 - o −a and −1 are options
- How do we know available options?
- Most have a --help option too
- So what, who cares? You'll need them for the mini-lab

RSYNC (CH16)

- different alg for transfer
 - checks for changes and differences
 - only transfers differences
- Command format (like scp):

```
rsync [[user@src_host:]srcpath
[[user@dest host:]destpath
```

• Example:

```
rsync filename username@hostname:~
```

• Many options: recursive, delete, ...

COMPRESSING FILES (CHO3)

- Multiple different options
 - bzip2 better compression
 - gzip faster compression
- Decompress
 - bunzip2
 - gunzip
- Work on files (can work recursively on directories)
- How to get 1 single file for whole directory?

ARCHIVING (CHO3)

- Creating single file from multiple files
- tar command
- Examples:
 - pack (create)

```
tar -cvf all.tar file1 file2 ...
```

- unpack tar -xvf all.tar
- view table with contents

```
tar -tvf all.tar
```

Mini-lab

- 1. Use ssh to access one of the eos machines
- 2. Make a directory for this mini-lab (you can call it whatever you want)
- 3. Change into that directory

Mini-lab(cont.)

4. Run

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/
master/avengers/avengers.csv

and

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/
master/college-majors/recent-grads.csv

- 5. Use ls to verify that you have 2 data files in this directory
- 6. Use exit to disconnect (now you'll be back on your local machine)

Mini-lab (cont.)

- 7. Use scp with the -p option to transfer the directory from eos to your local machine. Hint: we used scp in lecture to transfer a file, where might you look to see how you can transfer a directory? How would you find out what the -p option does?
- 8. Use rsync to perform a dry-run of transferring the files back to the eos machine and verify that it would not transfer either of the files.

 Hint: you'll need to find and pass the correct 2 options (specify dry-run and to have rsync show info about what it is doing)

Mini-lab (cont.)

- 9. Edit 1 of the 2 data files (any change is fine)
- 10. Repeat the previous commands to verify that rsync will transfer the edited file.
- 11. Use rsync to transfer both files without the dryrun option
- 12. ssh back into eos and use ls to verify just the edited file was transferred by looking at time stamps. Hint: what option would you pass to ls to get more info about the files?