AWK (CH14)

RECALL:

```
BEGIN { ... initialization gawk statements ... } gawk commands to run on each line of the file END { ... finalization gawk statements ... }
```

- each command has the form: pattern { action }
- action = one or more statements enclosed in braces

AWK PATTERNS

- Pattern can be regex (/regex/)
 - ~ used for matching regex
 - ! ~ tests for not matching regex
- Pattern can also compare field or variable to value
 - **■** ==, !=, <, <=, >, >=
- BEGIN and END are special patterns
- nothing for pattern -> applies to all records
- can combine patterns with & & (and), | | (or)

VARIABLES

- can hold strings / numeric values
- typically initialized in BEGIN
- default = initialized to empty string / 0
- standard arithmetic operators available (increment, decrement, modulo, multiply, etc.)

FUNCTIONS

- length(str) = number of characters
- int (num) = integer portion of num (not rounded)
- index(str1,str2) = starting index of str2 in str1 (1-based indexing)
- split(str,arr,del) = split str by del, place elements in arr (returns number of elements)
- mathematical functions are also available

FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

- sprinft(fmt, args) = string formatting
- substr(str,pos,len) = access substring
- tolower(str) = convert to lowercase
- toupper(str) = convert to uppercase

ASSOCIATIVE ARRAYS

- do not need to initialize
- simply refer to elements

```
ex: arr[$1] = 1
```

- can test for inclusion:
 - ex: 2 in arr
 - tests if 2 is a key in arr

CONTROL STRUCTURES

• if-else:

```
if (NR % 5 == 0)
  print $0
else
  next
```

• for loop:

```
for (i=1; i<=NF; i++) if (i%5 == 0) prin
```

OTHER PREDEFINED VARIABLES

- OFS = output field separator (default space)
- ORS = output record separator (defualt newline)
- RS = input record separator (default newline)