## GIT (CONT.)

## STASHING CHANGES

- Temporarily saving changes to files to use later
- git stash takes staged and unstaged changes to tracked files and saves for later, removing these changes from your working directory.
- Use -u option to stash untracked
- git stash pop-getstashed changes back
- Also possible to access more than just most recent stash and add messages when stashing

## **REVERTING COMMITS**

- git revert <commit>
- Examples:
  - git revert HEAD~1
  - git revert SHA
- Does not rewrite history makes a new "revert" commit

## VIEWING PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF FILES

- Another use of git checkout
- git checkout <commit> filename
- Don't do git checkout <commit> detached
  HEAD
- `git show :filename