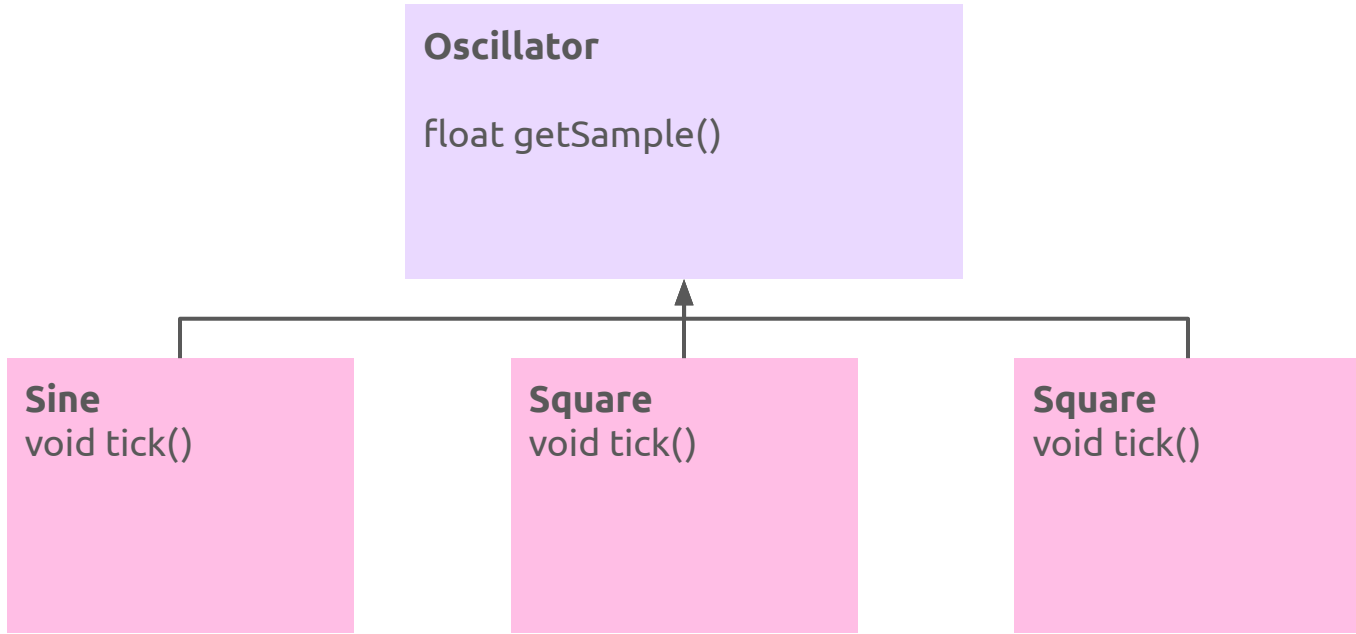
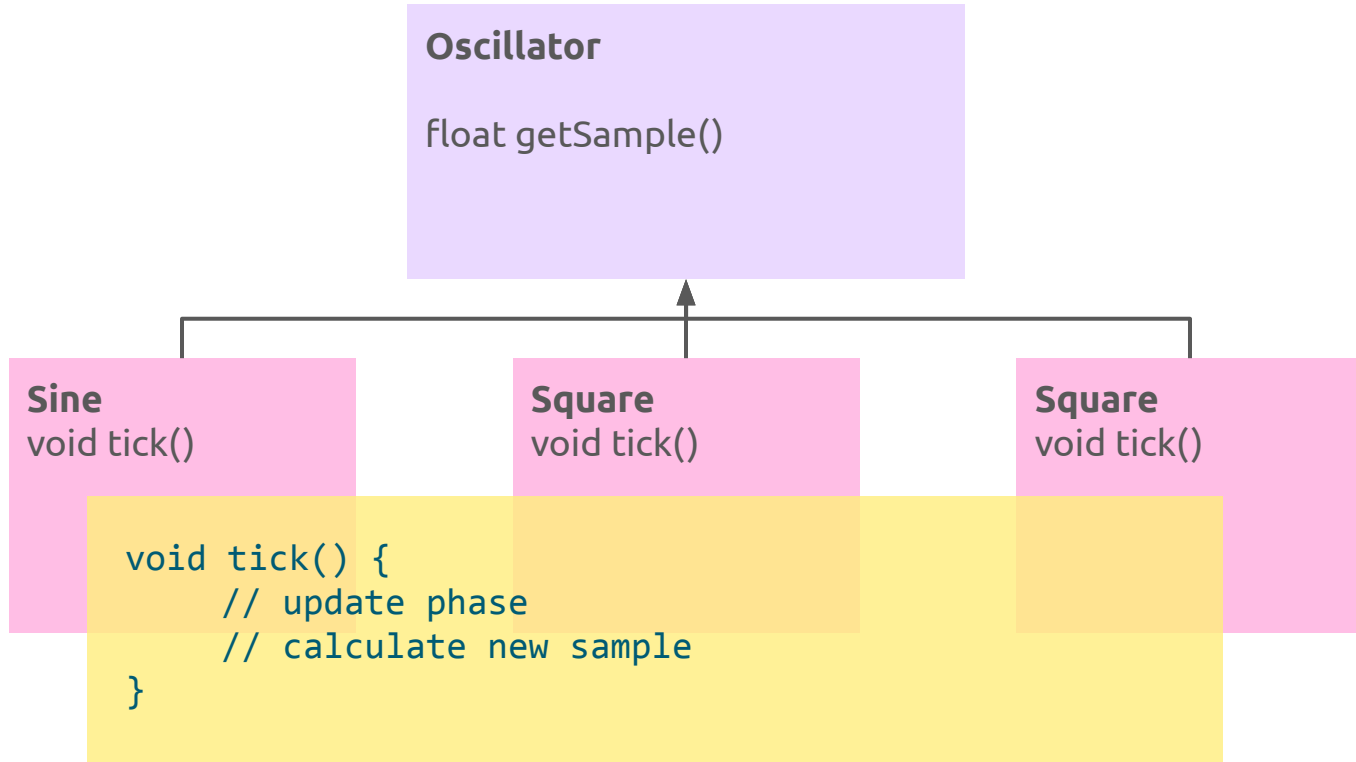
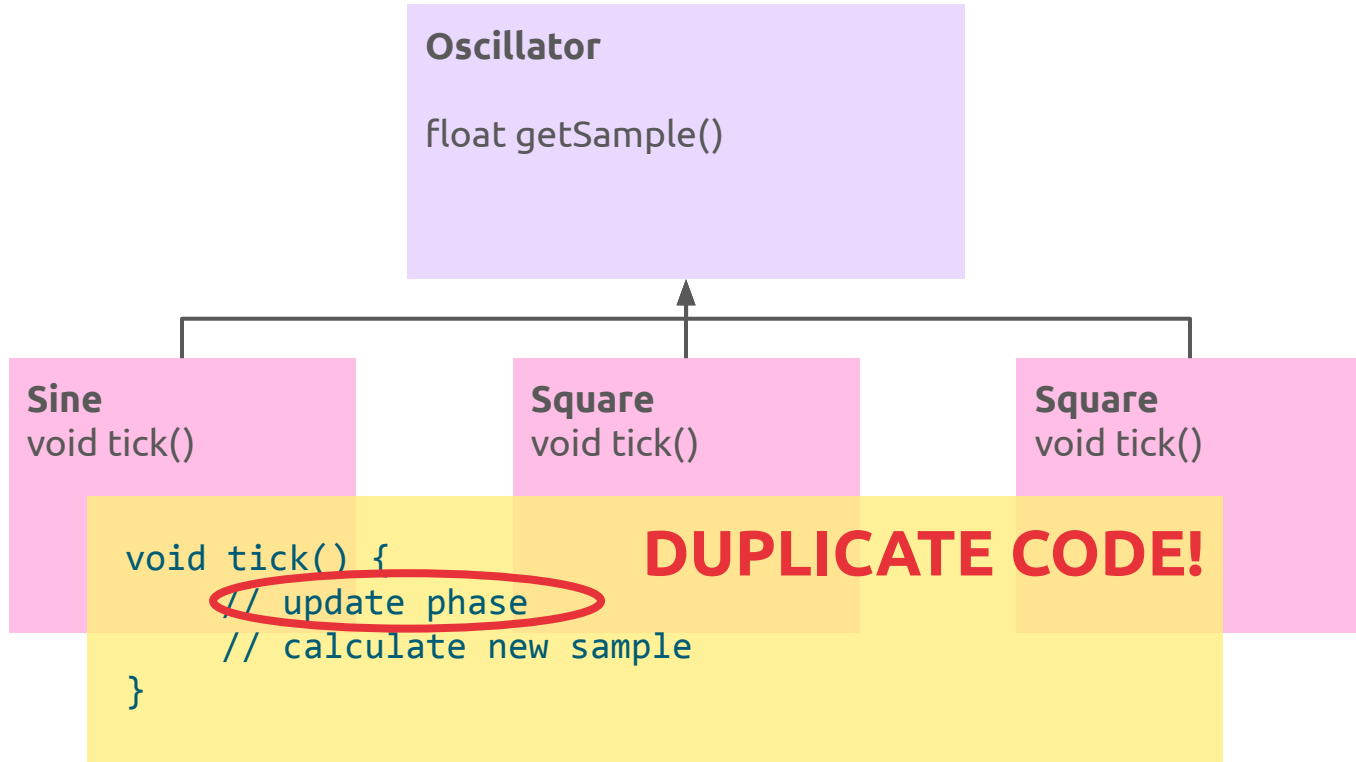


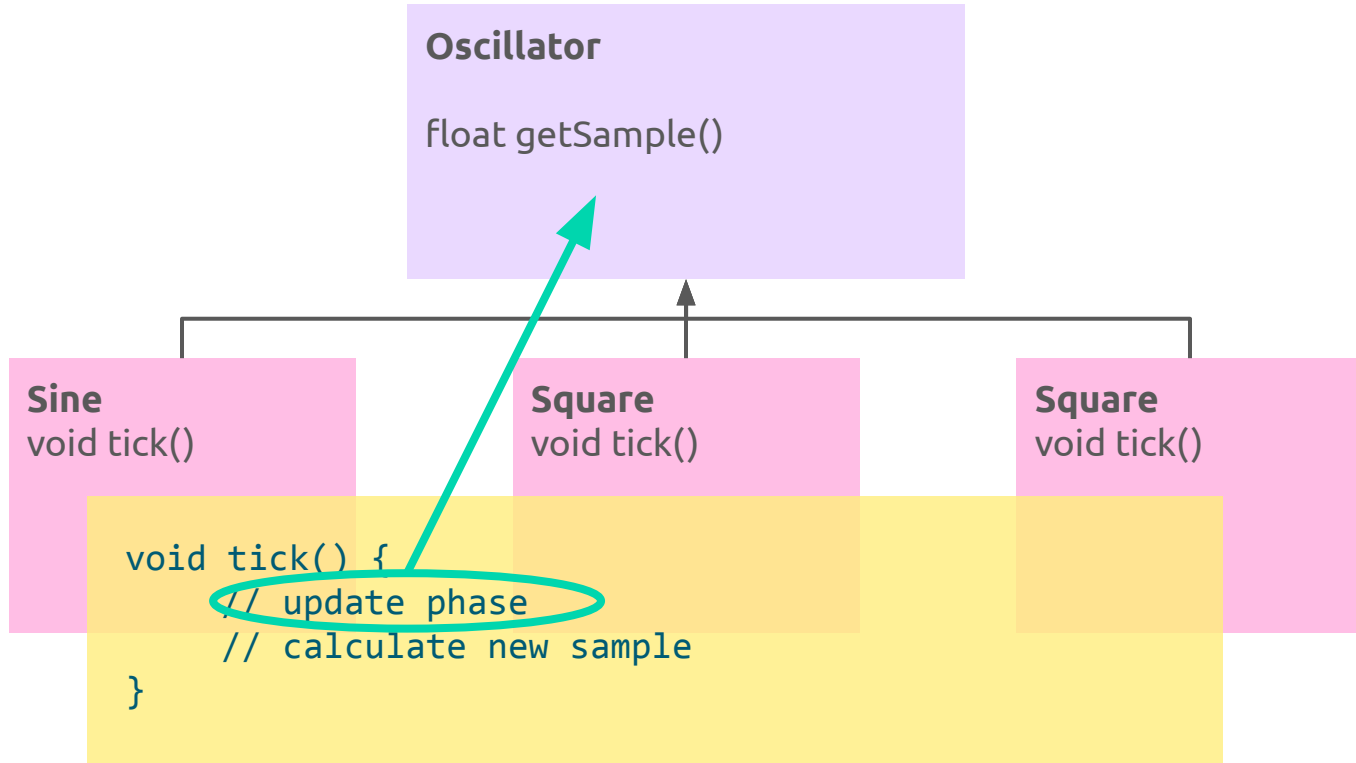
# Virtual

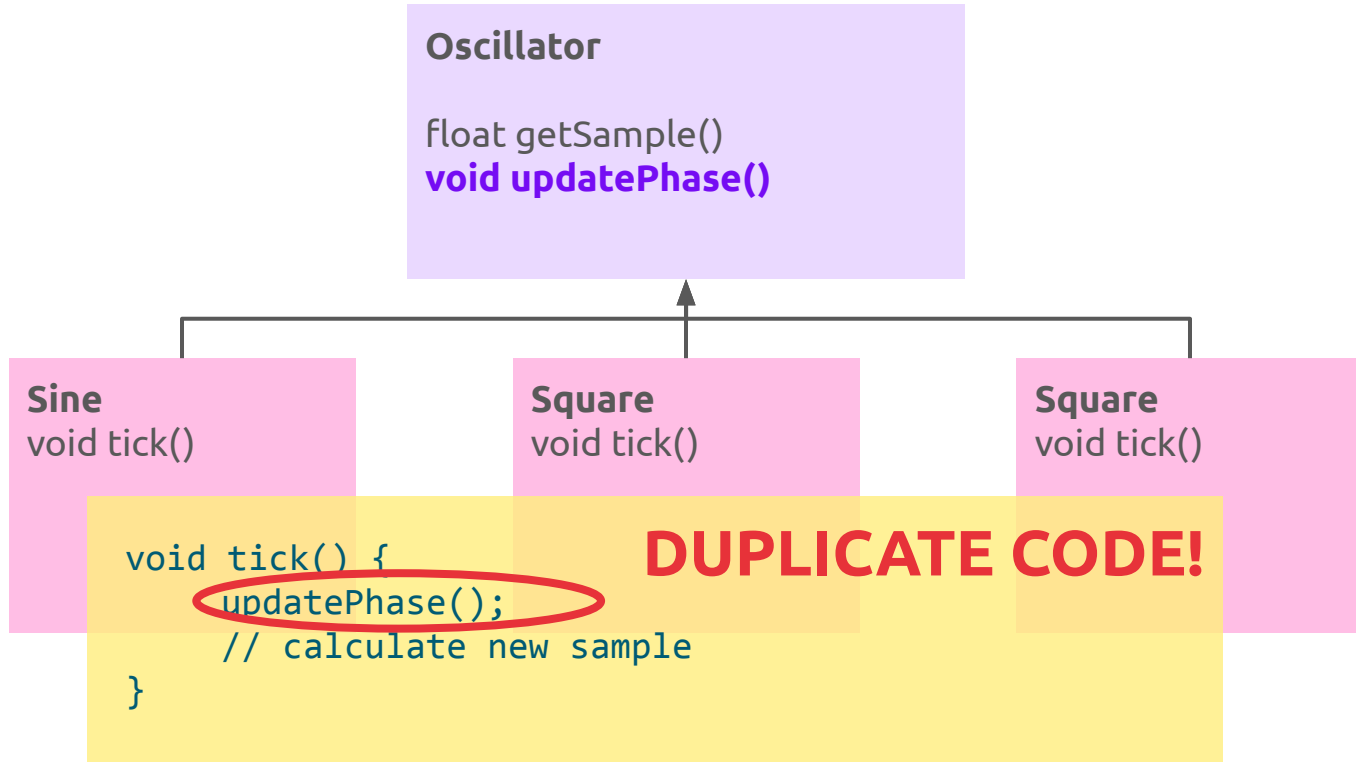
- virtual method
- abstract class

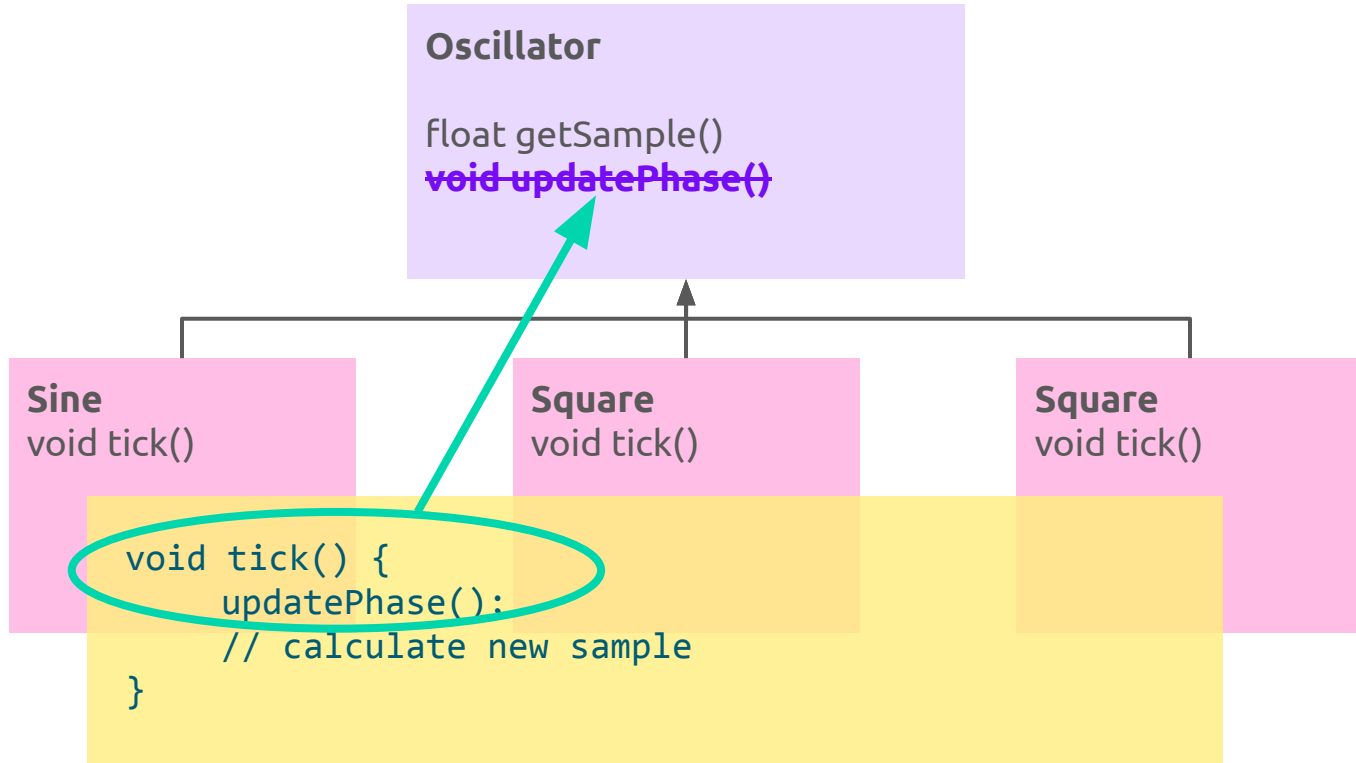


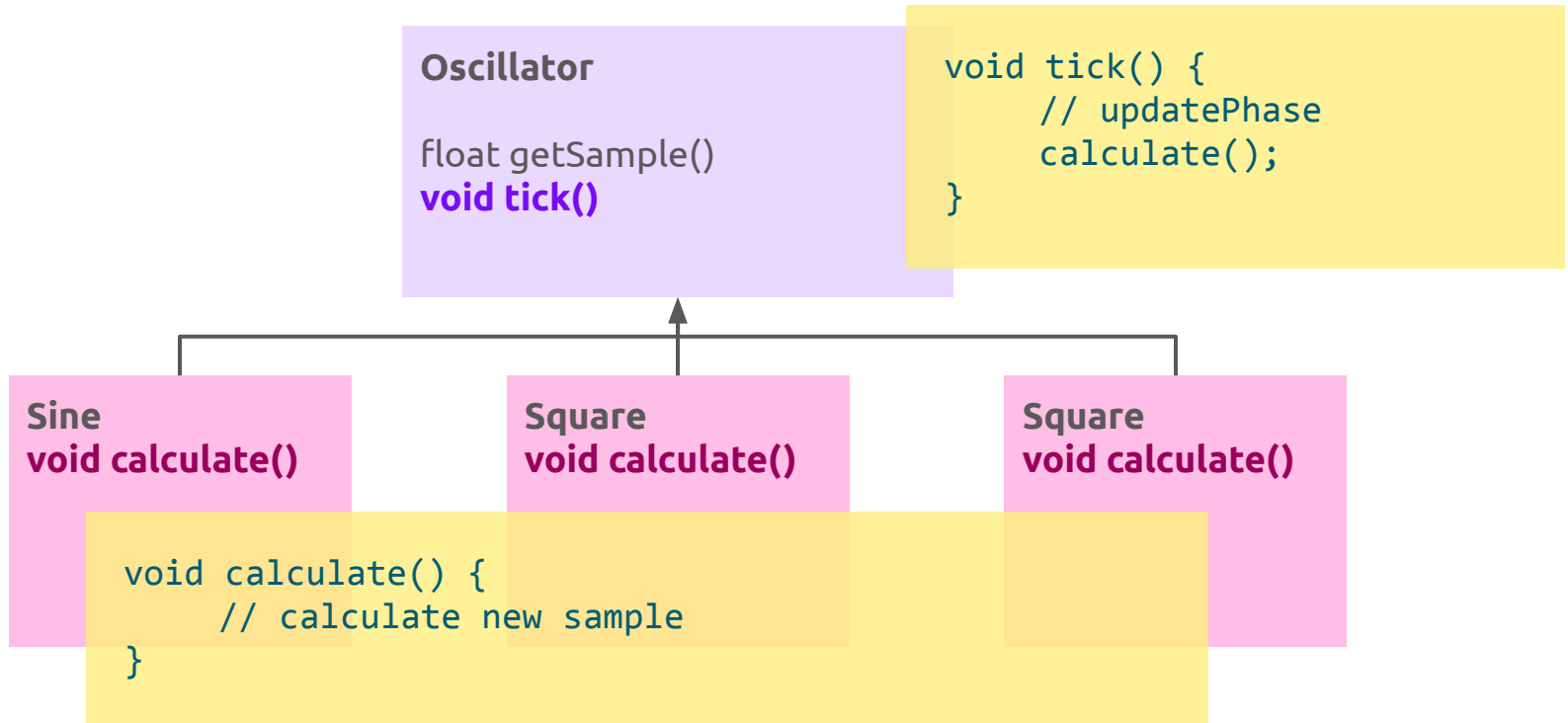














## Oscillator

```
float getSample()  
void tick()
```

```
void tick() {  
    // updatePhase  
    calculate();  
}
```

?

## Sine

```
void calculate()
```

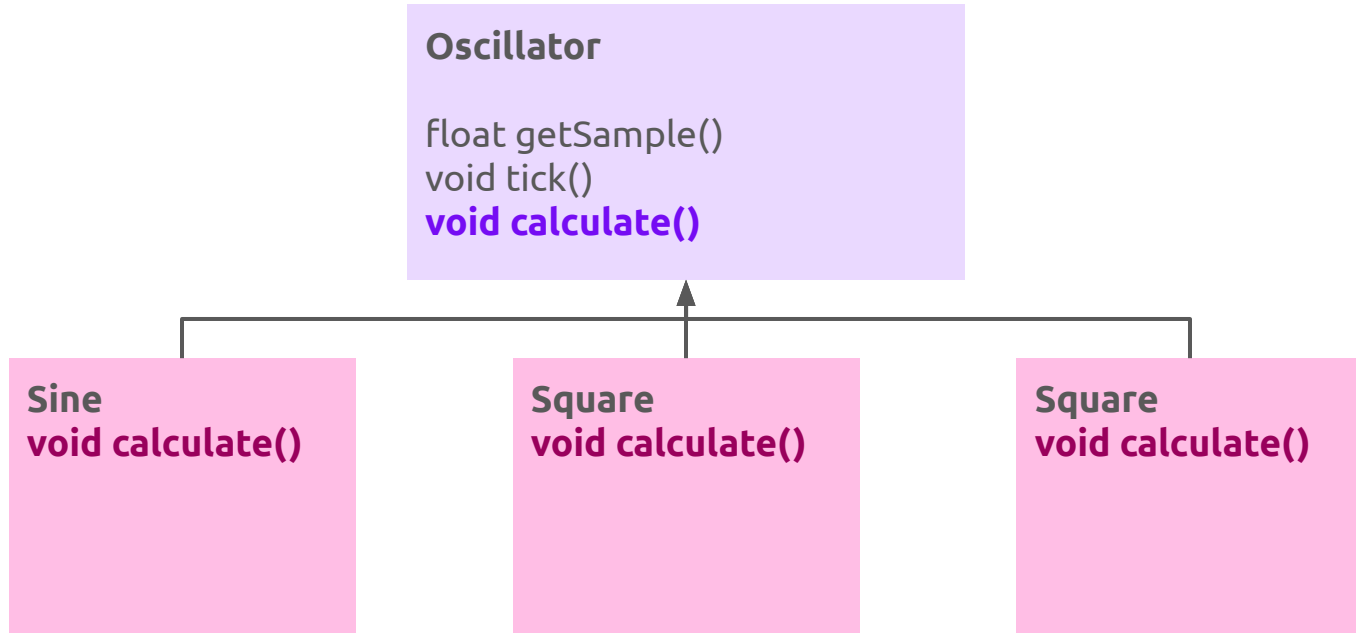
```
void calculate() {  
    // calculate new sample  
}
```

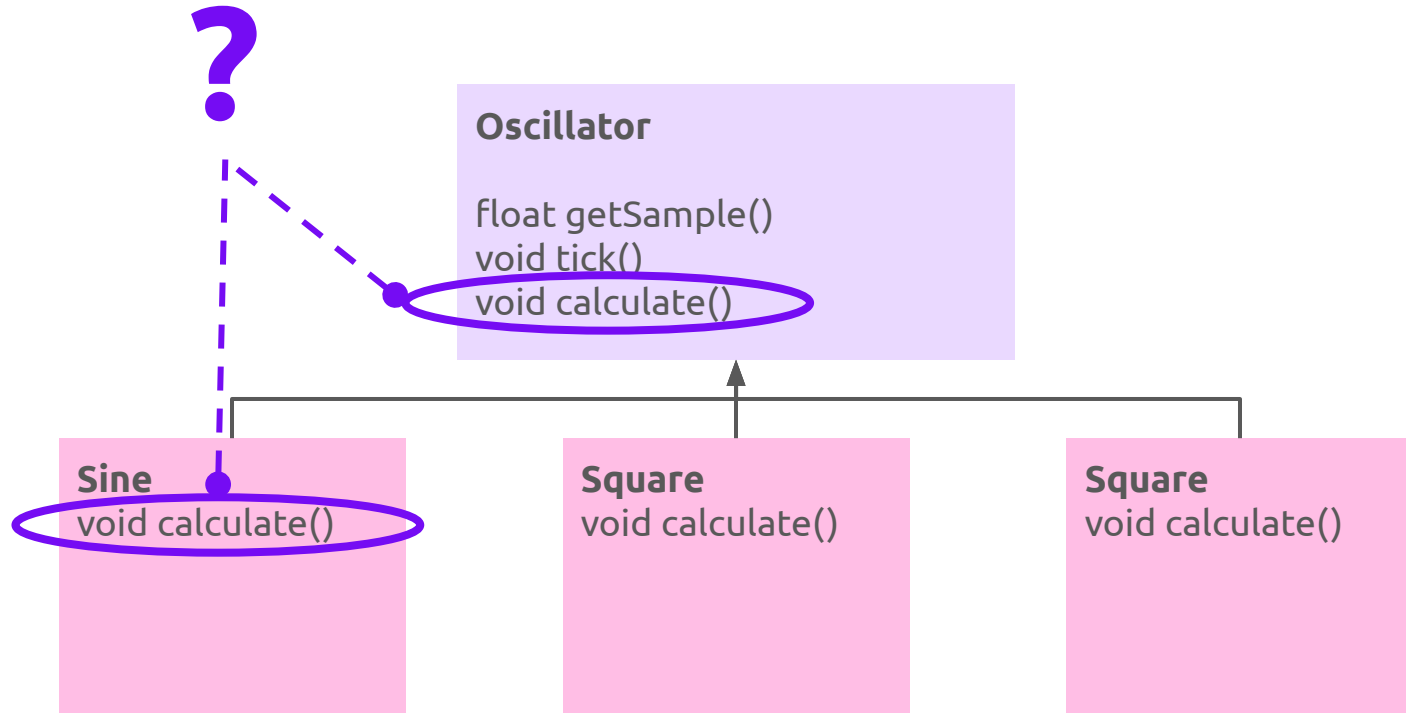
## Square

```
void calculate()
```

## Square

```
void calculate()
```





## Oscillator

```
float getSample()  
void tick()  
virtual void calculate()
```

## Virtual

*"Virtual functions are member functions whose behavior can be overridden in derived classes"*

<https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/virtual>

Sine

void calculate()

Square

void calculate()

Square

void calculate()

## Oscillator

```
float getSample()  
void tick()  
virtual void calculate() = 0;
```

## Abstract class

*"Abstract classes are used to **represent general concepts** (for example, Shape, Animal), which **can be used as base classes** for concrete classes (for example, Circle, Dog)."*

***No objects of an abstract class can be created** (except for base subobjects of a class derived from it) ..."*

[https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/abstract\\_class](https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/language/abstract_class)

## **Oscillator**

float getSample()

void tick()

virtual void calculate() = 0;

float sample

float phase

float freq

int samplerate

### **Sinea**

void calculate()

### **Square**

void calculate()

### **Square**

void calculate()

