

Inheritance

“Is a relationship”

Recap

- Difference between interpreted and compile language
- A c++ compiler, e.g. g++, compiles the code and creates an executable
- Each C++ application requires a main function
- A class ...
 - ... can be viewed as a blueprint for an object
 - ... contains members; methods (= function) and fields (= variables)
 - ... can be used as a type
- 'Has a relationship'; a class can contain fields (=variables).
 - Examples of standard types are int, float and char.
 - An example of a self defined type is a class. *E*

E.g. The class Speaker has a Tweeter and a Woofer object.

Recap

Speaker

Tweeter tweeter;
Woofer woofer

has a



Tweeter

float diameter;
float coilPosition;
...

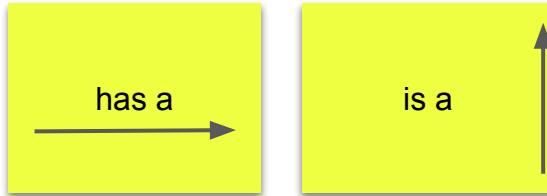
Woofer

float diameter
float coilPosition;
...

TEASER - “has a” vs. “is a”

1. Noteer op 1 kleur post-it
1 class per post-it!
 - Dog
 - Cat
 - Person
 - ElectronicDevice
 - Student
 - Teacher
 - Pet
 - Animal
 - Laptop
 - MobileDevice

2. Orden de post-its én
duid met een andere kleur
post-it de relatie:
 - “has a”
 - “is a”



3. Voeg ev. extra classes toe.

Dog

bark()
eat()
sleep()

Cat

climb()
eat()
sleep()

Dog

bark()
eat()
sleep()

Cat

climb()
eat()
sleep()

Duplicate code!

Dog

bark()
eat()
sleep()

Cat

climb()
eat()
sleep()

Duplicate code... is dat erg?

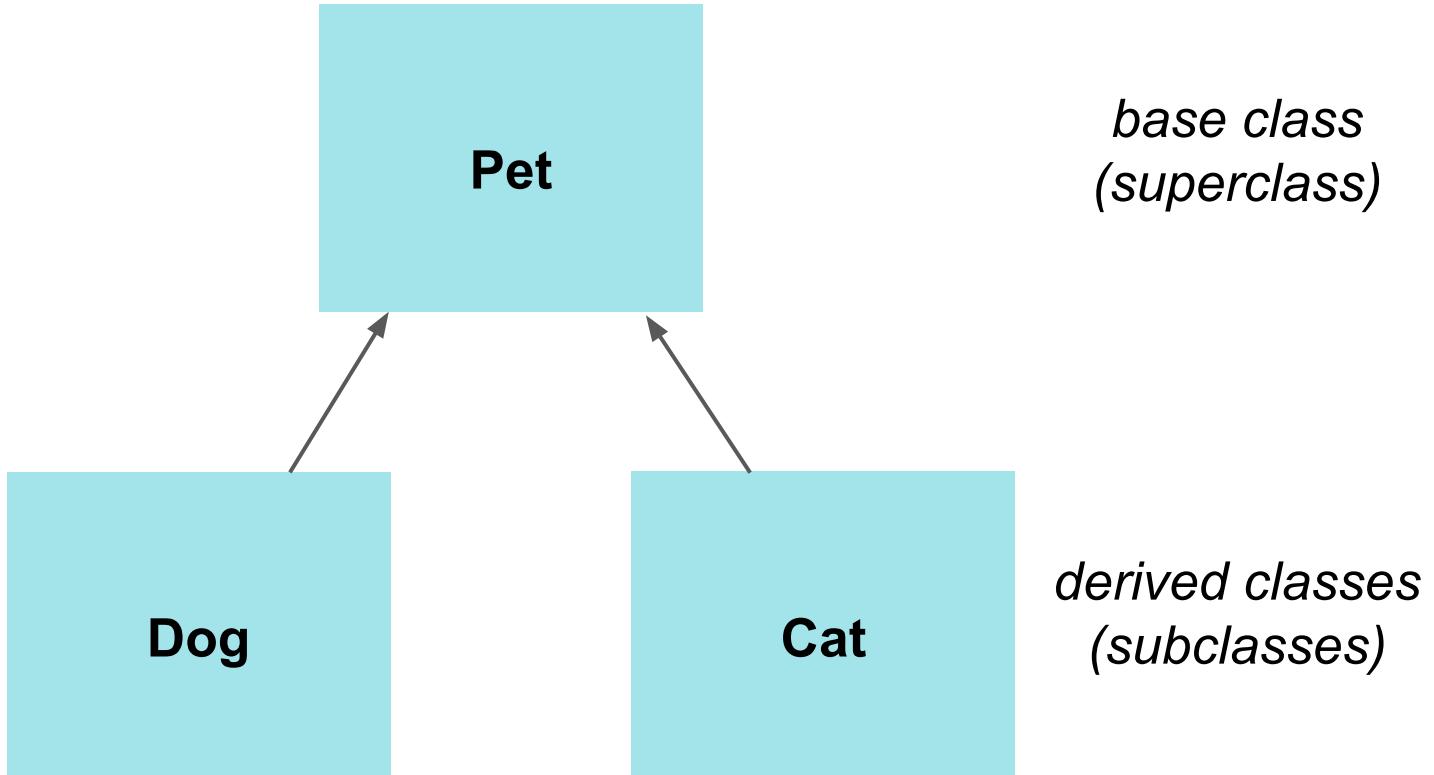
Dog

bark()
eat()
sleep()

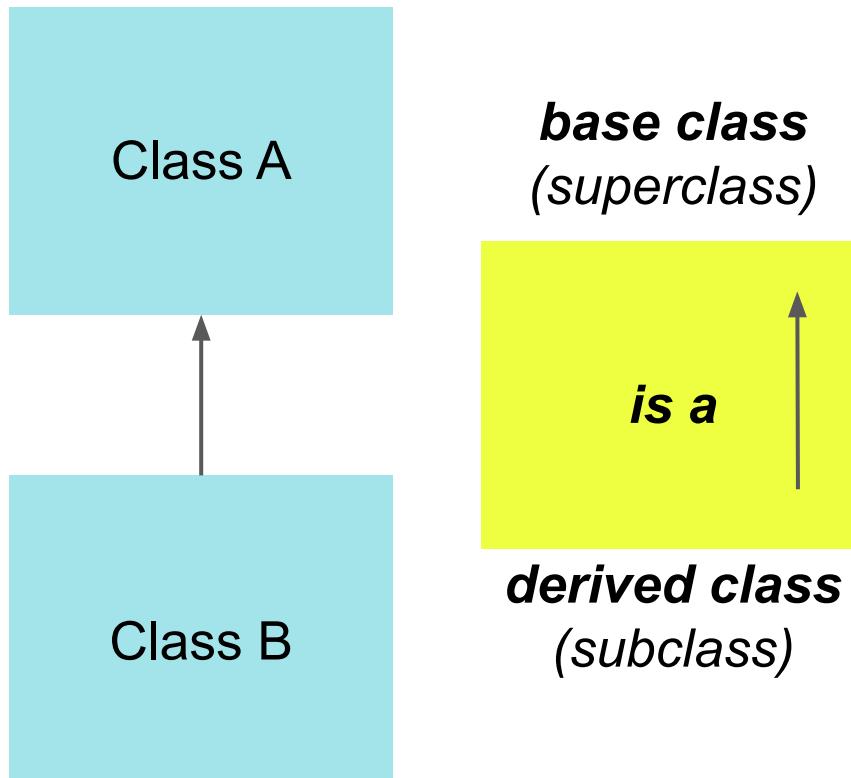
Cat

climb()
eat()
sleep()

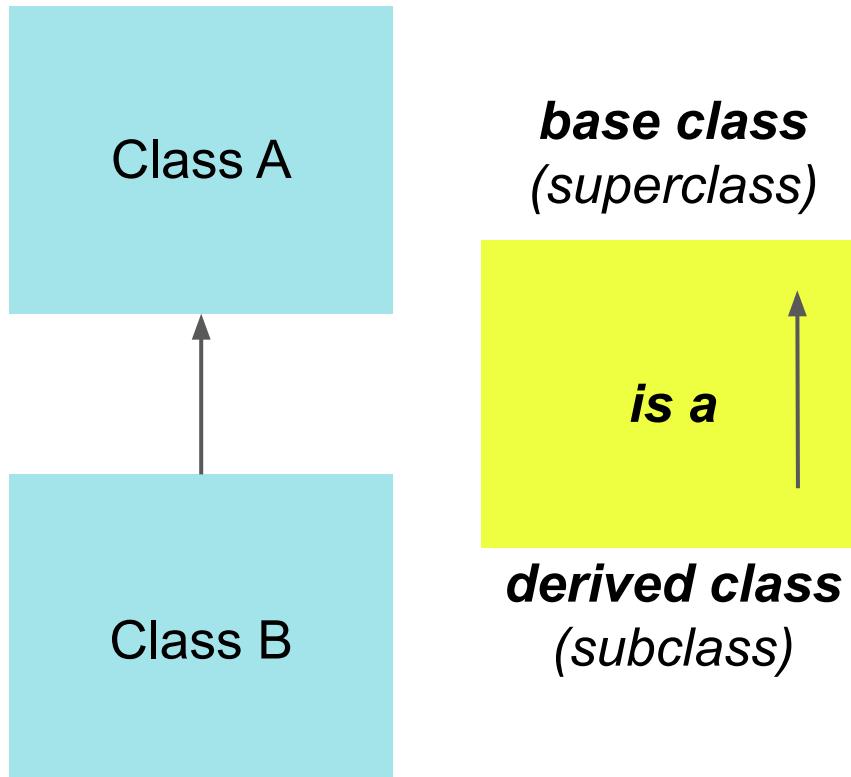
Inheritance



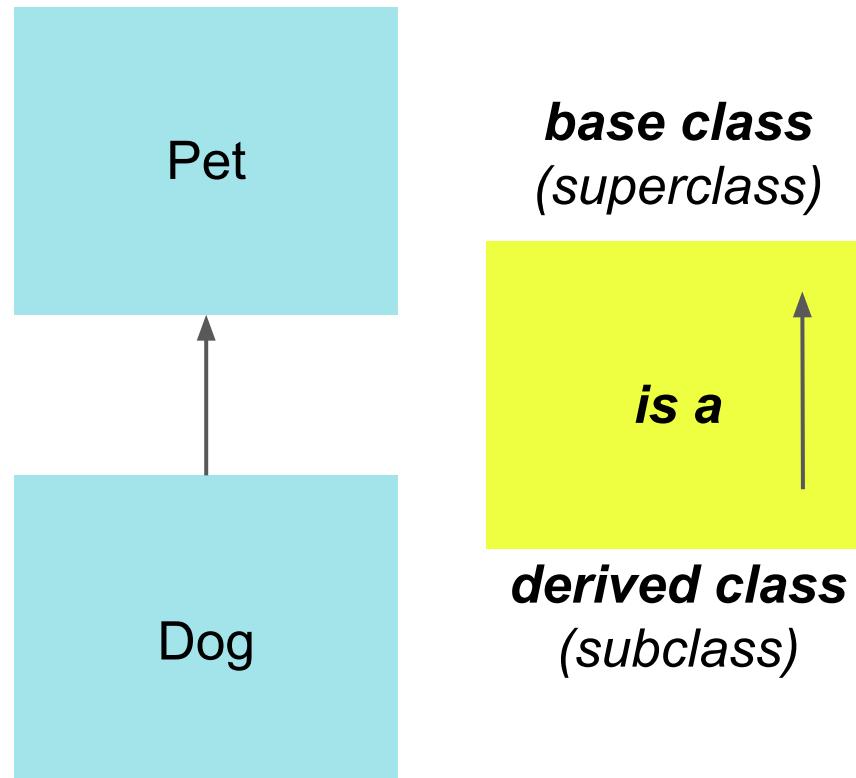
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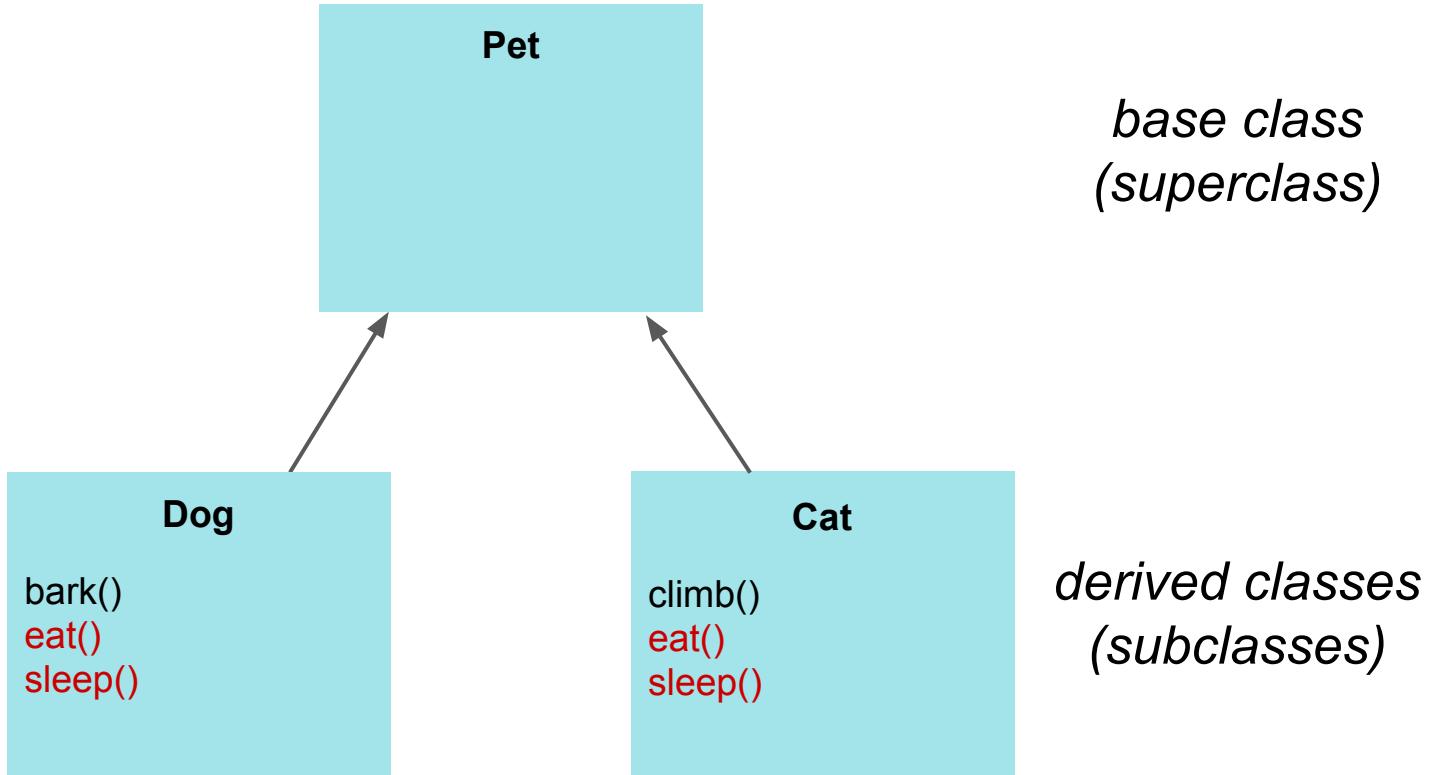
Waarom staat die pijl naar boven en niet naar beneden gericht?



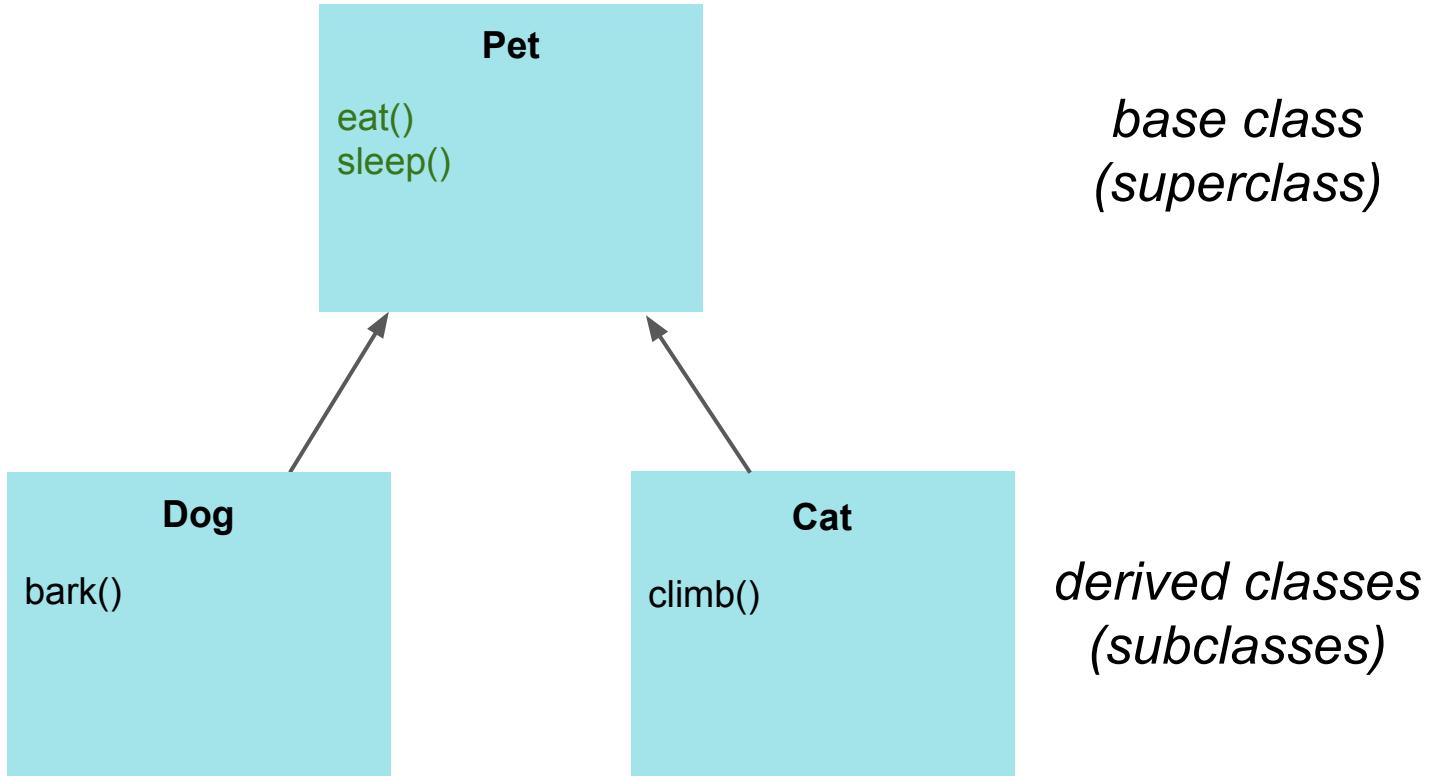
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Inheritance in een MT context

Synthesizer class voorbeeld

