

## 5-21 汇报

---

### VR视频投影

---

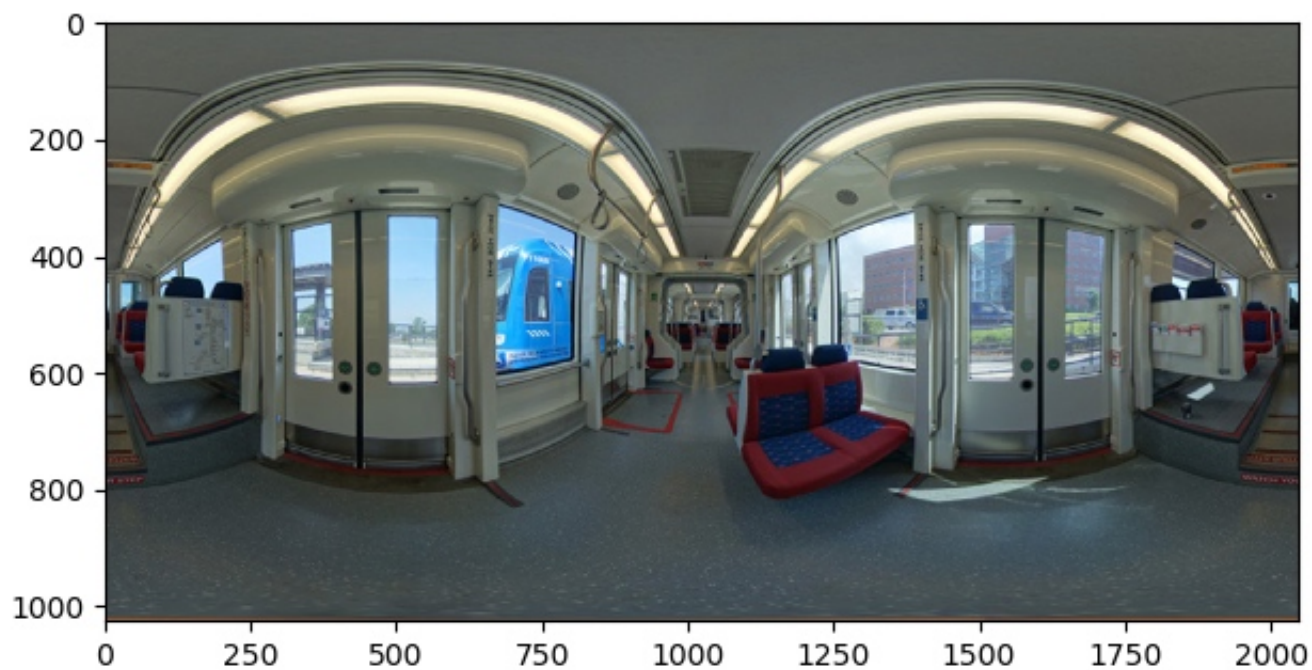
完成了 VideoFusionGPU VideoProjector

```
from VideoProjectorGPU.frame import frame_to_horizon
from frame import frame_from_horizon
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

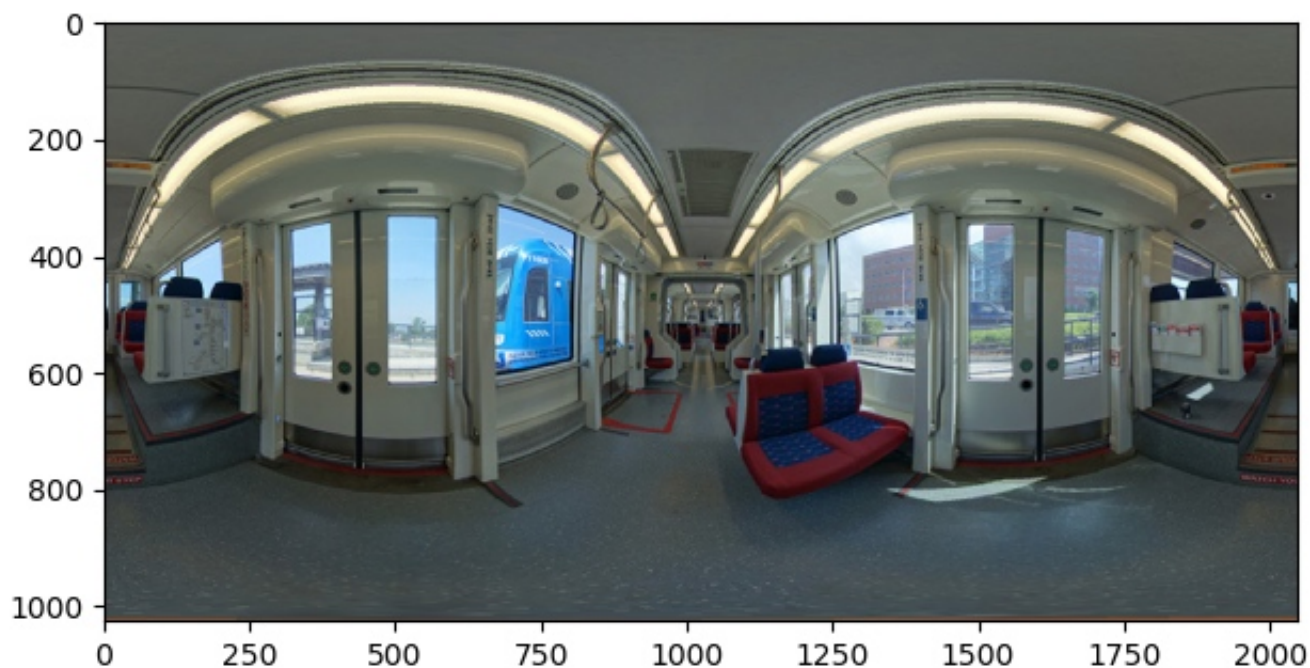
sample = './sample/001.png'
imgIn = np.array(Image.open(sample))
plt.imshow(imgIn)
plt.show()

f2h = frame_to_horizon(imgIn.shape)
img01 = f2h.render(imgIn)
plt.imshow(img01)
plt.show()

ffh = frame_from_horizon(img01.shape)
img02 = ffh.render(img01)
plt.imshow(img02)
plt.show()
```







因此可以将视频分6块传输，客户端拼接

使用GPU加速，理论最大速度可以达到拆分160fps/融合200fps（纯内存操作，不显示）

```
from VideoProjectorGPU.frame import frame_to_horizon
from frame import frame_from_horizon
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import time
```

```
sample = './sample/001.png'
imgIn = np.array(Image.open(sample))
f2h = frame_to_horizon(imgIn.shape)
```

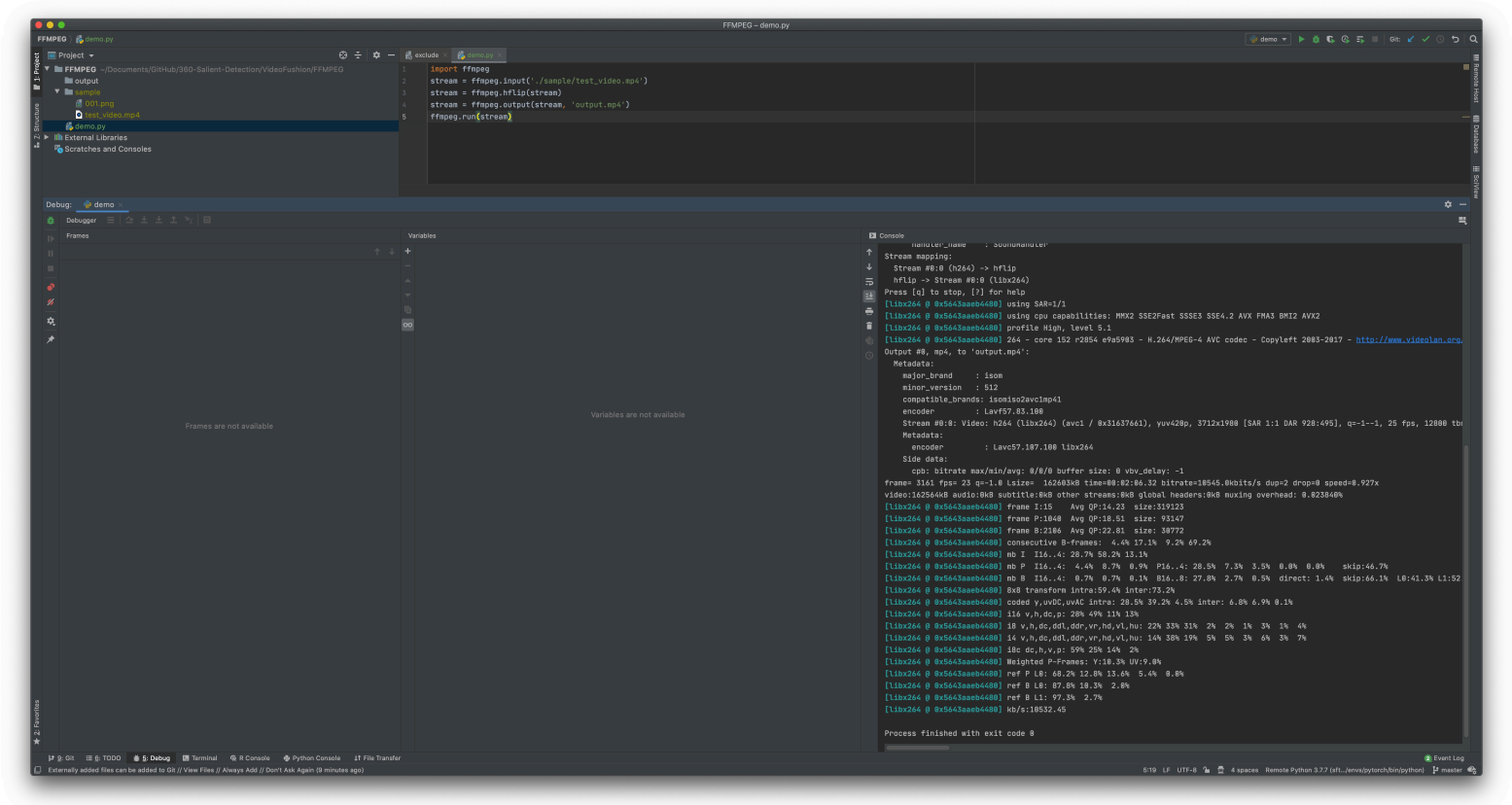
```
cnt = 0
start_time = time.time()
```

```
while True:
    img01 = f2h.render(imgIn)
    cnt += 1
```

```
if time.time() - start_time > 1:
    print("FPS: ", cnt / (time.time() - start_time))
    cnt = 0
    start_time = time.time()
```

- |                |                                   |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| lstm_server.py | 用flask包装并实现的一个restful api         |
| server.py      | 接受client上传的信号，每六十个合并一组，调用LSTM API |
| client.py      | 每秒向发送三十次伪造的头部朝向信息                 |

server 和 client使用了多进程解耦收发操作  
lstm\_server 也可以使用WSGI进行包装实现并发



<https://github.com/NVIDIA/VideoProcessingFramework>