



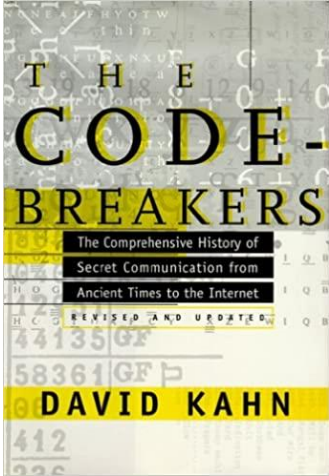
Introductory notes

Gianluca Dini
Dept. of Ingegneria dell'Informazione
University of Pisa
gianluca.dini@unipi.it
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Historical perspective



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Don't invent your own crypto, but
use well-established ones

Applied Cryptography

secret writing

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Why are secrets so important?

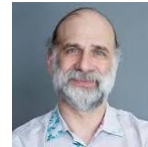
- Because they are everywhere
 - Secure communication
 - Web traffic: HTTPS
 - Wireless traffic: 802.11i WPA2, GSM, Bluetooth
 - Encrypting files on disks
 - EFS, TrueCrypt
 - Content protection
 - DVD (CSS); Blu-ray (AACs)
 - User authentication
 - Pwd, 2FA,...
 - ...and much more

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Why “applied” cryptography?

- Don’t invent your own crypto-but use well-established ones
- *“Anyone who tries to create his or her own cryptographic primitive is either a genius or a fool. Given the genius/fool ratio of our species, the odds aren't very good.”* — [Bruce Schneier, Secrets and Lies: Digital Security in a Networked World](#)



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Why “applied” cryptography?

- Use cryptography as a building block
- We will learn to
 - Understand and use crypto-primitives
 - Ciphers, hash functions, digital signatures, key exchange
 - Reason about security
 - Whether and why primitives and protocols are secure
 - Analyze, design and implement protocols
 - Authentication protocols
 - Key management protocols
 - Crypto-protocols in general

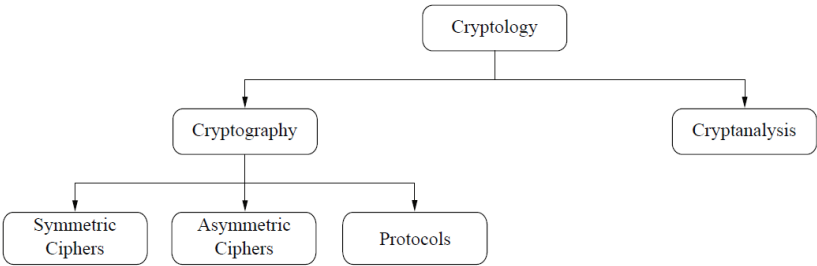
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Cryptology



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The adversary

- There is an *intelligent* adversary, with an *objective*, *resources* and *abilities*



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A security engineer thinks differently

- Unfair competition against the adversary
- Security vs. performance and usability
- What's the ROI?
- Devil hides in details

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What does “security” mean?

- Many very smart, highly motivated people tried to break it but couldn't
- There are 834 quadrillions possible keys so it must be secure
- Here is a mathematical proof, accepted by experts, that shows it is secure
- Here is a strong argument why breaking it is as hard as solving a problem we believe is hard

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Things to remember

- Cryptography is
 - a very useful tool
 - the basis for many mechanisms
- Cryptography is not
 - “the silver bullet” for all security problems
 - Software bugs, social engineering
 - reliable if not designed, implemented and used properly
 - WEP, Heartbleed,...
 - Something you should try to invent yourself

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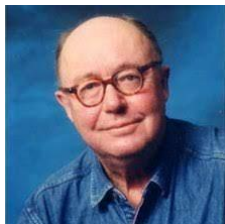
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Cryptography isn't the silver bullet

- *“Whoever thinks his problem can be solved using cryptography, doesn't understand his problem and doesn't understand cryptography.”* – Attributed by [Roger Needham](#) and [Butler Lampson](#) to each other



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The Clusit Report



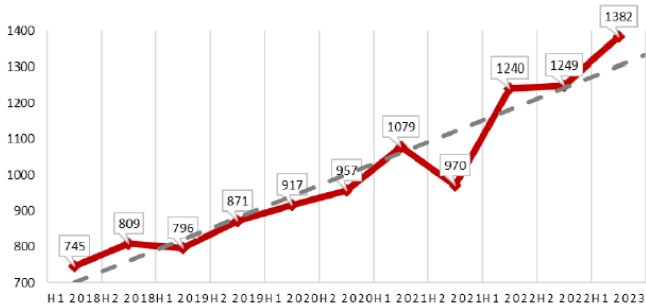
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Number of attacks 2018 – 2024



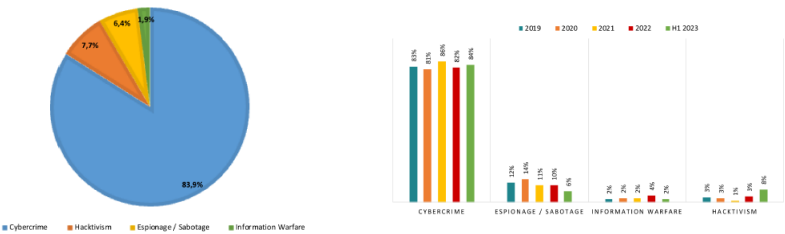
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Who are the adversaries?



84% is cybercrime, i.e., attackers for money

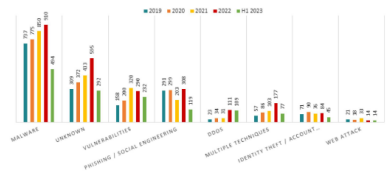
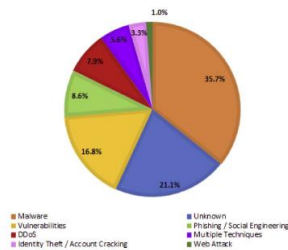
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Who are the victims?



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What are the attack techniques?



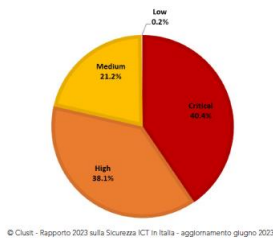
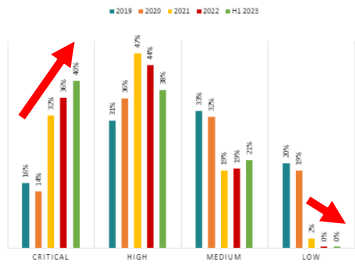
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What is the severity of attacks?



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