# Citcon UPI WebSDK

Version 0.2.1

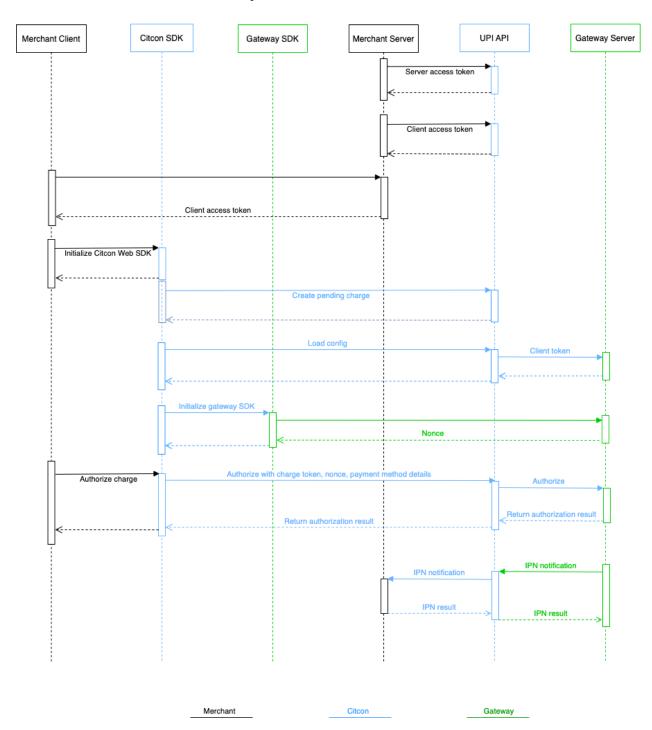
Version No.	Modify Activity	Modify Description	Editor	Modify Date
0.1.0	Creation	Paypal & Venmo Support	Long Zhou	2022-05-04
0.2.0	TOSS	Add Toss Support	Long Zhou	2022-06-28
0.2.1	Phase 1 Patch	Move Pay now button to individual Payment Method	Long Zhou	2022-06-28

## 1. Introduction

Citcon UPI SDK was designed for online merchants to integrate Citcon payment solutions effortlessly into their own app. By using the SDK, merchant developers can focus on business logic without having to understand the plumbing of payment transactions. This version of the SDK supports PayPal , Venmo.

# 2. Payment Flow

#### Payment Initiated from Web SDK



### 3. Integration Steps

As an example, this guide uses jQuery framework for frontend and PHP /JAVA for backend. You can use you own programming language to do your project

Please Note:

Citcon UPI has two kinds of access token, one is client access token, which has inquiry and charge permissions. This is the correct access token for WebSDK / Mobile SDK use.

The other one is server access token, which has full permissions: inquiry, charge, refund, capture, vault.

In Citcon WebSDK. Only client access token is needed.

### Step 1: Load Core JS in html page

Load Web SDK core at the bottom of the html page, for example before </body> or after </html>. You can either use the latest version or specify a version

UAT

```
<script
src="https://cdn.uat01.citconpay.com/latest/core/citconpay.core.js"></scri
pt>
```

Version base

```
<script
src="https://cdn.uat01.citconpay.com/v0.2.2/core/citconpay.core.js"></scri
pt>

Production

<script
src="https://cdn.citconpay.com/latest/core/citconpay.core.js"></script>

Version base

<script
src="https://cdn.citconpay.com/v0.2.2/core/citconpay.core.js"></script>
For version history, please refer: Qupi_websdk_demo/history.md at main ·
long2934/upi_websdk_demo
```

Step 2: Create access token and pending charge from server back end

#### Frontend Sample Code:

```
$.ajax({
    url: merchantUrl + '?action=create_transaction',
    type:'post',
    dataType: 'json',
    data: JSON.stringify({
      reference: transaction_reference,
      totalAmount: parseInt($("#txtAmount").val()),
      currency: $("#currency").val(),
      countryCode:$("#country").val()
}),
```

```
success:function(resp){
  console.log('create pending transaction...' + JSON.stringify(resp));
  if(resp.status === 'success'){
    access_token = resp.data.access_token;
    chargeToken = resp.data.charge_token;
    transactionId = resp.data.transaction_id;
  }else{
    console.log(resp.data);
  }
},
  async:false
});
```

This only PHP / JAVA sample code, you may need to implement by your own

For back end, only thing you need to do is create a http function call Citcon UPI API to create the pending charge, you may need merchant key which you get from Citcon.

#### **UPI API url**

```
Sandbox: https://api.sandbox.citconpay.com/v1
```

Production: https://api.citconpay.com/v1

#### Step 1 is create an access token from merchant key

```
PHP code sample
```

```
function get_access_token(){
    $data = array(
        "token_type" => "client"
);
    $url = API_URL .'/access-tokens';

//xxxx is your merchant private key which get from citcon
```

```
$resp =
do_http_post_with_token($url, 'xxxx', json_encode($data));
    return $resp;
}
Java code sample
public AccessTokenResponse getAccessToken(){
        String url = Const.getUPIUrl(usingSandbox) +
"/access-tokens";
        String data = "{\n \"token_type\": \"client\"}";
        String resp = callUPIAPI(url,merchantKey,data);
        AccessTokenResponse accessTokenResponse
Gson().fromJson (resp, AccessTokenResponse.class);
        return accessTokenResponse;
  }
Here the token type is "client". There are two kinds of token types: client and server. The
difference is permission. client usually use for WebSDK & MobileSDK
The Response body for this step, will like this sample
{
    "status": "success",
    "app": "citcon_upi",
    "version": "v0.1.1",
    "data": {
        "access_token":
"UPI_eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJuYW11IjoiYnJhaW50cm
VlIiwiaWF0IjoxNjU4NTc1NzM0LCJleHAi0jE2NjAzMjA3MDkyMjF9.mM0cVF5_-
I8UGfkYhaW39mQjsUlSwKhYSMGs8RYGdkY",
```

#### Step 2 is create the pending charge from the access token

```
PHP code sample
function create_pending_transaction($token){
    $json = file_get_contents('php://input');
    $json_data = json_decode($json,true);
    $urls = array (
        "ipn_url" => "https://dev.citconpay.com",
        "success_url" => "https://dev.citconpay.com",
        "fail_url" => "https://dev.citconpay.com",
        "mobile_url" => "https://dev.citconpay.com"
);
    $transaction = array(
        "reference" => $json_data['reference'],
        "amount"=> $json_data['totalAmount'],
        "currency"=> $json_data['currency'],
        "auto_capture"=> false,
```

```
"country"=> $json_data['countryCode'],
            "urls"=> $urls
    );
    $data_array['transaction'] = $transaction;
    $data = json_encode($data_array);
    $url = API_URL .'/charges';
    $resp = do_http_post_with_token($url,$token,$data);
    return $resp;
}
Jave code sample
    public PendingChargeData getPendingCharge(String
reference, String amount, String currency, String
countryCode,String token){
        String data = "{";
        data = data +"\"transaction\": {";
        data = data +"\"reference\": \""+reference+"\".";
        data = data +"\"amount\": "+ amount+",";
        data = data +"\"currency\": \""+currency+"\",";
        data = data +"\"country\": \"" + countryCode +"\",";
        data = data +"\"auto_capture\": false,";
        data = data +"\"urls\": {";
        data = data +"\"ipn\": \"http://ipn.com\",";
        data = data +"\"success\": \"http://success.com\",";
        data = data +"\"fail\": \"http://fail.com\",";
        data = data +"\"mobile\": \"http://mobile.com\",";
        data = data +"\"cancel\": \"http://cancel.com\"";
        data = data +"}";
        data = data +"}";
        data = data +"}";
        System.out.println(data);
        String url = Const.getUPIUrl(usingSandbox) + "/charges";
        String resp = callUPIAPI(url,token,data);
```

```
PendingChargeRespone pendingChargeRespone = new
Gson().fromJson(resp, PendingChargeRespone.class);
         return pendingChargeRespone.getData();
  }
Here the IPN (Instant Payment Notify) url is the url which you want to get the result
from Citcon UPI.
This Step response body will looks like
{
   "status": "success",
   "data":{
      "charge_token": "5412428009ca11edbeec5dd5c069f366",
      "transaction_id":"4000033920223962677253",
"access_token":"UPI_eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJuYW1
lIjoiYnJhaW50cmVlIiwiaWF0IjoxNjU4NTAwMDEwLCJleHAiOjE2NjAyNDQ5MTA
0MDB9.gIF-jo1_-KUY43UeHPtN5wFQDgyMks2-LrSC5TKtZaI"
   }
}
for fully demo code, please download from here GitHub -
```

Step 3: Initialize WebSDK Core with access token

long2934/upi\_websdk\_demo: Demo for UPI WebSDK

Add a element in the HTML file to host WebSDK widgets, such as

```
<div id="citcon-client-container"></div>
```

Web SDK then can mount a widget.

#### Sample code

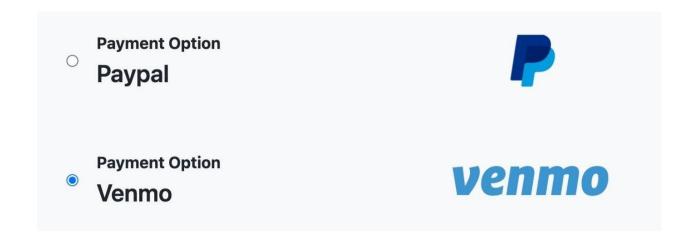
```
// the payment method is what the merchant chose at onboarding.
let paymentMethodArray =['paypal','venmo'];
let defaultPaymentMethod = 'paypal';
const configObj = {
 accessToken: access token,
 environment: 'uat', ///uat/prod, This is optional. default is production
 debug: true, // true/false, This is optional. default is false
 consumerID: "18000"
};
citconpay.client.core(configObj).then( clientInstance=>{
 console.log('Init SDK...' + JSON.stringify(clientInstance));
 // mount UI
 // class name is css class, you can define your own class at your style sheet
 citconInstance = clientInstance;
  clientInstance.mount('#citcon-client-container',{
   classname: 'payment-method-select-component',
   paymentMethods: paymentMethodArray,
   selectedPaymentMethod: defaultPaymentMethod,
 }, sdkUIDidInitialized).then(function(instance) {
   console.log('instance ...' + JSON.stringify(instance));
  //Do Events Register after WebSDK core init complete
   registerEvents();
 }).catch(error=>{
   console.log(' mount error:' + JSON.stringify(error));
 });
}).catch(error=>{
 console.log(' Init SDK error:' + JSON.stringify(error));
});
function sdkUIDidInitialized(e){
console.log(' sdk ui initialized .....' + JSON.stringify(e));
}
```

### Step 4: Register event listeners

Supported events include the following:

1.payment-method-selected

This event is triggered when consumer clicks on the Radio Button



2.payment-method-submitted

This event is triggered when consumer clicks the "Pay Now" button

3.payment-status-changed

This event is triggered when payment is completed. It calls back the listener with payment results.

Sample Return Object in JSON:

```
Success:
 "status":"success",
 "data":{
     "object":"charge",
     "id":"da949a90cb1011ecb9a3550ac676a90f",
     "reference":"0wqd3i0s5p8483q62f5x",
     "amount":180,
     "amount_captured":null,
     "amount_refunded":null,
     "currency":"USD",
     "time_created":1651603379000,
     "time_captured":null,
     "auto_capture":false,
     "status": "authorized",
     "country":"US",
     "payment":{
      "method":"paypal"
     }
 }
fail:
{
    "status":"fail",
    "data":{
        "code":xxxx,
        "message":"xxxxx",
     }
```

}

#### Sample Code:

```
function registerEvents(){
 citconInstance.on('payment-method-selected', function (e) {
   console.log('Inside `payment-method-select` ......... + JSON.stringify(e));
  //Do you code here
 });
  citconInstance.on('payment-method-submitted', function(e) {
  // UI Event
  // For those payment method Popup Or Redirect, Sucha as Paypal, Venmo
  // merchant handles selection of payment methods through Citcon's UI
   console.log('....paynow..click.....');
   $("body").addClass("loading");
   const requestOptions ={
      payment: {
        chargeToken:chargeToken,
        countryCode:$("#country").val(),
        transactionReference: transaction reference
      },
      billing address: {
        street: $("#address").val(),
        street2:$("#address2").val(),
        city: $("#txtCity").val(),
        state: $("#state").val(),
        zip: $("#zip").val(),
        country: $("#country").val()
      },
      consumer:{
        id:"18000",
        reference: "consumer_test_1",
        firstName: $("#firstName").val(),
        lastName: $("#lastName").val(),
```

```
phone: $("#phone").val(),
        email: $("#email").val(),
      }
    }
citconInstance.onPaymentMethodSubmitted(e.paymentMethod,requestOptions).then(rest=>{
      console.log('pay now click, return..' + JSON.stringify(rest));
     }).catch(error=>{
      $("body").removeClass("loading");
      console.log('pay now click, error..' + JSON.stringify(error));
     });
 });
  //on payment status change, this is the event for charge result
 //status: status, status will return "success" or "failed"
 //retObj: retObj
 citconInstance.on('payment-status-changed', function(e) {
   const status = e.status;
   const res = e.retObj;
   console.log('payment-status-change status..' + status + JSON.stringify(res));
   if(status == 'success'){
    //payment success
    // do your code here....
   }else{
     $("body").removeClass("loading");
     if (res.code === 'VENMO CANCELED') {
      console.log('App is not available or user aborted payment flow');
     } else if (res.code === 'VENMO APP CANCELED') {
      console.log('User canceled payment flow');
     } else {
      console.log('An error occurred:', res.message);
 });
```

# Additional functions

# **Charge inquiry**

You can use this function to inquire charge status

### Sample code

```
$("body").addClass("loading");
console.log('inquire order... id=' + transactionId);
citconInstance.inquire(transactionId).then(resp=>{
    console.log('inquire...return' + JSON.stringify(resp));
    $("body").removeClass("loading");
}).catch(error=>{
    console.log('inquire order error...' +
JSON.stringify(error));
    $("body").removeClass("loading");
});
```