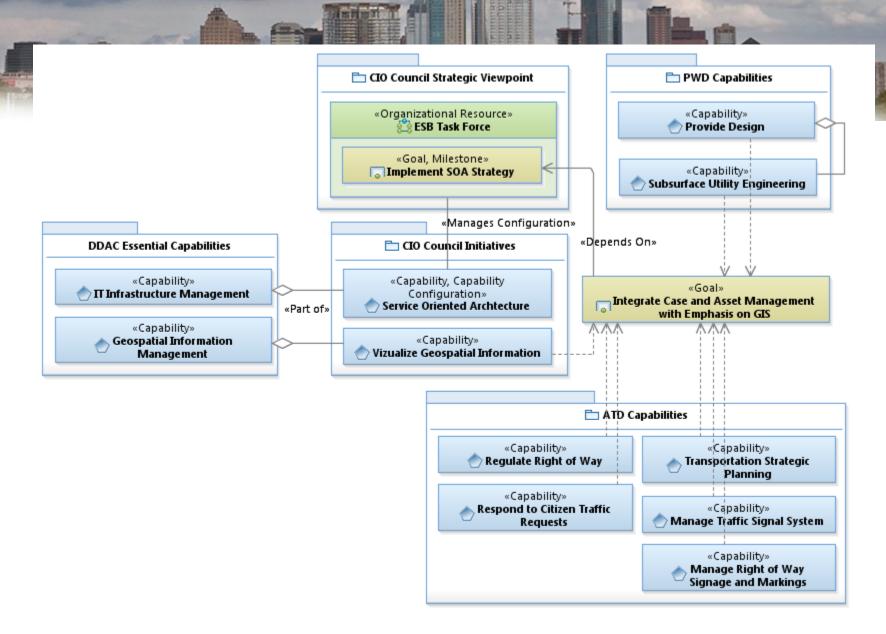


Overview of Enterprise Architecture Artifacts

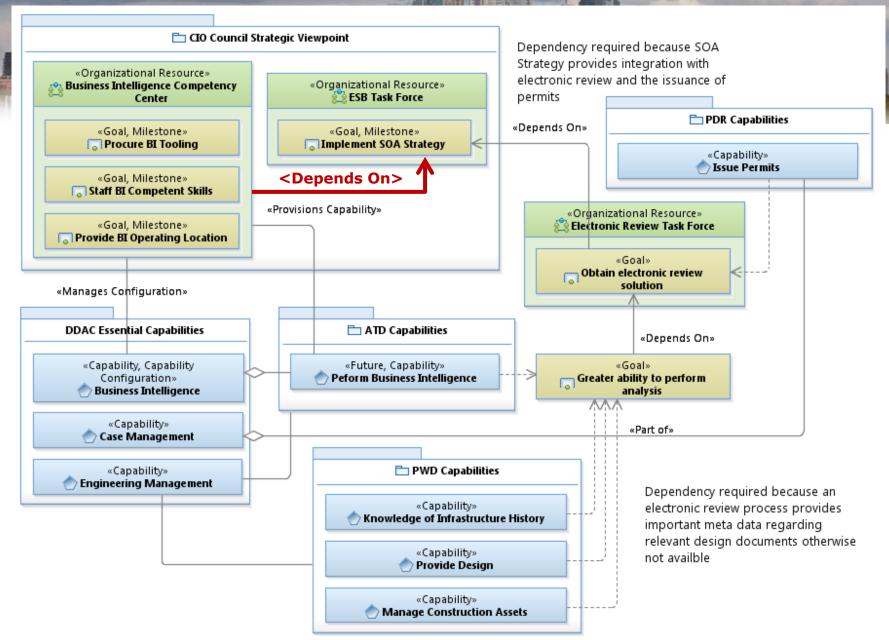
Rob Byrd rob.byrd@austintexas.gov

EA Identifies Common Eler Goal setting... Concentration and Dependency Analysis «Goal» Establish and enforce design and d «Capability» standards Transportation Strategic Planning «Goal» «Capability» Identify comprehensive plans and Manage Traffic Signal System history about infrastructure assets based on geospatial information «Capability» Manage Right of Way Signage «Goal» Provide better integrated planning and and Markings project management Has the greatest need Needs «Goal» Obtain electronic review solution «Capability» Manage Parking Assest «Goal» **Provides the greatest** «Capability» solution Regulate Vehicles for Hire «Goai» ntegrate Case and Asset Management «Capability» with Emphasis on GIS Regulate Right of Way «Depends On» «Goal» «Capability» Cost estimation based on historical Regulate Special Events project bid data Significantly «Goal» contributes to goal Public Works Greater ability to perform analysis Depends On» «Goal» «Future, Capability» Enhanced data capture and analysis, Peform Business Intelligence with an emphasis on GIS and spatial techniques

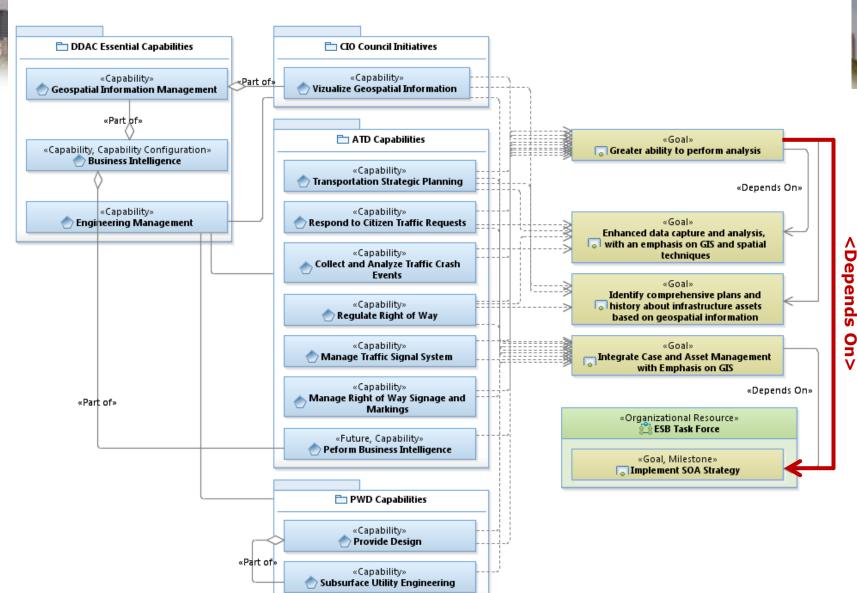
Requirements Analysis Example 1



Requirements Analysis Example 2



Geospatial Information System Business Needs



EA – Part of Governance

Business Need Statement

Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)

Use common enterprise-wide systems and share available information

1. Dept: Multiple Departments

2. Sponsor: CIO Council

3. Need Description:

An enterprise service bus (ESB) is an architecture model used for designing and implementing the interaction and communication between mutually interacting software applications in a service-oriented architecture (SOA). SOA is a software architecture model for distributed computing. It is a variant of the more general client-server software architecture model and promotes agility and flexibility concerning communication and interaction between city applications. Its primary use is in enterprise application integration (EAI) of heterogeneous and complex IT

4. Legal/Regulatory Requirement: ☑ No ☐ Yes

5. Leveraging Essential IT Capabilities

- A. Engineering Management
- B. Financial Management C. Geospatial Information Management
- ☑ D. Human Capital Management
- F. Mobile Operations Management
- H. Business Intelligence Management
- ☑ J. Citizen Engagement □ K. Communications Management

6. Support for Imagine Austin Plan:

Please check all that apply

- A. Grow as a compact and connected city
- □ B. Integrate nature into the city C. Provide paths to prosperity for all
- □ D. Develop an affordable and healthy community
 □ E. Sustainably manage water, energy and environment
 ☑ F. Think creatively and work together.

7. Solution Expectations:

 Both Austin Energy (AE) and Austin Water Utility (AWU) have successfully employed an ESB. They are excited with the results and requested CTM to expand their future development activities to include SOA solutions. AWU volunteered the use of their ESB to reduce ownership cost and increase infrastructure managed integration citywide.

Many of the city's IT point-to-point solutions have increased the scale of complexity to dangerous levels with growing future risks. Nearly all DDAC Essential Capabilities benefit from a well-deployed ESB service. With an ESB solution, we can monitor and control message exchanges between services, resolve contention between service components, better control system deployment and versioning, drastically reduce redundant services, perform data transformation for business intelligence, increase enterprise security controls, and enforce information quality.

8. Financial Benefits:

- Revenue increase (annual) One-time revenue increase Ongoing cost avoidance (annual) >\$1,000,000 One-time cost avoidance
- 9. Support for "Best Managed":
- Today, CTM employs point-to-point solutions to integrate citywide applications. This leads to interface solutions that prohibit service reuse. As a result, integration is very expensive and hard to maintain. For example, many interfaces require rewrite after an application upgrade. One of the primary advantages of an ESB is that it gives you a standardized platform for integration. When everyone is using the same tools, we can develop enterprise-wide frameworks, patterns and best practices for building re-usable services. Without a unifying platform, we get a divergence of integration methods, which leads to inconsistency and higher cost of integration and change. Therefore, an ESB platform helps with design-time governance leading to best managed
- The citywide IT Strategy FY2011 calls for adoption of a Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) to support reusability, simplify development and maintenance
- AE and AWU have successful ESB solutions these organizations are unable to tap into CTM services.
- ESB lays the foundation for both business intelligence and future mobility applications.

10. Department Support:

 Both AE and AWU have committed their support to assist CTM in an ESB rollout.

11. Service Group Executive support: This capability CIO Council's 1st priority.

establishes

«Organizational Resource» ESB Task Force

«Goal, Milestone» Implement SOA Strategy



Attendee List:

Barrett, Phil < Phil.Barrett@austintexas.gov> Barta, Josh <Josh,Barta@austinenergy.com> Brown, Aaron <Aaron.Brown2@austintexas.gov> Byrd, Rob <rob.byrd@austintexas.gov> Calabrese, Joe <Joe.Calabrese@austintexas.gov> Esquibel, Matthew < Matthew. Esquibel@austintexas.gov > Ficke, Bill <Bill.Ficke@austintexas.gov> Gangidi, Sekhar <Sekhar.Gangidi@austintexas.gov> Hutton, Steve <Steve.Hutton@austintexas.gov> Jackson, Wesley < Wesley. Jackson@austintexas.gov > Karimi, Kamran <Kamran.Karimi@austintexas.gov> Madrid, Jennifer < Jennifer. Madrid@austintexas.gov> Mills, Kevin <Kevin.Mills@austintexas.gov> Read, Jeremy <Jeremy.Read@austintexas.gov> Rincon, Joseph <Joseph.Rincon@austintexas.gov> Starks, Bill <Bill.Starks@austintexas.gov>

Organization

Austin Water Utility Austin Energy Enterprise Architecture Enterprise Architecture Austin 311 CTM Austin Water Utility CTM Austin Water Utility CTM - Public Safety

Austin Water Utility Austin Water Utility Austin Water Utility CTM

Austin 311

CTM

Title

Mgr Info System & Bus Entrprs Programmer Analyst Supervisor Senior Enterprise Architect Chief Enterprise Architect Manager

Internet Services & IT Apps Manager IT Systems Architect Database Administrator Supv Information Systems Division Manager IT Division Manager Programmer Analyst Supervisor Supv, Programmer Analyst Programmer Analyst Sr Supervisor, Programmer Analyst Programmer Analyst Supervisor

Courtesy Invite:

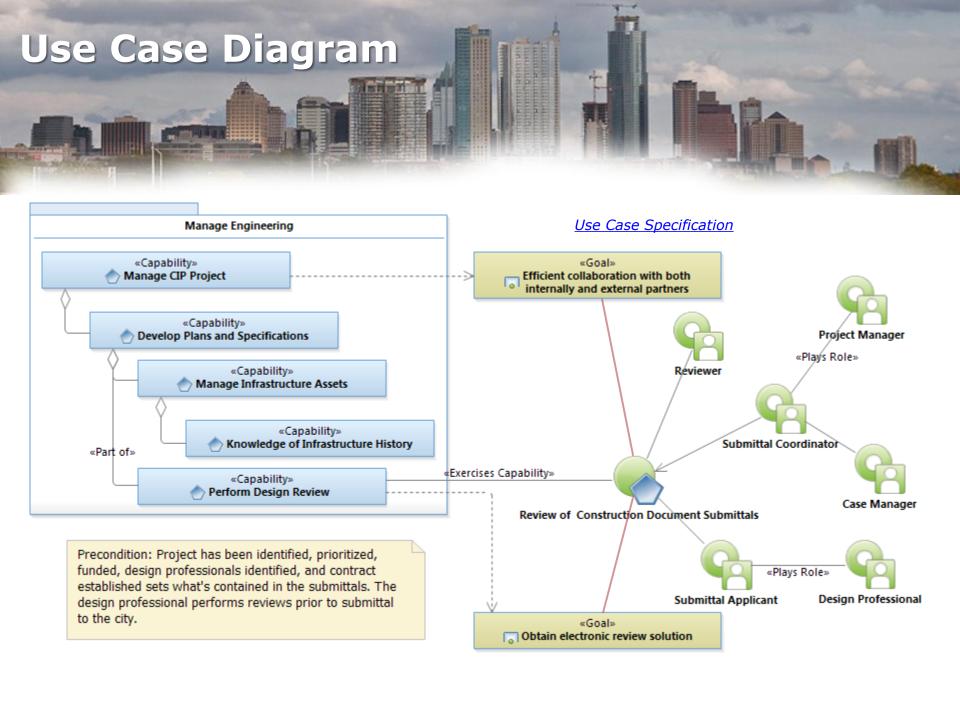
Bowmer, Brownlee <Brownlee.Bowmer@austintexas.gov> Claypool, Alan <Alan.Claypool@austinenergy.com> Elkins, Stephen <Stephen.Elkins@austintexas.gov> Hooper, Brian <Brian.Hooper@austintexas.gov> Hopingardner, Paul < Paul. Hopingardner@austintexas.gov > Pacatte, Leeanne < leeanne.pacatte@austintexas.gov>

Austin Water Utility Austin Energy City of Austin Austin Energy CTM

Chief Information Officer Chief Information Officer Chief Information Officer Sr. Business System Analyst Deputy CIO Public Safety Deputy CIO Business Applications Support

Business Systems Analyst Sr

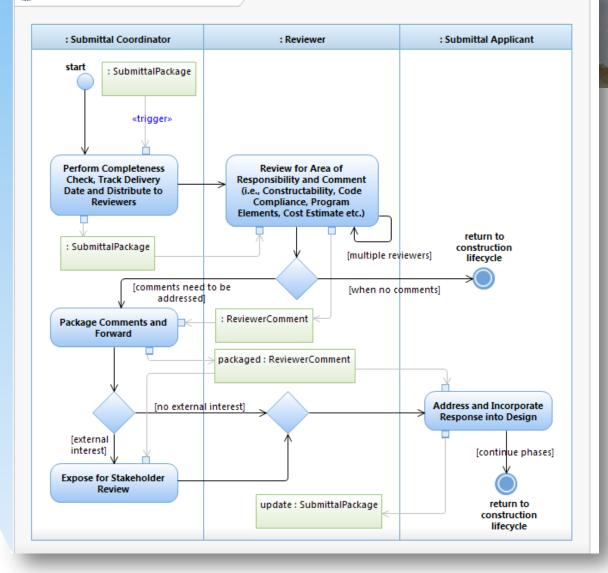
Identifying Common Process EA Identifies Common Elements «Goal» ATD Capabilities Greater ability to perform analysis «Future, Capability» Peform Business Intelligence «Capability» Manage Parking Assests «Capability» Manage Right of Way Signage Dependency due to the and Markings need for meta-data «Depends On» necessary for analysis «Capability» Manage Traffic Signal System **Use Case** contributes to «Capability» Respond to Citizen Needs Review of Construction Document Submittals «Capability» Respond to Citizen Traffic Requests «Exercises Capability» «Capability» «Goal» Collect and Analyze Traffic Crash Obtain electronic review solution Events «Capability» Regulate Vehicles for Hire PDR Capabilities «Capability» Regulate Right of Way PWD Capabilities «Capability» «Capability» Regulate Special Events Inspect Construction «Capability» Transportation Strategic Planning «Capability» Perform Design Review



Use Case Realization



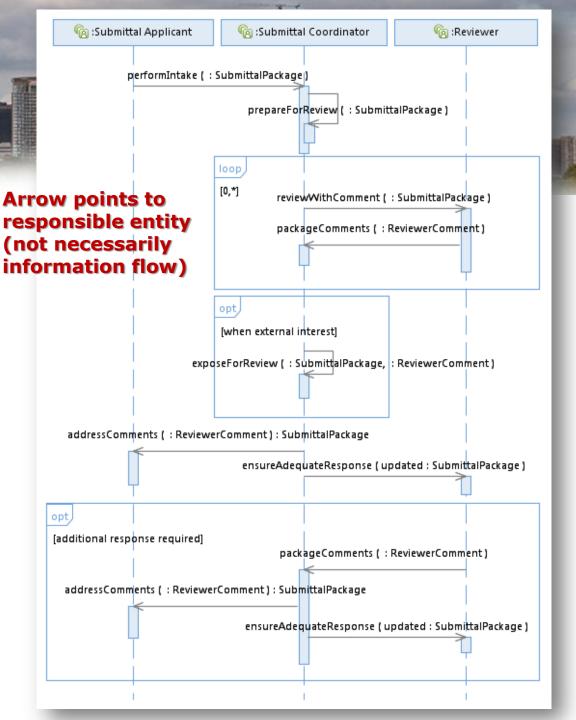
Review of Construction Document Submittals



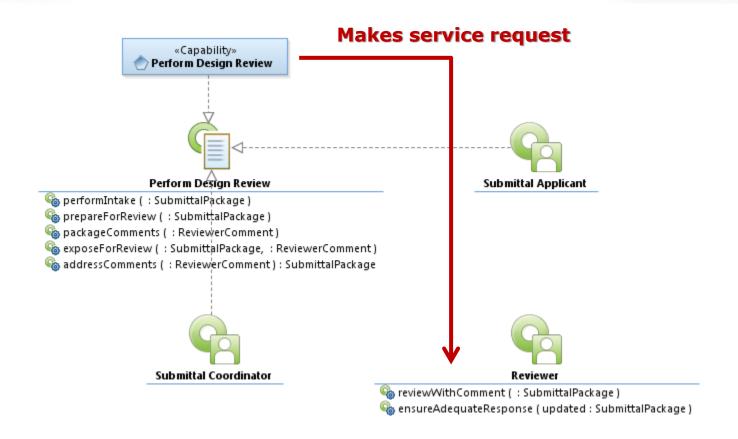
Interface Development

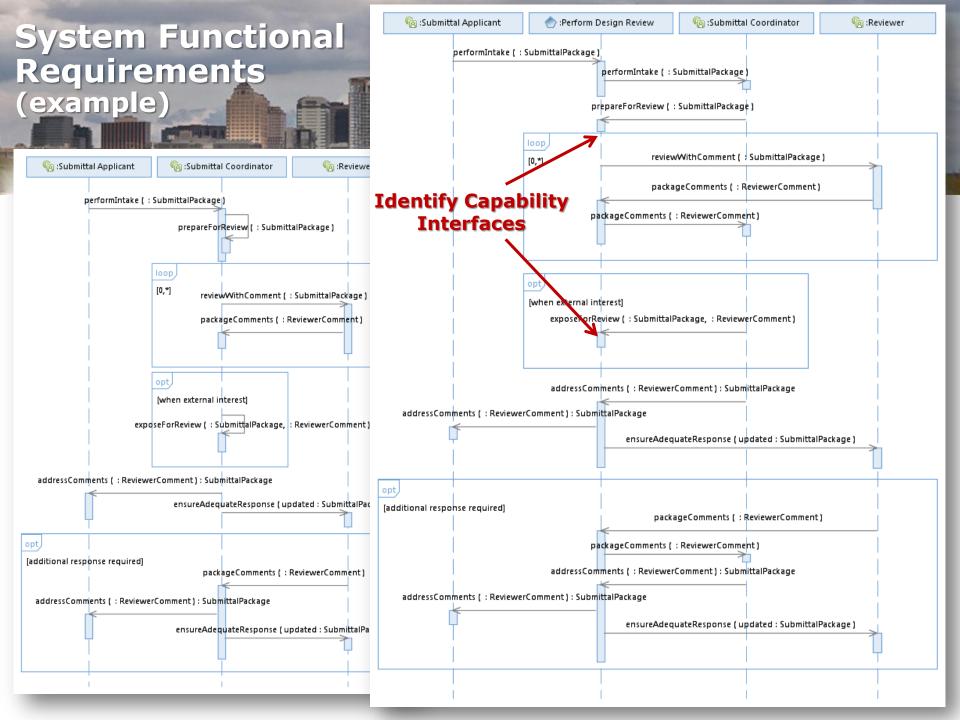


Review of Construction Document Submittals



Interface Realization and Specification Development



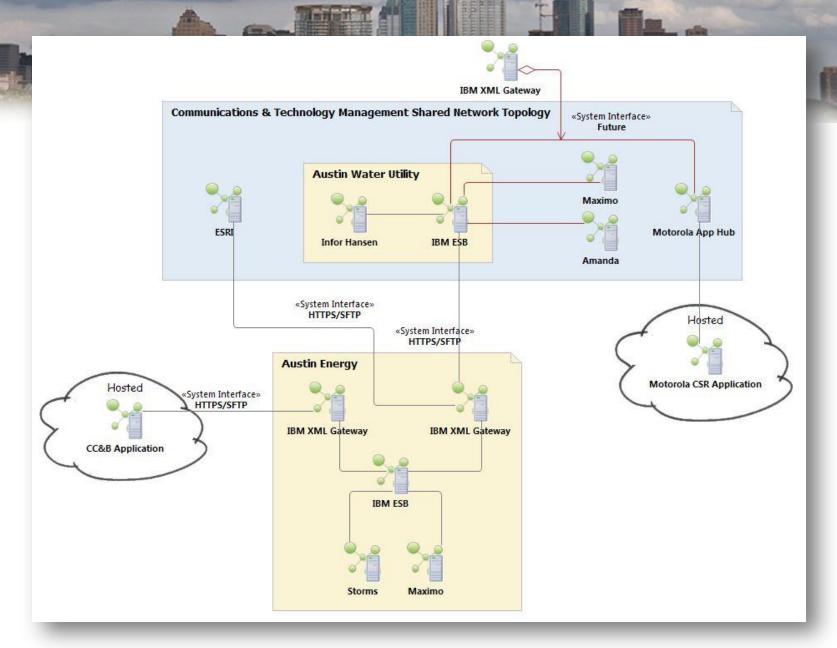




Future Electronic Review Process

Activity Name	Future Functional Requirement
Perform Completeness Check, Track Delivery Date and Distribute to Reviewers	Assisted using digital media, provides the ability to customize reviewers using templates, automatically provide date time stamping, edit standardized meta-data when appropriate, and ensure information is consistent with preceding submittals.
Review for Area of Responsibility and Comment (i.e., Constructability, Code Compliance, Program Elements, Cost Estimate etc.)	Using digital media, allow Reviewers to make digital, trackable (i.e., reviewer history, versions, etc.) comments overlaid on a digital package of the design views. Reviewer ensures adequate response
Package Comments and Forward	Electronically track comment status of Reviewers and provide means to consolidate comments for Submittal Applicant review.
Expose for Stakeholder Review	Provide electronic means to expose reviewer comments to external stakeholders.
Address and Incorporate Response into Design	The Submittal Applicant responds in an automated method to allow Reviewer confirmation of completeness of the solution.

Example UML/UPIA System Diagram





► Follow link to the <u>Austin Data Dictionary</u>



- Strategic Viewpoints provide a means to understand complex relationships – assists in decision-making – identifies measurable goals and milestones
- The Use Case provides a process to perform business analysis to derive business needs, identify interfaces and develop system solutions
- EA provides a comprehensive critical mass of understanding to maintain project momentum